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Jan M. Chaiken, Ph.D.

Director

Brian Reaves and Pheny Smith, statisticians for the Bureau of Justice Statistics, prepared this report. Thomas Hester and Priscilla Middleton provided production assistance. The data were collected by the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census for BJS.

Contents

Tables with data for individual agencies	iv
Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics	v
Introduction	vi
Overview	vi
Table A. Number of agencies, by State	vii
Table B. Agencies with 1,000 or more field operations officers	viii
Table C. Data totals, by type of agency	ix
Data for individual agencies	
I Personnel	1
II Expenditures and pay	73
III Operations	97
IV Equipment	145
V Computers and information systems	193
IV Policies and programs	241
Appendix	
Questionnaire	289

Tables with data for individual agencies

SECTION I. PERSONNEL

Number of full-time employees, sworn officers, and officers responding to calls, and percent change since 1990 in number of full-time employees, 1993

- 1a. Local agencies, 1
- 1b. State agencies, 12

Number of full-time and part-time sworn employees, and job classification of sworn employees, 1993

- 2a. Local agencies, 13
- 2b. State agencies, 24

Number of full-time and part-time civilian employees, and job classification of civilian employees, 1993

- 3a. Local agencies, 25
- 3b. State agencies, 36

Sex, race, and ethnicity of full-time sworn employees, 1993

- 4a. Local agencies, 37
- 4b. State agencies, 48

Educational, residency, and training requirements for new officers, 1993

- 5a. Local agencies, 49
- 5b. State agencies, 60

Applicant and employee drug testing policies, 1993

- 6a. Local agencies, 61
- 6b. State agencies, 72

SECTION II. EXPENDITURES AND PAY

Operating expenditure, overtime pay expenditure, and overtime compensatory hours, 1993

- 7a. Local agencies, 73
- 7b. State agencies, 84

Starting salaries, collective bargaining, special pay, and membership organizations for officers, 1993

- 8a. Local agencies, 85
- 8b. State agencies, 96

SECTION III. OPERATIONS

Law enforcement and investigative functions, type of 911 system, and lockup facilities, 1993

- 9a. Local agencies, 97
- 9b. State agencies, 108

Special functions, 1993

- 10a. Local agencies, 109
- 10b. State agencies, 120

Patrol allocation, 1993

- 11a. Local agencies, 121
- 11b. State agencies, 132

Drug enforcement activities, 1993

- 12a. Local agencies, 133
- 12b. State agencies, 144

SECTION IV. EQUIPMENT

Number of vehicles operated and number of animals maintained, 1993

- 13a. Local agencies, 145
- 13b. State agencies, 156

Types of sidearms authorized or supplied for use by officers, 1993

- 14a. Local agencies, 157
- 14b. State agencies, 168

Types of nonlethal weapons authorized for use by officers, 1993

- 15a. Local agencies, 169
- 15b. State agencies, 180

Body armor policies and vehicle use policies, 1993

- 16a. Local agencies, 181
- 16b. State agencies, 192

SECTION V. COMPUTERS AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Types of computers and Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) facilities operated, 1993

- 17a. Local agencies, 193
- 17b. State agencies, 204

Functions of computers, 1993

- 18a. Local agencies, 205
- 18b. State agencies, 216

Types of computerized information files maintained, 1993

- 19a. Local agencies, 217
- 19b. State agencies, 228

Additional types of computerized information files maintained, 1993

- 20a. Local agencies, 229
- 20b. State agencies, 240

SECTION VI. POLICIES AND PROGRAMS

Written policy directives, 1993

- 21a. Local agencies, 241
- 21b. State agencies, 252

Policies pertaining to citizen complaints of officer use of excessive force, 1993

- 22a. Local agencies, 253
- 22b. State agencies, 264

Special units operated for youth and family problems, 1993

- 23a. Local agencies, 265
- 23b. State agencies, 276

Additional special units operated, 1993

- 24a. Local agencies, 277
- 24b. State agencies, 288

Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics

The Bureau of Justice Statistics began the Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics (LEMAS) program in 1987 with a nationwide survey of the Nation's State and local law enforcement agencies. Expanded versions of the survey were completed in 1990 and 1993. This volume presents 1993 data provided by 661 State and local law enforcement agencies employing 100 or more officers. Data on personnel, expenditures, pay, operations, equipment, computers and information systems, policies and programs collected from each agency by the Governments Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census are included.

The full representation of the Nation's larger State and local law enforcement agencies found in this volume and the completeness of the data presented are both indicative of the tremendous cooperation BJS has received from the law enforcement community in conjunction with the LEMAS survey. In turn, we hope this volume is a useful resource for these agencies, as well as others with interests related to law enforcement.

Introduction

The 1993 Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics (LEMAS) survey included all State and local agencies employing 100 or more full-time sworn personnel as reported in the 1992 Census of State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies conducted by BJS. The survey also included a nationally representative sample of agencies that employed fewer than 100 officers. These smaller agencies received a slightly condensed version of the survey instrument that was sent to the larger agencies.

The initial mailing of the LEMAS questionnaire was conducted in August 1993. The reference date for personnel-related questions was the pay period including June 15, 1993. For other questions it was June 30, 1993. The data were collected by the Bureau of the Census for BJS.

A total of 3,270 agencies received the 1993 LEMAS questionnaire, and 3,028 (93%) responded. Of the 854 agencies with 100 or more officers that were included, 831 (97%) responded. This was the third survey in the LEMAS series, with previous data collections occurring in 1987 and 1990.

Overview of this volume

Agencies included

This volume presents individual agency data for 661 of the 831 large State and local law enforcement agencies that responded to the 1993 LEMAS survey. Only agencies meeting the following criteria are included:

1. Employment of 100 or more full-time sworn officers as of June 1992 (reference month for the 1992 Agency Census).

2. Employment of 100 or more full-time sworn officers as of June 1993 (reference month for the 1993 LEMAS survey).
3. Employment of 50 or more full-time sworn officers whose regular assigned duties included responding to calls for service as of June 1993.

Special State-level agencies such as those enforcing alcohol or conservation laws are not included, even if they met the above criteria. The volume does include the 49 primary State police agencies operating in each State except Hawaii, which has no State-level law enforcement agency.

A total of 612 local law enforcement agencies are also included. Included in this total are 33 county police departments, 411 municipal police departments, 146 sheriffs' departments, and 22 special police agencies. (The latter category is comprised of airport police, transit police, school police, and other agencies with specially-defined jurisdictions).

Local law enforcement agencies are included from all States except North Dakota, Vermont, and Wyoming. These States had no local law enforcement agencies that met the requirements for inclusion. A summary of the number and type of agencies from each State is presented in Table A.

Organization of data tables

In addition to Table A which presents agency totals by State, two additional summary tables are included. Table B lists the State and local law enforcement agencies with 1,000 or more full-time sworn personnel working in the area of field operations. These are the agencies that have the largest number of sworn personnel performing duties directly related to law enforcement.

Table C presents summary data, by type of agency, for most of the variables that are included in the individual agency data tables that follow. The reader should refer to the notes in the corresponding individual data agency tables when using data from table C.

Following the 3 summary data tables are 24 tables containing individual data for State and local law enforcement agencies with 100 or more officers. Each of these tables is divided into "A" and "B" sections. In the "A" section, data are presented for the 612 local-level agencies. The "B" section, which is located on the last page of each table, contains the data for the 49 State police agencies.

Agencies are listed alphabetically by State and county. Within each county, the county police and sheriffs' departments, if applicable, are listed first. This is followed, in alphabetical order, by the general purpose municipal police and special police agencies operating within that county.

A triple dash ("---") is used in all tables to indicate that a particular data item was not reported by an agency. This should be distinguished from a single dash ("-") which refers to instances where a data item is not applicable for that agency, and a response was not possible. A single dash is also used for special police agencies on population-related items, since the actual resident population served by these agencies is not readily defined. See the explanatory notes at the end of the "A" and "B" sections of each table for explanations of other symbols and codes used.

Table A. Number of LEMAS survey respondents with 100 or more sworn personnel including 50 or more uniformed officers regularly assigned to respond to calls for service, by State and type of agency, 1993

State	Type of agency					State police
	Total	County police	Municipal police	Sheriff	Special police	
Alabama	11	0	7	3	0	1
Alaska	2	0	1	0	0	1
Arizona	11	0	7	3	0	1
Arkansas	6	0	4	1	0	1
California	88	0	59	23	5	1
Colorado	15	0	9	5	0	1
Connecticut	15	0	14	0	0	1
Delaware	3	1	1	0	0	1
District of Columbia	3	0	1	0	2	0
Florida	66	1	33	31	0	1
Georgia	18	7	7	3	0	1
Hawaii	4	4	0	0	0	0
Idaho	2	0	1	0	0	1
Illinois	24	1	16	5	1	1
Indiana	13	0	10	2	0	1
Iowa	6	0	5	0	0	1
Kansas	6	0	5	0	0	1
Kentucky	4	1	2	0	0	1
Louisiana	23	0	9	13	0	1
Maine	2	0	1	0	0	1
Maryland	12	5	2	3	1	1
Massachusetts	18	0	16	0	1	1
Michigan	22	0	17	4	0	1
Minnesota	5	0	3	1	0	1
Mississippi	2	0	1	0	0	1
Missouri	8	1	5	1	0	1
Montana	2	0	1	0	0	1
Nebraska	3	0	2	0	0	1
Nevada	5	1	2	1	0	1
New Hampshire	3	0	2	0	0	1
New Jersey	35	0	31	2	1	1
New Mexico	5	0	3	1	0	1
New York	36	3	19	5	8	1
North Carolina	16	0	12	3	0	1
North Dakota	1	0	0	0	0	1
Ohio	15	0	10	4	0	1
Oklahoma	6	0	4	1	0	1
Oregon	7	0	3	3	0	1
Pennsylvania	13	1	9	0	2	1
Rhode Island	5	0	4	0	0	1
South Carolina	13	1	5	6	0	1
South Dakota	2	0	1	0	0	1
Tennessee	11	0	7	3	0	1
Texas	46	0	35	9	1	1
Utah	4	0	2	1	0	1
Vermont	1	0	0	0	0	1
Virginia	17	5	10	1	0	1
Washington	12	1	6	4	0	1
West Virginia	2	0	1	0	0	1
Wisconsin	11	0	6	4	0	1
Wyoming	1	0	0	0	0	1
Total	661	33	411	146	22	49

Note: Table based on full-time personnel only. Table excludes State-level special police agencies.

Table B. State and local law enforcement agencies with 1,000 or more full-time sworn personnel working in field operations, 1993

State	Name of agency	Number of full-time employees		
		Total employees	Sworn officers	
			Total	Working in field operations
New York	New York City Police	35,480	28,079	25,130
Illinois	Chicago Police	15,732	12,368	11,534
California	Los Angeles Police	10,145	7,662	7,580
California	California Highway Patrol	8,299	5,803	5,386
Pennsylvania	Philadelphia Police	6,930	6,076	5,277
Texas	Houston Police	6,641	4,627	4,049
District of Columbia	Washington Metropolitan Police	4,907	4,271	3,931
Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania State Police	5,185	4,123	3,821
New York	New York State Police	4,636	3,957	3,701
Illinois	Cook County Sheriff*	5,101	4,081	3,599
California	Los Angeles County Sheriff	11,285	7,629	3,407
New York	New York City Transit Police	4,522	4,156	3,256
New York	New York City School Police	3,116	2,991	2,991
Michigan	Detroit Police	4,367	3,861	2,859
Maryland	Baltimore Police	3,535	2,945	2,625
Texas	Texas Department of Public Safety	5,721	2,700	2,246
New York	Nassau County Police	3,241	2,633	2,226
New York	Suffolk County Police	3,241	2,402	1,967
New York	New York City Housing Police	2,640	2,368	1,963
Michigan	Michigan State Police	2,958	1,986	1,901
Massachusetts	Massachusetts State Police	2,235	1,975	1,812
Texas	Dallas Police	3,528	2,810	1,778
New Jersey	New Jersey State Police	3,591	2,631	1,773
Wisconsin	Milwaukee Police	2,509	2,039	1,737
Hawaii	Honolulu Police	2,381	1,925	1,684
Florida	Metro-Dade Police	3,677	2,614	1,669
Ohio	Cleveland Police	1,852	1,701	1,661
Arizona	Phoenix Police	2,603	1,983	1,640
Virginia	Virginia State Police	2,258	1,647	1,636
Illinois	Illinois State Police	3,305	1,897	1,631
Massachusetts	Boston Police	2,586	1,952	1,620
California	San Francisco Police	2,188	1,780	1,581
Georgia	Atlanta Police	2,143	1,602	1,557
Florida	Florida Highway Patrol	2,122	1,610	1,537
California	San Diego Police	2,550	1,847	1,521
Texas	San Antonio Police	2,006	1,641	1,515
New York-New Jersey	Port Authority of New York-New Jersey	1,616	1,477	1,440
Maryland	Maryland State Police	2,210	1,547	1,419
Louisiana	New Orleans Police	2,051	1,551	1,403
Ohio	Ohio State Highway Patrol	2,368	1,369	1,360
Ohio	Columbus Police	1,870	1,510	1,285
Tennessee	Memphis Police	2,288	1,375	1,260
Maryland	Baltimore County Police	1,587	1,380	1,242
Florida	Jacksonville Sheriff	2,212	1,233	1,215
Missouri	St. Louis Police	2,170	1,510	1,211
Washington	Seattle Police	1,736	1,232	1,172
Colorado	Denver Police	1,660	1,388	1,167
California	San Jose Police	1,649	1,219	1,098
Nevada	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police	2,161	1,428	1,051
Maryland	Prince George's County Police	1,472	1,155	1,032
Missouri	Kansas City Police	1,776	1,171	1,030
Indiana	Indiana State Police	1,696	1,046	1,030

Note: Field operations personnel include officers, detectives, inspectors, supervisors and other personnel providing direct services related to traffic enforcement, patrol and response to incidents, investigations, and special operations. Personnel working in positions related to the functions of administration, technical support, jail operations, or court operations are not included.

*Data are from 1990 LEMAS survey

Table C. Summary data for State and local law enforcement agencies with 100 or more officers, by type of agency, 1993

Item description	Type of agency				
	County police (n=33)	Municipal police (n=411)	Sheriff (n=146)	Special police (n=22)	State police (n=49)
PERSONNEL					
Number of agencies by number of full-time sworn officers					
1,000 or more	7	31	14	4	14
500-999	7	30	15	0	15
250-499	12	72	48	6	13
100-249	7	278	69	12	7
Number of employees and sworn officers					
Total number of full-time employees	30,330	250,785	95,799	16,282	76,972
Total number of full-time sworn officers	23,346	194,373	65,176	14,683	51,874
Average number of full-time officers per 10,000 residents	14	22	11	-	1
Average percent of:					
Full-time employees who are sworn officers	79%	78%	71%	87%	69%
Officers assigned to respond to service calls	61	63	40	72	71
Median percent change in number of employees 1990-93					
Total employees	1%	4%	9%	4%	1%
Sworn employees	4	3	6	4	-1
Civilian employees	3	3	4	10	3
Average percent of sworn employees by job function category					
Administration	6%	5%	5%	6%	7%
Field operations	89	90	55	89	89
Technical support	4	4	4	5	4
Jail operations	1	--	27	--	--
Court operations	--	--	8	--	--
Other functions	--	--	--	--	--
Average percent of civilian employees by job function category					
Administration	14%	10%	11%	32%	14%
Field operations	12	13	7	14	8
Technical support	68	68	38	37	78
Jail operations	1	4	38	0	0
Court operations	1	--	5	3	--
Other functions	4	6	2	14	--
Average percent of sworn employees by sex					
Male	90%	92%	86%	90%	95%
Female	10	8	14	10	5
Average percent of sworn employees by race					
White, non-Hispanic	79%	82%	85%	61%	89%
Black, non-Hispanic	11	10	9	28	7
Hispanic, any race	3	7	5	8	3
Other	8	1	1	2	1
Percent of agencies with educational requirement for new officers					
4-year college degree	0%	1%	1%	0%	4%
2-year college degree	9	6	2	0	10
Nondegree college requirement	3	12	6	5	14
High school diploma	88	81	92	96	71
No formal requirement	0	--	0	0	0
Percent of agencies with residency requirement for new officers					
Within State	18%	5%	6%	9%	45%
Within city or county	12	26	42	5	10
Within other specified area	6	19	7	18	35
No requirement	64	50	45	68	10
Median number of training hours required for new officers					
Classroom training hours	704	640	480	725	800
Field training hours	400	480	400	240	320

Table C - continued

Item description	Type of agency				
	County police (n=33)	Municipal police (n=411)	Sheriff (n=146)	Special police (n=22)	State police (n=49)
PERSONNEL (CONT.)					
Percent of agencies with drug testing of civilian employees					
Mandatory testing of all civilian employees	0%	7%	10%	0	4%
Random selection process	18	9	13	9	8
When use is suspected	58	44	40	41	33
No drug testing of civilian employees	39	48	45	45	57
Percent of agencies with drug testing of applicants for sworn positions					
Mandatory testing of all applicants for sworn positions	70%	67%	66%	77%	53%
Random selection process	12	2	3	5	4
When use is suspected	9	7	4	9	6
No drug testing of applicants for sworn positions	18	31	32	18	37
Percent of agencies with drug testing of probationary officers					
Mandatory testing of all probationary officers	21%	14%	10%	27%	2%
Random selection process	30	18	16	23	20
When use is suspected	52	46	37	36	49
No drug testing of probationary officers	27	38	47	36	41
Percent of agencies with drug testing of regular field officers					
Mandatory testing of all regular field officers	0%	4%	7%	0%	0%
Random selection process	45	21	23	27	20
When use is suspected	64	52	45	45	49
No drug testing of regular field officers	24	37	38	27	41
Percent of agencies with drug testing of officers working in drug-related positions					
Mandatory testing of all officers working in drug-related positions	30%	14%	18%	5%	2%
Random selection process	39	23	24	27	22
When use is suspected	55	45	38	32	45
No drug testing of officers working in drug-related positions	15	36	34	45	41
Percent of agencies with a drug testing program for nonprobationary officers that includes dismissal as a possible sanction					
After one positive drug test	48%	42%	46%	45%	39%
After two positive drug tests	67	53	54	68	49
EXPENDITURES AND PAY					
Median fiscal 1993 operating expenditure					
Total	\$25,434,000	\$12,883,000	\$17,855,000	\$12,910,000	\$51,681,000
Per employee	49,200	48,400	44,300	52,100	49,600
Per officer	66,500	65,900	67,000	64,400	76,300
Per resident	96	134	63	-	16
Median fiscal 1993 overtime expenditure					
Total	\$939,000	\$488,000	\$350,000	\$476,000	\$1,165,000
Per full-time officer	2,114	2,344	1,278	2,645	1,847
Average base starting salary					
Chief executive	\$67,000	\$62,600	\$70,600	\$64,000	\$56,200
Entry-level officer	26,000	26,700	23,400	27,000	23,300
Percent of agencies authorizing collective bargaining					
Sworn employees	58%	73%	45%	91%	53%
Civilian employees	52	60	40	64	51
Percent of agencies authorizing special pay for officers					
Educational incentive pay	33%	70%	62%	41%	14%
Hazardous duty pay	42	25	34	9	29
Merit pay	45	30	42	32	37
Shift differential pay	58	43	28	68	47
Percent of agencies authorizing membership organizations for officers					
Nonpolice union	6%	11%	12%	18%	8%
Police union	64	63	44	59	14
Police association	48	51	36	36	78

Table C - continued

Item description	Type of agency				
	County police (n=33)	Municipal police (n=411)	Sheriff (n=146)	Special police (n=22)	State police (n=49)
OPERATIONS					
Percent of agencies with primary responsibility for the function of:					
Accident investigation	100%	100%	66%	45%	100%
Animal control	30	32	9	0	0
Ballistics testing	21	13	18	0	45
Civil defense	18	12	16	0	8
Civil process serving	15	6	94	5	6
Court security	9	22	91	5	2
Dispatching calls for service	88	89	84	68	82
Emergency medical services	9	15	8	27	20
Fingerprint processing	70	87	79	32	55
Jail operation	3	19	86	0	0
Laboratory testing of substances	33	16	26	0	49
Lockup facility operation	70	47	19	45	14
Search and rescue	39	35	75	14	39
Traffic direction and control	85	94	66	59	86
Traffic enforcement	100	100	85	59	100
Training academy operation	73	38	39	32	67
Percent of agencies participating in a 911 emergency system:					
Expanded/enhanced 911 system	73%	77%	79%	5%	33%
Basic 911 system	21	18	15	32	39
Percent of agencies with patrol that deployed each type of patrol unit on shifts of 7 hours or longer during designated 24-hour periods					
Automobile patrol units	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Motorcycle patrol units	72	61	29	29	31
Foot patrol units	31	47	5	94	0
Bicycle patrol units	38	40	9	6	0
Horse patrol units	16	17	8	0	2
Boat patrol units	34	12	45	6	9
Average percent of all patrol units deployed on shifts of 7 hours or longer during designated 24-hour periods that were comprised of:					
Automobile patrol units	91%	87%	94%	45%	98%
Motorcycle patrol units	3	5	2	2	1
Foot patrol units	1	5	--	49	0
Bicycle patrol units	1	2	--	--	0
Horse patrol units	1	1	--	0	--
Boat patrol units	1	--	2	2	--
Average percent of all patrol units deployed on shifts of 7 hours or longer during designated 24-hour periods that were comprised of:					
One-officer patrol units	97%	89%	95%	77%	94%
Two-officer patrol units	3	11	5	23	6
Percent of agencies involved in drug enforcement activities:					
Primary drug enforcement responsibility	85%	98%	91%	59%	55%
Operation of a special drug enforcement unit	100	97	92	36	80
Participation in a multiagency drug task force	94	89	90	59	73
Goods or money received from a drug asset forfeiture program	100	96	93	50	94

Table C - continued

Item description	Type of agency				
	County police (n=33)	Municipal police (n=411)	Sheriff (n=146)	Special police (n=22)	State police (n=49)
EQUIPMENT					
Average number of cars operated per 100 sworn officers					
Total cars	76	53	62	19	102
Marked cars	47	30	36	11	74
Unmarked cars	29	23	26	8	28
Percent of agencies operating vehicles other than cars					
All-terrain vehicles	27%	18%	41%	18%	29%
Armored vehicles	9	13	16	9	20
Boats	39	25	71	18	33
Fixed-wing aircraft	21	6	30	0	84
Helicopters	45	12	28	0	53
Percent of agencies allowing officers to drive marked vehicles for:					
Commuting purposes	58%	35%	73%	18%	90%
Off-duty private errands	30	15	27	0	14
Percent of agencies maintaining animals for law enforcement use					
Dogs	91%	81%	88%	48%	78%
Horses	15	22	16	0	4
Percent of agencies authorizing the use of semiautomatic sidearms					
Any type	88%	98%	94%	91%	96%
10mm	15	15	29	0	18
9mm	70	82	80	86	73
.45	27	38	58	5	35
.380	12	15	20	18	18
Percent of agencies supplying or giving cash allowance for sidearms to regular field officers					
Sidearms supplied to officers	94%	84%	72%	73%	100%
Cash allowance for sidearms given to officers	3	6	8	9	0
Percent of agencies authorizing the use of nonlethal weapons					
Baton, collapsible	36%	48%	64%	23%	53%
Baton, PR-24	48	58	68	55	47
Baton, traditional	79	64	62	68	55
Capture net	0	6	1	0	0
Carotid hold	18	20	16	18	16
Choke hold	6	4	5	0	10
Flash/bang grenade	61	57	63	14	41
Pepper spray	70	69	66	36	63
Rubber bullet	9	9	12	0	10
Soft projectile	9	7	10	0	6
Stun gun	6	14	28	18	4
Tear gas-personal issue	42	31	35	41	29
Tear gas-large volume	64	42	41	18	41
Three-pole trip	3	--	0	5	0
Percent of agencies supplying or giving cash allowance for body armor to regular field officers					
Armor supplied to all regular field officers	85%	73%	76%	68%	80%
Armor supplied to some regular field officers	3	5	5	9	6
Cash allowance given to all regular field officers	6	8	3	9	6
Cash allowance given to some regular field officers	0	1	4	0	0
Percent of agencies requiring that body armor be worn by:					
All regular field officers	24%	29%	36%	55%	16%
Some regular field officers	6	8	12	9	16
All special operations officers	18	30	38	45	29
Some special operations officers	21	19	22	9	18

Table C - continued

Item description	Type of agency				
	County police (n=33)	Municipal police (n=411)	Sheriff (n=146)	Special police (n=22)	State police (n=49)
COMPUTERS AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS					
Percent of agencies operating computers					
Digital terminal, car-mounted	39%	38%	19%	14%	29%
Digital terminal, hand-held	12	14	4	5	6
Laptop	67	50	64	41	84
Mainframe	88	80	89	64	96
Mini	64	56	53	23	49
Personal	97	98	97	95	96
Percent of agencies with Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) facilities					
Exclusive ownership of an AFIS system	21%	9%	14%	0%	33%
Shared ownership of an AFIS system	55	28	28	0	14
Terminal with access to a remote AFIS site	42	26	36	0	33
Percent of agencies using computers for:					
Budgeting	91%	80%	88%	73%	86%
Crime analysis	85	90	75	73	45
Crime investigation	88	86	84	50	63
Dispatch	76	89	76	27	67
Fleet management	73	53	60	55	88
Jail management	6	21	78	0	0
Manpower allocation	64	60	51	68	59
Record-keeping	91	94	97	91	92
Research	67	60	40	50	63
Percent of agencies maintaining computer files on:					
Arrests	85%	93%	93%	91%	65%
Calls for service	82	94	84	59	55
Criminal histories	70	76	77	45	63
Driver's license information	45	42	42	36	69
Evidence	82	71	66	27	39
Fingerprints	58	38	35	0	43
Inventory	82	62	75	55	84
Payroll	79	67	82	64	84
Personnel	85	82	88	77	80
Stolen property (other than vehicles)	79	80	69	45	39
Stolen vehicles	67	79	64	41	49
Summonses	42	34	55	27	24
Traffic accidents	76	80	45	41	78
Traffic citations	67	73	62	50	65
Uniform Crime Reports-NIBRS	42	40	46	27	41
Uniform Crime Reports-Summary	79	79	71	55	57
Vehicle registration	45	47	47	36	65
Warrants	79	75	90	41	55

Table C - continued

Item description	Type of agency				
	County police (n=33)	Municipal police (n=411)	Sheriff (n=146)	Special police (n=22)	State police (n=49)
POLICIES AND PROGRAMS					
Percent of agencies with a written policy directive pertaining to:					
Confidential funds	100%	83%	85%	23%	61%
Deadly force/firearm discharge	100	100	99	91	100
Domestic disputes	97	95	88	55	55
Employee conduct and appearance	100	99	99	100	100
Employee counseling assistance	91	85	83	86	84
Homeless persons	36	31	23	36	10
Juveniles	91	98	92	91	80
Mentally ill persons	85	83	82	73	53
Off-duty employment	100	96	98	77	98
Private security firms	36	29	27	27	16
Pursuit driving	100	99	97	86	98
Strip searches	79	79	84	50	33
Percent of agencies with:					
Written policy directive pertaining to citizen complaints	94%	99%	91%	91%	90%
Civilian complaint review board in jurisdiction	12	17	7	32	8
Requirement that excessive force complaints be investigated outside the chain of command where incident occurred	58	59	60	55	35
Percent of agencies in which final disciplinary decision on excessive force complaints rests with:					
Law enforcement executive (chief, sheriff, etc.)	88%	82%	92%	86%	82%
Government executive (mayor, commissioner, etc.)	6	9	1	0	2
Supervisory personnel	0	1	4	5	8
Other	6	8	3	9	8
Percent of agencies in which there is a right to an administrative appeal in excessive force cases for:					
Officers	100%	97%	91%	91%	98%
Citizens	42	49	42	50	37
Percent of agencies operating a special unit for youth and family problems					
Child abuse	88%	80%	83%	18%	33%
Domestic violence	58	53	45	9	16
Drug education in schools	94	95	95	32	71
Gangs	73	76	65	27	39
Juvenile delinquency	82	86	71	41	20
Missing children	91	74	75	14	45
Percent of agencies operating a special unit for:					
Bias-related crimes	61%	56%	40%	18%	33%
Community crime prevention	91	98	94	73	31
Drunk drivers	82	66	63	23	65
Environmental crimes	15	20	31	14	31
Prosecutor relations	58	54	40	36	27
Repeat offenders	64	41	40	18	20
Victim assistance	36	46	49	27	20

Note: Average percents under .5% are indicated by a double dash (--).
See corresponding individual data tables for notes on each data item included in this table.