# Inter-university Consortium les Political and Social Research 

## National Crime Surveys: National Sample, 1979-1987 [Revised Questionnaire]

U.S. Department of Justice National Institute of Justice

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## U.S. Department of Justice <br> Bureau of Justice Statistics

# NATIONAL CRIME SURVEYS: NATIONAL SAMPLE, 1979-1987 <br> \{REVISED QUESTIONNAIRE\} * <br> (ICPSR 8608) 

Principal Investigator<br>United States Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics

> Third ICPSR Edition
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National crime surveys : national sample, 1979-1987 [revised questionnaire] [computer file] / principal investigators, U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. -- 3rd ICPSR ed. -- Data (19 files). -- Ann Arbor, Mich. : Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, 1989. Includes rectangular and hierarchically structured files of very large and varying size.

Accompanied by: 1 machine-readable codebook file ; 1 printed codebook.
Summary: Data collection of personal and household victimization designed to develop detailed information about the victims and consequences of crime, to estimate the numbers and type of crimes not reported to the police, and to provide uniform measures of selected types of crimes in order to permit reliable comparisons over time and among areas.

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Accompanying material to be used in conjunction with ICPSR Class I edition of machine-readable data collection with the same title. Documents data locations, variable descriptions, and code values.

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## DATA COLLECTION DESCRIPTION

The National Crime Survey is a project which collects data on personal and household victimization through an origoing national survey of residential addresses.

The National Crime Survey program was designed to achieve four primary objectives: to develop detailed information about the victims and consequences of crime, to estimate the numbers and types of crimes not reported to the police, to provide uniform measures of selected types of crimes, and to permit comparisons over time and types of areas. The survey provides measures for the following types of crimes, including attempts: rape, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and auto or motor vehicle theft. Detalled information about each victimization incident is recorded as well as the characteristics of the offender insofar as the victim can report them.

The original design of the National Crime Survey consisted of surveys of both households and commercial establishments, nationally and in selected American cities. Collection of data for commercial establishments and in specific cities ended in 1975, and in 1977 for the National Sample. The data from these surveys are also available from the ICPSR and are documented elsewhere. This codebook documents the National Sample household survey, which has been conducted continuously since 1972. Other important sources of information about these data and their use are contained in the National Sample Survey Documentation and the National Sample Interviewer's Manual, produced by the Bureau of the Census, as well as numerous publication based on these data from the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Also useful is the report of the National Academy of Sciences panel on the National Crime Surveys program (National Academy of Science, 1976). All these data have been collected by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Justice Statistics. In addition to the extensive work done on these data by the Census Bureau, further data processing and documentation preparation has been performed by ICPSR under grants from the Bureau of Justice Statistics.

## THE NATIONAL CRIME SURVEY

The National Crime Survey program traces its immediate origins to the work performed for the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice, impaneled in 1965. The commission was the second presidential conmission in this century to attempt a comprehensive examination of crime and law enforcement, the first being the Wickersham Commission established in 1929 by President Hoover. Both cominissions were established during periods in which crime appeared to be rising significantly and when public concern was widespread. One important issue which each commission considered, was the need for accurate information on the amount and distribution of crime.

Traditionally, such information was limited to official statistics on the activities of law enforcement agencies or the judiciary. These figures had long been criticized as representing only a small fraction of the events occurring in society which might be characterized as criminal. The Wickersham Commission focused on questions related to the collection and reliability of statistics available from law enforcement agencies such as those reported through the Uniform Crime Reports (UCR) systems, which was then in its infancy. Significant problems were seen in the reliance upon official statistics of crimes known both because many events are not reported to police and many other organizational and administrative influences may affect particular jurisdictions and their reports.

By the 1960's, however, the methodology of sample surveys was sufficiently developed to allow exploration of ways in which they might be applied to the problem of measuring crime. Such surveys were seen as a means whereby accurate and alternative measurements of crime were possible. Survey-based measures could serve as a social indicator of the incidence of crime and provide detailed information on the characteristics and circumstances of events which were defined as criminal. Such information would allow the examination of a wide variety of important topics, including who was victimized by different types of crimes and how often, the consequences of victimization in injury and financial loss, the willingness of victims to report crimes to the police, and the characteristics of offenders as reported by victims. It was also believed
that accurate and timely estimates of the incidence of crime could be developed to allow comparisons over time and assess statistics available from official sources, especially the UCR counts of crimes known to the police.

Several field surveys were conducted for the President's Commission and revealed both that statistics on crimes known to the police under-represented the amount of crime and that the measurement of victimization with sample surveys was feasible, though for many reasons difficult (Biderman, et al. 1967; Ennis, 1967; Reiss, 1967; Block, C.B. and Block, R.L. \{1984\}. 'Crime definition, crime measurement and victim surveys'. JOURNAL OF SOCIAL ISSUES, 40, 137-160). One of the problems identified in this developmental stage was the varying ability of respondents to recall victimization experiences. This variation was seen to be dependent in part upon the length of the reference period for which the respondent was asked to recall incidents. Many victimization experiences appear to be of low salience to their victims and may be forgotten within a year. Since one goal of the NCS was to estimate the incidence of victimization for specific time periods, it therefore became important to determine the ideal reference period: the length of time which would elicit the most reliable results, given reasonable limits on the frequency with which the surveys could be conducted. Other issues of methodological importance included questionnaire design, especially the screen questions, (designed to elicit reports of victimization), respondent selection, the order of administration of instruments, and the classification of incidents (See Skogan, 1981, for a recent review of measurement issues in victimization surveys).

As part of the methodological effort in developing the NCS, several pretests were performed (see Lehnen and Skogan, 1981 and 1983, for a collection of relevant documents). Among the pretests were three reverse record check studies consisting of interviews with known victims of selected crimes identified by sampling from police records. Pretests were conducted in Washington, D.C. (1970), and Baltimore, Maryland (1970), and San Jose, California (1971). Findings confirmed the results of earlier work which indicated that the accuracy of the detailed information in reports increases as the length of the reference period decreased. Respondents were able to recall more
accurately when an event occurred within 3 months of months of the interview than 6 months, and able to recall for a 6 month period more accurately than a 12 month period. However, the shorter the recall period employed in the survey, the larger the sample must be to gather a comparable number of incident reports. A reference period of 6 months was finally chosen for the National Sample as representing a reasonable balance balance between the need for accuracy and cost of collection.

The 6 month reference period is administered by the use of bounding interviews to fix the specific period within which the incident occurred and to eliminate telescoping. Telescoping refers to common problems in retrospective surveys, that respondents tend to report incidents as occurring either earlier or later than they actually did. Telescoped events which actually occurred prior to the reference period can be minimized by bounding at the time of the first interview. Bounding established the reference point of the first interview to avoid duplicate reports of incidents in subsequent interviews. The effect of bounding was examined in the Quarterly Household Survey victimization supplement. Both bounded and unbounded interviews were conducted using the household respondent technique. The survey data were compared on the basis of type of crime and whether the interviews were bounded or not. Results showed that unbounded interviews produced higher victimization rates than bounded interviews, i.e., that telescoping into the reference period was taking place. In the NCS design, each visit to a household is used to bound the next one by comparing reports in the current interview with those given 6 months prior. When a report appears to be a duplicate, the respondent is reminded of the earlier report and asked if the new report represents the incident previously mentioned or if is different. A household which moves into a previously selected address will have an unbounded first interview, which currently is included in the data.

The question of whether household respondents should be asked to report for themselves and all other household members sixteen and older, or whether each qualified household member should be interviewed individually, was studied in pilot household victimization surveys in San Jose, California, and Dayton, Ohio. A sample of about 5,500 households in each area was divided equally between those using the household
respondent technique and the self-respondent technique. Results demonstrated that the self-respondent method generated substantially greater reporting of incidents. These results led to a study design that called for interviews with all household members 14 years or older. Prior to July of 1986, 12 and 13 year olds were routinely interviewed by proxy. Since that time, unless a knowledgeable member insists otherwise, 12 and 13 year olds are interviewed directly by the interviewar.

Other results indicated that while many incidents known to have occurred were reported to survey interviewers, some were not. Victims of assault were found to be most difficult to locate, indicating they may have much higher mobility rates. Also, personal crimes in which the offender was a person known to the victim were least likely to be reported.

To provide data for the nation as a whole, the survey was based upon a sample of about 72,000 housing units, interviews are conducted at 6 month intervals with each household member. The number of interviews conducted monthly was approximately 10,000. Beginning in June 1984, however, a sample cut was initiated which now results in about 59,000 households in the sample, of which about 9,000 are interviewed monthly.

The National Crime Survey National Sample is a sample of addresses in the United States, in which interviewers return to a housing unit and conduct interviews with the current residents of the unit. All persons age 12 and older in selected household and group quarters are interviewed, usually in person or by telephone. Some respondents are interviewed by proxy based upon interviews of another household member. Proxy interviews are currently conducted for household members aged 12 or 13 if a knowledgeable household member insists they not be interviewed directly by the interviewer, for persons incapable of responding due to physical or mental incapacity, and for those persons who are away from the household during the entire interview period.

Each respondent is asked a series of screen questions to determine if he or she was victimized during the 6 month period preceding the first day of the month of interview. Seven screen questions concern crime against the household and are asked only of a single household respondent (see the Glossary for notes
on the selection of the household respondent). These questions ask about break-ins or attempts, and stolen household items, including motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts. Although all household members are not asked these screen questions, a household incident will still be recorded if it is mentioned by a household member. Another 13 screen questions concern specific types of personal crimes, other things reported to the police, for any events the respondents thought might be a crime. They are asked of all respondents. Whenever a respondent makes a positive reply to a screen question, they are asked "How many times" that type of incident occurred during the reference period. At the conclusion of the screen questions, an individual victimization report is completed for each incident mentioned in response to the screen questions.

The report is designed to obtain detailed data on the characteristics and circumstances of the victimizam tion. Items such as time and place of occurrence; injuries suffered; medical expenses incurred; number, age, race and sex of offender (s); relationship of offender (s) to victim (stranger, casual acquaintance, relative, etc.), and other detailed data relevant to a complete description of the incident are included in the report. Legal and technical terms, such as assault and larceny, are avoided during the interview. Instead, respondents are asked if they were attacked or threatened, if anything was taken from them or their homes, and if they were injured. These responses are used by the Bureau of the Census to place the incidents in a classification intended to be compatible with that used by the Uniform Crime Reports System (see the Notes section for a detailed description of the type of crime code used in the NCS). Additional demographic data are also collected on each household member's age, sex and race and on such characteristics as education, migration, labor force status, occupation, and family income.

## SAMPLING INFORMATION

Sample Design and Size
Prior to June 1984, the National Sample consisted of approximately 72,000 sample housing units selected in a stratified multi-stage cluster sample from the 1921 Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) formed with counties or groups of counties using every county in the U.S.

The PSUs were grouped into 376 strata by combining PSUs with similar characteristics into 220 strata and allocating a single self-representing PSU to the remaining 156 strata. The first stage of the sampling procedure consisted of the selection of anterviewing site from each of the 376 strata. Beyond the 156 PSUs selected with certainty, a single PSU per stratum was selected with a probability proportionate to size in the 220 combined strata. Beginning in June 1984, a sample cut resulted in the reduction of the 220 non self-representing (NSR) strata to a group of size 153. This also included a 20 percent sample reduction in the larger of the 156 self-representing (SR) PSUs. Currently, the sample consists of about 59,000 housing units. Moreover, phase-in of a revised NCS sample design based on 1980 census data began in January, 1985. The 1980 design consists of 84 SR PSUs and 153 NSR strata, with one PSU per stratum selected with probability proportionate to size. Part of the reduction in the number of SR PSUs is due to a different procedure for drawing PSU boundaries, especially in the New England states, so that the 156 SR PSUs in the 1970 design are equivalent to 130 SR PSUs in the current design. Furthermore, the difference between the 130 SR PSUs and the 84 SR PSUs in the current design is due to the consolidation of the sample into fewer areas. Even with this smaller number of sample areas, the reliability of estimates has been maintained by using crime-related characteristics in the formation of the strata and by improving sample selection within the PSUs.

The sample of housing units within a PSU was selected in two stages. In the first stage, Enumeration Districts (EDs: Geographic areas ranging in size from a city block to several hundred square miles, usually encompassing from 750 to 1,500 persons, established for the 1970 and 1980 Censuses of Population and Housing), were systematically selected with a probability proportionate to their 1970 or 1980 population size from a geographically arranged listing. In the second stage, each previously selected ED was subdivided into segments of about four housing units from which a sample of segments was then selected. Whenever possible, the segments were formed from the list of addresses complied during the 1970 or 1980 Censuses. Housing units built after the 1970 or 1980 Census were sampled primarily from lists of new construction units. Since data from the 1980 Decennial have become available, they have been employed in adjusting weights . w in revising the current sample design.

The current National Sample of 59,000 housing units yields approximately 49,000 interviewed households in the 50 states and the District of Columbia for a 6 month period. Because of the continuing nature of the National Sample Survey, a rotation scheme was devised to avoid interviewing the same household indefinitely in order to avoid poor cooperation or biased responses resulting from repeated interviewing. The sample of housing units is divided into six rotation groups with each group being interviewed every 6 months for a period of 3 and one-half years.

Within each rotation group six panels are designated, with a different panel interviewed each month during the 6 month period. The first interview for a housing unit in a group is used only for bounding and is not included in the regular public use data. However, if a new household moves into a sample unit, the members of that household are interviewed and their unbounded interviews are included in the data. Thus the number of incident reports associated with a household may be affected by its tenure in the sample. New households will have unbounded information while older units may display "time in sample" effects.

The example below is an illustration of the NCS rotation scheme across three hypothetical interview years. Two complete samples with six rotation groups are shown as one sample is rotated out and the other is rotated in. In the body of the table, the panel number number within each group is shown opposite the month (s) in which they are interviewed for the first time. The results of these interviews will be used for bounding only and will not appear in the data file used to generate victimization estimates.

NCS ROTATION GROUP STRUCTURE

| interview month GROUP | FIRST SAMPLE |  |  |  |  |  | SECOND |  | SAMPLE |  | (ROTATION) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JANUARY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEBRUARY | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (2) |  |  |  |  |  |
| MARCH | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | (3) |  |  |  |  |  |
| APRIL | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | (4) |  |  |  |  |  |
| MAY | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | (5) |  |  |  |  |  |
| June | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| JULY |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |  |  |  |  |
| AUGUST |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (2) |  |  |  |  |
| SEPTEMBER |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | (3) |  |  |  |  |
| OCTOBER |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | (4) |  |  |  |  |
| NOVEMBER |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | (5) |  |  |  |  |
| DECEMBER |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | (6) |  |  |  |  |
| JANUARY |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |  |  |  |
| FEBRUARY |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (2) |  |  |  |
| MARCH |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | (3) |  |  |  |
| APRIL |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | (4) |  |  |  |
| MAY |  |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | (5) |  |  |  |
| JUNE |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | (6) |  |  |  |
| JULY |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |  |  |
| AUGUST |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (2) |  |  |
| SEPTEMBER |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | (3) |  |  |
| OCTOBER |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | (4) |  |  |
| NOVEMBER |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | (5) |  |  |
| DECEMBER |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | (6) |  |  |
| JANUARY |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |  |
| FEBRUARY |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (2) |  |
| MARCH |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | (3) |  |
| APRIL |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | (4) |  |
| MAY |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | (5) |  |
| June |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | (6) |  |
| JULY |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |
| AUGUST |  |  |  |  | * | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | (2) |
| SEPTEMBER |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | (3) |
| OCTOBER |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | (4) |
| NOVEMBER |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | (5) |
| DECEMBER |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | (6) |

[^0]
## The Questionnaire Forms

Three basic forms are used to collect the required data for the National Crime Survey. These forms are described briefly below and copies are included as part of this documentation. A number of changes have been made over time in the NCS instruments and the procedures for administering them, and some of these are noted in the documentation. A more comprehensive and detailed description of these changes is available in Martin (1982).

The National Crime Survey instrument underwent slight changes during the course of the survey. For example, in some cases response categories were changed, question wording was altered, and questions were added or deleted. A standard format was imposed in the data so that only a single piece of documentation would be necessary to use any of the National Sample collection quarters or any of the Cities Sample files. Therefore, the user is strongly urged to carefully review each variable used in analysis in order to determine the applicable code values. The data documented in the codebook reflect the format of the NCS questionnaire after the 1979 redesign.

The Control Card is the basic administrative record for each sample unit. It contains the address of each sample unit and the basic household data, such as the names of all persons living there and their age, race, sex, marital status, education and the like. Family income, tenure of the unit and pertinent information about non-interviews are also included on the Control Card. The Control Card serves as a record of visits, telephone calls, interviews, and non-interview reasons. The Control Card information is updated, as needed, during each visit to the housing unit except questions about educational attainment, family income, and tenure, which are only asked every other visit.

The Basic Screen Questionnaires are used to record characteristics of all household members 12 years of age and older in a sample unit, as well as to screen for incidents of crime which were committed against the household and/or household members. Information about the general characteristics of the household and each
household member are transcribed by the interviewer from the Control Card. Household and Individual Screen Questionnaires are designed to elicit information on whether any crimes were committed against the household as a whole or specifically against individual household members. Respondents may on occasion volunteer reports of household incidents not mentioned by the household respondent or victimizations of another household member which the victim failed to mention. In such cases the interviewer is instructed to fill an incident report by interviewing the appropriate person.

A Crime Incident Report is used to gather the detailed information about crimes reported in either the Household or Individual Screen Questions. One Crime Incident Report is completed for each incident of crime reported in answer to screen questions. For example, if a respondent said that his pocket was picked once and he was beaten up twice, three Crime Incident Reports, one for each separatee incident, are completed. Under certain circumstances interviewers are allowed to report several incidents as a "series" on one Incident Report form. The following conditions must be met before a series incident is reported:
(1) Incidents must be of the same type or very similar in detail.
(2) There must be at least three incidents in the series.
(3) The respondent must not be able to recall dates and other details of the individual incidents well enough to have reported them separately.

Interviewers are instructed to try through probing to get individual reports whenever possible and only accept series reports as a last resort. If a series incident report is made, the questions apply to the most recent occurrence within the reference period.

Interviewing
Prior to an interview visit, each sample unit is sent a letter from the Bureau of the Census informing the household about the National Crime Survey. During each enumeration period, interviews are conducted with as many household members as possible. Questions pertaining to the entire household are asked only once. These questions are answered by a single household respondent who could reasonably be expected to know the
answers pertaining to the household. Individual Screen Questions on the Basic Questionnaires are asked as many times as there are household members age 12 and older. Prior to July of 1986, information about each household member 14 years and older was obtained by selfresponse; however, information about members 12 and 13 years old was obtained by a proxy from either the household respondent or some other knowledgeable household member. The average face-to-face household interview lasts thirty minutes. Subsequent interviews may be conducted by telephone if it is more efficient or less costly. The Bureau of the Census has made greater use of telephone interviewing in recent years as a cost saving measure. Beginning in February 1980, telephone interviews were done during the second, fourth, and sixth interviews for households that had access to a phone, and where the household respondent indicated to the interviewer that a telephone interview was acceptable. Beginning in March of 1986, telephone interviews were conducted for all interview periods EXCEPT for the first and fifth interyiew period.

A sample unit for which an interview could not be obtained is classified as one four non-interview types. Type A non-interviews consist of households occupied by persons eligible for interviews but from whom no interviews were obtained because, for example, no one was found at home in spite of repeated visits or the household refused to give any information. Because Type A non-interviews are considered avoidable, every effort is made to convert them to interviews. Type B non-interviews are for/from units which are unoccupied or which are occupied solely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere (URE). Type $C$ non-interviews are units ineligible for the sample because the unit is demolished, condemned, or no address was listed. Type $z$ non-interviews occur when an interviewer is unable to obtain an interview for a particular household member in an otherwise interviewed household.

Interviewer instructions are explicit and detailed concerning the administration of the questionnaires, adherence to question wording, and the use of probes. Only the questions are read, not the response categories. Interviewers are instructed to read response categories only as a last resort. They are explicitly instructed to avoid reading the answer categories for the question, "How were you threatened?" if at all possible. Thus, for instance, respondents are not
asked directly if they were raped or threatened with rape; they must volunteer the information in response to questions about how they were attacked or threatened. Residue is used in the codebook documentation to designate those cases where the respondent could not or did not provide an answer, or for some reason the the response given did not fall into the predetermined categories.

Interviewers receive extensive training prior to any field work. The quality of interviewing is maintained by periodic direct observation of all interviewers, office edits of completed work, and verification of their work by reinterviewing a sample of completed sample units.

Reinterviews measure how well individual interinterviewers followed procedures. They also measure errors in coverage of the population resulting from missing units, incorrect address listing, etc. The reinterview procedure is used to evaluate the impact of errors or variations in responses. Results from reinterviews indicate thet there is little inconsistency between responses. The Bureau of the Census circulates a series of periodic updates dealing with the field procedures followed by the National Crime Survey interviewers. The Bureau of Justice Statistics and the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research both receive copies of these updates.

Missing Data Codes Used in the National
Crime Surveys: National Sample, 1979-1986
\{Revised Questionnaire\}
There are several different missing data codes
used in this collection. The codes are comprised of nines, eights, and a combination of the two. A variable filled with nines, "g's", indicates the case is either irrelevant or outside of the applicable sample. These codes are described by the terms "Irrelevant" or "Out of Universe". Codes ending in 8 that is $8,98,998,9998$, or 99998 , mean that the keyed response was answered incorrectily by the respondent or was not applicable to the question. These responses are represented by the terms "Not Applicable" or "Residue". In all, then, this National Crime Survey dataset consists of four different missing data terms. Irrelevant, Out of Universe, Not Applicable, and Residue. These terms are represented by 8's, 9's or 98's.

Type of Crime Codes
There are two variables in the incident portion of the codebook that have codes representing the various types of crimes that happened to the victim. These codes are found in variables $V 4318$ and $V 4326$. $V 4326$ has some added codes for the amount of personal or household larceny that occurred to the victim; otherwise, it is identical to V 4318 in terms of incident classification. Users desiring to replicate the standard NCS crime categories are urged to use one of these two variables as appropriate.

## FILE STRUCTURE

Data from the National Crime Surveys are available from the ICPSR in a variety of forms designed to facilitate their accessibility and analytical use. These include the full data collection which is stored as a hierarchically structured data base; and a variety of smaller extract files. The organization and use of these files is described below:

Unlike most data which are stored in a rectangular format (also know as "flat" format) with fixed record lengths, the NCS structured file is organized into a hierarchical format which corresponds to variations in household composition and in the occurrence of incidents of victimization. Hierarchical datasets have varying record lengths, and each record is stored sequentially in the data file. Hierarchical storage greatly reduces the size and space needed to store and process the data. In the NCS hierarchical data base, there are four types of records: the household header record, household, personal, and incident. The household record contains information about the household as as reported by the respondent and characteristics of the surrounding area as computed by the Bureau of the Census. The person record contains information about each household member age 12 years and older as reported by that person or proxy, with one record for each qualifying individual. Finally, the incident record contains information drawn from the incident report completed for each household or person incident mentioned during the interview.

To illustrate, a typical cluster of housing units might contain four households each with varying numbers of inhabitants some of whom report victimizations. The records for such a cluster might look as follows:

| RECORD | RECORD TYPE OR CONTENTS |
| :--- | :--- |
| NUMBER | Household 1 10 |
| 1 | Household 1 |
| 2 | Person 1 of Household 1 |
| 3 | Incident 1 for Person 1 of Household 1 |
| 4 | Househald 210 |
| 5 | Household 2 |
| 6 | Person 1 of Household 2 |
| 7 | Person 2 of Household 2 |
| 8 | Incident 1 for Person 2 of Household 2 |


| 10 | Incident 2 for Person 2 of Household 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 | Household 3 10 |
| 12 | Household 3 |
| 13 | Person 1 of Household 3 |
| 14 | Person 2 of Household 3 |
| 15 | Person 3 of Household 3 |
| 16 | Incident 1 for Person 3 of Household 3 |
| 17 | Incident 2 for Person 3 of Household 3 |
| 18 | Incident 3 for Person 3 of Household 3 |
| 19 | Household 4 10 |
| 20 | Household 4 |
| 21 | Person 1 of Household 4 |
| 22 | Person 2 of Household 4 |
| 23 | Incident 1 for Person 2 of Household 4 |
| 24 | Incident 2 for Person 2 of Household 4 |

With two different types of records, twenty-four in all, this may seem like a very complex structure. However, storing the data in this way allows for much greater technical efficiency.

If these data were stored in a fixed format ("flat") data file, a number of problems would have to be dealt with. For example, a household-level dataset may be constructed where the maximum number of persons is three and the maximum number of incidents reported are two per person. Four hypothetical records from this data - each representing one household - consists of the following: two records with a single record and no incident reported; a third record with three persons, none of whom reported an incident; and a four th record with two persons, one of whom reported two incidents. A rectangular data structure would require that the fixed record length be large enough to contain all combinations of persons and incidents. In this example, the record length would require one place for the houschold level, three places for the personal level, and two places per person for the incident level. Most of this space would consist of missing data padding demanded by the fixed record length.

| No | HHID | HH | Per | Inc | Per | Inc | Per | Inc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | HHID 4 | HH 4 | P 1 | pad pad | pad | pad | pad | pad |
| 2 | HHID 4 | HH 4 | P 2 | pad pad | pad | pad | pad | pad |
| 3 | HHIO 4 | HH 4 | P 3 | pad pad | P 2 | pad | P 3 | pad |
| 4 | HHID 4 | HH 4 | P4 | 1112 | P 2 | pad | pad | pad |

NO=Record number $H H I D=$ Household Identification $H H=$ Household $\quad P(e r)=$ Person $\quad I(n c)=$ Incident

Assuming that each record type is approximately equal in size, $60 \%$ of this small and uncomplicated file would consist of missing data padding. A hierarchical file avoids this wasted space by recording the data in fixed record lengths but only for existing data recorded from the interviews, thus utilizing space more efficientiy.

The OSIRIS dictionary file provides the information needed to describe the composition of the varying record lengths and create datasets or subsets suitable for analysis. To access the appropriate information from a sequenced file, the underlying logic of the data structure must be understood. SPSS-X also handles hierarchical files, and can be used in a similar fashion. The Bureau of the Census initially issues the NCS data in a file with a single variable length record per household. At the ICPSR, the file is organized into the household ID, household, personal, and incident levels. Using OSIRIS IV software, these levels are then linked together in a hierarchical pattern, where the household 10 record forms the basic building block for the file. The household, person, and incident records are then linked in a subordinate way to "root" this group. The diagram of these structural linkages in the hierarchy is called a schema.

As a link is followed down from the root, the relationship is always one to many. In the NCS data, each occurrence of a household will have associated with it any number of persons, and each occurrence of a person will have any number of incidents associated with it. In no case will a person-level record occur without a household or with additional households superordinate to it. The same is true for incidents vis-a-vis persons.


#### Abstract

Because of the hierarchical nature of the NCS data, the ICPSR has also added control numbers which uniquely identify all occurrences of all groups. As these variables link and order the data, they are crucial in generating the file structure, ensuring accurate retrieval, and permitting file updating. The control numbers are prefaced with a four byte binary integer record length added for IBM compatibility and a 3-digit group number. Each group is defined by a unique control number in addition to the control numbers which identify it: a household number, year and quarter ID, a census number, a PSU number, a segment number, a check digit, and a serial number. Group 2, at the Household level, is subordinate to group 1 and so contains the Household ID control numbers as well as collection quarter information. Group 3, at the Person level is in turn subordinate to groups 1 and 2 and so contains the Household 10 and Household level control numbers in addition to a line number. Group 4, at the incident level, contains an incident number in addition to control numbers which correspond to its superordinate groups 1-3.


## VAR \# VARIABLE Name

V1001 ICPSR Household Number - Group 1 Household 10
V1002 Year and Quarter
V1003 Census Sample Number
V1004 Primary Sampling Number
V1005 Segment Number
V1006 Check Digit
V1007 Serial Number
V1008 Household Number
V2001 ICPSR Household Number - Group 2 Household
V2002 Year and Quarter
V2003 Census Sample Number
V2004 Primary Sampling Number
V2005 Segment Number
V2006 Check Digit
V2007 Serial Number
V2008 Household Number
V3001 ICPSR Househald Number - Group 3 Person
V3002 Year and Quarter
V3003 Census Sample Number
V3004 Primary Sampling Unit
V3005 Segment Number
$V 3006$ Check Digit

| V3007 | Serial Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| V3008 | Household Number |
| V3009 | Line Number of Respondent |
| V4001 | ICPSR Household Number - Group 4 Incident |
| V4002 | Year and Quarter |
| V4003 | Census Sample Number |
| V4004 | Primary Sampling Unit |
| V4005 | Segment Number |
| V4006 | Check Digit |
| V4007 | Serial Number |
| V4008 | Household Number |
| V4009 | Line Number of Victim |

The hierarchical structure of the dataset does more than provide a way to manage the data efficiently. The structure allows the ICPSR to provide researchers great flexibility in choosing the level at which to perform an analysis. The hierarchical data structure defines the basic form which will be used to combine records (households, persons, and/or incidents) into cases, building a rectangular file appropriate for the researcher's interests. While this can be done in any number of unique user-defined formats, there are two standard sets of extract files - one for persons, and a second one for incident level analysis.

INCIDENT LEVEL FILE: This subset provides users with a file that is easier to handle than the complete file but which preserves the characteristics of the National Sample data. The incident-level dataset is a rectangiiar, or flattened, file containing each incident record which appears in the full sample file, the victim's person record, and the victim's household information. By definition, these data include person and household information for victims only. There are 473 variables in each record, with one extract file for for each interview quarter of the complete National Sample. These incident files have been "bounded" to contain crimes that occurred in a particular calendar year. The logical record length of each file is 731. The case count varies.

File Information for NCS Incident Level Files
YEAR CASE COUNT
1979 28207
$1980 \quad 28713$
$1981 \quad 29491$
1982 28267
198326093
1984 20980
$1985 \quad 19171$
$1986 \quad 18158$
1987 . 17337

File Information for NCS Hierarchical Files, 1979-1986
LRECL VAR COUNT

| Household ID | 54 | 8 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Household | 204 | 89 |  |
| Person | 142 | (per person) | 57 |
| lncident | 481 (per incident) person) | 327 |  |
|  |  |  | (per incident) |

CASE COUNT PER LEVEL-NCS HIERARCHICAL FILES, 1979-1986

| Household | Person | Incident |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Level $1 \& 2)$ | (Level 3) | (Level 4) |


| 1979 | 191,906 | 351,860 | 41,084 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1980 | 209,882 | 382,707 | 43,375 |
| 1981 | 214,336 | 389,524 | 43,959 |
| 1982 | 216,005 | 393,685 | 42,305 |
| 1983 | 217,814 | 392,058 | 39,056 |
| 1984 | 201,516 | 341,790 | 32,352 |
| 1985 | 178,324 | 316,094 | 28,564 |
| 1986 | 175,269 | 306,732 | 27,105 |
| 1987 | 167,375 | 290,935 | 25,703 |

```
INCIDENT FILE SETUP (OSIRIS IV): (Used to generate an
incident file from a hierarchical file)
$RUN ISR:OSIRIS.IV
\varepsilonENTRY
ENTRY=1 UNIT=4
G2+G3+G4
EEND
ERECODE
RECODE=84
IF V4002 INLIST (841-842) AND V4013 INLIST(01-06) OR
V4002 INLIST(843-844) OR V4002 -
INLIST(851-852) AND V4013 INLIST(06-12) THEN RETURN
REJECT
END
ETRANS DICTIN=1NPUT.IDICT DATAIN=*|N* (F|=2)
    DICTOUT=%OUT*(FI=1,DSN=NCS.IDICT)
    DATAOUT=%OUT* (FI=2,DSN=NCS.184)
INCIDENT SUBSET FOR REF YEAR 1984
E=1 DI=1 RECODE=84 V=V2001-V2089,V3001-V3057, -
    V4001-V4327
\varepsilonEND
```

Because the data collected in the National Crime Survey represents the total U.S. population twelve years and older, each record can be weighted to produce universe estimates from the sample cases. These weights are carried in the records, and are numbers which one adds or accumulates to obtain universe estimates of particular events. The weight is a multiplier that indicates how many times a particular record is to be counted. In the diagram below, sample household records are illustrated. An actual weight from the National Sample data indicating the estimated number of households represented by that single case is noted. The first record has a weight of 0844119 (three implied decimals) indicating that approximately 844 households in the universe are represented by that single record.

| Household Record | 0844119 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Household Record | 0793282 |
| Household Record | 0835508 |

When tabulating the survey data, counts of records or universe estimates may be obtained. The two sample tables shown below are identical, except for the fact that Table A is a COUNT of person records and Table B is an ESTIMATE of persons based on the sum of the person record weights.

TABLE A
Sex of Person

|  | Observation of |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sex of Person | Count | Percent |
|  |  |  |
| Male | 71,870 | 47.3 |
| Female | 79,976 | 52.7 |
| Total | 151,846 | 100.0 |

TABLE B
Sex of Person (Weighted)

Sex of Person
--------------
Male
Female

> Observation of

Count Percent

Total $160,868,024 \quad 100.0$
Househoid crimes such as burglary and motor vehicle theft are committed against the household or household property, and therefore, the household weight should be applied. Because criminal acts against a household involve a single victimization of the household, counts of victimizations and incidents are the same.

Personal crimes such as assault and robbery are committed against persons. When tabulating persenal crimes, the appropriate person or incident weight in the data record should be used. Incident records contain the weight of the victim divided by the number of persons reported to have been victimized in the incident. This results in an estimate of incidents as opposed to victimizations. To estimate the number of personal victimizations, the weights in the person records should be aggregated. The number of incidents for personal crimes is somewhat less than the number of victimizations.

Incidents in the NCS tape files are classified according to the NCS Crime Classification Scheme, in which 36 detailed crime types are identified as being either household or personal crimes. However, users are not restricted to this classification scheme and may, in fact, devise their own classification based on the elements of the reported victimization. The proper application of weights will vary according to the manner in which crimes are classified.

Computing Estimates of Population Rates from the National Crime Survey

Generating a population rate of victimizations from the NCS is a complex task. The hierarchical dataset must be manipulated properly to produce a count
of the victimizations (the denominator). Furthermore, adjustments must be made to account for the rotational period of the sample design and the reported date of the incident.

NCS REFERENCE PERIODS FOR ANNUAL ESTIMATES

| COLLEC- <br> TION <br> MONTH | JAN | REFERENCE MONTH |  |  |  | WITHINJUN JUL |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{BOUND} \operatorname{ING} \\ & \text { JL AUG SEP } \end{aligned}$ |  | PERIOD |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEB | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MARCH | X | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APRIL | X | $X$ | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MAY | X | $X$ | X | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JUNE | X | $x$ | X | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JULY | $X$ | X | X | $x$ | X | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AUGUST |  | X | $x$ | X | $X$ | X | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEPT |  |  | $X$ | X | X | ${ }^{\prime}$ | K | $x$ |  |  |  |  |
| OCT |  |  |  | X | $x$ | X | X | X | X |  |  |  |
| NOV |  |  |  |  | $X$ | $x$ | $\chi$ | X | X | X |  |  |
| DEC |  |  |  |  |  | X | $x$ | X | X | X | X |  |
| JAN |  |  |  |  |  |  | $x$ | $x$ | X | X | X | $x$ |
| FEB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X | X | $x$ |
| MARCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| APRIL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X |
| MAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | $x$ |
| JUNE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $X$ |

The above table illustrates the collection month from which information about a given calendar or reference year may be drawn due to the six month bounding period. For this reason, a respondent may report a victimization incident which occurred up to six months before the time of the interview. To identify all the incidents which occurred in a reference year, all the incidents reported as having occurred before the beginning of that year must be excluded. Also, all the incidents reported in the following year as having occurred before the end of the reference year must be identified.

The example below shows an OSIRIS.IV setup used to count the total estimated number of victimizations from an annual year hierarchical file. First the series crimes and crimes occurring outside the United States are excluded. Then the crimes are "bound" into the

```
proper time frame, which in this case is 1982. The
person weight is used in most cases except if the type
of crime is a household crime and then the household
weight is used.
```

\$RUN ISR:OSIRIS.IV SPRINT=PRTOUT3 (*L+1)
EENTRY
ENTRY $=1 \quad$ UNIT $=4$
G2+G3+G4
EEND
ERECDDE
RECODE $=1$
$\varepsilon$
\& Reject series crimes
$\varepsilon$
If V4015 EQ I THEN REJECT
$\varepsilon$
\& Reject crimes that occurred outside the United States
$\varepsilon$
IF V4023 EQ 1 THEN REJECT
$\varepsilon$
$\varepsilon$ Now "bound" the crimes into the proper time frame for
\& analysis (1982 data yr)
$\varepsilon$
IF V4002 EQ 821 AND V4013 IN (06-12) OR V4002 EQ 822 -
AND V4013 IN (09-12) OR V4002 EQ 831 AND V4013 IN -
(01-03) OR V4002 EQ 832 AND V4013 IN (01-06) THEN -
REJECT
E
\& Set the person ("victim") weight to a temporary
$\varepsilon$ variable
$\varepsilon$
$R 420=V 3056$
$\varepsilon$
E If the type of crime is one of the household crimas
\& (greater than code 25) use the household weight
$\varepsilon$ instead for tabulating.
E
IF V43i8 GT THEN R420=V2089
EEND
EDICT DICTIN=AT* $(F \mid=1)$ DICTOUT $=-D \mid C T$
CREATE
$\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{ALL}$
$V=R 420$ NA $=$ 'COMBINED WGHT' WID $=8$ NDEC $=3$ TYPE $=C$
EEND

```
ETABLES DICTIN=-DICT OATAIN=*T* (FI=1)
    CHECK ON CRIME COUNTS ON 1982 HIERARCHICAL -
    ("FULL FILE") TAPE AND "BOUND" THEM
    P=D| E=1 W=R420 RECODE=1
    S=V4318 V =V4013 PR|NT=UNWT
    S=V4326 V =V4327 PRINT=UNWT
EEND
```

A more difficult problem would be the generation of the population estimate to be used in a computation of the rate of victimization. The sample weights have been adjusted to be representative of the national adult population. Since the sample is interviewed every six months, the sample weights are twice as large as they should be for annual estimates. In addition, because of the reference period, the total period from which the incident reports were drawn spans seventeen months. It is therefore necessary to adjust the weights to gain an estimate of the average population size during the reference period. To do this, the probability that an individual could have contributed an incident to those counted as occurring in the reference year is used. Assuming an even distribution of incidents, a person interviewed in June would be far more likely to report an incident occurring in the same year than someone interviewed in February. The population estimate used to compute the rate should thus be adjusted to reflect the same population from which the incidents were drawn. The example below is an OSIRIS.IV setup used to generate household control totals and population control totals for the National Crime Surveys. This example illustrates the procedure for the 1985 data.

```
$RUN ISR:OSIRIS.IV SPRINT=PRTOUT (*L+1)
EENTRY
    ENTRY=1 UNIT=2
    G2
&END
ERECODE
    RECODE=1
\varepsilon
& Generate household control totals for the NCS
\varepsilon
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ Ol THEN R420=0 AND -
    GO TO L35
```

```
If V2002 EQ 851 AND V2O30 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*1/12) AND GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*2/12) AND GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ O4 THEN -
    R42O=(V2089*3/12) AND GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*4/12) AND GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 06 THEN -
    R42O=(V2089*5/12) AND GO TO L35
IF V2002 INLIST (853,854) AND V2030 INLIST (07-12) -
    THEN R420=(V2089*6/12) AND GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ }861\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 01 THEN -
    R42O=(V2089*6/12) AND GO TO L35
If V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*5/12) ANO GO TO L }3
IF V2002 EQ }861\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V2089:4/12) AND GO TO L.35
IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 04 THEN -
    R420=(V2089:3/12) ANO GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2O30 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V208g*2/12) ANO GO TO L35
IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 06 THEN -
    R420=(V2089:1/12) AND GO TO L35
L35 CONTINUE
&END
&TABLES DICTIN=*T*(FI=1) DATAIN=*T* (FI=2)
    CHECK ON CONTROL TOTALS ON 1985 TAPE - HOUSEHOLDS
    P=01 E=1 W=R420 RECODE=1
    S=V2030 V=V2002 PRINT= (UNWT)
    S=V2069 V=V2072
    S=V2061 V=V2064
&END
&RECODE
    RECODE=1
\varepsilon
& Generate population control totals for the NCS
\varepsilon
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2O30 EQ 01 THEN R420=0 AND -
    GO TO L40
    IF V2002 EQ }851\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%1/12) AND GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R42O=(V3056*2/12) AND GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2O30 EQ 04 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*3/12) AND GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2O30 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%4/12) AND GO TO L4O
```

```
    IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 06 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%5/12) AND GO TO L4O
IF V2002 INLIST (853,854) AND V2O30 INLIST (07-12) -
    THEN R420=(V3056*6/12) AND GO TO L40
IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2O30 EQ 01 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*6/12) AND GO TO L4O
IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R42O=(V3056*5/12) AND GO TO L4O
IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*4/12) AND GO TO L40
IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2O30 EQ O4 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%3/12) AND GO TO L40
IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 05 THEN -
    R42O=(V3056*2/12) AND GO TO L4O
IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 06 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%1/12) AND GO TO L4O
l40 CONTINUE
EEND
&TABLES DICTIN=*T*(F|=1) DATAIN=*T:% (F|=2)
    CHECK ON CONTROL TOTALS ON 1985 TAPE - PERSONS
    P=DI E=1 W=R420 RECODE=1
    S=V2030 V=V2002 PRINT=(UNWT)
    S=V3021 V=V3016
EEND
$ENDFILE
$SIGNOFF
```

The adjusted weight could then be used to accumulate a count of the population of interest and this count would be used as the base for the rate estimate. This description is intended to illustrate the common procedure used by many, including those preparing official reports from this data. It is not an exact reconstruction of the procedures employed, although it is essentially correct. Because of differences in computers and the software available on them, some adjustments of the above approach may have to be made to manage the large number of cases and the great size of the population estimate being computed.

Computing the Standard Error of the Estimate
The National Crime Survey data are commonly used to compute estimates of victimization events in the United States population. For example, examining the changes in robbery victimizations would entail computing victimization rates for a population for certain time periods (e.g., a quarter, a year).
Computation of a standard error for these rates is
problematic on two accounts. First, the survey design
is a complex, stratified multi-stage cluster sample,
which is weighted to represent the entire U.S.
population. Using traditional statistical techniques
to compute standard errors requires the assumption
that the sample is random (or at least an equal
probability sample). Violating this assumption will
cause inaccuracies in the estimation of the standard
error, making any statistical test based on those
standard errors suspect. The second problem results
from the computational procedure used in constructing
the rates. Any rate is the quotient of the sum of the
occurrence of the event over the base population "at
risk" of the occurrence. ln the NcS, rather than
summing occurrences, the weights associated with them
would be summed to produce rates representative of the
U.S. population. To construct a rate of robbery
victimizations (continuing with the example from
above), the sum of person weights of respondents who
had been victims of a robbery wowld be divided by the
total sum of the person weights of respondents. (This
is the basic procedure; there are other adjustments
made to account for the sampling methodology, etc.).
The production of the rate using the recode summation
procedure (see section entitled "Computing Estimates of
Population Rates...) does not provide a standard error
of the estimate computed. This problem, coupled with
the more serious and ultimately unavoidable violation
of the assumption of the simple random sampling, means
that only approximations of the standard error can be
created through estimation.

It is possible to compute accurate standard errors for the NCS using the Taylor Expansion Method or the Balanced Repeated Replication Method of computing standard errors. However, as these methods are complex and expensive to run, it is generally considered impractical to compute standard errors for every estimate in the NCS. Rather, a subset of standard errors were estimated (using the Taylor methods) and were generalized to be applicable to all survey estimates. Generalized curves have been produced from subsets of computed standard errors. These generalized .curves are represented by the formula represented below.

In the Annual Report of the NCS 1978, the U.S. Department of Justice published four formulas for
approximating the appropriate standard error. These formulas and their corresponding examples follow.

Formula One: Standard errors for numbers of victimizations or incidents.

$$
\text { s.e. }(x)=\sqrt{/ a x^{2}+b x}
$$

```
Where: x = estimated number of personal or household
            victimizations or incidents
    a = a constant
    b}=a\mathrm{ second constant
```

The values of the above two constants have been derived for the NCS to represent the curves fitted to the estimates of the standard errors. These values are obtainable for various time periods and regions from the Bureau of the Census. In the following table are listed the constants for annual national personal or household victimizations.

> Parameters for Estimating the Standard Error of Personal of Household Victimizations for the Nation by Year


In 1978 there were 1,038000 robbery victimizations in the U.S. By substituting the appropriate values, a confidence interval around this interval may be obtained.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { s.e. }(x) & =/(-.00001488447)(1,038,000)^{2}+2616(1,038,000) \\
& =52,000 \text { (rounded to the nearest } 100)
\end{aligned}
$$

This yields a standard error fo 52,000 which can be used to form a confidence interval around the estimate. The following three formulas can also be used to compute standard errors for other statistics or tests.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Formula Two: } & \text { Standard errors for estimated } \\
& \text { victimization rates or percentages. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { s.e. }(p)=\sqrt{/ \frac{b}{y} p(1.0-p)}
$$

```
where: p = the percentage or rate (in decimal form)
    y = base population or total number of crimes
    b = a constant (see table)
```

The 1978 assault rate was 31.8 per 1,000 persons age twelve to fifteen. Substituting the appropriate values in formula two yields:

$$
\text { s.e. } \begin{aligned}
(p) & =/ \frac{2616}{15,454,400} .0318(1.0-.0318) \\
& =.0022804 \text { (which rounds to } .0023 \text { ) }
\end{aligned}
$$

The confidence interval around the estimate 31.8 at one standard error is 2.3 (plus or minus) while the confidence interval at the second standard error would be twice that, or 4.6 (plus or minus).

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Formula Three: } \text { Standard Error for a difference } \\
& \text { between two cases or percentages } \\
& \text { having two bases. }
\end{aligned}
$$


where: $p=$ first percentage or rate (in decimal form) 1

```
    \(y=\) base from which \(p\) is derived
        1 l
    \(p=\) second percentage or rate (in decimal form)
    2
```

    \(y_{2}=\) base from which \(p_{2}\) is derived
    \(b=a \operatorname{constant}\) (see table)
    The 1978 victimization rate for personal crimes of violence was 45.7 per 1,000 for males and 22.8 per 1,000 for females. Substituting the appropriate values in formula two yields:
s.e. $\left(p-p_{2}\right)=$
$\frac{.0457(1.0-.0457)}{84,377,000} 2616+\frac{.0228(1.0-.0228)}{91,838,000}$
$=.00140712$ (which rounds to .0014$)$

The confidence interval at one standard error is approximately 1.4 per thousand (plus or minus), around the difference of 22.9 ( 45.7 - 22.8) , or 2.8 per thousand (plus or minus) at the two standard error level. The one standard error confidence interval (68 chances out of a 100) places the true percent change between 21.5 and 24.3 ( 22.9 plus or minus 1.4).

The ratio of a difference to its standard error is equivalent to its level of statistical significance. For example, a ratio of about 2.0 or more denotes that the difference is significant at the $95 \%$ confidence level or higher; a ratio ranging between 1.6 and 2.0 indicates that the difference is significant at a level between 90 and $95 \%$, and a ratio of less than 1.6 defines a confidence level below $90 \%$. In the above example, the ratio of the difference (22.9) to its standard error (1.4) equals 16.36 . It was therefore concluded that the difference in the violent victimization rate for males and females was statistically significant at a level exceeding $95 \%$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Formula Four: Standard Error for a difference } \\
& \text { between percentages derived from } \\
& \text { the same base. } \\
& \text { s.e. }(p-p)=/ \frac{/ b}{b}\left\{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{p}{2}-(p-p)^{2}\right\}
\end{aligned}
$$

where: all symbols are the same as formula three except $y$ refers to a common base.

The 1978 proportion of those victims of household crimes reporting economic losses of $\$ 50-\$ 249$ was 26.5 percent; 17.4 percent of the household crimes reported were in the range of $\$ 250$ or more. Substituting the appropriate values into formula four yields:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { s.e. }(p-p)=\frac{1-2616}{15,690,560}\left\{.265+.174-(.265-.174)^{2}\right\} \\
=.0084735 \text { (which rounds to } .0085 \text { ) }
\end{gathered}
$$

The confidence interval at one standard error around the difference of 9.1 would be from 8.25 to 9.95 (9.1 plus or minus .85). The ratio of the difference (9.1) to its standard error (.85) equals 10.7 , which is much greater than $2 \cdot 0$. Thus, the difference between the two percentages was statistically significant.

The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine-readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.


[^1]\{2\} Indicates the abbreviated (24 characters maximum) variable label used in the OSIRIS system to identify each variable. An expanded version can be found in the Variable Deseription List.
\{3\} Indicates the designation of missing data. In this example, code values equal to nine or greater than eight are missing data ( $M D=9$ OR GE 8). Although these values are defined as within the missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use these values in a substantive role, if so desired.
\{4\} Indicates the sequential location and width of this variable when the data are stored on a magnetic tape. In this example the variable named "POLICE KNOW OF INCIDENT?" is one column wide and located in column 389 within the INCIDENT RECORD. Other variables will be in this same lacation in the household and person records. In a fixed length record file of this data the locations will be different.
\{5\} Indicates the full text of the question supplied by the original collectors of the data. This is the wording used in the original questionnaire.
\{6\} Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.
\{7\} Indicates the meaning of the codes.

The ICPSR has added to the data series of identification variables within each collection quarter. A sequential household identification number was added for each Household (V2001). Person (V3001), and Incident (V4001) record.

Every variable has been checked for bad characters and wild or undocumented codes. With the exception of Interviewer identification, all alphabetic code values were recoded with numeric values. All possible code values are documented for each variable.

The National Crime Survey instrument underwent slight changes during the course of the survey. For example, in some cases response categories were changed, question wording was altered, and questions were added or deleted. A standard format was imposed on the data so that only a single piece of documentation would be necessary to use any of the National Sample collection quarters or any of the Cities Sample files. Therefore, the user is strongly urged to carefully review each variable used in analysis in order to determine if the codebook reflects the format of the NCS questionnaire after the 1979 redesign.

Identification Information

V1001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V1002 Year and Quarter Identification
V1003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V 1004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V1005 SEGMENT NUMBER
VIOO6 CHECK DIGIT
V1007 SERIAL NUMBER
VIOC8 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

HOUSEHOLD LEVEL

## Identification Information

| V2001 | ICPSR Household Identification Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| V2002 | Year and Quarter Identification |
| V2003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER |
| V2004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED |
| V2005 | SEGMENT NUMBER |
| V2006 | CHECK DIGIT |
| V2007 SERIAL NUMBER |  |
| V2008 | HOUSEHOLD NUMBER |
| V2009 | Q. 1 Interviewer Identification |
| V2010 | Q. 2 Unit Status |
| V2011 $Q .3$ Household Status |  |
| V2012 $Q .4$ Line Number of Household Respondent |  |

Housing Unit

V2013 Q. 5 Special Place Type Code
V2014 Q.6(a) Tenure
V2015 Q.6(b) Tenure (Allocated)

## Location Characteristics

| V2016 | Q.7 (a) Land Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| V2017 | Q.7 (b) Land Use (Allocated) |
| V2018 | Q.8 (a) Farm Sales |
| V2019 | Q.8 (b) Farm Sales (Allocated) |

Household Information

V2020 Q.9(a) Type of Living Quarters
V2021 Q.9(b) Type of Living Quarters (Allocated)
$V 2022$ Q.10a Location of Phone
V2023 Q.10b is phone interview acceptable?
V2024 Q. 11 Number of Housing Units in Structure
V2025 Q. 12 Family Income

Interview Information

V2026 Q.13(a) Month Interview or Non-interview Completed
$V 2027$ Q.13(b) Day Interview or Non-interview Completed
V2028 Q.13(c) Year Interview or Non-interview Completed
V2029 Reason for Non-interview
V2030 Collection Month
V2031 Collection Year
V2032 Race of Houschold Head (Type A)
V2033 Q. 14 a (1) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (First Person)
V2034 Q.14a (2) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Second Person)
V2035 Q. 14 (3) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Third Person)
V2036 Q. 14 a (4) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Fourth Person)
V2037 Q. 14b (1) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (First Person)
$V 2038$ Q.14b(2) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Second Person)
V2039 Q.14b (3) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Third Person)
V2040 Q.14b (4) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Fourth Person)

```
V2041 Q.14c(1) Reason for Proxy Interview (First
    Person)
V2042 Q.14c(2) Reason for Proxy Interview (Second
        Person)
V2043 Q.14c(3) Reason for Proxy Interview (Third
        Person)
V2044 Q.14e (4) Reason for Proxy Interview (Fourth
        Person)
V2045 Q.26a(1) Line Number of Type Z Non-interview
        (First Person)
V2046 Q.26b(1) Reason for Type Z Non-interview (First
        Person)
V2047 Q.26a(2) Line Number of Type Z Non-interview
        (Second Person)
V2048 Q.26b (2) Reason for Type Z Non-interview (Second
        Person)
v2049 Q.26a(3) Line Number of Type z Non-interview
        (Third Person)
V2050 Q.26b (3) Reason for Type Z Non-interview (Third
        Person)
V2051 Q.26a(4) Line Number of Type Z Non-interview
        (Fourth Person)
V2052 Q.26b (4) Reason for Type Z Non-interview (Fourth
        Person)
Household Characteristics
V2053 Q.16a Number of Household Members 12 Years of
        Age and Over
V2054 Q.16b Number of Household Members Under 12
        Years of Age
V2055 Q. }17\mathrm{ Number of Crime Incident Reports Filled
V2056 All Household Members 12 and Over are in the
        Military
V2057 Incoming or Continuing Rotation
Principal Person Information
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
V2058 & Q.21 & Relationship to Reference Person \\
V2059 & Q.22 & Age Last Birthday \\
V2060 & Q.23 & Marital Status \\
V2061 & Q.24 & Sex \\
V2062 & Q.25 Armed Forces Member \\
V2063 & Q.26 Education (What is the highest grade (or \\
& \begin{tabular}{ll} 
year of regular school you have ever \\
& attended?)
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}
```

```
V2064 Q. }28\mathrm{ Race
V2065 Q.29 Origin
V2066 Record Size - Households
V2067 Q. 22 Age Last Birthday
V2068 Q.23 Marital Status
V2069 Q. }24\mathrm{ Sex
V2070 Q. }25\mathrm{ Armed Forces Member
V2071 Q.26 Education (What is the highest grade (or
    year of regular school you have ever
        attended?)
V2072 Q. }28\mathrm{ Race
V2073 Q.29 Origin
V2074 Q.37a (Other than the ... business) does anyone
    in this household operate a business from this
    address?
V2075 Q.42 What was the TOTAL number of motor
    vehicles (cars, trucks, motorcycles, etc.)
    owned by you or any other member of the
    household during the last 6 months. Include
    those you no longer own.
Geographic Identifiers
V2076 Geographic Identifier Code
V2077 Place Size Code
V2078 Place Description
V2079 Reference Period Research Code
Sampling Information
V2080 Segment Type
V2081 Number of Person Segments
V2082 Record Size - Persons
V2083 Number of Incidents
V2084 Record Size - Incident
V2085 First Stage Weighting Factor
V2086 Household Non-interview Factor
V2087 Duplication Control Factor
V2088 Basic Weight
V2089 Household Weight
```

```
Identification Information
V3001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V3002 Year and Quarter Identification
V3003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V3004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V3005 SEGMENT NUMBER
V3006 CHECK DIGIT
V3007 SERIAL NUMBER
V3008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
V3009 Q. 20 Line Number of Respondent
Type of Interview
v3010 Q.19 Type of Interview
Individual Information
V3011 Q.21 Relationship to Reference Person
V3012 Q.22(a) Age Last Birthday
V3013 Q.22 (b) Age Last Birthday (Allocated)
V3014 Q.23 Marital Status
V3015 Q.24 (a) Sex
V3016 Q.24 (b) Sex (Allocated)
V3017 Q.25 Armed Forces Member
V3018 Q.26 What is the highest grade (or year) of
    regular school you have ever attended?
V3019 Q.27 Did you complete that year?
V3020 Q.28 (a) Race
V3021 Q.28(b) Race (Allocated)
V3022 Q.29 Origin
V3023 Is this person a new household member?
V3024 Q.30(a) How long have you lived at this address-
    months?
```

```
V3025 Q.30 (b) How long have you lived at this address-
        years?
V3026 Q. }31\mathrm{ Altogether, how many times have you moved
        in the last five years?
V3027 Q.32a What were you doing most of LAST WEEK -
        (working, keeping house, going to school), or
        something else?
v3028 Q.32b Did you do any work at all LAST WEEK, not
        counting work done around the house?
V3029 Q.32c How many hours did you work LAST WEEK at
        all jobs?
V3030 Q.33a Did you have a job or business from which
        you were temporarily absent or on layoff LAST
        WEEK?
V3031 Q.33b Why were you absent from work LAST WEEK?
V3032 Q.34a Have you been looking for work during the
        past 4 weeks?
V3033 Q.34b What have you been doing in the last 4
        weeks to find work? Anything else?
V3034 Q.34b(1) Public employment agency
V3035 Q.34b (2) Private employment agency
V3036 Q.34b (3) Employer directly
V3037 Q.34b (4) Friends or relatives
V3038 Q.34b (5) Placed or answered ads
V3039 Q.34b (6) Other
V3040 Q.34b (7) Nothing
V3041 Q.34b (8) Residue
V3042 Q.34c Is there any reason why you could not
    take a job LAST WEEK?
V3043 Q. }35\mathrm{ When did you last work at a full-time job
        or business lasting two consecutive weeks or
        more?
V3044 Q.36b What kind of business or industry is
    this?
V3045 Q.36e What kind of work were you doing?
V3046 Q.36e What kind of employee?
V3047 Employment Status Recode
```

Reports of Crimes

V3048 Q. 56 Did you call the police during the last 6 months to report something that happened to YOU which you thought was a crime? Q. 56 (a) First Incident

V3049 Q. 56 (b) Second Incident
V3050 Q. 56 (c) Third Incident

```
V3051 Q.57 Did anything happen to YOU during the last
        6 months which you thought was a crime, but
        did not report to the police?
    Q.57(a) First Incident
V3052 Q.57(b) Second Incident
v3053 Q.57(c) Third Incident
Sampling Information
V3054 Within Household Non-interview Factor
V3055 Second Stage Weight
V3056 Person Weight
Crime Incidents Reported
V3057 Number of Crime Per Person
```

INCIDENT LEVEL
Identification Information
V4001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V4002 Year and Quarter Identification
V4003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V4004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V4005 SEGMENT NUMBER
V4006 CHECK DIGIT
V4007 SERIAL NUMBER
V4008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
V4009 Line Number of Victim
V4010 Number of Screen Question In Which the Incident
Was Reported
V4011 Incident Number
Series Incident Variables - Incident Description

V4012 Q. 1 Did (this/the first) incident happen while you were living here or before you moved to this address?

```
V4013 Q.2a(1) In what month did (this/the first)
    incident happen?
V4014 Q.2a(2) Year that (this/the first) incident
    happened
V4015 is this incident report for a series of crimes?
V4016 Q.2b Altogether, how many times did this happen
    during the last 6 months?
V4017 Q.2c(1) How many times did these incidents take
        place in Quarter 1 (January, February, or
        March) ?
V4018 Q.2c(2) How many times did these incidents take
        place in Quarter 2 (April, May, or June)?
V4019 Q.2c(3) How many times did these incidents take
        place in Quarter 3 (July, August, or
        September)?
V4020 Q.2c(4) How many times did these incidents take
        place in Quarter 4 (October, November, or
        December)?
```

Location Information

V4021 Q.3a Was it daylight or dark outside when (this/the most recent) incident happened?
V4022 Q.3b About what time did (this/the most recent) incident happen?
V4023 Q.4a Did this incident happen inside the limits of a city, town, village, etc.?
V4024 Q.4c Is this the same State and county as your PRESENT RESIDENCE?
V4025 Q. 5 Where did this incident take place?

## Offender Information

$V 4026$ Q.6a Did the offender (s) live (here/there) or have a right to be (here/there), such as a guest or a repairperson?
04027 Q.6b Did the offender (s) actually get in or just TRY to get in the (house/apt./building)?
V4028 Q.6c Was there any evidence, such as a broken lock or broken window, that the offender (s) forced his way in/TRIED to force his way in the building?
V4029 Q.6c(1) Damage to window (include frame, glass broken/removed/cracked)

| 30 | Q.6c (2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| V 4031 | Q.6c (3) (W/NDOW) - Lock on Window damaged/ tampered with in some way |
| , 14032 | Q.6c (4) (WINDOW) - Other - specify |
| V4033 | Q.6c(5) (DOOR) - Damage to door (include frame, glass panes, or door removed) |
| $V 4034$ | Q.6c (6) (DOOR) - Screen damaged/removed |
| V4035 | Q. $6 \mathrm{c}(7)$ (DOOR)- Lock or door handle damaged/ tampered with in some way |
| V4036 | Q.6c (8) (DOOR) - Other--specify |
| V4037 | Q.6c (9) Other than window or door - specify |
| V4038 | Residue Code \{for Q.6c\} |
| V4039 | Q.6d How did the offender (s) (get in/TRY to get in)? |
| V4040 | Check Item C (1): Was respondent or any other member of this household present when this incident occurred? |
| V4041 | Check Item C(2): Was respondent or any other member of this household present when this incident occurred? <br> (Allocated) |

Means of Attack

V4042 Q.7b(1) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack you in any way?
V4043 Q.7b(2) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack you in any way? (Allocated)
V4044 Q.7a(1) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?
V4045 Q.7a(la) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver, etc.)
V4046 Q.7a(2a) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
$V 4047$ Q.7a(3a) Knife present
V4048 Q.7a(4a) Other
V4049 Residue Code \{for Q.7a(1)\}
V4050 Q.7a(2) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench? (Allocated)
V4051 Q.7a(2a) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver) (Allocated)
V4052 Q.7a(2b) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.) (Allocated)
V4053 Q.7a(3b) Knife present (Allocated)

```
V4054 Q.7a(4b) Other (Allocated)
V4055 Residue Code \{for Q.7a (2) (Allocated) \}
V4056 Q.7c(1) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm
    in any way?
V4057 Q.7c(2) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm
    in any way? (Allocated)
V4058 Q.7d How were you threatened? Any other way?
V4059 Q.7d (1) Verbal Threat of Rape
V4060 Q.7d(2) Verbal Threat of Attack Other Than Rape
V4061 Q.7d (3) Weapon Present or Threatened with Weapon
V4062 Q.7d(4) Attempted Attack with Weapon
V4063 Q.7d (5) Object Thrown at Person
V4064 Q.7d (6) Followed, Surrounded
V4065 Q.7d(7) Other threat
V4066 Residue Code \{for Q.7d\}
```

Incident Description
V4067 Q.7e What actually happened? Anything else?
V4068 Q.7e(1) Something taken without permission
V4069 Q.7e(2) Attempted or threatened to take
something
V4070 Q.7e (3) Harassed. argument, abusive language
V4071 Q.7e(4) Forcible entry or attempted forcible
entry of house/apartment
V4072 Q.7e(5) Forcible entry or attempted forcible
entry of car
V4073 Q.7e(6) Damaged or destroyed property
V4074 Q.7e(7) Attempted or threatened to damage or
destroy property
V4075 Q.7e(8) Other
V4076 Q.7e(9) Residue Code \{for Q.7e\}
Typs of Injuries Suffered
V4077 Q.7f How did the person(s) attack you? Any
other way?
V4078 Q.7f(1) Raped
V4079 Q.7f(2) Tried to rape
V4080 Q.7f(3) Shot
V4081 Q.7f(4) Knifed
V4082 Q.7f(5) Hit with object held in hand
V4083 Q.7f(6) Hit by thrown object
V4084 Q.7f(7) Hit, slapped, knocked down

| V4085 | Q.7f(8) Grabbed, held, tripped, jumped, pushed etc. |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4086 | Q.7f (9) Other |
| V4087 | Residue Code \{for Q.7f\} |
| V4088 | Q.8a What were the injuries you suffered, if any? Anything else? |
| V4089 | Q.8a (1) Raped |
| V4090 | Q.8a (2) Attempted rape |
| V4091 | Q.8a (3) Knife wounds |
| V4092 | Q.8a (4) Gun shot, bullet wounds |
| V4093 | Q.8a (5) Broken bones or teeth knocked out |
| V4094 | Q.8a (6) Internal Injuries |
| V4095 | Q.8a(7) Knocked unconscious |
| V4096 | Q.8a(8) Bruises, black eye, cuts, scratches, swelling, chipped teeth |
| V4097 | Q.8a (9) Other |
| V4098 | Residue Code \{for Q.8a\} |

Medical Attention and Costs

V4099 Q.8b Were you injured to the extent that you received any medical care after the attack, including self-treatment?
V4100 Q.8c Where did you receive this care? Anywhere else?
V4101 Q.8c(1) At the scene
V4102 Q.8c(2) At home/neighbor's/friend's
V4103 Q.8c (3) Health unit at work, school, first aid station, at a stadium, park, etc.
V4 104 Q.8c (4) Doctor's office/health clinic
V4105 Q.8c (5) Emergency room at hospital/emergency clinic
V4 106 Q.8c (6) Other (does not include hospital)
V4107 Q.8c(7) Hospital
V4108 Residue Code \{for Q.8c\}
V4109 Q.8c(1) Did you stay overnight in the hospital?
V4110 Q.8e(2) How many days did you stay (overnight in the hospital)?
V4111. Q.9a At the time of the incident, were you covered by any medical insurance, or were eligible for benefits from any other type of health benefits program, such as Medicaid, Veterans Administration, or Public Welfare?
V4112 Q.9b What kind of health insurance or benefit programs were you covered by? Any others?

| V4113 | Q.gb (1) Private plans |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4114 | Q.9b (2) Medicaid |
| V4115 | Q.9b (3) Medicare |
| V4116 | Q.9b (4) VA, CHAMPUS |
| V4117 | Q.9b (5) Public welfare |
| V4118 | Q.gb (6) Other - specify |
| V4119 | Q.9b (7) Don't know |
| V4120 | Residue Code \{for Q.9b\} |
| V4121 | Q.9c Was a claim filed with any of these insurance companies or programs in order to get all or part of your medical expenses paid? |
| V4122 | Q.9d Did insurance or any health benefits program pay for all or part of the total medical expenses? |

Type of Self Protection

V4123 Q.10a Did you do anything to protect yourself or your property during the incident? Include getting away from offender, yelling for help, resisting in any way.
V4124 Q.lla Was the crime committed by only one or more than one person?
V4125 Q.1lb (Single Offender) Was this person male or female?
V4126 Q.9e How much did insurance or a health benefits program pay?
V4127 Q.9f What was the total amount of your medical expenses resulting from this incident (INCLUDING anything paid by insurance)? Include hospital and doctor bills, medicine, therapy, braces, and any other injury-related medical expenses.
V4128 Q.10b What did you do (to protect yourself)? Anything else?
V4129 Q.10b (1) Used/brandished a gun
V4130 Q.10b(2) Used/brandished a knife
V4131 Q.10b (3) Used/brandished some other weapon
V4132 Q.10b (4) Used/tried physical force (hit, chased, threw object, etc.)
V4133 Q. 10b (5) Tried to get help, attract attention, scare offender away, (screamed, yelled, called police, turned on lights, etc.)
V4134 Q.10b (6) Threatened, argued, reasoned, etc. with offender

V4135 Q.10b(7) Resisted without force, used evasive action (ran/drove away, hid, held property, locked door, ducked, shielded self, etc.)
V4136 Q. 10b (8) Other
V4137 Residue Code \{for Q.10b\}

Offender Information

V4138 Q.lle (Single Offender) How old would you say the person was?
V4139 Q.lld Was the person someone you knew or a stranger you had never seen before?
V4140 Q.lle How well did you know this person - by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?
V4141 Q.llf What was this person's relationship to you? For example, a friend, cousin, etc.
V4142 Q.11g (Single Offender) Was he/she White, Black, or some other race?
V4143 Q.11h (Multiple Offenders) How many persons?
V4144 Q.11i(1) (Multiple Offenders) Were they male or female?
V4145 Q.11i(2) (Multiple Offenders) Were they mostly male or mostly female?
V4146 Q.llj (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the youngest was?
V4147 Q.llk (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the oldest was?
V4148 Q. 111 (Multiple Offenders) Were any of the persons known to you or were they all strangers you had never seen before?
V4149 Q.llm (Multiple Offenders) How well did you know the person(s)--by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?
V4150 Q.llm(1) Sight only
V4151 Q.llm(2) Casual acquaintance
V4152 Q. $11 \mathrm{~m}(3)$ Well known
V4153 Residue Code \{for Q.llm\}
V4154 Q.11n (Multiple Offenders) What (was/were) the well known person's relationship(s) to you? For example, friend, cousin, etc.
V4155 Q.11n(1) Spouse
V4156 Q.1In(2) Ex-spouse
V4157 Q.11n(3) Parent
V4158 Q.lln(4) Own child
V4159 Q.lln(5) Brother/sister

| V4160 | Q. $11 n(6)$ Other relative |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4161 | Q. $11 n(7)$ Boyfriend/ex-boyfriend |
| V4162 | Q. $11 n(8)$ Girlfriend/ex-girlfriend |
| V4163 | Q.11n(9) Friend/ex-friend |
| V4164 | Q.11n(10) Other nonrelative |
| V4 165 | Residue Code \{for Q.lln\} |
| V4166 | Q.llo (Multiple Offenders) Were the offenders White, Black, or some other race? |
| V4167 | Q.110(1) White |
| V4168 | Q.110(2) Black |
| V4169 | Q. 110 (3) Other |
| V4170 | Q. $110(4)$ Don't know race of any/some |
| V4171. | Residue Code \{for Q.llo\} |
| V4172 | Q.llp (Multiple Offenders) What race were most of the offenders? |

```
Incident Characteristics
```

V4173 Q.i2a Were you the only person there besides the offender (s)? Do not include persons under 12 years of age.
V4174 Q.12b How many of these persons, not counting yourself were harmed or had something taken from THEM by force or threat? (Do not include persons under 12 years of age).
V4175 Q.12c Are any of these people members of your household now? (Do not include household members under 12 years of age).

Property Description and Value

V4176 Q.13a(1) Was something stolen or taken wichout permission that belonged to you or others in the household?
V4177 Q.13a(2) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household? (Allocated)
V4178 Q.13b(1) Did the person (s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household?
V4 17.9
Q.13b (2) Did the person (s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household? (Allocated)
V4180 Q.13c What did they try to take? Anything else?

| V4181 | Q. 13 c (1) Cash |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark 4182$ | Q.13c (2) Purse |
| V4183 | Q.13c (3) Wallet |
| V4184 | Q.13c (4) Car |
| V4185 | Q.13c(5) Other motor vehicle |
| V4186 | Q.13c(6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.) |
| V4187 | Q.13c (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances (blender, hair blawer, toaster oven, etc.) |
| V4188 | Q.13c (8) Sliver, china, jewelry, furs |
| V4189 | Q.13c (9) Bicycle |
| V4190 | Q.13c (10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.) |
| V4191 | Q.13c(1) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.) |
| V4192 | Q.13c(12) Other |
| V4193 | Q.13c(13) Don't know |
| V4194 | Residue Code \{for Q.13c\} |
| V4195 | What did they try to take? |
| V4196 | Q.13d(1) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held? |
| V4197 | Q.13d (2) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held? (Allocated) |
| V4198 | Q.13e What was taken that belonged to you or others in the household? Anything else? |
| V4199 | Q. 13e What was taken that belonged to you or others in the household? Anything else? |
| V4200 | Q.13e(1) Only cash taken |
| V4201 | Q.13e (2) Purse |
| V4202 | Q.13e(3) Wallet |
| V4203 | Q.13e (4) Car |
| V4204 | Q.13e(5) Other motor vehicle |
| V4205 | Q.13e(6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.) |
| V4206 | Q.13e(7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances, blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.) |
| $V 4207$ | Q.l3e(8) Sliver, china, jewelry, furs |
| V4208 | Q.13e(9) Bicycle |
| V4209 | Q.13e(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.) |
| $\checkmark 4210$ | Q.l3e(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.) |
| V4211 | Q.13e(12) Other |
| V4212 | Residue Code \{for Q.13e\} |
| V4213 | What did they take? |

```
V4214 Q.14a Had permission to use the (car/motor
        vehicle) ever been given to the person who
        took it?
V4215 Q.14b Did the person return the (car/motor
        vehicle this time?
V4216 Q.14c Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person,
        for instance in a pocket or being held by you
        when it was taken?
V4217 Q.14c Was (cast/purse/wallet) on your person,
        for instance in a pocket or being held by you
        when it was taken? (Allocated)
V4218 Q.15a What was the value of the PROPERTY that
        was taken? (Exclude any stolen cash/checks/
        credit cards)
V4219 Q.15b How did you decide the value of the
        property that was stolen? Any other way?
V4220 Q.15b(1) Original cost
V4221 Q.15b(2) Replacement cost
V4222 Q.15b(3) Personal estimate of current value
V4223 Q.15b (4) Insurance report estimate
V4224 Q.15b (5) Police estimate
V4225 Q.15b(6) Don't know
V4226 Q.15b(7) Other
V4227 Residue Code {for Q.15b}
Property Recovered
V4228 Q.16a Was all or part of the stolen (money/
        property/money and property) recovered, not
        counting anything received from insurance?
V4229 Q.16c Was the recovered property damaged to the
        extent that it had to be repaired or replaced?
        (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or
        credit cards)
V4230 Q.17a Was the theft reported to an insurance
        company?
V4231 Q.16b What was recovered? Anything else?
V4232 Lead in Cods
V4233 Q.16b(1) Cash only recovered
V4234 Q.16b(2) Purse
V4235 Q.16b(3) Wallet
V4236 Q.16b (4) Car
V4237 Q.16b(5) Other motor vehicle
V4238 Q.16b(6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached
        tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.)
```

```
V4239 Q.16b (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck,
    receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras,
    small household appliances, (blender, hair
    blower, toaster oven, etc.)
V4240 Q.16b (8) Sliver, china, jewelry, furs
V4241 Q.16b (9) Bicycle
V4242 Q.16b(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.)
V4243 Q.16b(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
V4244 Q.16b(12) Other
V4245 Residue Code \{for Q.16b\}
V4246 What was recovered?
V4247 Q.16d Considering the damage, what was the
    value of the property after it was recovered?
V4248 Q.16e What was the value of the property after
    it was recovered?
V4249 Q. 16 f Who recovered the (money/property/money
    and property)? Anyone else?
V4250 Q.16f(1) Victim or other household member
V4251 Q.16f(2) Police
V4252 Q.16f(3) Returned by offender
V4253 Q.16f(4) Other
V4254 Residue Code \{for Q. 16f\}
```

Property Insurance Information

V4255 Q.17b Did insurance pay anything to cover the theft?
V4256 Q. 17 c How much was paid (by insurance company)? If property replaced by insurance company instead of cash settlement, ask for an estimate of value of the property replaced.
V4257 Q.18a (Other than any stolen property) was anyanything that belonged to you or other members of the household damaged in this incident?
V4258 Q.18b (Was/were) the damaged item(s) repaired or replaced?
V4259 Q.18c How much would it cost to repair or replace the damaged items?
V4260 Q.18d How much was the repair or replacement cost?
V4261 Q.18e Who (paid/will pay) for the repairs or replacement?
V4262 Q.18e(1) Items will not be repaired or replaced
V4263 Q.18e(2) Household member
V4264 Q.18e (3) Landlord
V4265 Q.18e (4) Insurance
$V 4266$ Q.18e(5) Other
V4267 Residue Code \{for Q.18e\}

Commercial Incident information

V4268 Q. 19 You said this incident happened in a commercial place. Did the person(s) steal or try to steal anything belonging to the (name place)?

Police Involvement
$\qquad$
V4269 Q.20a Were the police informed or did they find out about this incident in any way?
$V 4270$ Q. 20b What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any other reason? (Structured Probe)
V4271 Q.20b What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any other reason? (Lead in Code)
V4272 Q.20b(1) Object recovered or offender unsuccessful
V4273 Q.20b(2) Respondent did not think it important enough
V4274 Q.20b(3) Private or personal matter or took care of it myself
V4275 Q.20b (4) Reported to someone else
V4276 Q.20b (5) Didn't realize crime happened until later
V4277 Q.20b(6) Property difficult to recover due to lack of serial or 10 number
V4278 Q.20b (7) Lack of proof, no way to find/identify offender
V4279 Q.20b(8) Police wouldn't think it was important enough, they wouldn't want to be bothered
V4280 Q.20b(g) Police would be inefficient, ineffective, insensitive, (they'd arrive late, wouldn't pursue case properly, would harass/ insult respondent, etc.)
V4281 Q.20b (10) Afraid of reprisal by offender or his family/friends
V4282 Q.20b(11) Did not want to take time-too inconvenient
V4283 Q.20b (12) Other
V4284 Q.20b(13) Respondent doesn't know why it wasn't reported
V4285 Residue Code \{for Q.20b\}

V4286 Q.20c Which of these would you say was the most important reason why the incident was not reported to the police?
V4287 Q.20d Please take a minute to think back to the time of the incident. Besides the fact that it was a crime, did YOU have any other reason for reporting this incident to the police?
V4288 Q.20d(1) To stop or prevent this incident from happening
V4289 Q.20d(2) To keep it from happening again or to others
V4290 Q.20d (3) In order to collect insurance
V4291 Q.20d(4) Desire to recover property
V4292 Q.20d(5) Need for help after the incident because of injury, etc.
V4293 Q.20d (6) There was evidence or proof
V4294 Q.20d (7) To punish the offender
V4295 Q.20d (8) Because you felt it was your duty
V4296 Q.20d (9) Some other reason
V4297 Q.20d (0) No other reason
V4298 Residue Code \{for Q.20d\}
V4299 Q.20e Which of these would you say was the most important reason why the incident was reported to the police?

Employment Information

| V4300 | Q.2la Did you have a job at the time this incident happened? |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4301 | Q.21b Was it the same job you described to me earlier or a different one? |
| V4302 | Q.2ld What kind of business or industry is this? |
| V4303 | Q.2le What kind of work were you doing? |
| V4304 | Q.21g Type of employee |
| V4305 | Q.22a Did you lose time from work because of the injuries you suffered in this incident? |
| V4306 | Q.22b How much time did you lose because of injuries? |
| V4307 | Q.22c During these days, did you lose any pay that was not covered by unemployment, insurance, sick leave, or some other source? |
| $V 4308$ | Q.22d About how much pay did you lose? |
| V4309 | Q.23a Did YOU lose time from work because of this incident for any of these (other) reasons? |

```
V4310 Q.23a(1) Repairing damaged property
V4311 Q.23a(2) Replacing stolen items
V4312 Q.23a(3) Police related activities, such as
        cooperating with an investigation
V4313 Q.23a(4) Court related activities, such as
        testifying in court
V4314 Q.23a(5) Any other reason?
V4315 Residue Code {for Q.23a}
V4316 Q.23b How much time did you lose because of
    (name all reasons marked in 23a)?
V4317 Q.23c During these days, did you lose any pay
        that was not covered by unemployment,
        insurance, sick leave, or some other source?
V4318 Type of Crime
V4319 Q.23d About how much pay did you lose?
V4320 Q.24a Were there any (other) household members
        16 years or older who lost time from work
        because of this incident?
V4321 Q.24b How much time did they lose altogether?
Sampling Information
V4322 Seriousness scoring (new) 2 implied decimals
V4323 Seriousness scoring (old)
V4324 Incident Weight
V4325 Crime Sequence Number
V4326 Recoded Type of Crime
V4327 Relation to Victim
```

VAR 1001 ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33 WID 6
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF IOOI TYPE C

ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter), a sequential household identification number to every record. This number uniquely identifies each household record within a collection quarter, and is also used to link person and incident records to the appropriate household.

VAR 1002 YEAR AND QUARTER
LOC 39 WID 3
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1002 TYPE C

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g. $1979=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter (1-4). The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

VAR 1003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
LOC 42 WID 2
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1003 TYPE $C$

## cENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER

Two-digit code used to identify the sequence and source of selection of sample housing units.

See Appendix 4 for Census sample information.

VAR 1004 PRIMARY SAMPLING NUMBER

| LOC 44 | WID 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 1 | LEVEL 1 |
| REF 1004 | TYPE C |

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
These numbers are three-digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers are scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
001.
999.

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality. In order to correspond to the record layout of the previous years, 1979-1985, the ICPSR has split this variable into the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number. The record layout for 1986 appears as the 1979-1985; however, the scrambling done by the Census Bureau remains to preserve confidentiality.

| VAR 1005 | SEGMENT NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 47 | WID 4 |
| GROUP 1 | LEVEL $1 \quad$ HOUSEHOLD 10 |
| REF 1005 | TYPE C |

SEGMENT NUMBER
The thousands digit icientifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units together identify clusters which are numbered
sequentially starting with "Ol" in each panel and rotation combination.
1100.
6699.

Note: See note for $V 1004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, please refer to the note for variable V2009.

| VAR 1006 | CHECK DIGIT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 51 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 1 | LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID |
| REF 1006 | TYPE C |

CHECK DIGIT
Computed on the nine digits of the PSU , segment number, and sample number.
0. .
9. .

See note for variable V1004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

VAR 1007 SERIAL NUMBER
LOC 52 WID 2
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1007 TYPE C

SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two-digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household.

1. .
2. 

See note for variable $V 1004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in january 1986.

VAR 1008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

| LOC 54 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 1 | LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID |
| REF 1008 | TYPE C |

HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
This number identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household number will be "2" indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.

1. .
2. 

HOUSEHOLD LEVEL

VAR 2001
ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33 NID 6
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2001 TYPE ©

ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter), a sequential household identification number to every record. This number uniquely identifies each household
record within a collection quarter, and is also used to link person and incident records to the appropriate household.

VAR 2002 YEAR AND QUARTER
LOC 39 WID 3
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2002 TYPE

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g. $1979=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter ( $1-4$ ). The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

VAR 2003 . CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER

| LOC 42 | WID 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2003 | TYPE C |

CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
Two-digit code used to identify the sequence and source of selection of sample housing units.

See Appendix 4 for Census sample information.

VAR 2004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT
LOC 44 WID 3
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2004 TYPE C

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
These numbers are three-digit codes which identify each

```
primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county
or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA
constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to
form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as
heterogeneous as possible.
These numbers have been scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
```

1. 
2. 

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality. In order to correspond to the record layout of the previous years, 1979-1985, the ICPSR has split this variable into the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number. The record layout for 1986 appears as the 1979-1985; however, the scrambling done by the Census Bureau remains to preserve confidentiality.

VAR 2005 SEGMENT NUMBER
LOC 47 WID 4
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2005 TYPE C

## SEGMENT NUMBER

The thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units together identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "Ol" in each panel and rotation combination.
1100.
6699.

Note: See note for variable V2004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, please refer to the note for variable V2009.

```
VAR 2006 CHECK DIGIT
LOC 51 WID I
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2006 TYPE C
CHECK DIGIT
Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number,
and sample number.
    0. .
    9. .
See note for variable V2004 regarding changes made to
this variable beginning in January 1986.
```

| VAR 2007 | SERIAL NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 52 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2007 | TYPE $C$ |

## SERIAL NUMBER

A unique two-digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household.
01.
99.

See note for variable V2004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

| LOC 54. WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2008 | TYPE C |

## HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

This number identifies the sequence of households that: occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being intervlewed for a second time, the household number will be " 2 " Indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.

1. .
2. .

| VAR 2009 | INTERVIEWER ID |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 55 | WID 4 | MD GE 999 |  |
| GRDUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD | data |
| REF 10 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Source Code 010 |  |  |  |
| Q. 1 Interviewer Identification |  |  |  |
| 0101. |  |  |  |
| 2696. |  |  |  |
| 9998. Residue <br> 9999. Out of universe |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Note: Beginning in January 1986, this variable is now composed of three variables: two check digit characters used in generating the scrambled household 10 number are located in positions 55 and 56 ; the panel number is now located in position 57, and the rotation group number is now located in position 58.

## VAR 2010 UNIT STATUS

| LOC 59 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD OATA |
| REF 11 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 011
Q. 2 Unit Status

1. Unit in sample the previous enumeration
2. Unit in sample first time this period
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 2011 HOUSEHOLD STATUS

| LOC 60 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 12 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 012
Q. 3 Household Status

1. Same household interviewed the previous enumeration
2. Replacement household since the previous enumeration
3. Noninterview the previous snumeration
4. Other
5. Residue
6. Qut of universe

VAR 2012 HH RESPONDENT \#
LOC 61 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 13 TYPE C

Source Code 013

```
Q.4 Line Number of Household Respondent
    01.
    30. Actual line number is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

    VAR 2013 SPECIAL PLACE TYPE CODE
    LOC 63 WID 2
    GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
    REF 14 TYPE C
    Source Code 014
Q. 5 Special Place Type Code
97. Special place
99. Blank or not special place
VAR 2014 TENURE (OWN/RENT)
LOC 65 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 15 TYPE C
Source Code 015 (A)
Q. 6 (a) Tenure
1. Owned or being bought
2. Rented for cash
3. No cash rent
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 2015 TENURE (ALLOCATED)

| LOC 66 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| GRDUP 2 | WID 1 |
| REF 15 | TEVEL 2 |$\quad$ HOUSEHOLD DATA

Source Code 015 (A)
Q.6(b) Tenure (Allocated)

1. Owned or being bought
2. Rented for cash
3. No cash rent
4. Residue
5. Out of universe


VAR 2017 LAND USE (ALLOCATED)

| LOC 68 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | WID 1 |  |
| REF 16 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |

Source Cade 016 (A)
Q. 7 (b) Land Use (Allocated)

1. Urban
2. Rural - 10 acres or more
3. Rural - less than 10 acres
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 2018 | FARM SALES |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 69 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 17 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 017
Q. 8 (a) Farm Sales

1. $\$ 1,000$ or more
2. $\$ 250$ to $\$ 999$
3. $\$ 50$ to $\$ 249$
4. Under $\$ 50$
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, farm sales are now categorized as \$1,000 or more \{code 1\} or less than $\$ 1,000$ \{code 2\}.

VAR 2019 FARM SALES (ALLOCATED)
LOC 70 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA.
REF 17 TYPE C

Source Code 017 (A)
Q. 8 (b) Farm Sales (Allocated)

1. \$1,000 or more
2. $\$ 250$ to $\$ 999$
3. $\$ 50$ to $\$ 249$
4. Under $\$ 50$
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, farm sales are now categorized as $\$ 1,000$ or more \{code l\} or less than $\$ 1,000$ \{code 2\}.

VAR 2020 TYPE QUARTERS
LOC $71 \quad$ WID $2 \quad M D=0 \quad$ OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 18
TYPE C

Source Code 018
Q. 9 (a) Type of Living Quarters
00. Not specified below

Housing Unit

1. House, apartment, flat
2. Housing unit in nontransient hotel, motel, etc.
3. Housing unit - permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.
4. Housing unit in rooming house
5. Mobile home or trailer
6. Housing unit not specified above

Other Unit
07. Quarters not housing unit in rooming house or boarding house
08. Unit not permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.
09. Vacant tent site or trailer site
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
LOC 73 WID 2 MD=O
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 18 TYPE C
Source Code 018(A)
Q.9(b) Type of Living Quarters (Allocated)
00. Not specified below
```


## Housing Unit

```
01. House, apartment, flat
02. Housing unit in nontransient hotel, motel, etc.
03. Housing unit - permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.
04. Housing unit in rooming house
05. Mobile home or trailer
06. Housing unit not specified above
Other Unit
07. Quarters not housing unit in rooming house or boarding house
08. Unit not permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.
09. Vacant tent site or trailer site
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2022 PHONE LOCATION

| LOC 75 | WID 1 | MD GE B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 19 | TYPE $¢$ |  |

Source Code 019
Q.loa Location of Phone

1. Phone in unit
2. Phone in common area (hallway, etc.)
3. Phone in another unit (neighbor, friend, etc.)
4. Work/office phone
5. No phone
6. Residue
7. Out of universe

| VAR 2023 | PHONE INTERVIEW ACCEPT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 76 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 20 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 020

```
Q.lob is phone interview acceptable?
```

1. Yes
2. No
3. Refused to give phone number
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 2024 NUMBER HOUSING UNITS

| LOC 77 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 21 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 021
Q. 11 Number of Housing Units in Structure

1. One
2. Two
3. Three
4. Four
5. Five-nine
6. Ten or more
7. Mobile home or trailer
8. Only OTHER units
9. Residue
10. Out of universe

## VAR 2025 FAMILY INCOME

| LOC 79 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 22 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 022
Q. 12 Family Income

1. Under $\$ 3,000$
2. $\$ 3,000$ to $\$ 4,999$
3. $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 5,999$
4. $\$ 6,000$ to $\$ 7,499$
5. \$7,500 to \$9,999
6. $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 11,999$
7. \$12,000 to $\$ 12,999$
8. $\$ 13,000$ to $\$ 14,999$
9. $\$ 15,000$ to $\$ 17,499$
10. $\$ 17,500$ to $\$ 19,999$
11. $\$ 20,000$ to $\$ 24,999$
12. $\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 29,999$
13. $\$ 30,000$ to $\$ 49,999$
14. $\$ 50,000$ and over
15. Residue
16. Out of universe

VAR 2026 MONTH COMPLETED

| LOC 81 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 23 | TYPE $C$ |  |

## Source Code 023

Q.13(a) Month Interview or Noninterview Completed for Last Household Member

1. January
2. December
3. Residue

## 99. Out of universe

```
VAR 2027 DAY COMPLETED
LOC 83 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 23 TYPE C
Source Code 023
Q.13(b) Day Interview or Noninterview
Completed for Last Household Member
    01. .
        •
    31. Actual number is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2028 YEAR COMPLETED

| LOC 85 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 23 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 023
Q.13(c) Year Interview or Noninterview
Completed for Last Household Member
79. 1979
88. 1988
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 2029 REASON NON-INTERVIEW
LOC 87 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 . HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 24 TYPE C
Source Code 024
Reason for Noninterview
Type A
    01. No one home
    02. Temporarily absent
    03. Refused
    04. Other occupied
Type B
    10. Vacant - regular
    11. Vacant - storage of household furniture
    12. Temporarily occupied by persons with usual
        residence elsewhere
    13. Unfit or to be demolished
    14. Under construction, not ready
    15. Converted to temporary business or storage
    16. Unoccupied tent site or trailer site
    17. Permit granted, construction not started
    18. Other
Type C
    20. Unused line of listing sheet
    21. Demolished
    22. House or trailer moved
    23. Outside segment
    24. Converted to permanent business or storage
    25. Merged
    26. Condemned
    27. Built after April 1, 1970 (1980)
    28. Other
    30. Interviewed household
    96. Sample reduction household
        (effective Quarter 2, 1984)
    99. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 2030 COLLECTION MONTH
LOC 89 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2030 TYPE C
Collection Month
    01. January
    12. December
```

    VAR 2031 COLLECTION YEAR
    LOC 91 WID 2
    GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2031 TYPE C
Collection Year
79. 1979
88. 1988

| VAR 2032 | RACE OF HEAD (TYPE A) |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 93 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 25 | TYPE C |

Source Code 025
Race of Household Head (Type A)

1. White
2. Black
3. Other

VAR 2033 IST PROXY LINE NUMBER

| LOC 94 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 30 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 030
Q. 14 a (1) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (First Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2034 | 2ND PROXY LINE NUMBER |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 96 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 33 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 033
Q. 14 a (2) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Second Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2035 3RD PROXY LINE NUMBER

LOC 98 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 36 TYPE C

## Source Code 036

Q.14a (3) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Third Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Dut of universe

VAR 2036 4TH PROXY LINE NUMBER
LOC 100 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 39 TYPE C

Source Code 039
Q.14a(4) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Fourth Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2037 | IST PROXY RESPONDENT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 102 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 31 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 031

Q.14b (1) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (first

Person)

```
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
88. Nonhousehold member as proxy respondent
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

| VAR 2038 | 2ND PROXY RESPONDENT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| LOC 104 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 34 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 034
Q.14b (2) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Second Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
88. Nonhousehold member as proxy respondent
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2039 | 3RD PROXY RESPONDENT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 106 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 37 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 037
Q.14b(3) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Third Person)
30. Actual line number is coded
88. Nonhousehold member as proxy respondent
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2040 | 4TH PROXY RESPONDENT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 108 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 40 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 040
Q.14b(4) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Fourth Person)

1. .
2. Actual line number is coded
3. Nonhousehold member as proxy respondent
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

## VAR 2041 REASON IST PROXY

LOC 110 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 32 TYPE C

Source Code 032
Q.14c (1) Reason for Proxy Interview (First Person)

1. Under 14 years of age
2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to answer
3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return before closeout
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

See Appendix 2, Glossary, for definition of "clcseout."
VAR 2042 REASON 2ND PROXY
LOC 111 WID 1 MD GE 8

GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 35 TYPE C

Source Code 035
Q.14c(2) Reason for Proxy Interview (Second Person)

1. Under 14 years of age
2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to answer
3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return before closeout
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 2043 REASON 3RD PROXi
LOC 112 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 38 TYPE $C$

Source Code 038
Q.14c (3) Reason for Proxy Interview (Third Person)

1. Under 14 years of age
2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to answer
3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return before closeout
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
```
VAR 2044 REASON 4TH PROXY
LOC 113 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 41 TYPE C
Source Code 041
Q.14c(4) Reason for Proxy Interview (Fourth Person)
    1. Under 14 years of age
    2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to
        answer
    3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return
        before closeout
    8. Residue
    9. Out of unive:se
```

VAR 2045 IST TYPE Z LINE NUMBER
LOC 114 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 42 TYPE C
Source Code 042
Q. 15a Line Number of Type $Z$ Noninterview (First
Person)

1. .
2. Actual line number is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
VAR 2046 REASON IST TYPE $Z$
LOC 116 WID 1 MD GE 8
```
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 43 TYPE C
Source Code 043
Q.15b Reason for Type Z Noninterview (First
Person)
    1. Never available
    2. Refused
    3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no
        proxy available
    4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
    5. Other
    6. Office use only
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2047 2ND TYPE $Z$ LINE NUMBER
LOC 117 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 44 TYPE C
Source Code 044
Q. 15a Line Number of Type $Z$ Noninterview (Second
Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2048 | REASON 2ND TYPE $Z$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 119 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 45 | TYPE C |  |

```
Source Code O45
Q.15b Reason for Type Z Noninterview (Second
Person)
    1. Never available
    2. Refused
    3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no
        proxy available
    4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
    5. Other
    6. Office use only
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2049 3RD TYPE Z LINE NUMBER
LOC 120 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 46 TYPE C
Source Code 046
Q.15a Line Number of Type $Z$ Noninterview (Third
Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2050 REASON 3RD TYPE $Z$
LOC 122 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 47 TYPE C
Source Code 047

```
Q.15b Reason for Type Z Noninterview (Third
Person)
1. Never available
2. Refused
3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no
    proxy available
4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
5. Other
6. Office use only
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2051 4 TH TYPE $Z$ LINE NUMBER
LOC 123 WID 2 MD GE Y8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 48 TYPE C
Source Code 048
Q.15a Line Number of Type $Z$ Noninterview (Fourth
Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2052 REASON 4TH TYPE Z
LOC 125 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 49 TYPE C
Source Code 049
Q.15b Reason for Type $Z$ Noninterview (Fourth
Person)

1. Never available
2. Refused
3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no proxy available
4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
5. Other
6. Office use only
7. Residue
8. Out of universe

| VAR 2053 | HH MEMBERS $>12$ YEARS |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 126 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 50 | TYPE $C \quad$ |

## Source Code 050

Q.16a Number of Household Members 12 Years of Age and Over
01.
13. Actual number of household members is coded
99. Out of universe

VAR 2054 HH MEMBERS < 12 YEARS

| LOC 128 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 51 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 051
Q. 16b Number of Household Members Under 12 Years of Age 00.
09. Actual number of household members is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 2055 #CRIME REPORTS FILLED
LOC 130 WID 2 MO GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 52 TYPE C
Source Code 052
Q.17 Number of Crime Incident Reports Filled by
Interviewer
00.
    18. Actual number is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2056 ALL HH IN MILITARY
LOC 132 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2056 TYPE C

All Household Members 12 and Over are in the Military
0 . Some or all household members 12 and over are not in the armed forces

1. All household members 12 and over are in the armed forces
2. Out of universe
```
LOC 133 WID I
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2057 TYPE C
Incoming or Continuing Rotation
    1. Incoming
    2. Continuing
```

VAR 2058 PP RELATION TO HEAD
LOC 134 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 87 TYPE C
Source Code 087
Q. 21 Relationship of Principal Person to Reference
Person
1. Reference person
2. Husband
3. Wife
4. Own child
5. Parent
5. Brother/sister
7. Other relative
8. Nonrelative
9. Out of universe
VAR 2059 PP AGE LAST BIRTHDAY
LOC 135 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 88 TYPE C
Source Code 088
Q. 22 Principal Person - Age Last Birthday
12. .
96. Actual age is coded

| VAR 2060 | PP MARITAL STATUS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 137 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 89 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 089
Q. 23 Principal Person - Marital Status

1. Married
2. Widowed
3. Divorced
4. Separated
5. Never married
6. Residue
7. Out of universe
VAR 2061 PP SEX

LOC 138 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 90 TYPE C

Source Code 090
Q. 24 Principal Person - Sex

1. Male
2. Female
VAR 2062 PP ARMED FORCES MEMBER

LOC 139 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 91 TYPE C

## Source Code 091

Q. 25 Principal Person - Armed Forces Member

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 2063 PP HIGHEST GRADE

| LOC 140 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 92 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 092
Q. 26 Principal Person - Education (What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school you have ever attended?)

```
00. Never attended or kindergarten
01. Elementary, first grade
08. Elementary, eighth grade
09. High School, ninth grade
12. High school, twelfth grade
21. College, one year
26. College, six or more years
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2064 PP RACE
LOC 142 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 94 TYPE C

Source Code 094
Q. 28 Principal Person - Race

1. White
2. Black
3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
4. Asian, Pacific |slander
5. Other race
VAR 2065 PP ETHNICITY

| LOC 143 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 95 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 095
Q. 29 Principal Person - Origin

1. German
2. Italian
3. Ir.ish
4. French
5. Polish
6. Russian
7. English
8. Scottish
9. Welsh
10. Mexicean-American
11. Chicano
12. Mexican
13. Puarto Rican
14. Cuban
15. Central or South American
16. Other Spanish
17. Afro-American (Black, Negro)
18. Another group not listed
19. Don't know
20. Residue
21. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, ethnicity is now ascertained only in regards to a person being either of Hispanic or Non-Hispanic descent. A code of 16 now indicates that a person is of Hispanic origin, and a code of 39 indicates a person is not of Hispanic origin.
VAR 2066 HH RECORD SIZE

LOC 145 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2066 TYPE C

Census Record Size - Household Record:

32

VAR 2067 REF PERSON AGE LAST BDAY
LOC 147 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 88 TYPE C

Source Code 088
Q. 22 Reference Person - Age Last Birthday
12. .
-
96. Actual age is coded

| VAR 2068 | REF PERSON | MARITAL STAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 149 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 89 | TYPE C |  |
| Source Code 089 |  |  |
| Q. 23 Reference Person - Marital Status |  |  |
| 1. Married |  |  |
| 2. Widowed |  |  |
| 3. Divorced |  |  |
| 4. | ated |  |
| 5. | married |  |

3. Irish
4. French
5. Polish
6. Russian
7. English
8. Scottish
9. Welsh
10. Mexican-American
11. Chicano
12. Mexican
13. Puerto Rican
14. Cuban
15. Central or South American
16. Other Spanish
17. Afro-American (Black, Negro)
18. Another group not listed
19. Don't know
20. Residue
21. Out of universe
```
Note: Beginning in July of 1986, ethnicity is now
ascertained only in regards to a person being either
of Hispanic or Non-Hispanic descent. A code of }16\mathrm{ now
indicates that a person is of Hispanic origin, and a
code of 39 indicates a person is not of Hispanic
origin.
```

VAR 2074 OPERATE BUSINESS

| LOC 157 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 116 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 116

Q.37a (Other than the ...business) does anyone in this household operate a business from this address?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 2075 \# MOTOR VEHICLES

| LOC 158 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 117 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 117
Q. 42 What was the TOTAL number of motor vehicles (cars, trucks, motorcycles, etc.) owned by you or any other member of the household during the last 6 months.
Include those you no longer own.
0. None

1. One
2. Two
3. Three
4. Four or more
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

| VAR 2076 | SMSA/NONSMSA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 159 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD | DATA |
| REF 2076 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Geơgraphic Identifier Code |  |  |  |
| 1. Central city of an SMSA |  |  |  |
| 2. In SMSA but not in central city |  |  |  |
| 3. Not SMSA |  |  |  |
| 8. Residue |  |  |  |
| 9. Out of universe |  |  |  |

VAR 2077
PLACE SIZE CODE (1970)
LOC 160 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2077 TYPE $C$

Place Size Code
1970 Population
00 . Under 200

1. 200-499
2. 500-999
3. 1,000 to 1,499
4. 1,500 to 1,999
5. 2,000 to 2,499
6. 2,500 to 4,999
7. 5,000 to 9,999
8. 10,000 to 19,999
9. 20,000 to 24,999
10. 25,000 to 49,999
11. 50,000 to 99,999
12. 100,000 to 249,999
13. 250,000 to 499,999
14. 500,000 to 999,999
15. 1,000,000 or more
16. Not a place

Note: Beginning with collection Quarter 3 of 1985, the above codes were changed as follows:
00. Not a place
03. Under 999
08. 1,000-9,999
10. 10,000-24,999
11. 25,000-49,999
12. 50,000-99,999
13. 100,000-249,999
14. 250,000-499,999
15. 500,000-999,999
16. 1,000,000 or more

VAR 2078 PLACE DESCRIPTION
LOC 162 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2078 TYPE C

Place Description

1. Central city of an SMSA only
2. Central city of an urbanized area only
3. Central city of both an SMSA and an urbanized area
4. Other incorporated place
5. Unincorporated place
6. Not a place
7. Out of universe

Note: Beginning with collection quarter 3 of 1985, the above codes were changed as follows:
05. Unincorporated place
07. Not a place
08. Central City of an MSA or Central City of both an MSA and an Urbanized Area
09. Central City of an Urbanized Area only or other incorporated place

VAR 2079 REF PERIOD CODE
LOC 163 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2079 TYPE C

Reference Period Research Code

1. 3 month Quarters 1 \& 2, 1978
2. 3 month Quarter 4, 1978 and Quarter 1, 1979
3. 3 month Quarters 2 \& 3, 1979
4. 3 month Quarter 4, 1979 and Quarter 1,1980
5. 12 month Quarter 4, 1978
6. 12 month Quarter 1 or 2, 1979
7. 12 month Quarters 3 \& 4, 1979
VAR 2080 SEGMENT TYPE

LOC 164 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2080 TYPE C

## Segment Type

0. Windshield
1. Address
2. Special place
3. Area
4. New construction - Stratum 1
5. New construction - Stratum II
6. New construction - Public housing
7. Permit lag
8. Censup
9. Woodall
```
VAR 2081 PERSON SEGMENTS
LOC 165 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2081 TYPE C
Number of Person Records Produced for the Household
    01.
    13. Actual number is coded
    99. Out of universe
```

    VAR 2082 PERSON RECORD SIZE
    \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { LOC } 167 \\ \text { GROUP } 2 & \text { WID } 2 \\ \text { LEVEL } 2 & \text { HOUSEHOLD DATA }\end{array}\)
    REF 2082 TYPE C
Census Record Size - Person Record:
16
VAR 2083 INCIDENT RECORDS
LOC 169 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2083 TYPE C
Number of Incident Records Produced for the Household
01.
18. Actual number is coded
99. Out of universe
VAR 2084 INCIDENT RECORD SIZE

| LOC 171 | WID 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2084 | TYPE C. |

Census Record Size - Incident Record:

## 75

| VAR 2085 | IST STAGE WEIGHT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 173 | WID 6 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |$\quad$ HOUSEHOLD DATA

First Stage Weighting Factor
Ratio adjustment factor which adjusts for the difference between the 1980 Census characteristics of the population in the selected sample Primary Sampling Units (PSU's) and the 1980 Census characteristics of the entire nonself representing (NSR) strata which they represent.

This weight contains four implied decimals.
Note: Beginning in July 1985, this variable has been coded "Out of Universe" with a field of nines.

VAR 2086 NONINTERVIEW FACTOR
LOC 179 WID 6
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2086 TYPE $C$ DEC PLACE (S)

Household Noninterview Factor
Adjusts interviewed household to account for households that were not interviewed.

This factor contains four implied decimals.
Note: Beginning in July 1985, this variable has been coded "Out of Universe" with a field of nines.

| VAR 2087 | DUPLICATION FACTOR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 185 | WID 6 |  |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 2087 | TYPE C | 4 DEC PLACE (S) |

Duplication Control Factor
Factor applied to segments that have been subsampled in the field and to segments from special coverage improvement frames which were sampled at other than the overall rate.

This factor contains four implied decimals.
Note: Beginning in July 1985, this variable has been coded "Out of Universe" with a field of nines.

VAR 2088 BASIC WEIGHT
LOC 191 WID 6
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2088 TYPE C 2 DEC PLACE (S)

Basic Weight
Reciprocal of the samplirig interval.
This weight contains two implied decimals.
This weight will contain all zeros for non-interview households.

Note: Beginning in July 1985, this variable has been

```
coded "Out of Universe" with a field of nines.
```

| VAR 2089 | FINAL HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 197 | WID 8 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA

## Household Weight

Weight used to tabulate household data.
This weight contains three implied decimals.
This weight will contain all zeros for noninterview households.

## PERSON LEVEL

## VAR 3001 ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

LOC 33 WID 6
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3001 TYPE $C$

ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarte"), a sequential household identification number to every record. This number uniquely identifies each household record within a collection quarter, and is also used to link person and incident records to the appropriate household.

LOC 39 WID 3
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3002
TYPE C

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g. $1979=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter ( $1-4$ ). The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

| VAR 3003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 42 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 |
| REF 3003 | TYPE C |

CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
Two-digit code used to identify the sequence and source of sample housing units.

See Appendix 4 for Census sample information.

VAR 3004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT

| LOC 44 | WID 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 |
| REF 3004 | TYPE $C$ |$\quad$ PERSON DATA

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
These numbers are three-digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers are scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
999.

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality. In order to correspond to the racord layout of the previous years, 1979-1985, the ICPSR has split this variable into the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number. The record layout for 1986 appears as the 1979-1985; however, the scrambling done by the Census Bureau remains to preserve confidentiality.

VAR 3005 SEGMENT NUMBER
LOC 47 WID 4
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3005 TYPE C

## SEgMENT NUMBER

The thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units together identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "01" in each panel and rotation combination.
1100.
6699.

Note: See note for variable V3004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, refer to the note for variable V2009.

VAR 3006 CHECK DIGIT
LOC 51 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3006 TYPE C

Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number, and sample number.
0.
9.

See note for variable $V 3004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

VAR 3007 SERIAL NUMBER
LOC 52 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3007 TYPE C

SERIAL NUMBER

A unique two-digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household.
01.
99.

See note for variable V3004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

| VAR 3008 | HOUSEHOLD NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 54 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 |
| REF 3008 | TYPE C |

HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

This number identifies the sequence of households that. occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household will be "2" indicating that this is a different household from that previously
interviewed.
1.
9.

| VAR 3009 | LINE NUMBER OF RESPON |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 55 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 86 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 086
Q. 20 Line Number of Respondent
01.
30. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Dut of universe

VAR 3010 TYPE OF INTERVIEW

| LOC 57 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 |
| REF 85 | TYPE C |

## Source Code 085

Q. 19 Type of Interview

1. Personal, self respondent
2. Telephone, self respondent
3. Personal, proxy
4. Telephone, proxy
5. Noninterview
6. Noninterview (created)
7. Out of universe
```
VAR 3011 RELATION TO REF PERSON
LOC 58 WID I
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 87 TYPE C
Source Code 087
Q.21 Relationship to Reference Person
    1. Reference person
    2. Husband
    3. Wife
    4. Own child
    5. Parent
    6. Brother or sister
    7. Other relative
    8. Nonrelative
    9. Dut of universe
```

    VAR 3012 AGE LAST BIRTHDAY
    | LOC 59 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 88 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 088
Q. 22 (a) Age Last Birthday
12.
96. Actual age is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 3013 AGE LAST BDAY(ALLOCATED)
LOC 61 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 88 TYPE C
Source Code 088(A)
Q.22(b) Age Last Birthday (Allocated)
    12.
    96. Actual age is coded
```

VAR 3014 MARITAL STATUS
LOC 63 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 89 TYPE C
Source Code 089
Q. 23 Marital Status

1. Married
2. Widowed
3. Divorced
4. Separated
5. Not married
6. Residue
7. Out of universe
VAR 3015 SEX

| LOC 64 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 90 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 090
Q. 24 (a) Sex

1. Male
2. Female
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 3016 | SEX (ALLOCATED) |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 65 | WID |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 |
| REF 90 | TYPE C |
| Source Code $090(A)$ |  |
| Q. 24 (b) Sex (Allocated) |  |
| 1. Male |  |
| 2. Female. |  |

## VAR 3017 ARMED FORCES MEMBER

| LOC 66 | WID 1 | MO GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 91 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 091
Q. 25 Armed Forces Member

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 3018 HIGHEST GRADE ATTENDED
LOC 67 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA

## Source Code 092

Q. 26 What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school you have ever attended?
00. Never attended or kindergarten

1. Elementary, grade one
2. Elementary, grade eight
3. High school, grade nine
4. High school, grade twelve
5. College, one year
6. College, six or more years
7. Residue
8. Out of universe

VAR 3019 YEAR COMPLETED
LOC 69 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 93 TYPE C

Source Code 093
Q. 27 Did you complete that year?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

REF 94 TYPE C

Source Code 094
Q. 28 (a) Race

1. White
2. Black
3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
4. Asian, Pacific Islander
5. Other
6. Residue
7. Out of universe

VAR 3021 RACE (ALLOCATED)
LOC 71 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DAT'A
REF 94 TYPE C

Source Code 09h(A)
Q. 28 (b) Race (Allocated)

1. White
2. Black
3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
4. Asian, Pacific islander
5. Out of universe

VAR 3022 RESPONDENT ORIGIN
LOC 72 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 95 TYPE C

Source Code 095
Q. 29 Origin

1. German
```
02. Italian
03. Irish
04. French
05. Polish
06. Russian
07. English
08. Scottish
09. Welsh
10. Mexican American
11. Chicano
12. Mexican
13. Puerto Rican
14. Cuban
15. Central or South American
16. Other Spanish
20. Afro-American (Black, Negro)
30. Another group not listed
39. Don't Know
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, ethnicity is now ascertained only in regards to a person being either of Hispanic of Non-Hispanic descent. A code of 16 now indicates that a person is of Hispanic origin, and a code of 39 indicates a person is not of Hispanic origin.

VAR 3023 R HOUSEHOLD MEMBER

| LOC 74 | WID 1 | MD GE 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 100 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 100
Is this person a new household member?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Not same household interviewed the previous enumeration period

| VAR 3024 | HOW LONG AT ADDRESS-MOS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 75 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 101 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 101
Q. 30 (a) How long have you lived at this address months?

```
01. .
        .
    11. Actual number of months is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Dut of universe
```

Note: This question is asked only for incoming rotation
groups, for replacement households, for prior non-
interview households, and for persons that have moved
into the household since the last enumeration period.

VAR 3025 HOW LONG AT ADDRESS-YRS
LOC 77 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 102 TYPE C

Source Code 102
Q. 30 (b) How long have you lived at this address years?

1. .
2. Actual number of years is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

Note: This question is asked only for incoming rotation groups, for replacement households, for prior noninterview households, and for persons that have moved into the household since the last enumeration period.

```
VAR 3026 HOW OFTEN MOVED
LOC 79 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 103 TYPE C
Source Code 103
Q.31 Altogether, how many times have you moved in the
last five years?
    0 1 .
    96. Actual number is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

Note: This question is asked only for incoming rotation
groups, for replacement households, for prior non-
interview households, and for persons that have moved
into the household since the last enumeration period.

VAR 3027 MAJOR ACTIVITY LAST WEEK

```
LOC 81 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
```

REF 104 TYPE C
Source Code 104
Q.32a What were you doing most of LAST WEEK - (working,
keeping house, going to school), or something else?

1. Working
2. With a job but not at work
3. Looking for work
4. Keeping house
5. Going to school
6. Unable to work
7. Retired
8. Armed Forces
9. Other
10. Residue
11. Out of universe

| VAR 3028 | WORK LAST WEEK |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 83 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 105 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 105
Q.32b Did you do any work at all LAST WEEK, not counting work done around the house?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 3029 | HOURS WORK AT JOBS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 84 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 106 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 106
Q.32c How many hours did you work LAST WEEK at all jobs?

1. .
2. Actual number is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 3030 ABSENT FROM JOB LAST WEE
LOC 86 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 107 TYPE C
Source Code 107
Q.33a Did you have a job or business from which you were temporarily absent or on layoff LAST WEEK?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 3031 ABSENT FROM WORK LAST WE
LOC 87 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 108 TYPE C

Source Code 108
-- If coded 1 in Q.33a --
Q.33b Why were you absent from work LAST WEEK?

1. Layoff
2. New job to begin within 30 days
3. Other
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 3032 LOOKING WORK LAST 4 WEEK

| LOC 88 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 109 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 109

## Q. 34 a Have you been looking for work during the past 4

 weeks?1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
VAR 3033 WHAT DOING TO FIND WORK
LOC 89 WID 1 MD GE 9
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C

## Source Code 110

-- If Q.34a is coded 1 --
Q.34b What have you been doing in the last 4 weeks to find work? Anything else?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 3034-3041).

1. At least one entry in one of the following codes 1-7
2. No good entries and at least one out-of-range entry in one of the following codes 1-7
3. Dut of universe

VAR 3034 PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
LOC 90 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C

Source Code 110

```
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b(1) Public employment agency
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 3035 PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENC
LOC 91 WID I
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded I --
Q.34b (2) Private employment agency
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 3036 EMPLOYER DIRECTLY
LOC 92 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1--
Q.34b (3) Employer directly
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 3038 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS
LOC 94 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C

Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b (5) Placed or answered ads
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 3039 OTHER
LOC 95 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded l --
Q.34b (6) Other
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 3040 NOTHING DONE TO FIND WOR
LOC 96 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b (7) Nothing
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 3041 RESIDUE
LOC 97 WID 1
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
Residue Code {for Q.34b}
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
0. No entries keyed
8. At least one entry keyed
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 3042 COULD NOT TAKE JOB
LOC 98 WID 1 MD GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 111 TYPE $C$

Source Code 111
Q.34c is there any reason why you could not take a job LAST WEEK?

1. No
2. Already had a job
3. Temporary illness
4. Going to school
5. Other
6. Residue
7. Out of universe
```
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
LOC 99 & WID 1 & MD GE 8 \\
GROUP 3 & LEVEL 3 & PERSON DATA \\
REF 112 & TYPE \(C\) &
\end{tabular}
Source Code 112
Q. }35\mathrm{ When did you last work at a fuli-time job or
business lasting two consecutive weeks or more?
    1. Six months ago or less
    2. More than six months but less than five years
    3. Five or more years ago
    4. Never worked full-time 2 weeks or more
    5. Never worked at all
    8. Residue
    g. Out of universe
```

VAR 3044 KIND OF BUSINESS/INDUSTR
LOC 100 WID 3 MD GE 998
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 113
TYPE C
Source Code 113
Q.36b What kind of business or industry is this?
017.
984. Industry codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
SEE NOTE (S) 1 for Industry Classification Codes.
Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer
appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

| VAR 3045 | KIND OF WORK DOING |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 103 | WID 3 | MD GE 998 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 114 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 114
Q.36c What kind of work were you doing?
001.
984. Occupation Codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Out of universe

SEE NOTE (S) 2 for Occupational Classification Codes.

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

VAR 3046 TYPE EMPLOYEE

| LOC 106 | WID 1 | MD GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 115 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 115
Q.36e Were you -
I. An employee of a PRIVATE company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commissions?
2. A GOVERNMENT employee (Federal, State, county, or local)?
3. SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professional practice, or farm-business incorporated?
4. SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professional practice, or farm-business not incorporated?
5. Working without pay in family business or farm?
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 3047 EMPLOY STATUS RECODE
LOC 107 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3047 TYPE C
Employment Status Recode
In the labor force
    01. At work
    02. With a job; not at work
    03. Unemployed
Not in the labor force
    04. Keeping house
    05. Going to school
    06. Unable to work
    07. Retired
    08. Other
    10. Less than }1
    11. Armed forces
    99. Out of universe
```

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer
appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."
VAR 3048 IST CALL POLICE LST 6 MO

| LOC 109 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 118 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 118
Q. 56 Did you call the police during the last 6 months to report something that happened to YOU which you thought was a crime? (Do not count any calls made to the police concerning the incidents you have just told me about).
Q. 56 (a) First Incident
11. Rape
12. Attempted rape
13. Robbery
14. Attempted robbery
15. Assault
16. Attempted assault
17. Burglary
18. Attempted burglary
19. Larceny
20. Attempted larceny
21. Motor vehicle theft
22. Attempted motor vehicle theft
23. Motor vehicle accident
24. Vandalism
25. Prowlers/Peeping Toms
26. Other crimes against household
27. Not a crime
28. Crime against someone else
29. Unable to classify
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

VAR 3049 2ND CALL POLICE LST 6 MO
LOC 111 WID 2 GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 118 TYPE C

Source Code 118
Q. 56 (b) Second Incident
<See Q. 56 for complete question text>
<See Q. 56 (a) for complete code text>

| VAR 3050 | 3RD CALL POLICE LST 6 MO |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 113 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 118 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 118
Q.56(c) Third Incident
<See Q. 56 for complete question text>
<See Q. 56 (a) for complete code text>

VAR 3051 IST OCCUR LAST 6 MOS
LOC 115 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 119 TYPE C

Source Code 119
Q. 57 Did anything happen to YOU during the last 6 months which you thought was a crime, but did not report to the police? (Other than any incidents already mentioned).
Q. 57 (a) First Incident
11. Rape
12. Attempted rape
13. Robbery
14. Attempted robbery
15. Assault
16. Attempted assault
17. Burglary
18. Attempted burglary
19. Larceny
20. Attempted larceny
21. Motor vehicle theft
22. Attempted motor vehicle theft
23. Motor vehicle accident
24. Vandalism
25. Prowlers/Peeping Toms

26, Other crimes against household
27. Not a crime
28. Crime against someone else
29. Unable to classify
99. Out of universe

| VAR 3052 | 2ND OCCUR LAST 6 MOS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 117 | WID 2 | MD GE 98 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 119 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 119
Q. 57 (b) Second Incident
<See Q. 57 for complete question text>
<See $Q .57$ (a) for complete code text>

VAR 3053 3RD OCCUR LAST 6 MOS
LOC 119 WID 2 MD GE 98
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 119 TYPE $C$

Source Code 119
Q. 57 (c) Third Incident
<See Q. 57 for complete question text>
<See Q. 57 (a) for complete code text>

| VAR 3054 | WITHIN HH NONINTERVIEW |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 121 | WID 6 |  |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 3054 | TYPE C | 4 DEC PLACE (S) |

Within Household Noninterview Factor
Adjusts interviewed persons to account for within household noninterviews.

This weight contains four implied decimals.
Note: Beginning in July 1985; this variable has been
coded "Out of Universe" with a field of nines.

| VAR 3055 | 2ND STAGE WEIGHT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 127 | WID 6 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 |
| REF 3055 | TYPE $C$ |

Second Stage Weight
Ratio adjustment factor that brings the distribution of the sample population into closer agreement with the entire population with respect to characteristics of age, sex, and race.

This weight contains four implied decimals.
Note: Beginning in July 1985, this variable has been coded "Out of Universe" with a field of nines.

VAR 3056 FINAL PERSON WEIGHT
LOC 133 WIO B
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3056 TYPE $C \quad 3$ DEC PLACE (S)

Person Weight.
Weight used to tabulete person or victim data.
This weight contains three implied decimal places.
This weight will contain all zeros for non-interviewed persons.

VAR 3057 \# CRIMES PER PERSON
LOC 141 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3057 TYPE C

Number of Crimes Per Person
Actual number is coded

## INCIDENT LEVEL

VAR $4001 \quad$ ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33
GROUP 4 LEVEL $6 \quad$ CRIME DATA
REF $4001 \quad$ TYPE $C \quad$
ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter),
a sequential household identification number to every
record. This number uniquely identifies each household
record within a collection quarter, and is also used to
link person and incident records to the appropriate
household.

VAR 4002 YEAR AND QUARTER
LOC 39 WID 3
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 4002 TYPE C

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g. $1979=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter (1-4). The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

VAR 4003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMMBER
LOC 42 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4003 TYPE C

CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
Two-digit code used to identify the sequence and source of selection of sample housing units.

See Appendix 4 for Census sample information.

| VAR 4004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 44 | WID 3 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 4004 | TYPE C |

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED

These numbers are three-digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers are scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
001.
999.

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality. In order to correspond to the record layout of the previous years, 1979-1985, the ICPSR has split this variable into the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number. The record layout for 1986 appears as the 1979-1985; however, the scrambling done by the Census Bureau remains to preserve confidentiality.

VAR 4005 SEGMENT NUMBER
LOC 47
WID 4
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4005 TYPE $C$
SEGMENT NUMBER
The thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds
digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units
together identify clusters which are numbered
sequentially starting with " 01 in each panel and
rotation combination.
1100.
6699.

Note: See note for variable V4004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, please refer to the note for variable V2009.

```
VAR 4006 CHECK DIGIT
LOC 51 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4006 TYPE C
CHECK DIGIT
Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number,
and sample number.
```

    0. .
    9. .
    See note for variable V4004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

| VAR 4007 | SERIAL NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 52 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |

## REF 4007 TYPE C

SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two-digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household.
01.
99.

See note for variable $\mathrm{V}_{4} 004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

VAR 4008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 54 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4008 TYPE C

## HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

This number identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household will be " 2 " indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.

1. .
2. 

VAR 4009 LINE NUMBER OF RÉSPONDEN
LOC 55 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 201 TYPE C

```
Line Number of Victim
```

1. 
2. Actual number is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 4010 | \# SCREEN QUEST. INCI RPT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 57 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 202 | TYPE C |

## Source Code 202

## Number of Screen Question In Which the Incident Was

 Reported38. Household screen questions
39. Household screen questions
40. Household screen questions
41. Household screen questions
42. Individual sereen questions
43. Individual screen questions
44. Residue
45. Out of universe

| VAR 4011 | INCIDENT NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 59 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 $\quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF-4 | TYPE C |

Source Code 203

## Incident Number

1. 
2. Actual number is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 4012 | INC. OCCUR LIVING SAME A |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 61 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 204 | TYPE C |

## Source Code 204

Q. 1 Did (this/the first) incident happen while you were living here or before you moved to this address?

1. While living at this address
2. Before moving to this address
3. Not applicable
4. Out of utiverse

VAR 4013 MO. INCIDENT OCCUR
LOC 62 WID 2
GRDUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 205 TYPE C

Source Code 205
Q.2a(I) In what month did (this/the first) incident happen?

1. January

- 

12. December
```
VAR 4014 YEAR IEEIDENT OCCUR
LOC 64 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 205 TYPE C
Source Code 205
Q.2a(2) Year that (this/the first) incident happened
79. Crime occurred during 1979
80. Crime occurred during 1980
81. Crime occurred during 1981
82. Crime occurred during 1982
83. Crime occurred during 1983
84. Crime occurred during 1984
85. Crime occurred during 1985
86. Crime occurred during 1986
87. Crime occurred during 1987
88. Crime occurred during 1988
```

VAR 4015 INCIDENT-SERIES CRIMES
LOC 66 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 206 TYFE
Source Code 206
Check Item B: Is this incident report for a series of
crimes?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
Source Code 207
-- If Check Item B is coded I --
Q.2b Altogether, how many times did this happen
during the last 6 months?
003.
996. Actual number of times is coded
997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4017 # TIMES OCCUR QT. I
LOC WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 208 TYPE C
Source Code 208
-- If Check Item B is coded l --
Q.2c(1) How many times did these incidents take
place in Quarter l (January, February, or March)?
            O1.
            96. Actual number of times is coded
            98. Residue
            99. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4018 | \# TIMES OCCUR QT. 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 72 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA

REF 209 TYPE C

## Source Code 209

-- If Check 1 tem B is coded 1 --
Q.2c(2) How many times did these incidents take place in Quarter 2 (April, May, or June)?
01.
96. Actual number of times is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 4019 # TIMES OCCUR QT. 3
LOC 74 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 210 TYPE C
Source Code 210
-- If Check Item B is coded 1 --
Q.2c(3) How many times did these incidents take place
in Quarter 3 (July, August, or September)?
    01. .
    96. Actual number of times is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4020 \# TIMES OCCUR QT. 4
LOC 76 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 211 TYPE C

```
Source Code 211
-- If Check Item B is coded I --
Q.2c(4) How many times did these incidents take place
in Quarter 4 (October, November, or December)?
01.
96. Actual number of times is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4021 LIGHT/DARK TIME OF INCID

| LOC 78 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 212 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 212
Q.3a Was it daylight or dark outside when (this/the
most recent) incident happened?
1. Light
2. Dark
3. Dawn, almost light, dusk, twilight
4. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 4022 TIME INCIDENT OCCUR
LOC 79 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 213 TYPE C

```
Q.3b About what time did (this/the most recent)
incident happen?
During day
```

    1. After 6 a.m.- 12 noon
    2. After 12 noon - 6 p.m.
    3. Don't know what time of day
    At night
4. After 6 p.m.- 12 midnight
5. After 12 midnight - 6 a.m.
6. Don't know what time of night
or
7. Don't know whether day or night
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 4023 INCIDENT IN CITY LIMITS
LOC 80 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 214 TYPE C

Source Code 214
Q.4a Did this incident happen inside the limits of a city, town, village, etc.?

1. Outside U.S.
2. No
3. Yes - same city, town, village as present residence
4. Yes - different city, town, village as present residence
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

VAR 4024 SAME ST/CTY AS PRES. ADD

| LOC 81 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 216 | TYPE $C$ |

Source Code 216
Q.4c Is this the same State and county as your PRESENT RESIDENCE?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 4025 | PLACE INCIDENT OCCUR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 82 | WID 2 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 217 | TYPE C IME DATA |  |

Source Code 217
Q. 5 Where did this incident take place?

1. At or in OWN dwelling, or OWN attached garage
2. At or in DETACHED buildings on OWN property, such as detached garage, storage shed, etc.
3. At or in vacation home/second home/hotel/motel
4. Near OWN home; yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to own home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room
5. At, in, or near a friend/relative/neighbor's home, other building on their property, yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to their home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room
6. On the street (other than immediately adjacent to own/friend/relative/neighbor's home
7. Inside restaurant, bar, nightclub
8. Inside other commercial building such as store, bank, gas station
9. On public transportation or in station (bus, train, plane, airport, depot, etc.)
10. Inside office, factory, or warehouse
11. Commercial parking lot/garage
```
12. Noncommercial parking lot/garage
13. Apartment parking lot/garage
14. Inside school building
15. On school property (school parking area, play
        area, bus)
16. In a park, field, playground other than school
17. Other
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4026 OFFENDER RIGHT TO PLACE
LOC 84 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 218 TYPE C

Source Code 218
Q.6a Did the offender (s) live (here/there) or have a right to be (here/there), such as, a guest or a repairperson?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 4027 OFFENDER ENTER PLACE
LOC 85 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 219 TYPE C

## Source Code 219

Q.6b Did the offender (s) actually get in or just TRY to get in the (house/apt./building)?

1. Actually got in
2. Just tried to get in
3. Don't know

## 8. Residue

9. Out of universe
VAR 4028 EVIDENCE OF FORCED ENTRY
LOC 86 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C

Source Code 220
Q. 66 Was there any evidence, such as a broken lock or broken window, that the offender (s) forced his way in/TRIED to force his way in the building?

Lead in Code
Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4028-4038).

0 . No

1. At least one entry keyed of categories 1-9
2. No good entry and at least one out of range entry in one of the following codes
3. Out of universe

VAR 4029 DAMAGED WINDOW
LOC 87 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE $C$

Source Code 220
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
WINDOW
Q.6c(1) Damage to window (include frame, glass broken/removed/cracked)
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4030 DAMAGED SCREEN
LOC 88 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C
Source Code 220
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c(2) (WINDOW) - Screen damaged/removed
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4031 DAMAGED LOCK
LOC 89 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C

Source Code 220
-- If Q.6e is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?

```
Q.6c(3) (WINDOW) - Lock on Window
damaged/tampered with in some way
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4032 OTHER DAMAGE
LOC 90 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 220 TYPE $C$

Source Code 220
-- If Q.6c is coded 1--
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (4) (WINDOW) - Other - specify
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4033 DAMAGED DOOR
LOC 91 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE $C$

Source Code 221
-- If Q. $6 c$ is coded 1 --

```
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c(5) (DOOR) - Damage to door (include frame,
glass panes, or door removed)
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0 . No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Dut of universe
```

VAR 4034 DOOR SCREEN DAMAGED
LOC 92 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C

Source Code 221
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q. $6 \mathrm{c}(6)$ (DOOR) - Screen damaged/removed
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4035 | DOOR LOCK DAMAGED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 93 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 220 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 221
-- If Q.6c is coded 1--

```
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c(7) (DOOR) - Lock or door handle
damaged/tampered with in some way
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4036 OTHER DOOR DAMAGE
LOC 94 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C

Source Code 221
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything eise?
Q. 6c (8) (D00R) - Other - specify

SSee Q.6c for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4037 DAMAGE OTHER WIN/DOOR

| LOC 95 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |

REF 220 TYPE C

Source Code 221

```
-- If Q.6c is coded l --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (9) Other than window or door - specify
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4038 RESIDUE
LOC 96 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE $C$
Source Code 221
Residue Code \{for Q.6c\}
<See Q.6e for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe
VAR 4039 HOW OFFENDER ENTER
LOC 97 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 222 TYPE C

Source Code 222
Q.6d How did the offender (s) (get in/TRY to get in)?

1. Let in
2. Offender pushed his way in after door opened
3. Through OPEN DOOR or other opening
4. Through UNLOCKED door or window
5. Through locked door or window, had key
6. Through locked door or window, other means (picked lock, used credit card, etc.)
7. Through locked door or window, don't know how
8. Don't know
9. Other
10. Residue
11. Out of universe

| VAR 4040 | HH MEM PRES DURING INCID |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 99 |  |
| GROUP 4 | WID 1 |
| REF 223 | TYPE 4 |

## Source Code 223

Check Item C(1): Was respondent or any other member of this household present when this incident occurred?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4041 HH MEM PRES DUR INC (ALL
LOC 100 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 223 TYPE C

Source Code 223 (A)
Check 1 tem $C(2):$ Was respondent or any other member of this household present when this incident occurred? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4042 | RESPONDENT HIT/HURT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 101 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 225 | TYPE C IME DATA |

Source Code 225
-- If Check Item C(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7b(1) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attück you in any way?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4043 RESPONDENT HIT/HURT (ALL
LOC 102 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 225 TYPE C

Source Code 225 (A)
-- If Check Item C(2) is coded i --
Q,7b (2) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack you in any way? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe
```
LOC 103 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224
    TYPE C
```


## Source Code 224

-- If Check Item C(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(1) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4045-4049).

1. No
2. Don't know
3. Yes
4. Not applicable
g. Out of universe
VAR 4045 HAND GUN PRESENT

LOC 104 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE C

Source Code 224
-- If Q.7a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(la) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver, etc.)
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4046 | OTHER GUN PRESENT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 105 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 224 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 224
~- If Q.7a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(2a) nther gun (rifie, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| YAR 4047 | KNIFE PRESENT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 106 | WID 1 |
| GRDUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 224 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 224
-- If Q.7a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(3a) Knife present
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4048 OTHER WEAPON PRESENT
LOC 107 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE C
Source Code 224
-- If Q.7a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(4a) Other
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4049 RESIDUE
LOC 108 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE $C$

Source Code 224
Residue Code \{for Q.7a(1)\}
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4050 | OFF HAVE WEAPON (ALLOC) |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 109 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 224 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 224 (A)
-- If Check Item C(2) is coded 1--
Q.7a(2) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench? (Allocated)

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4051-4055).

1. No
2. Don't know
3. Yes
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 4051 HAND GUN PRESENT (ALLOC)
LOC 110 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE C

Source Code 224 (A)
-- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(2a) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver) (Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

| LOC 111 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 224 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 224 (A)
-- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(2b) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
(Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4053 KNIFE PRESENT (ALLOC)
LOC 112 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224
TYPE $C$

Source Code 224 (A)
-- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1--
Q.7a(3b) Knife present (Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4054 | OTHER WEAPON PRESENT (AL |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 113 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 224 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 224 (A)

-- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(4b) Other (Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4055 RESIDUE
LOC 114 WID ì
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 224 TYPE C

Source Code 224 (A)
Residue Code \{for Q.7a(2) (Allocated) \}
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4056 OFFENDER THREATEN RESP
LOC 115 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 226 TYPE C

Source Code 226
-- If Check Item C(1) is coded 1--
Q.7c(1) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm in any
way?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 4057 OFF THREATEN HARM (ALL)
LOC 116 WID l
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 226 TYPE C
Source Code 226(A)
-- If Check Item C(2) is coded 1 --
Q.7c(2) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm in any
way? (Allocated)
```

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4058 | THREATENED ANY WAY |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 117 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 227 | TYPE CRIME OATA |

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7c(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7d How were you threatened? Any other way?

Lead In Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4059-4066)

1. At least one entry in one of the following codes 1-7
2. No good entries and at least on out-of-range entry in the following codes $1-7$
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4059 | VERBAL THREAT OF RAPE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 118 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 227 | TYPE C |

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d (1) Verbal Threat of Rape
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Residue
3. Out of universe

VAR 4060 VERBAL THREAT OF ATTACK
LOC 119 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d(2) Verbal Threat of Attack Other Than Rape
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yee

| VAR 4061 | WEAPON USED IN THREAT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 120 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 227 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d(3) Weapon Present or Threatened with Weapon
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4062 ATTEMPT ATTACK W/WEAPON
LOC 121 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d (4) Attempted Attack with Weapon
<See Q.7d for somplete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4063 OBJECT THROWN AT RESP
LOC 122 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d (5) Object Thrown at Person
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4064 RESP FOLLOWED
LOC 123 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d (6) Followed, Surrounded
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4065 OTHER THREAT
LOC 124 WID 1
GROUP 4
REF 227
LEVEL 4
Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1--
Q.7d (7) Other Threat
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
4. No
5. Yes
6. Not applicable
7. Out of universe

VAR 4066 RESIDUE
LOC 125 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
Residue Code \{for Q.7d\}
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out of range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4067 | ANYTHING ELSE HAPPEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 126 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 228 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 228

Q.7e What actually happened? Anything else?

Lead In Code
Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4068-4076).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4068 ITEM TAKEN W/O PERMISSIO
LOC 127 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(1) Something taken without permission
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4069 | ATTEMPT TO TAKE SOMETHIN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 128 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 228 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(2) Attempted or threatened to take something
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4070 | HARASSED/ABUSIVE LANGUAG |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 129 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 228 | TYPE C |

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(3) Harassed, argument, abusive language
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4071 ATTEMPT FORCIBLE ENTRY
LOC 130 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228
TYPE C

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(4) Forcible entry or attempted forcible entry of
house/apartment
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4072 ATTEMPT ENRTY OF AUTO
LOC 131 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(5) Forcible entry or attempted forcible entry of car
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4073 DAMAGE/DESTROY PROPERTY
LOC 132 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE $C$

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e (6) Damaged or destroyed property
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4074 ATTEMPT DAMAGE PROPERTY
LOC 133 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C
Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(7) Attempted or threatened to damage or destroy
property
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4075 OTHER
LOC 134 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C
Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e (8) Other
<See Q.7e for complete question rext>
O. No
1. Yes
```

8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4076 | RESIDUE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 135 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 228 | TYPE C |

Source Code 228
Q.7e (9) Residue Code \{for Q.7e\}
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0 . No out of range entries keyc.d
8. At least one out of range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4077 OFFENDER ATTACK RESP
LOC 136 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7b(I) is coded 1 --
Q.7f How did the person(s) attack you? Any other way?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4078-4087).

## 0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4078 RAPED
LOC 137 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(1) Raped
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4079 ATTEMPTED RAPE
LOC 138 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(2) Tried to rape
<See Q.7F for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4080 | SHOT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 139 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 229 CRIME DATA |  |

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(3) Shot
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4081 KNIFED
LOC 140 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(4) Knifed
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4082 HIT BY OBJECT IN HAND

| LOC 141 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 229 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(5) Hit with object held in hand
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4084 HIT SLAPED KNOCKED DOWN

LOC 143 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

REF 229 TYPE C

Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(7) Hit, slapped, knocked down
<See Q. 7 f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4086 OTHER

LOC 145 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C

## Source Code 229

-- If Q.7f is coded 1--
Q. 7 f (9) Other
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No
I. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

VAR 4087 RESIDUE
LOC 146 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C

Source Code 229
Residue Code \{for Q.7f\}
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4088 | ANY INJURIES SUFFERED |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| LOC 147 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 230 | TYPE CRIME DATA |  |

Source Code 230
-- If Q.7b(1) is coded 1--
Q.8a What were the injuries you suffered, if any? Anything else?

```
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4089-4098).
    0. None
    1. At least one entry
    8. Not applicable
    9. Dut of universe
```

| VAR 4089 | RAPED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 148 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 230 CRIME DATA |  |

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(1) Raped
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4090 ATTEMPTED RAPE

LOC 149 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1--
Q.8a(2) Attempted rape
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4091 KNIFE WOUNDS
LOC 150 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C
Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(3) Knife wounds
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

    VAR 4092 GUN SHOT BULLET WOUNDS
    LOC 151 WID 1
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 230 TYPE C
    Source Code 230
    -- If Q.8a is coded 1--
    Q.8a(4) Gun shot, bullet wounds
    <See Q.8a for complete question text>
        0. No
    1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4093 | BROKEN BONES |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 152 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 230 | TYPE C |

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a (5) Broken bones or teeth knocked out
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4094 INTERNAL INJURIES
LOC 153 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(6) Internal Injuries
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not appilicable
3. Out of univeres

VAR 4095 KNOCKED UNCONSCIOUS
LOC 154 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(7) Knocked unconscious
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4096 BRUISES CUTS SCRATCHES
LOC 155 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(8) Bruises, black eye, cuts, scratches, swelling, chipped teeth
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not appiicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4097 OTHER
LOC 156 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a (9) Other
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


VAR 4099 MEDICAL CARE REQUIRED
LOC 158 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

```
REF 231 TYPE C
Source Code 231
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8b Were you injured to the extent that you received
any medical care after the attack, including self-
treatment?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Dut of universe
```

VAR 4100 LOCATION OF CARE RECVD
LOC 159 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8b is coded 1 --
Q. 8 c Where did you receive this care? Anywhere else?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4101-4108).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| LDC 160 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 232 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c(1) At the scene
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4102 AT A HOME
LOC 161 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c(2) At home/neighbor's/friend's
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4103 HEALTH UNIT AT WORK/SCH
LOC 162 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C

## Source Code 232

-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c (3) Health unit at work, school, first aid station, at a stadium, park, etc.
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4104 DOCTOR OFFICE
LOC 163 WID 1
GROHP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c(4) Doctor's office/t, alth clinic
<See Q. 8 c for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4105 HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROOM

| LOC 164 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 232 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c (5) Emergency room at hospital/emergency
clinic
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4106 OTHER
LOC 165 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C
Source Code }23
-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c(6) Other (does not include hospital)
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4107 HOSPITAL
LOC 166 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C
Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c (7) Hospital
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4108 RESIDUE
LOC 167 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 232 TYPE C

Source Code 232
Residue Code \{for Q.8c\}
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4109 STAY OVERNIGHT HOSPITAL
LOC 168 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 233 TYPE C

Source Code 233
-- If Q.8c(7) is coded 1 .-
Q.8c(7a) Did you stay overnight in the hospital?

1. No
2. Yes
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 4110 # DAYS STAY OVERNT
LOC 169 WID 3
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 234 TYPE C
Source Code }23
-- If Q.8c(7a) is coded 1 --
Q.8c(7b) How many days did you stay (overnight in the
hospital)?
001.
200. Actual number is coded
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
```

VAR 4111 INSURANCE AT TIME OF INC

| LOC 172 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 235 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 235
Q. ga At the time of the incident, were you covered by any medical insurance, or were eligitle for benefits from any other type of health benefits program, such as, Medicaid, Veterans Administration, or Public Welfare?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was
dropped.

| VAR 4112 | WHAT KIND INSURANCE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 173 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 236 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 236
Q.9b What kind of health insurance or benefit programs were you covered by? Any others?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4113-4120).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4113 PRIVATE PLAN INSURANCE
LOC 174 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1--
Q.9b(1) Private plans
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.


Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4115 MEDICARE INSURANCE
LOC 176 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(3) Medicare
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.
VAR 4116 VA Champus Insurance

LOC 177 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 236 TYPE $C$

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(4) VA, CHAMPUS
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4117 PUBLIC WELFARE
LOC 178 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 ERIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE $C$

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(5) Public welfare
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4118 OTHER
LOC 179 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(6) Other - specify
<See Q.gb for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4119 DONT KNOW
LOC 180 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C

Source Code 236
-- If $Q .9 b$ is coded 1 --
Q.9b (7) Don't know
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4120 RESIDUE

| LOC 181 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 236 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 236
Residue Code \{for Q.9b\}
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4121 CLAIM FILED
LOC 182 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 237 TYPE C

Source Code 237
-- If Q.8a and Q.9b are coded 1--
Q.9c Was a claim filed with any of these insurance
companies or programs in order to get all or part of your medical expenses paid?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4122 INSURANCE PAY ANY
LOC 183 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 238 TYPE C

Source Code 238
-- If Q.9c is coded 1--
Q.9d Did insurance or any health benefits program pay for all or part of the total medical expenses?

1. Yes
2. Part
3. Not yet settled
4. None
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4123 PROTECT SELF
LOC 184 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 241 TYPE C

Source Code 241
Q. 10a Did you do anything to protect yourself or your property during the incident? Include getting away from offender, yelling for help, resisting in any way.

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 4124 | ONE OR MORE OFFEND |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 185 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 243 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 243

Q.lla Was the crime committed by only one or more than one person?

1. Only one
2. Don't know
3. More than one
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 4125 | SEX OF SINGILE OFF |
| :--- | :--- |
| I.OC 186 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 244 | TYPE C |

Source Code 244
-- Q.lla is coded l --
Q.llb (Single Offender) Was this person male or female?

1. Male
2. Female
3. Don't know

## 8. Residue

9. Out of universe

| VAR 4126 | HOW MUCH INSURANCE PAY |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 187 | WID 5 |
| GRDUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 239 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 239

Q.9e How much did insurance or a health benefits program pay?
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4127 AMOUNT MEDICAL EXPENSES
LOC 192 WID 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 240 TYPE C

## Source Code 240

Q.gf What was the total amount of your medical expenses resulting from this incident, (iNCLUDING anything paid by insurance)? Include hospital and doctor bills, medicine, therapy, braces, and any other injury-related medical expenses.
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded 99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

```
VAR 4128 PROTECT SELF OTHER WAY
LOC 197 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
-- If Q.10a is coded l --
Q.10b What did you do (to protect yourself)?
Anything else?
Lead In Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4129-4137).
    1. At least one entry in the following codes 1-8
    8. No good entry and at least one out of range
        entry in one of the following codes 1-8
    9. Out of universe
```

    VAR 4129 USED GUN
    LOC 198 WID 1
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 242 TYPE C
    Source Code 242
    -- If Q. 10 b is coded 1 -.
    Q.10b(1) Used/brandished a gun
    <See Q. 10b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4130 | USED KNIFE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 199 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 242 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 242
-- If Q. $10 b$ is coded 1 --
Q.lob (2) Used/brandished a knife
<See Q. 10b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4131 USED OTHER WEAPON
LOC 200 WID 1

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4: CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C

Source Code 242
--If Q. 10b is coded 1 --
Q. 10b (3) Used/brandished some other weapon
<See Q. 10b for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes

## 8. Not applicable

9. Out of universe
```
VAR 4132 USED PHYSICAL FORCE
LOC 201 WID I
GROUP }4\mathrm{ LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
--If Q.1Ob is coded 1 --
Q.10b(4) Used/tried physical force (hit, chased, threw
object, etc.)
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4133 TRIED TO GET HELP
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { LOC 202 } & \text { WID 1 } & \\ \text { GROUP } 4 & \text { LEVEL } 4 & \text { CRIME DATA } \\ \text { REF } 242 & \text { TYPE C }\end{array}$

Source Code 242
--If Q. 10b is coded 1 --
Q.l0b(5) Tried to get help, attract attention, scare offender away, (screamed, yelled, called police, turned on the lights, etc.)
<See Q. 10 b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
```
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4134 THREATENED ARGUED
LOC 203 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
--If Q.lOb is coded 1 --
Q.10b (6) Threatened, argued, reasoned, etc. with
offender
<See Q.10b for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4135 RESISTED W/O FORCE
LOC 204 WID 1
GRDUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C

Source Code 242
-- If Q.lob is coded 1 --
Q. 10b (7) Resisted without force, used evasive action (ran/drove away, hid, held property, locked door, ducked, shielded self, etc.)
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable

## 9. Out of universe

| VAR 4136 | OTHER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 205 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 242 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 242
-- If Q.lob is coded 1 --
Q. 10b (8) Other
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

## VAR 4137 RESIDUE

LOC 206 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C

Source Code 242
Residue Code \{for Q.10b\}
<See Q. 10b for complete question text>
0. No out of range entries keyed
8. At least one out of range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4138 AGE OF OFFENDER
LOC 207 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 245 TYPE C
Source Code 245
-- If Q.lla is coded 1--
Q.llc (Single Offender) How old would you say the
person was?
    1. Under 12
    2. 12-14
    3. 15-17
    4. 18-20
    5. 21-29
    6. 30+
    7. Don't know
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4139 KNOWN/STRANGER
LOC 208 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 246 TYPE C

Source Code 246
-- If Q.lla is coded 1 --
Q.lld Was the person someone you knew or a stranger you had never seen before?
i. Known
2. Stranger
3. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4140 | HOW WELL KNOW OFFENDER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 209 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 247 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 247

-- If Q.lld is coded l --
Q. lle How well did you know this person - by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?

1. Sight only
2. Casual acquaintance
3. Well known
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
```
VAR 4141 RELATSHIP W/OFFENDER
LOC 210 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 248 TYPE C
Source Code
-- If Q.lld is coded l --
Q.llf What was this person's relationship to you?
For example, a friend, cousin, etc.
    00. Other non-relative
    01. Spouse
    02. Ex-spouse
    03. Parent
    04. Own child
    05. Brother/sister
    06. Other relative
    07. Boyfriend/ex-boyfriend
    08. Girlfriend/ex-girlfriend
    09. Friend/ex-friend
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4142 | RACE OF OFFENDER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 212 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 249 | TYPE C |

Source Code 249
-- If Q.lla is coded 1 --
Q.llg (Single Offender) Was he/she White, Black, or some other race?

1. White
2. Black
3. Other
4. Don't know
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

VAR 4143 \# OFFENDERS
LOC 2.13 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 250 TYPE C

Source Code 250
-- If Q.lla is coded 3 --
Q.11h (Multiple Offenders) How many persons? 02.
96. Actual number of offenders is coded 97. Don't know
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 4144 | SEX OF OFFENDERS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 215 |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 251 | TYPE CRIME DATA |  |

Source Code 251
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.lli(1) (Multiple Offenders) Were they male or female?

1. All male
2. All female
3. Don't know sex of any offenders
4. Both male and female
5. Residue
6. Out of universe
```
VAR 4145 SEX OF MAJORITY OFF
LOC 216 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 252 TYPE C
```

Source Code 252
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.11i(2) (Multiple Offenders) Were they mostly male or mostly female?

1. Mostly male
2. Mostly female
3. Evenly divided
4. Don't know
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

| VAR 4146 | AGE OF YOUNGEST OFF |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 217 | WID |


| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| REF 253 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 253
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.11j (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the youngest was?

1. Under 12
2. 12-14
3. 15-17
4. 18-20
5. 21-29
6. $30+$
7. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4147 | AGE OF OLDEST OFFENDER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 218 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 254 | TYPE C |

Source Code 254
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.llk (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the oldest was?

1. Under 12
2. 12-14
3. 15-17
4. 18-20
5. 21-29
6. $30+$
7. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4148 | KNOWN OR STRANGERS |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 219 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 255 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 255

-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q. 111 (Multiple Offenders) Were any of the persons known to you or were they all strangers you had never seen before?

1. All known
2. Some known
3. All strangers
4. Don't know
5. Known-NA whether all or some
6. Residue
7. Out of universe

VAR 4149 HOW WELL KNOW OFFENDERS
LOC 220 WID I
GROUP 4 : LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 256 TYPE C

Source Code 256
-- If Q. 111 is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.11m (Multiple Offenders) How well did you know the person(s)--by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4150-4153).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable

## 9. Out of universe

| VAR 4150 | SIGHT ONLY |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 221 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 256 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 256
--If Q.llm is coded 1 --
Q.llm(1) Sight only
<See Q.llm for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4151 CASUAL ACQUAINTANCE
LOC 222 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
FEE 256 TYPE C

Source Code 256
--If Q.llm is coded 1 --
Q.llm(2) Casual acquaintance
<See Q.llm for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


| VAR 4153 | RESIDUE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 224 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 256 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 256
Residue Code \{for Q.llm\}
<See Q.llm for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4154 OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP
LOC 225 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

REF 257 TYPE C

Source Code 257
-- If Q.llm(3) is coded 1 --
Q.lln (Multiple Offenders) What (was/were) the well known person's relationship(s) to you? for example, friend, cousin, etc.

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4155-4165).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4155 SPOUSE
LOC 226 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 257 TYPE C

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q.lln(1) Spouse
<See Q.Iln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4156 EX-SPOUSE
LOC 227 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 257 TYPE $C$

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q. $1 \ln$ (2) Ex-spouse
<See Q.lin for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4157 | PARENT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 228 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q.11n(3) Parent
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4158 OWN CHILD
LOC 229 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

```
REF 257 TYPE C
Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q.lln(4) Own child
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline VAR 4159 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{BROTHER/SISTER} \\
\hline LOC 230 & WID 1 & & \\
\hline GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME & DATA \\
\hline REF 257 & TYPE C & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Source Code 257} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{-- If Q.lln is coded 1--} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Q.lln(5) Brother/sister} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{<See Q.lln for complete question text>} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{0. No} \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{8. Not applicable} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

VAR 4160 OTHER RELATIVE
LOC 231 WID 1

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 257 TYPE C

Source Code 257

```
-- If Q.l1n is coded 1 --
Q. 11n(6) Other relative
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4161 | BOYFRIEND/EX-BOYFIREND |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 232 | WIO 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1--
Q. $1 \ln (7)$ Boyfriend/ex-boyfriend
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4162 GIRLFRIEND/EX-GIRLFRND

| LOC 233 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 257 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q. $1 \ln (8)$ Girlfriend/ex-girlfriend
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4163 | FRIEND/EX-FRIEND |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 234 | WID |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 257 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q. $1 \ln (9)$ Friend/ex-friend
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4164 | OTHER NONRELATIVE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 235 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 257 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q. $1 \ln (10)$ Other nonrelative
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4165 | RESIDUE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 236 | WID I |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 257
Residue Code \{for Q. 11 n \}
<See Q.lin for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4166 MULTIPLE OFF RACE
LOC 237 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATK
REF 258 TYPE C

Source Code 258
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q. 110 (Multiple Offenders) Were the offenders White, Black, or some other race?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4167-4171).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4167 WHITE
LOC 238 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 258 TYPE C

Source Code 258
-- If Q. 110 is coded 1--
Q. 110 (1) White
<See Q.llo for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4168 BLACK
LOC 239 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 258
TYPE C

Source Code 258
-- If Q.llo is coded 1 --
Q. 110(2) Black
<See Q.llo for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4169 OTHER
LOC 240 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 258 TYPE C
Source Code 258
-- If Q.110 is coded 1 --
Q.110(3) Other
<See Q.110 for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4170 | DONT KNOW RACE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 241 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 258 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 258
-- If Q.llo is coded l --
Q. 110(4) Don't know race of any/some
<See Q. 110 for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4171 | RESIDUE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 242 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 258 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 258

Residue Code \{for Q.llo\}
<See Q.llo for complete question text>
o. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4172 | OFFENDER RACE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 243 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 259 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 259
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.llp (Multiple Offenders) What race were most of the offenders?

1. Mostly white
2. Mostly black
3. Mostly some other race
4. Evenly divided
5. Don't know
6. Residue
7. Out of universe

| VAR 4173 | ONLY PERSON PRESENT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 244 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 260 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 260
Q. 12a Were you the only person there besides the offender (s)? Do not include persons under 12 years of age.

1. Yes
2. Don't know
3. No
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 4174 | \# PERSONS HARMED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 245 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 261 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 261
-- If Q.12a is coded 3--
Q.12b How many of these persons, not counting yourself, were harmed or had something taken from THEM by force or threat? (Do not include persons under 12 years of age).

00 .
09. Actual number of persons is coded
97. Don't know
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

VAR 4175 MEMBERS HH NOW
LOC 247 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 262 TYPE C

## Source Code 262

-- If Q.12a is coded l-9 --
Q.12c Are any of these people members of your household now? (Do not include household members under 12 years of age).
00.
09. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

VAR 4176 ITEM STOLEN
LOC 249 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 263 TYPE C

Source Code 263
Q.13a(1) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Dut of universe

VAR 4177 ITEM STOLEN (ALLOCATED)
LOC 250 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 263 TYPE C

Source Code 263 (A)

## Q.l3a(2) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Out of universe

VAR 4178 ITEM ATTEMPTED STOLEN
LOC 251 WID 1
GROUP 4 : LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 264 TYPE C

Source Code 264
Q.13b(1) Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 4179 ITEM ATTEM STOLEN (ALL)
LOC 252 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 264 TYPE C

Source Code 264 (A)
Q.13b(2) Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household? (Allocaterd)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know

## 9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4180 ANY OTHER ITEMS STOLEN
LOC 253 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4180 TYPE C
Source Code 265
-- If Q.13b(1) is coded 1 --
Q.13c What items did offender(s) attempt to take?
Anything else?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4181-4194).
0. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4181 CASH TAKEN
LOC 254 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 265 TYPE C

Source Code 265
-- If Q.13c is coded 1--
Q.13c(1) Cash
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4182 PURSE TAKEN
LOC 255 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 265 TYPE C
Source Code 265
-- If Q.l3c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(2) Purse
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4183 | WALLET TAKEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 256 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 265 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 265

-- If Q.l3c is coded 1--
Q.13c(3) Wallet
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4184 | CAR TAKEN |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| LOC 257 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 265 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 265
-- If Q.13c is coded 1--
0.13 c (4) Car
<See Q.l3c for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4185 | OTHER VEHICLE TAKEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 258 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 265 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 265
-- If Q. 13 c is coded 1--
Q. 13c(5) Other motor vehicle
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4186 PART OF VEHICLE TAKEN
LOC 259 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 265 TYPE C

Source Code 265
-- If Q. 13 C is coded 1 --
Q.13c (6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.)
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4187 SMALL APPLIANCES TAKEN
LOC 260 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 266 TYPE C

Source Code 266
-- If Q.i3c is coded 1 --
Q.13c (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances, (blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.)
<Sce Q.l3c for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


| VAR 4189 | BICYCLE STOLEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 262 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 266 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 266
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c (9) Bicycle
<See Q.l3c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4190 HANDGUN STOLEN
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { LOC } 263 & \text { WID } 1 \\ \text { GROUP } 4 & \text { LEVEL } 4 \quad \text { CRIME DATA }\end{array}$

REF 267 TYPE C

Source Code 267
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.)
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4191 | OTHER GUN STOLEN |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| LOC 264 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 267 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 267
-- If Q.I3c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4192 OTHER STOLEN
LOC 265 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 267 TYPE C

Source Code 267
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(12) Other
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

## VAR 4193 DONT KNOW

LOC 266 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 267 TYPE C

Source Code 267
-- If Q.I3C is coded 1 .-
Q.13c(13) Don't know
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4194 | RESIDUE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 267 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 267 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 267

Residue Code \{for Q.13c\}
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4195 OFFICE USE ONLY (ATT)
LOC 268 WID 6
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 268 TYPE C

Source Code 268
What did they try to take?

1. Gasoline
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4196 STOLEN ITEM IN POCKET
LOC 274 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 269 TYPE C

Source Code 269
-- If Q.13c(1), Q.13c(2), or Q.13c(3) is coded 1--
Q.13d(1) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
LOC 275 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 269 TYPE C
Source Code 269(A)
-- If Q.13c(1), Q.13c(2), or Q.13c(3) is coded 1 --
Q.13d(2) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person,
for instance, in a pocket or being held? (Allocated)
```

    1. Yes
    2. No
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4198 | ANY CASH TAKEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 276 | WID 5 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 270 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 270
-- If Q.13a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.13e What was taken that belonged to you or others in the household? Anything else?

Yes - Cash
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

VAR 4199 PROPERTY TAKEN
LOC 281 WID
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 270
TYPE C

## Source Code 270

```
Q.l3e What was taken that belonged to you or
others in the household? Anything else?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4200-4212).
Yes - Property
O. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4200 ONLY CASH TAKEN
LOC 282 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C

## Source Code 271

-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(1) Only cash taken
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C
Source Code 271
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(2) Purse
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4202 WALLET TAKEN
LOC 284 WID l
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C
Source Code 27l
-- If Q.13e is coded l --
Q.13e(3) Wallet
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4203 CAR TAKEN
LOC 285 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE $C$

## Source Code 271

-- If Q.13e is coded 1--
Q. 13 e (4) Car
<See Q.13e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4204 OTHER VEHICLE TAKEN
LOC 286 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 271 TYPE

Source Code 271
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(5) Other motor vehicle
<See Q. 13 e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4205 PART OF AUTO TAKEN
LOC 287 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C

Source Code 271
-- If Q.i3e is coded 1--

```
Q.l3e(6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape
deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4206 | SMALL APPLIANCES TAKEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 288 | WID I |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 272 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 272

-- If Q.l3e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances, (blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4207 | SILVER TAKEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 289 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 272 | TYPE C |

Source Code 272
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.i3e(8) Silver, china, jewelry, furs
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4208 BICYCLE TAKEN
LOC 290 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 272 TYPE C

Source Code 272
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(9) Bicycle
<See Q.13e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4209 HAND GUN TAKEN
LOC 291 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272
TYPE C

Source Code 273
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4210 OTHER GUN TAKEN
LOC 292 WID I
GROUP }4\mathrm{ LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272 TYPE C
Source Code 273
-- If Q.l3e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4211 OTHER TAKEN
LOC 293 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DRTA
REF 272 TYPE $C$
Source Code 273
-- If Q.13e is coded 1--
Q.13e(12) Other
<See Q.13e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
LOC 294 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272 TYPE C

## Source Code 273

Residue Code \{for Q.i3e\}
<See Q. 13 B for complete question text>
O. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Dut of universe

VAR 4213 OFFICE USE ONLY (COMP)
LOC 295 WID 6
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 274
TYPE C

Source Code 274
What did they take?

1. Gasoline
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4214 OFF PERMISSION FOR CAR
LOC 301 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 275 TYPE C

## Source Code 275

-- If Q.13e(4) or Q.13e(5) is coded 1 --
Q.14a Had permission to use the (car/motor vehicle) ever been given to the person who took it?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 4215 | OFFEN RETURN AUTO |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| LOC 302 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 276 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 276
-- If Q.14a is coded 1 --
Q.14b Did the person return the (car/motor vehicle) this time?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4216 MONEY ON PERSON
LOC 303 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 277 TYPE C

Source Code 277

- If Q.13e(1), Q.13e(2), or Q.13e(3) is coded 1--
Q.14c Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for
instance, in a pocket or being held by you when it was taken?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4217 MONEY ON PERSON (AL)
LOC 304 WID 1
GROJP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 277 TYPE C

Source Code 277 (A)
--If Q.13e(1), Q.13e(2), or Q.13e(3) is coded 1--
Q.14c Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held by you when it was taken? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe

VAR 4218 VALUE PROPERTY TAKEN
LOC 305 WID 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 278 TYPE $C$

Source Code 278
-- If Q.l3e is coded 1 --
Q.15a What was the value of the PROPERTY that was
taken? (Exclude any stolen cash/checks/credit cards)
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

| VAR 4219 | HOW DECIDE VALUE |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| LOC 310 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 279 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 279
-- If Q.l3e is coded 1--
Q.15b How did you decide the value of the property that was stolen? Any other way?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4220-4227).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4220 | ORIGINAL COST USED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 311 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 279 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b(1) Original cost
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4221 REPLACEMENT COST
LOC 312 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 279 TYPE C
Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b(2) Replacement cost
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4222 | PERSONAL ESTIMATE/VALUE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 313 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 279 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 279

-- If Q.15b is coded 1--
Q.15b(3) Personal estimate of current value
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes

## 8. Not applicable

9. Out of universe

| VAR 4223 | INSURANCE ESTIMATE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 314 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 279 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 279

-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b (4) Insurance report estimate
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4224 POLICE ESTIMATE
LOC 315 WID
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 279 TYPE C

Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded I --
Q.15b (5) Police estimate
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4225 DONT KNOW
LOC 316 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 279 TYPE C
```

Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b (6) Don't know
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4226 OTHER
LOC 317 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 279 TYPE C
Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b(7) Other
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| REF 279 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Residue Code \{for Q.15b\}
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4228 | ALL STOLEN PRPTY RECOVE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 319 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 280 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 280

-- If Q.l3e is coded 1 --
Q.16a Was all or part of the stolen (money/property/ money and property) recovered, not counting anything received from insurance?

1. All
2. Part
3. None
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 4229 RECOV PRPTY NO REPAIR
LOC 320 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 286 TYPE

Source Code 286
-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or 2 --

```
Q.16c Was the recovered property damaged to the extent that it had to be repaired or replaced? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards)
```

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Dut of universe
VAR 4230 REPORT THEFT TO INSURAN

LOC 321 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 290 TYPE C

Source Code 290
-- If Q.13e is coded 1--
Q.17a Was the theft reported to an insurance company?

1. Yes
2. No or don't have insurance
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 4231 | MORE CASH RECOVERED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 322 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 281 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 281
-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.16b What was recovered? Anything else?

Yes - Cash
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

| VAR 4232 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OTHER PROPERTY RECOVERE |  |  |
| LOC 327 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 281 | TYPE CRIME DATA |  |

## Source Code 281

-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.16b What was recovered? Anything else?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4233-4245).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not appiicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4233 ONLY CASH RECOVERED
LOC 328 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 282 TYPE C

Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(1) Cash only recovered

```
<See Q.l6b for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4234 ONLY PURSE RECOVERED
LOC 329 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 282 TYPE C
Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(2) Purse
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4235 | ONLY WALLET RECOVERED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 330 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 282 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(3) Wallet
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes

## 8. Not applicable

9. Out of universe

| VAR 4236 | ONLY CAR RECOVERED |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 331 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 282 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b (4) Car
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4237 OTHER CAR RECOVERED
LOC 332 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 282 TYPE

Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1--
Q.16b (5) Other motor vehicle
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4238 PART OF CAR RECOEVRED
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
LOC 333 & WID 1 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA \\
REF 282 & TYPE C
\end{tabular}
Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape
deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

    VAR 4239 SMALL APPLIANCES RECOVE
    LOC 334 WID 1
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 283 TYPE C
    Source Code 283
    -- If Q.16b is coded 1--
    Q.16b (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver,
    speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household
    appliances, (blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.)
    <See Q.16b for complete question text>
        0. No
        1. Yes
        8. Not applicable
        9. Out of universe
    VAR 4240 FURS RECOVERED
LOC 335 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 283 TYPE C

Source Code 283
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(8) Silver, china, jewelry, furs
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4241 BICYCLE RECOVERED
LOC 336 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 983 TYPE C

Source Code 283
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b (9) Bicycle
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4242 HAND GUN RECOVERED
LOC 337 WID I
GROUP 4
REF 284
LEVEL $4 \quad$ TYPE CRIME DATA
Source Code 284
-- If Q.16b is coded 1--
Q.16b(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
4. No
5. Yes
6. Not applicabie
7. Out of universe

VAR 4243 OTHER GUN RECOVERED
LOC 338 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 284 TYPE C

Source Code 284
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4244 | OTHER RECOVERED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 339 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |

REF 284 TYPE C

Source Code 284
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(12) Other
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4245 RESIDUE
LOC 340 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 284 TYPE C

Source Code 284
Residue Code \{for Q.16b\}
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4246 OFFICE USE ONLY (REC)
LOC 341 WID 6
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 285 TYPE C

Source Code 285
What was recovered?

1. Gasoline
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4247 RECOVERED PRPTY VALUE
LOC 347 WID 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 287 TYPE C
Source Code 287
-- If Q.lbe is coded 1 --
Q.16d Considering the damage, what was the value of the
property after it was recovered? (Do not include
recovered cash, checks, or credit cards)
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4248 | VALUE OF PRPTY RECOVERE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 352 | WID 5 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 288 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 288
-- If Q.16a or c is coded 2 --
Q. 16e What was the value of the property after it was recovered? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards)
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4249 WHO RECOVERED GOODS
LOC 357 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 289 TYPE C

Source Code 289
-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.16f Who recovered the (money/property/money and property)? Anyone else?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4250-4254).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4250 VICTIM RECOVERED GOODS
LOC 358 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 289 TYPE C

Source Code 289
-- If Q.16f is coded 1--
Q.16f(1) Victim or other household member
<See Q. 16 f for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

| VAR 4251 | POLICE RECOVERED GOODS |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 359 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 289 | TYPE C |

Source Code 289
-- If Q. 16f is coded 1--
Q.16f(2) Police
<See Q.l6f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

| VAR 4252 | GOODS RETURNED BY OFFEN |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 360 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 289 | TYPE C IME DATA |

## Source Code 289

-- If Q.16f is coded 1 --
Q. 16f(3) Returned by offender
<See Q.l6f for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4253 OTHER RETURNED
LOC 361 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 289 TYPE C

Source Code 289
-- If Q.l6f is coded 1 --
Q.16f(4) Other
<See Q.l6f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4254 RESIDUE
LOC 362 WID

```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 289
TYPE C
Source Code 289
Residue Code {for Q.16f}
<See Q.l6f for complete question text>
    O. No out-of-range entries keyed
    8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was
dropped.
```

VAR 4255 INSURANCE COVER THEFT

| LOC 363 | WID 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 291 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 291
-- If Q.13e is coded 1--
Q.17b Did insurance pay anything to cover the theft?

1. Yes
2. Not yet settled
3. No
4. Don't know
5. Residue
6. Dut of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4256 HOW MUCH PAID
LOC 364 WIO 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

## Source Code 292

-- If Q.17b is coded 1 --
Q.17c How much was paid (by insurance company)? If property replaced by insurance company instead of cash settlement, ask for an estimate of value of the property replaced.
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

| VAR 4257 | ANY OTHER ITEMS DAMAGED |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 369 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 293 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 293

Q.18a (0ther than any stolen property) was anything that belonged to you or other members of the household damaged in this incident? For example, was (a lock or window broken, clothing damaged, damage done to a car, etc.)?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4258 DAMAGES REPAIRED
LOC 370 WID i
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 294 TYPE C

Source Code 294
-- If Q.18a is coded 1 --
Q.18b (Was/were) the damaged item (s) repaired or replaced?

1. Yes, all
2. Yes, part
3. No
4. Yes, not applicable whether all or part
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

VAR 4259 COST OF REPAIRS
LOC 371 WID 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 295
TYPE C

Source Code 295
-- If Q.18a is coded 1 --
Q.18c How much would it cost to repair or replace the damaged items?
00000.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

VAR 4260 ACTUAL COST OF REPAIRS
LOC 376 WID 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 296 TYPE

Source Code 296
-- If Q.18b is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.18d How much was the repair or replacement cost?
00000.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded 99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

| VAR 4261 | WHO PAID REPAIRS |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 381 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 297 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 297
-- If Q.18b is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.l8e Who (paid/will pay) for the repairs or replacement?

## Lead in Code

(Sunmary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4262-4267).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

## VAR 4262 ITEM NOT REPAIRED

| LOC 382 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 |  |
| REF 297 | WID 1 |
| LEVEL 4 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Source Code 297

-- If Q.18e is coded 1 --
Q.18e(1) Items will not be repaired or replaced
<See Q.l8e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4263 HH MEMBER REPAIR
LOC 383 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 297 TYPE C

Source Code 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1 --
Q.18e(2) Household member
<See Q.l8e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4264 | LAND LORD REPAIR |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 384 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 297 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1 --
Q.18e(3) Landlord
<See Q.18e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4265 INSUR. CO. PAY
LOC 385 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 297 TYPE C

Source Code 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1 -.
Q.18e(4) insurance
<See Q.18e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

REF 297 TYPE C

Source Code 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1 --
Q.18e (5) Other
<See Q.18e for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4267 RESIDUE
LOC 387
GROUP 4
REF 297
WID I $\quad$ TYPEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA
Residue Code \{for Q.18e\}
<See Q. 18 e for complete question text>
O. No out-of-range entries keyed
4. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
5. Out of universe

VAR 4268 COMM VICTIMIZATION
LOC 388 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 298 TYPE C

Source Code 298
Q. 19 You said this incident happened in a commercial place (boxes 7-11 in Item 5). Did the person(s) steal or try to steal anything belonging to the (name place)?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in July of 1986, this question was dropped.

VAR 4269 POLICE KNON OF INCIDENT

| LOC 389 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 299 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 299
Q.20a Were the police informed or did they find out about this incident in any way?

1. No
2. Don't know

Yes - Who told them?
3. Respondent
4. Other household member
5. Someone else
6. Police first to find out about it
7. Some other way
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4270 | WHY NOT REPORTED TO COP |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 390 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 300 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

-- If Q.20a is coded 1 --
Q.20b What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any other reason?

1. Structured probe used
2. Residue
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4271 | NO NEED TO CALL |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 391 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 300 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 300
-- If Q.20a is coded 1 --
Q.20b What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any other reason?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4272-4285).
0. No entry

1. At ieast one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4272 OBJECT RECOVERED
LOC 392 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 301 TYPE C

Source Code 301

```
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
No NEED to call
Q.20b(1) Object recovered or offender unsuccessful
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4273 RESPONDENT NOT IMPORT
LOC 393 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 301 TYPE C
Source Code 301
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
No NEED to call
Q.20b (2) Respondent did not think it important enough
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4274 | PRIVATE MATTER ONLY |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 394 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 301 | TYPE $C$ |  |

-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
No NEED to call
Q.20b (3) Private or personal matter or took care of it myself
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4275 REPORTED TO OTHER PERSO
LOC 395 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 301
TYPE C

Source Code 301
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
No NEED to call
Q.20b (4) Reported to someone else
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4276 NOT REALIZE CRIME OCCUR
LOC 396 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police COULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(5) Didn't realize crime happened until later
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4277 | NOT RECOVERABLE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 397 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 302 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 302
-- If Q. 20b is coded 1 --
Police COULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(6) Property difficult to recover due to lack of serial or 10 number
<See Q. 20b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4278 LACK OF PROOF/IDENTITY
LOC 398 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C

```
Source Code 302
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police COULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(7) Lack of proof, no way to find/identify
offender
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4279 POLICE NOT THINK IMPORT
LOC 399 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C
Source Code 302
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police WOULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(8) Police wouldn't think it was important enough,
they wouldn't want to be bothered
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4280 POLICE INEFFICIENT
LOC 400 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 302
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police WOUL.DN'T do anything
Q.20b(9) Police would be inefficient, ineffective, insensitive, (they'd arrive late, wouldn't pursue case properly, would harass/insult respondent, etc.)
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes8. Not applicable9. Out of universe
VAR 4281 AFRAID OF REPRISAL
LOC 401 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Source Code 303
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Some other reason
Q.20b(10) Afraid of reprisal by offender or hisfamily/friends
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
2. No
3. Yes
4. Not applicable
5. Out of universe
VAR 4282
```
LOC 402 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Source Code }30
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Some other reason
Q.20b(11) Did not want to take time - too inconvenient
<See Q.2Ob for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4283 OTHER
LOC 403 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Source Code 303
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Some other reason
Q.20b(12) Other
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
D. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
LOC 404 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Source Code 303
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Some other reason
Q.20b(13) Respondent doesn't know why it wasn't
reported
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4285 RESIDUE
LOC 405 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Residue Code \{for Q.20b\}
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
O. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Dut of universe
VAR 4286 MOST IMP WHY NOT REPORT
LOC 406 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 304 TYPE C

```
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Q.20c Which of these would you say was the most
important reason why the incident was not reported to
the police?
01. .
-
12. Reason number listed in Q.20b
97. No one reason the most important
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4287 WHY REPORT INCIDENT

| LOC 408 | WID 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 4287 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 305
-- If Q.20a is coded 3--
Q. 20d Please take a minute to think back to the time of the incident. Besides the fact that it was a crime, did YOU have any other reason for reporting this incident to the police? (Show card)

```
IF PHONE INTERVIEW: For example, did you report
it because you wanted to prevent this or a future
incident, to collect insurance or recover property,
to get help, to punish the offender, or because you
had evidence that would help catch the offender,
thought it was your duty, or was there some other
reason? Any other reason?
```

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4288-4298).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4288 TO STOP INCIDENT
LOC 409 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 305 TYPE C
Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded I --
Q.20d(1) To stop or prevent this incident from
happening
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

    VAR 4289 KEEP FROM OCCUR AGAIN
    LOC 410 WID 1
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 305 TYPE C
    Source Code 305
    -- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
    Q.20d(2) To keep it from happening again or to others
    <See Q.20d for complete question text>
        0. No
        1. Yes
        8. Not applicable
        9. Out of universe
    VAR 4290 TO COLLECT INSURANCE
LOC 411 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 305 TYPE C

Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d (3) In order to collect insurance
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4291 | DESIRE RECOVER PRPTY |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 412 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 305 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded I --
Q.20d(4) Desire to recover property
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4292 NEED HELP/INJURY
LOC 413 WID 1
GROUP 4 L.EVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 305 TYPE C
Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d (5) Need for help after the incident because of
injury, etc.
<See Q.20d for complere question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4293 EVIDENCE PRESENT
LOC 414 WID 1
GROUP 4
REF 305 TEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d (6) There was evidence or proof
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4294 PUNISH OFFENDER
LOC 415 WID 1
```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C
Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(7) To punish the offender
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4295 | FELT IT DUTY |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 416 | WID |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 306 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(8) Because you felt it was your duty
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4296 SOME OTHER REASON
LOC 417 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C

```
Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(9) Some other reason
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Dut of universe
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
VAR 4297 & NO OTHER REASON \\
LOC 418 & WID 1 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 \(\quad\) CRIME DATA \\
REF 306 & TYPE C
\end{tabular}
Source Code }30
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(10) No other reason
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4298 RESIDUE
LOC 419 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C
Source Code 306
Residue Code \{for Q.20d\}
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
o. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4299 | MOST IMP REASON TO RPT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 420 | WID 2 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 307 | TYPE CRIME DATA |  |

Source Code 307
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20e Which of these would you say was the most important reason why the incident was reported to the police?
00. Because it was a crime was most important 01.
09. Reason number listed in Q.20d
97. No one reason more important
98. Residue
99. Dut of universe

VAR 4300 EMPLOYED AT TIME INCIDE
LOC 422 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 308 TYPE C

Source Code 308
Q.2la Did you have a job at the time this incident happened?

1. Yes
2. No

## 9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4301 SAME JOB AS EARLIER DES
LOC 423 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 309 TYPE C
Source Code 309
-- If Q.2la is coded 1 --
Q.21b Was it the same job you described to me earlier
as a (describe job listed in Q.36a on the NCS-1,
source codes 113 and 114) or a different one?
    1. Same as described on NCS-1 Q.36a-Q.36e
    2. Different than described on NCS-1 Q.36a-Q.36e
    9. Out ef universe
```

VAR 4302 KIND OF BUSINESS/INDUSTR
LOC 424 WID 3
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 310 TYPE C
Source Code 310
-- If Q.2la is coded 1 .-
Q.21d What kind of business or industry is this?
017.
984. Industry codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
SEE NOTE (S) I for Industry Classification Codes.

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

| VAR 4303 | KIND OF WORK DOING |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 427 | WID 3 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 311 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 311
-- If Q.21a is coded 1--
Q.2le What kind of work were you doing?
001.
984. Occupation codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Dut of universe

SEE NOTE (S) 2 for Occupational Classification Codes.

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

VAR 4304 WHAT KIND EMPLOYEE
LOC 430 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 312 TYPE C

Source Code 312
-- If Q.2la is coded 1 --
Q. 2 la Were you -

1. An employee of a PRIVATE company, business, or
```
                individual for wages, salary, or commissions?
2. A GOVERNMENT employee (Federal, State, county,
                or local)?
3. SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professional
    practice or farm-business incorporated?
    4. SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professional
        practice or farm-business not incorporated?
    5. Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm?
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

VAR 4305 LOSE WORK/INJURIES
LOC 431 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 313 TYPE C

## Source Code 313

-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.22a Did you lose time from work because of the injuries you suffered in this incident?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
VAF : 306 HOW MUCH TIME LOST/INJUR

LOC 432 WID 3
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 314 TYPE C

Source Code 314

- If Q.22a is coded 1 -

```
Q.22b How much time did you lose because of injuries?
    000. .
    200. Actual number of days is coded
    997. Don't know
    998. Residue
    999. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4307 | LOOSE ANY PAY DURING TIM |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 435 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 315 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Source Code 315
-- If Q.22a is coded 1 --
Q.22c During these days, did you lose any pay that was
not covered by unemployment, insurance, sick leave, or
some other source?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 4308 HOW MUCH PAY LOOSE--$$$
LOC }436\mathrm{ WID 5
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF . }316\mathrm{ TYPE C
Source Code 316
-- If Q.22a is coded 1 --
Q.22d About how much pay did you lose?
00001.
```

99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded 99997. Don't know
99997. Residue
99998. Out of universe

| VAR 4309 | LOOSE WK FOR OTHER REASO |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 441 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 317 | TYPE CRIME DATA |  |

Source Code 317
Q.23a Did YOU lose time from work because of this incident for any of these (other) reasons?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4310-4315).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. No good entries and at least one-out-of range entry in one of the following codes 1-5
3. Out of universe

VAR 4310 REPAIRING DAMAGED PRPTY
LOC 442 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE C

Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(1) Repairing damaged property

```
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4311 REPLACING STOLEN GOODS
LOC 443 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE C
Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(2) Replacing stolen items
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4312 POLICE INVESTIGATION
LOC 444 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE C
Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(3) Police related activities, such as cooperating
with an investigation
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4313 COURT RELATED ACTIVITIES
LOC 445 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE $C$

Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1--
Q.23a(4) Court related activities, such as testifying
in court
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4314 | ANY OTHER REASON |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 446 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 317 | TYPE C |

Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1--
Q.23a(5) Any other reason?
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4315 | RESIDUE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 447 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 317 | TYPE CRIME DATA |
| Residue Code \{for Q.23a\} |  |
| <See Q.23a for complete question text> |  |
| 0. No out-of-range entries keyed |  |
| 8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed |  |
| 9. Out of universe |  |

VAR 4316 HOW MUCH TIME LOSE TOTA
LOC 448 WID 3
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 318 TYPE C

Source Code 318
Q.23b How much time did you lose because of (name all reasons marked in 23a)?
000.
200. Actual number of days is coded
997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Out of universe

```
LOC 451 WID }
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 319 TYPE C
```


## Source Code 319

Q.23c During these days, did you lose any pay that was not covered by unemployment, insurance, sick leave, or some other source?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4318 TYPE OF CRIME

| LOC 452 | WID 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 4318 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

## Type of Crime

1. Completed rape
2. Attempted rape
3. Completed robbery with injury from seriousassault
4. Completed robbery with injury from minorassault
5. Completed robbery without injury
6. Attempted robbery with injury from seriousassault
7. Attempted robbery with injury from minorassault
8. Attempted robbery without injury
9. Aggravated assault completed with injury
10. Attempted assault with weapon
11. Simple assault completed with injury
12. Attempted assault without weapon
13. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)and attempted assault with weapon
14. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)and attempted assault without a weapon
15. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)with injury from serious assault
16. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)with injury from minor assault
```
21. Completed purse snatching
22. Attempted purse snatching
23. Pocket picking (completed only)
24. Completed personal larceny without contact
25. Attempted personal larceny without contact
31. Completed burglary forcible entry
32. Completed burglary unlawful entry without
force
33. Attempted forcible entry
34. Completed household larceny
35. Attempted household larceny
36. Completed vehicle theft
37. Attempted vehicle theft
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4319 HOW MUCH PAY LOOSE

| LOC 454 | WID 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 320 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 320
Q.23d About how much pay did you lose?
00001.99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
VAR 4320 OTHER HH MMS LOST WORK
LOC 459 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 321 TYPE C

Source Code 321
Q. 24 a Were there any (other) household members 16 years
or older whe lost time from work because of this incident?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4321 HOW MUCH TOTAL TIME LOST

| LOC 460 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | WID 3 |
| PEF 322 | TEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |

REF 322 TYPE C

Source Code 322
Q. 24 b How much time did they lose altogether?
000.
200. Actual number of days is coded
997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Out of universe

```
VAR 4322 SERIOUSNESS SCORE
LOC 463 WIO }
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4322 TYPE C 2 DEC PLACE (S)
Seriousness scoring (new) 2 implied decimals
    0000.
    9999. Score obtained by adding elements
```

See Appendix 3 for scoring information.

| VAR 4323 | SERIOUSNESS OLD SCORE |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 467 | WID 2 |
| GRDUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 4323 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Seriousness scoring (old)
00.
99. Score obtained by adding elements

See Appendix 3 for scoring information.
VAR 4324 INCIDENT WEIGHT

| LOC 469 | WID 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 4324 | TYPE C | 3 DEC PLACE ( () |

Incident Weight
Weight Used to Tabulate Personal Incident Data
This weight is equal to the victim's person weight
divided by the total number of victims in the incident.
This weight contains three implied decimals.

VAR 4325 CRIME SEQUENCE NO
LOC 477 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4325 TYPE C

Crime Sequence Number
This is a derived variable created by the ICPSR.
Each crime has been given a unique number.

| VAR 4326 | RECODED TYPE OF CRIME |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 479 | WID 2 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF-4326 | TYPE C |  |

Recoded Type of Crime
New TOC Code

1. Complete Rape
2. Attempted Rape
3. Completed Robbery with Injury from SeriousAssault
4. Completed Robbery with Injury from MinorAssault
5. Completed Robbery without injury
6. Attempted Robbery with Injury from SeriousAssault
7. Attempted Robbery with Injury from MinorAssault
8. Attempted Robbery without Injury
9. Aggravated Assault Completed with Injury
10. Attempted Assault with Weapon
ll. Simple Assault Completed with Injury
11. Attempted Assault without Weapon
12. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed)and Attempted Assault with Weapon
13. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed)and Attempted Assault without Weapon
14. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed)with Injury from Serious Assault
15. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed) with Injury from Minor Assault
16. Completed Purse Snatching
17. Attempted Purse Snatching
18. Pocket Picking (Completed only)
19. Completed Personal Larceny without Contact -Less than $\$ 10$
20. Completed Personal Larceny without Contact -\$10-\$49
21. Completed Personal Larceny without Contact - \$50-\$249
22. Completed Personal Larceny without Contact -$\$ 250$ or more
23. Completed Personal Larceny without Contact - Amount not available
24. Attempted Personal Larceny without Contact
25. Completed Burglary Forcible Entry
26. Completed Burglary Unlawful Entry without Force
```
33. Attempted Forcible Entry
36. Completed Vehicle Theft
37. Attempted Vehicle Theft
38. Completed Household Larceny - Less than $10
39. Completed Household Larceny - $10-$49
40. Completed Household Larceny - $50-$249
41. Completed Household Larceny - $250 or more
42. Completed Household Larceny - Amount not
    available
43. Attempted Household Larceny
```

99. Out of universe
```
VAR 4327 RELATION TO VICTIM
LOC 481 WID I
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF-4327 TYPE C
Relation to Victim
    1. Stranger
    2. Nonstranger
    9. Out of universe
```


## APPENDIX 5

NOTES ONE AND TWO
INDUSTRIAL AND OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION CODES

```
#rik%NOTE 0001
```


## 1980 AND 1970 INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION CODES

## 1980 INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION CODES

NOTE: Numbers in parentheses are the SIC code equivalents; see Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION MANUAL, 1972 and 1977 Supplement. "Pt" means part; "n.e.c." means not elsewhere classified.

Code Industry
---- ---------
0-9 Not used

100-310 AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES
10 Agricultural production, crops (01)
11 Agricultural production, livestock (02)
12-19 Not used
20 Agricultural services, except horticultural (07, except 078)
21 Horticultural services (078)
22-29 Not used
30 Forestry (08)
31 Fishing, hunting and trapping (09)
32-39 Not used
40-50 MINING
40 Metal mining (10)
$41 \quad$ Coal mining (11,12)
42 Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction (13)
43-49 Not used
50 Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel (14)
51-59 Not used

60 CONSTRUCTION $(15,16,17)$
61-99 Not used
100-392 MANUFACTURING

100-222 Nondurable Goods
100-122 Food and kindred products
100 Meat products (201)
101 Dairy products (202)
102 Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables (203)
103-109 Not used
110 Grain mill products (204)
111 Bakery products (205)
112 Sugar and confectionery products (206)
113-119 Not used
120 Beverage industries (208)
121 Miscellaneous food preparations and kindred products (207, 209)
122 Not specified food industries
123-129 Not used
130 Tobacco manufactures (21)
131 Not used
132-150 Textile mill products
132 Knitting mills (225)
133-139 Not used
$140 \quad$ Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226)
141 Floor coverings, except hard surface (227)

142 Yarn, thread and fabric mills (228, 221-224)
143-149 Not used
150 Miscellaneous textile mill products (229)
151-152 Apparel and other finished textile products
151 Apparel and accessories, except knit (231-238)
152 Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239)
153-159 Not used
160-162 Paper and allied products
160 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263,266)
161 Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264)

162 Paperboard containers and boxes (265)
163-170 Not used
171-172 Printing, publishing and allied industries
171 Newspaper publishing and printing (271)
172 Printing, publishing and allied industries, except newspapers (272-279)
173-179 Not used
180-192 Chemicals and allied products
180 Plastics, synthetics and resins (282)
181 Drugs (283)
182 Soaps and cosmetics (284)
183-189 Not used
190 Paints, varnishes and related products (285)

| 191 | Agricultural chemicals (287) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 192 | Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals (281, 286, 289) |
| 193-199 | Not used |
| 200-201 | Petroleum and coal products |
| 200 | Petroleum refining (29i) |
| 201 | Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299) |
| 202-209 | Not used |
| 210-212 | Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products |
| 210 | Tires and inner tubes (301) |
| 211 | Other rubber products, and plastics footwear and belting (302-304, 306) |
| 212 | Miscellaneous plastics products (307) |
| 213-219 | Not used |
| 220-222 | Leather and leather products |
| 220 | Leather tanning and finishing (311) |
| 221 | Footwear, except rubber and plastic $(313,314)$ |
| 222 | Leather products, except footwear $(315-317,319)$ |
| 223-229 | Not used |
| 230-391 | Durable Goods |
| 230-241 | Lumber and wood products, except furniture |
| 230 | Logging (241) |
| 231 | Sawmilis, planning mill and millwork $(242,243)$ |
| 232 | Wood buildings and mobile homes (245) |
| 233-240 | Not used |
| 241 | Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249) |
| 242 | Furniture and Fixtures (25) |
| 243-249 | Not used |
| 250-262 | Stone, clay, glass and concrete products |
| 250 | Glass and glass products (321-323) |
| 251 | Cement, concrete, gypsum and plaster products $(234,237)$ |
| 252 | Structural clay products (325) |
| 253-260 | Not used |
| 261 | Pottery and related products (326) |
| 262 | Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products (328, 329) |
| 263-269 | Not used |
| 270-301 | Metal industries |
| 270 | Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills (331) |
| 271 | Iron and steel foundries (332) |
| 272 | Primary aluminum industries (3334, pt. 334, 3353-3355, 3361) |
| 273-279 | Not used |
| 280 | Other primary metal industries (3331-3333,3339, pt. 334, 3351, 3356, $3357,3362,3369,339)$ |
| 281 | Cutlery, handtools and other hardware (342) |


| 282 | Fabricated structural metal products |
| :---: | :---: |
| 283-289 | Not used |
| 290 | Screw machine products (345) |
| 291 | Metal forgings and stampings (346) |
| 292 | Ordnance (348) |
| 293-299 | Not used |
| 300 | Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 349) |
| 301 | Not specified metal industries |
| 302-309 | Not used |
| 310-332 | Machinery, except electrical |
| 310 | Engines and turbines (351) |
| 311 | Farm machinery and equipment (352) |
| 312 | Construction and material handling machines (353) |
| 313-319 | Not used |
| 320 | Metalworking machinery (354) |
| 321 | Office and accounting machines (357, except 3573) |
| 32 | Electronic computing equipment (3573) |
| 323-330 | Not used |
| 331 | Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c. $(355,356,358,359)$ |
| 332 | Not specified machinery |
| 333-339 | Not used |
| 340-350 | Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies |
| 340 | Household appliances (363) |
| 341 | Radio, T.V. and communications equipment $(365,366)$ |
| 342 | Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies, n.e.c. $(361-362,364,367,369)$ |
| 343-349 | Not used |
| 350 | Not specified electrical machinery, equipment and supplies |
| 351-370 | Transportation equipment |
| 351 | Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371) |
| 35 | Aircraft and parts (372) |
| 353-359 | Not used |
| 360 | Ship and boat building and repairing (373) |
| 361 | Railroad locomotives and equipment (374) |
| 62 | Guided missiles, space vehicles and parts (376) |
| 363-369 | Not used |
| 370 | Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment (375, 379) |
| 371-382 | Professional and photographic equipment and watches |
| 371 | Scientific and controlling instruments $(381,382)$ |
| 372 | Optical and health services supplies $(383,384,385)$ |

373-379 Not used
380 Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
381 Watches, clocks and clockwork operated devices (387)
382 Not specified professional equipment
383-389 Not used
390 Toys, amusement and sporting goods (394)
391 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries ( 39 except 394)
392 Not specified manufacturing industries
393-399 Not used
400-472 TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

400-432 Transportation
400 Railroads (40)
401 Bus service and urban transit (41 except 412)
402 Taxicab service (412)
403-409 Not used
$410 \quad$ Trucking service (421, 423)
$411 \quad$ Warehousing and storage (422)
412 U.S. Postal Service (43)
413-419 Not used
420 Water transportation (44)
421 Air transportation (45)
422 Pipe lines, except natural gas (46)
423-431 Not used
432 Services incidental to transportation (47)
433-439 Not used
440-442 Communications
440 Radio and television broadcasting (483)
441 Telephone (wire and radio) (481)
442 Telegraph and miscellaneous communication services (482, 489)
443-459 Not used
460-472 Utilities and sanitary services
460 Electric light and power (491)
461 Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
462 Electric and gas and other combinations (493)

463-469 Not used
470 Water supply and irrigation (494, 497)
471 Sanitary services (495)
472 Not specified utilities
473-49 Not used
500-571 WHOLESALE TRADE
500-532 Durable Goods
500 Motor Vehicles and equipment (501)
501 Furniture and home furnishings (502)
502 Lumber and construction materials (503)

| 503-509 | Not used |
| :---: | :---: |
| 510 | Sporting good's, toys and hobby goods (504) |
| 511 | Metals and minerals, except petroleum (505) |
| 512 | Electrical Goods (506) |
| 513-520 | Not used |
| 521 | Hardware, plumbing and heating suppiles (508) |
| 522 | Not specified electrical and hardware products |
| 523-529 | Not used |
| 530 | Machinery, equipment and supplies (508) |
| 531 | Scrap and waste materials (509) |
| 532 | Miscellaneous wholesale, durable goods (5094, 5099) |
| 533-539 | Not used |
| 540-571 | Nondurable Goods |
| 540 | Paper and paper products |
| 541 | Drugs, chemicals and allied products $(512,516)$ |
| 542 | Apparel, fabrics and notions (513) |
| 543-549 | Not used |
| 550 | Groceries and related products (514) |
| 551 | Farm products - raw materials (515) |
| 552 | Petroleum products (517) |
| 553-559 | Not used |
| 560 | Alcoholic beverages (518) |
| 561 | Farm supplies (5191) |
| 562 | Miscellaneous wholesale, nondurable goods ( $5194,5198,5199$ ) |
| 563-570 | Not used |
| 571 | Not specified wholesale trade |
| 572-579 | Not used |
| 580-691 | retall trade |
| 580 | Lumber and building material retailing (521, 523) |
| 581 | Hardware stores (525) |
| 582 | Retail nurseries and garden stores (526) |
| 583-589 | Not used |
| 590 | Mobile home dealers (527) |
| 591 | Department stores (531) |
| 592 | Variety stores (533) |
| 593-599 | Not used |
| 600 | Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539) |
| 601 | Grocery stores (541) |
| 602 | Dairy products stores |
| 603-609 | Not used |
| 610 | Retail bakeries (546) |
| 611 | Food stores, n.e.c. (542, 543, 544, 549) |
| 612 | Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552) |
| 613-619 | Not used |


| 620 | Auto and home supply stores (553) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 621 | Gasoline service stations (554) |
| 622 | Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (555, 556, 557, 559) |
| 623-629 | Not used |
| 630 | Apparel and accessory stores, except shoe (56, except 566) |
| 631 | Shoe stores (566) |
| 632 | Furniture and home furnishings stores (571) |
| 633-639 | Not used |
| 640 | Household appliances, TV and radio stores (572, 573) |
| 641 | Eating and drinking places (58) |
| 642 | Drug stores (591) |
| 643-649 | Not used |
| 650 | Liquor stores (592) |
| 651 | Sporting goods, bicycles and hobby stores (5941, 5945, 5946) |
| 652 | Book and stationery stores (5942, 5943) |
| 653-659 | Not used |
| 660 | Jewelry stores (5944) |
| 661 | Sewing, needlework and piece goods stores (5949) |
| 662 | Mail order stores (5961) |
| 663-669 | Not used |
| 670 | Vending machine operators (5962) |
| 671 | Direct selling establishments (5963) |
| 672 | Fuel and ice dealers (598) |
| 673-680 | Not used |
| 681 | Retail florists (5992) |
| 682 | Miscellaneous retail stores (593, 5947, 5948, 5993, 5994, 5999) |
| 683-590 | Not used |
| 691 | Not specified retail trade |
| 692-699 | Not used |
| 700-712 | FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE |
| 700 | Banking (60) |
| 701 | Savings and loan associations (612) |
| 702 | Credit agencies, n.e.c. (61, except 612) |
| 703-709 | Not used |
| 710 | Security, commodity brokerage and investment companies $(62,67)$ |
| 711 | Insurance (63, 64) |
| 712 | Real estate, including real estate, insurance, law offices $(65,66)$ |
| 713-720 | Not used |
| 721-760 | buSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES |
| 721 | Advertisement (731) |
| 722 | Services to dwellings and other buildings |

(734)

| 723-729 | Not used |
| :---: | :---: |
| 730 | Commercial research, development and testing labs (7391, 7397) |
| 731 | Personal supply service (736) |
| 732 | Business management and consulting services (7392) |
| 733-739 | Not used |
| 740 | Computer and data processing service (737) |
| 741 | Detective and protective services (7393) |
| 742 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Business services, n.e.c. }(732,733,735, \\ & 7394,7395,7399) \end{aligned}$ |
| 743-749 | Not used |
| 750 | Automotive services except repair (751, 752, 754) |
| 751 | Automotive repair shops (753) |
| 751 | Electrical repair shops (762, 7694) |
| 753-759 | Not used |
| 760 | Miscellaneous repair services <br> (763, 764, 7692, 7699) |
| 761-791 | PERSONAL SERVICES |
| 761 | Private households (88) |
| 762 | Hotels and motels (701) |
| 763-769 | Not used |
| 770 | Lodging places except hotels and motels (702, 703, 704) |
| 771 | Laundry, cleaning and garment shops (721) |
| 772 | Beauty shops (723) |
| 773-779 | Not used |
| 780 | Barber shops (724) |
| 781 | Funeral service and crematories (726) |
| 782 | Shoe repair shops (725) |
| 783-789 | Not used |
| 790 | Dressmaking shops (pt. 729) |
| 791 | Miscellaneous personal services (722, pt. 729) |
| 792-799 | Not used |
| 800-802 | ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES |
| 800 | Theaters and motion pictures (78, 792) |
| 801 | Bowling alleys, billiard and pool parlors (793) |
| 802 | Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794, 799) |
| 803-811 | Not used |
| 812-892 | PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES |
| 812 | Offices of physicians (801, 803) |
| 813-819 | Not used |
| 820 | Offices of dentists (802) |


| 821 | Offices of chiropractors |
| :---: | :---: |
| 822 | Offices of optometrists (8042) |
| 823-829 | Not used |
| 830 | Offices of health practitioners, n.e.c. (8049) |
| 831 | Hospitals (806) |
| 832 | Nursing and personal care facilities (805) |
| 833-839 | Not used |
| 840 | Health services, n.e.c. $(807,808,809)$ |
| 841 | Legal services (81) |
| 842 | Elementary and secondary schools (821) |
| 843-849 | Not used |
| 850 | Colleges and universities (822) |
| 851 | Business, trade and vocational schools (824) |
| 852 | Libraries (823) |
| 853-8 | Not used |
| 860 | Educational service, n.e.c. (829) |
| 861 | Job training and vocational rehabilitation services (833) |
| 862 | Child day care services (835) |
| 863-869 | Not used |
| 870 | Residential care facilities, without nursing (836) |
| 871 | Social services, n.e.c. $(832,839)$ |
| 872 | Museums, art galleries and zoos (84) |
| 873-87 | Not used |
| 880 | Religious organizations (886) |
| 881 | Membership organizations (861-865, 869) |
| 882 | Engineering, architectural and surveying services (891) |
| 883-889 | Not used |
| 890 | Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services (893) |
| 891 | Noncommercial educational and scientific research (892) |
| 892 | Miscellaneous professional and related services (899) |
| 893-889 | Not used |
| 900-932 | PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION |
| 900 | Executive and legislative offices $(911-913)$ |
| 901 | General government, n.e.c. (919) |
| 902-909 | Not used |
| 910 | Justice, public order and safety (92) |
| 911-920 | Not used |
| 921 | Public finance, taxation and monetary policy (93) |
| 922 | Administration of human resources program (94) |
| 923-929 | Not used |
| 930 | Administration of environmental quality |

```
        and housing programs (95)
931
        Administration of economic programs(96)
932 National security and international
    affairs (97)
    933-939 Not used
    991 Assigned to persons whose labor force status
        is unemployed and whose last job was Armed
        Forces since 1975.
    992 Assigned to persons whose labor force status
        is unemployed and who last worked in 1974 or
        earlier.
993+ Not used
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## 1970 INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATIONS CODES

Numbers in parentheses are SIC code equivalents

```
AGRICLLTURAL, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES
017. Agricultural production (01)
018. Agricultural services, except horticultural
    (07 except 0713 and 073)
019. Horticultural services (073)
027. Forestry (08)
028. Fisheries (09)
029. Agricultural, forestry, fisheries - allocated
MINING
047. Metal mining (10)
048. Coal mining (11, 12)
049. Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction
    (13)
057. Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel
    (14)
058. Mining - allocatted
CONSTRUCTION
067. General building contractors (15)
068. General contractors, except building (16)
069. Special trade contractors (17)
077. Not specified construction
078. Construction - allocated
```

MANUFACTURING
DURABLE GOODS
Lumber and wood products, except furniture
107. Logging (241)
108. Sawmills, planing mills, and mill work (242, 243)
109. Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249)
118. Furniture and fixtures (25)

Stone, clay and glass products
119. Glass and glass products (321-323)
127. Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (324, 327)
128. Structural clay products (325)
137. Pottery and related products (326)
138. Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products $(328,329)$

Metal industries
139. Blast furnaces, steel works, rolling and finishing mills (3312, 3313)
147. Other primary iron and steel industries (3315-3317, 332, 3391, part 3399)
148. Primary aluminum industries (3334, part 334, 3352, 3361, part 3392, part 3399)
149. Other primary nonferrous industries (3331-3333, 3339 , part $334,3351,3356,3357$, 3362, 3369, part 3392, part 3399)
157. Cutlery, hand tools and other hardware (342)
158. Fabricated structural metal products (344)
159. Screw machine products (345)
167. Metal stamping (346)
168. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 348, 349)
169. Not specified metal industries

Machinery, except electrical
177. Engines and turbines (351)
178. Farm machinery and equipment (352)
179. Construction and material handing machines (353)
187. Metalworking machinery (354)
188. Office and accounting machines (357 except 3573)
189. Electronic computing equipment (3573)
197. Machinery, except electrical (355, 356, 358, 359)
198. Not specified machinery

Electrical machinery, equipment, supplies
199. Household appliances (363)
207. Radio, T.V. and communications equipment ( 365,366 )
208. Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies (361, 362, 364, 367, 369)
209. Not specified electrical machinery, equipment and supplies

Transportation equipment
219. Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371)
227. Aircraft and parts (372)
228. Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
229. Railroad locomotives and equipment (374)
237. Mobile dwellings and campers (3791)
238. Cycies and miscellaneous transportation equipment (375, 3799)

Professional and photographic equipment and watches
239. Scientific and controlling instruments (381,382)
247. Optical and health service supplies $(383,384,385)$
248. Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
249. Watches, clocks, and clockwork-operated devices (387)
257. Not specified professional equipment
258. Ordnance (19)
259. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39)
267. Manufacturing, durable goods - allocated

## NONDURABLE GOODS

Food and kindred products
268. Meat products (201)
269. Dairy products (202)
278. Canning and preserving fruits, vegetables and sea foods (203)
279. Grain mill products $(204,0713)$
287. Bakery products (205)
288. Confectionery and related products (207)
289. Beverage industries (208)
297. Miscellaneous food preparation and kindred products (20, 209)
298. Not specified food industries
299. Tobacco manufacturers (21)

Textile mill products
307. Knitting mills (225)
308. Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226)
309. Floor coverings, except hard surface (227)
317. Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221-224, 228)
318. Miscellaneous textile mill products (229)

Apparel and other fabricated textile products
319. Apparel and accessories (231-238)
327. Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239)

Paper and allied products
328. Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263,266)
329. Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264)
337. Paperboard containers and boxes (265)

Printing, publishing and allied industries
338. Newspaper publishing and printing (271)
339. Printing, publishing and allied industries, except newspapers (272-279)

Chemicals and allied products
347. Industrial chemicals (281)
348. Plastics, synthetics and resins, except fibers ( 282 except 2823 and 2824)
349. Synthetic fibers $(2823,2824)$
357. Drugs and medicine (283)
358. Soaps and cosmetics (284)
359. Paints, varnishes and related products (285)
367. Agricultural chemicals (287)
368. Miscellaneous chemicals $(286,289)$
369. Not specified chemicals and allied products

Petroleum and coal products
377. Petroleum refining (291)
378. Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299)

Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products
379. Rubber products (301-303, 306)
387. Miscellaneous plastic products (307)

Leather and leather products
388. Tanned, curried and finished leather (311)
389. Footwear, except rubber $(313,314)$
397. Leather products, except footwear (312, 315-317, 319)
399. Manufacturing, nondurable goods - allocated
398. Not specified manufacturing industries

## TRANSPORTATION

407. Railroads and railway express service (40)
408. Street railways and bus 1 ines (411, 413-415, 417)
409. Taxicab service (412)
410. Trucking service $(421,423)$
411. Warehousing and storage (422)
412. Water transportation (44)
413. Air transportation (45)
414. Petroleum and gasoline pipe lines (46)
415. Services identical to transportation (47)

COMMUNICATION
447. Radio broadcasting and television (483)
448. Telephone (wire and radio) (481)
449. Telegraph and miscellaneous communication services $(482,489)$

UTILITIES AND SANITARY SERVICES
467. Electric light and power (491)
468. Electric-gas utilities (493)
469. Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
477. Water supply (494)
478. Sanitary services (495)
479. Other and not specified utilities (497)
499. Transportation, communication and other public utilities - allocated

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

WHOLESALE TRADE
507. Motor vehicles and equipment (501)
508. Drugs, chemicals and allied products (502)
509. Dry goods and apparel (503)
527. Food and related products (504)
528. Farm products - raw materials (505)
529. Electrical goods (506)
537. Hardware, plumbing and heating supplies (507)
538. Not specified electrical and hardware products
539. Hachinery equipment and supplies (508)
557. Metals and minerals (5091)
558. Petroleum products (5092)
559. Scrap and waste materials (5093)
567. Alcoholic beverages (5095)
568. Paper and its products (5096)
569. Lumber and construction materials (5098)
587. Wholesalers $(5094,5097,5099)$
588. Not specified wholesale trade
599. Wholesale trade - allocated

RETAIL TRADE
607. Lumber and building matersal retailing (521-524)
608. Hardware and farm equipment stores (525)
609. Department and mail order establishments (531, 532)
617. Limited price variety stores (533)
618. Vending machine operators (534)
619. Direct selling establishments (535)
627. Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)
628. Grocery stores (541)
629. Dairy products stores ..... (545)
637. Retail bakeries (546)
638. Food stores (542-544, 549)
639. Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552)
647. Tire, battery and accessory dealers ..... (553)
648. Gasoline service stations (554)
649. Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (559)
657. Apparel and accessories stores, except shoe stores (56 except 566)
658. Shoe stores (566)
667. Furniture and home furnishing stores (571)
668. Household appliances, T.V. and radio stores(572, 573)
669. Eating and drinking places ..... (58)
677. Drug stores (591)
678. Liquor stores (592)
679. Farm and garden supply stores (596)
687. Jewelry stores (597)
688. Fuel and ice dealers (598)
689. Retail florists (5992)
697. Miscellaneous retail stores (593-595, 599except 5992)
698. Not specified retail trade
699. Retail trade - allocated
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
707. Banking (60)
708. Credit agencies (61)
709. Security, commodity brokerage and investmentcompanies $(62,67)$
717. Insurance ( 63,64 )
718. Real estate, including real estate-insurance-law offices $(65,66)$
719. Finance, insurance and real estate - allocated
727. Advertising (731)
728. Services to dwellings and other buildings(734)
729. Commercial research, development and testing labs (7391, 7397)
737. Employment and temporary help agencies (736, 7398)
738. Business management and consulting services (part 7392)
739. Computer programing services (part 7392)
747. Detective and protective services (7393)
748. Business services(732, 733, 735, 7394, 7395, 7396, 7399)749. Automobile services except repair(751, 752, 754)
757. Automobile repair and related services (753)
758. Electrical repair shops (762, 7694)
759. Miscellaneous repair services

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    (763, 764, 769, except 7694)
767. Business and repair services
```


## PERSONAL SERVICES

```
769. Private households (88)
777. Hotels and motels (701)
778. Lodging places, except hotels and motels (702, 703, 704)
779. Laundering, cleaning and other garment services (721, 727)
787. Beauty shops (723)
788. Barber shops (724)
789. Shoe repair shops (725)
797. Dressmaking shops (part 729)
798. Miscellaneous personal services (722, 726, part 729)
799. Personal services - allocated
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## ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES

```
807. Theaters and motion pictures (78, 792)
808. Bowling alleys, billiard and pool parlors (793)
809. Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794)
```

817. Entertainment and recreation services allocated

PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES
828. Offices of physicians $(801,803)$
829. Offices of dentists (802)
837. Offices of chiropractors (804)
838. Hospitals (806)
839. Convalescent institutions (8092)
847. Offices of health practitioners (part 8099)
848. Health services (807, part 8099)
849. Legal services (81)
857. Elementary and secondary schools (821)
858. Colleges and universities (822)
859. Libraries (823)
867. Educational services $(824,829)$
868. Not specified educational services
869. Museums, art galleries and zoos (84)
877. Religious organizations (866)
878. Welfare services (part 867)
879. Residential welfare facilities (part 867)
887. Nonprofit membership organizations (861-865, 869)
888. Engineering and architectural services (891)
889. Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services (893)
897. Miscellaneous professional and related
services (892, 899)
899. Professional and related services - allocated

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
907. Postal service (part 9190)
917. Federal public administration (part 9190, 9490)
927. State public administration (9290)
937. Local public administration (9390)
947. Public administration - allocated

Workers not classified by industry
997. Unemployed persons, last worked 1959 or earlier
999. Industry not reported
\%***NOTE 0002

1980 AND 1970 OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION CODES

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION CODES FOR DETAILED OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORIES - 1980

| Numbe equiva Federa OCCUPA part; | in parentheses are the 1980 SIC code nt; see U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Statistical Policy and Standards, STANDARD ONAL CLASSIFICATION MANUAL, 1980. "Pt." means "e.c." means not elsewhere classified). |
| :---: | :---: |
| Code | Occupation |
| 0-2 | Not used |
| 3-199 | MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALITY OCCUPATIONS |
| 3-37 | Executive, Administrative and Managerial Occupations |
| 2 | Legislators (111) |
| 4 | Chief executives and general administrators, public administration (112) |
| 5 | Administrators and officials, public administration (1132, 1139) |
| 6 | Administrators, protective services (1131) |
| 7 | Financial managers (122) |
| 8 | Personnel and labor relations managers (123) |
| 9 | Purchasing managers (124) |
| 10-12 | Not used |
| 13 | Managers, marketing advertising and public relations (125) |
| 14 | Administrators, education and related fields |
| 15 | Managers, medicine and health (131) |
| 16 | Managers, properties and real estate (1353) |
| 17 | Postmasters and mail superintendents (1344) |
| 18 | Funeral directors (pt. 1359) |
| 19 | Managers and administrators, n.e.c. (121, 126, 127, 132-139, except 1344, 1353, pt. 1359) |
| 20-22 | Not used |
| 23-37 | Management and related occupations |
| 23 | Accountants and auditors (1412) |
| 24 | Underwriters (1414) |
| 25 | Other financial officers ( 1415,1419 ) |
| 26 | Management analysts (142) |

27 Personnel, training and labor relations specialists (143)
28 Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products (1443)

29 Buyers, wholesale and retail trade except farm products (1442)

30-32
33 34
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38-42
43-199
43-59
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44-59
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60-62
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64-68
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80-89

44 Aerospace (1622)

65 Operations and systems researchers and analysts (172)
Actuaries (1732)
Statisticians (1733)
Mathematical scientists, n.e.c. (1739)
Natural Scientists
Physicists and astronomers $(1842,1843)$
Not used
Chemists, except biochemists (1845)
Not used
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c. (1449)
Business and promotion agents (145)
Construction inspectors (1472)
Inspectors and compliance officers, except construction (1473)
Management related occupations, n.e.c. (149)

Not used
Professional Specialty Occupations
Engineers, Architects and Surveyors
Architects (161)
Engineers
Metallurgical and materials (1623)
Mining (1624)
Petroleum (1625)
Chemical (1626)
Nuc.lear (1627)
Not. used
Civil (1628)
Agricultural (1632)
Electrical and electronic (1633, 1636)
Industrial (1634)
Mechanical (1635)
Marine and naval architects (1637)
Engineers, n.e.c. (1639)
Not used
Surveyors and mapping scientists (164)
Mathematical and Computer Scientists
Computer systems analysts and scientists (171)

Atmospheric and space scientists (1846)
Geologists and geodeists (1847)
Physical scientists, n.e.c. (1849)
Agricultural and food scientists (1853)
Biological and life scientists (1854)
Forestry and conservation scientists (1852)
Not used

| 83 | Medical scientists (1855) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 84-89 | Health Diagnosing Occupations |
| 84 | Physicians (261) |
| 85 | Dentists (262) |
| 86 | Veterinarians (927) |
| 87 | Optometrists (281) |
| 88 | Podiatrists (283) |
| 89 | Health diagnosing practitioners, n.e.c. (289) |
| 90-94 | Not used |
| 95-106 | Health Assessment and Treating Dccupations |
| 95 | Registered nurses (29) |
| 96 | Pharmacists (301) |
| 97 | Dietitians (302) |
| 98-105 | Therapists |
| 98 | Inhalation therapists (3031) |
| 99 | Occupational therapists (3032) |
| 100-102 | Not used |
| 103 | Physical therapists (3033) |
| 104 | Speech therapists (3034) |
| 105 | Therapists, n.e.c. (3039) |
| 106 | Physicians assistants (304) |
| 107-112 | Not used |
| 113-154 | Teachers, Postsecondary |
| 113 | Earth, environmental and marine science teachers (2212) |
| 114 | Biological science teachers (2213) |
| 115 | Chemistry teachers (2214) |
| 116 | Physics teachers (2215) |
| 117 | Natural science teachers n.e.c. (2216) |
| 118 | Psychology teachers (2217) |
| 119 | Economics teachers (2218) |
| 120-122 | Not used |
| 123 | History teachers (2222) |
| 124 | Political science teachers (2223) |
| 125 | Sociology teachers (2224) |
| 126 | Social science teachers, n.e.c. (2225) |
| 127 | Engineering teachers (2226) |
| 128 | Mathematical science teachers (2227) |
| 129 | Computer science teachers (2228) |
| 130-132 | Not used |
| 133 | Medical science teachers (2231) |
| 134 | Health specialties teachers (2232) |
| 135 | Business, commerce and marketing teachers (2233) |
| 136 | Agriculture and forestry teachers (2234) |
| 137 | Art, drama and music teachers (2235) |
| 138 | Physical education teachers (2236) |
| 139 | Education teachers (2237) |
| 140-142 | Not used |
| 143 | English teachers (2238) |
| 144 | Foreign language teachers (2242) |
| 145 | Law teachers (2243) |
| 146 | Social work teachers (2244) |


| 147 | Theology teachers (2245) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 148 | Trade and industrial teachers (2246) |
| 149 | Home economics teachers (2247) |
| 150-152 | Not used |
| 153 | Teachers, postsecondary, n.e.c. (2249) |
| 154 | Postsecondary teachers, subject not specified |
| 155-159 | Teachers, Except Postsecondary |
| 155 | Teachers, prekindergarten and kindergarten (231) |
| 156 | Teachers, elementary school (232) |
| 157 | Teachers, secondary school (233) |
| 158 | Teachers, special education (235) |
| 159 | Teachers, n.e.c. $(236,239)$ |
| 160-162 | Not used |
| 163 | Counselors, educational and vocational (24) |
| 164-165 | Librarians, Archivists and Curators |
| 164 | Librarians (251) |
| 165 | Archivists and curators (252) |
| 166-173 | Social Scientists and Urban Planners |
| 166 | Economists (1912) |
| 167 | Psychologists (1915) |
| 168 | Sociologists (1916) |
| 169 | Social scientists, n.e.c. (1913, 1914, 1919) |
| 170-172 | Not used |
| 173 | Urban plannars (192) |
| 174-177 | Social, Recreation and Religious Workers |
| 174 | Social workers (2032) |
| 175 | Recreation workers (2033) |
| 176 | Clergy (2042) |
| 177 | Religious workers (2033) |
| 178-179 | Lawyers and Judges |
| 178 | Lawyers (211) |
| 179 | Judges (212) |
| 180-182 | Not used |
| 183-199 | Writers, Artists, Entertainers and Athletes |
| 183 | Authors (321) |
| 184 | Technical writers (398) |
| 185 | Designers (322) |
| 186 | Musicians and composers (323) |
| 187 | Actors and directors (324) |
| 188 | Painters, sculptors, craft-artists and artist print-makers (325) |
| 189 | Photographers (326) |
| 190-192 | Not used |
| 193 | Dancers (327) |
| 194 | Artists, performers and related workers, $\text { n.e.c. }(328,329)$ |
| 195 | Editors and reporters (331) |
| 196 | Not used |
| 197 | Public relations specialist (332) |
| 198 | Announcers (333) |
| 199 | Athletes (34) |
| 200-202 | Not used |


| 203-389 | TECHNICAL, SALES AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT occupations |
| :---: | :---: |
| 203-289 | Technicians and Related Support Occupations |
| 203-208 | Health Technologists and Technicians |
| 203 | Clinica! laboratory technologists and technicians (362) |
| 204 | Dental hygienists (363) |
| 205 | Health record technologists and technicians (364) |
| 206 | Radiologic technicians (365) |
| 207 | Licensed practical nurses (366) |
| 208 | Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c (369) |
| 209-212 | Not used |
| 213-235 | Technologists and Technicians, except Health |
| 213-218 | Engineering and Related Technologists and Technicians |
| 213 | Electrical and electronic technicians (3711) |
| 214 | Industrial engineering technicians (3712) |
| 215 | Mechanical engineering technicians (3713) |
| 216 | Engineering technicians, n.e.c. (3719) |
| 217 | Drafting occupations (372) |
| 218 | Surveying and mapping technicians (373) |
| 219-222 | Not used |
| 223-225 | Science Technicians |
| 223 | Biological technicians (382) |
| 224 | Chemical technicians (3831) |
| 225 | Science technicians, n.e.c. (3719) |
| 226-235 | Technicians; except Health, Engineering, and Science |
| 226 | Airplane pilots and navigators (825) |
| 227 | Air traffic controllers (392) |
| 228 | Broadcast equipment operators (393) |
| 229 | Computer programmers (3971, 3972) |
| 230-232 | Not used |
| 233 | Tool programmers, numerical control (3974) |
| 234 | Legal assistants (396) |
| 235 | Technicians, n.e.c. (399) |
| 236-242 | Not used |
| 243-285 | Sales Occupations |
| 243 | Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations (40) |
| 244-252 | Not used |
| 253-257 | Sales Representatives, Finance and Business Services |
| 253 | Insurance sales occupations (4122) |
| 254 | Real estate sales occupations (4123) |
| 255 | Securities and financial services sales occupations (4124) |

256 Advertising and related sales occupations (4153)

257 Sales occupations, other business services (4152)

258-259 Sales Representatives, Commodities except Retail
258 Sales engineers (421)
259 Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing and wholesale $(423,424)$
260-262
Not used
Sales Workers, Retail and Personal Services
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats (4342, 4344)
Sales workers, apparel (4246)
Sales workers, shoes (4351)
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings (4248)
Sales workers, radio, TV, hi-fi and appliances (4443, 4352)
Sales workers, hardware and building supplies (4353)
269 Sales workers, parts (4367)
270-272
274
275
276
277
278
279-282
Not used
Sales workers, other commodities (4345, 4347,4354, 4356, 4359, 4362, 4369)
Sales counter clerks (4363)
Cashiers (4364)
Street and door-to-door sales workers (4366)
News vendors (4365)
Not used
Sales Related Occupations
Demonstrators, promoters and models, sales (445)

Auctioneers (447)
Sales support occupations, n.e.c. (444, 446, 449)

286-302 Not used
303-389 Administrative Support Occupations, including Clerical
303-307 Supervisors, Administrative Support Occupations
303 Supervisors, general office (4511, 4513, 4514, 4516, 4519, 4529)
304 Supervisors, computer equipment operators (4512)

Supervisors, financial records processing (4521)

Chief communications operators (4523)
306
Supervisors; distribution, scheduling and adjusting clerks (4522, 4524-4528)
308-309 Computer Equipment Operators
308 Computer operators (4612)
309
Peripheral equipment operators (4613)
310-312 Not used

313-315 Secretaries, Stenographers and Typists
313 Secretaries (4622)
314 Stenographers (4623)
315 Typists (4624)
316-323 Information Clerks
316 Interviewers (4641)
317 Hotel clerks (4643)
318 Transportation ticket and reservation agents (4644)

319 Receptionists (4645)
320-322 Not used
323 Information clerks, n.e.c. (4649)
324 Not used
325-336 Records Processing Occupations, except Financial
325 Classified-ad clerks (4662)
326 Correspondence clerks (4663)
327 Order clerks (4664)
328 Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping (4692)
329 Library clerks (4694)
330-334 Not used
335 File clerks
336 Records clerks
337-344 Financial Records Processing Occupations
337 Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks (4712)

338 Payroll and timekeeping clerks (4713)
339 Billing clerks (4715)
340-342 Not used
343 Cost and rate clerks (4716)
344 Billing, posting and calculating machine operators (4718)
345-347 Duplicating, Mail and other Office Machine Operators
345 Duplicating machine operators (4722)
346 Mail preparing and paper handling machine operators (4723)
347 Office machine operators, n.e.c. (4729)
348-353 Communication Equipment Operators
348 Telephone operators (4732)
349 Telegraphers (4733)
350-352 Not used
353 Communications equipment operators, n.e.c. (4739)

354-357 Mail and Message Distributing Occupations
354 Postal clerks, exc. mail carriers (4742)
355 . Mail carriers, postal service (4743)
356 Mail clerks, exc. postal service (4744)
357 Messengers (4745)
358 Not used
359-374 Material Recording, Scheduling and Distributing Clerks, n.e.c.
359

360-362 Not used
Production coordinators (4752)
364 Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks (4753)

365 Stock and inventory clerks (4754)
366 Meter readers (4755)
367 Not used
368 Weighers, measurers and checkers (4756)
369 Samplers (4757)
370-372 Not used
373 Expediters (4758)
374 Material recording, scheduling and
distributing clerks, n.e.c. (4759)
375-378 Adjusters and Investigators
375 Insurance adjusters, examiners and investigators (4782)
376 : Investigators and adjusters, except insurance (4783)
377 Eligibility clerks, social welfare (4784)
378 Bill and account collectors (4786)
379-389 Miscellaneous Administrative Support occupations
379 General office clerks (463)
380-382 Not used
383 Bank tellers (4791)
384 Proofreaders (4792)
385 Data-entry keyers (4793)
386 Statistical clerks (4794)
387 Teachers aides (4795)
388 Not used
389 Administrative support occupations, n.e.c. (4787, 4799)
390-402 Not used
403-469 SERVICE OCCUPATIONS
403-407 Private fiousehold Occupations
403 Launderers and ironers (503)
404 Cooks, private household (504)
405 Housekeepers and butiers (505)
406 Child care workers, private household (506)
407 Private household cleaners and servants (502, 507, 509)
408-412 Not used
413-427 Protective Service Occupations
413-415 Supervisors, Protective Service Occupations
413 Supervisors, firefighting and fire prevention occupations (5111)
414 Supervisors, police and detectives (5112)
415 Supervisors, guards (5113)
416-417 Firefighting and Fire Prevention Occupations
416 Fire inspection and fire prevention occupations (5122)
417 Firefighting occupations (5123)

| 418-424 | Police and Detectives |
| :---: | :---: |
| 418 | Police and detectives, public service (5132) |
| 419-422 | Not used |
| 423 | Sheriffs, bailiffs and other law enforcement officers (5134) |
| 424 | Correctional institution officers (5133) |
| 425-427 | Guards |
| 425 | Crossing guards (5142) |
| 426 | Guards and police, exc. public service (5132) |
| 427 | Protective service occupations, n.e.c. (5149) |
| 428-432 | Not used |
| 433-469 | Service Occupations, except Protective and Household |
| 433-444 | Food Preparation and Service occupations |
| 433 | Supervisors, food preparation and service occupations (5211) |
| 434 | Bartenders (5212) |
| 435 | Waiters and waitresses (5213) |
| 436 | Cooks, except short order (5214) |
| 437 | Short-order cooks (5215) |
| 438 | Food counter, fountain and related occupations (5216) |
| 439 | Kitchen workers, food preparations (5217) |
| 440-442 | Not used |
| 443 | Waiters'/waitresses' assistants (5218) |
| 444 | Miscellaneous food preparation occupations (5236) |
| 445-447 | Health Service Occupations |
| 445 | Dental assistants (5232) |
| 446 | Health aides, except nursing (5233) |
| 447 | Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants (5236) |
| 448-455 | Cleaning and Building Service Occupations, except Household |
| 448 | Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers (5241) |
| 449 | Maids and housemen (5242, 5249) |
| 450-452 | Not used |
| 453 | Janitors and cleaners (5244) |
| 454 | Elevator operators (5245) |
| 455 | Pest control occupations (5246) |
| 456-469 | Personal Service Occupations |
| 456 | Supervisors, personal service occupations (5251) |
| 457 | Barbers (5252) |
| 458 | Hairdressers and cosmetologists (5253) |
| 459 | Attendants, amusement and recreation facilities (5254) |
| 460-462 | Not used |
| 463 | Guides (5255) |
| 464 | Ushers (5256) |
| 465 | Public transportation attendants (5257) |


| 466 | Baggage porters and bellhops (5262) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 467 | Welfare service aides (5263) |
| 468 | Child care workers, except private household (5264) |
| 469 | ```Personal service occupations, n.e.c. (5258, 5269)``` |
| 470-472 | Not used |
| 473-499 | FARMING, FORESTRY AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS |
| 473-476 | Farm Operators and Managers |
| 473 | Farmers, except horticulture (5512-5514) |
| 474 | Horticultural specialty farmers (5515) |
| 475 | Managers, farms, except horticultural (5222-5524) |
| 476 | Managers, horticultural specialty farms (5525) |
| 477-489 | Other Agricultural and Related Occupations |
| 477-484 | Farm Occupations, Except Managerial |
| 477 | Supervisors, farm workers (5611) |
| 478 | Not used |
| 479 | Farm workers (5612-5617) |
| 480-482 | Not used |
| 483 | Marine life cultivation workers (5618) |
| 484 | Nursery workers (5619) |
| 485-489 | Related Agricultural Occupations |
| 485 | Supervisors, related agricultural occupations (5621) |
| 486 | Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm (5624) |
| 487 | Animal caretakers, except farm (5625) |
| 488 | Graders and sorters, agricultural products (5625) |
| 489 | Inspectors, agricultural products (5627) |
| 490-493 | Not used |
| 494-496 | Forestry and Logging Occupations |
| 494 | Supervisors, forestry and logging workers (571) |
| 495 | Forestry workers, except logging (572) |
| 496 | Timber cutting and logging occupations (573, 579) |
| 497-499 | Fishers, Hunters and Trappers |
| 497 | Captains and other officers, fishing vessels (Pt. 8241) |
| 498 | Fishers (583) |
| 499 | Hunters and trappers (584) |
| 500-50 | Not used |
| 503-699 | PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS |
| 503-549 | Mechanics and Repairers |
| 503 | Supervisors, mechanics and repairers (60) |
| 504 | Not used |


| 505-549 | Mechanics and Repairers, except Supeat |
| :---: | :---: |
| 505-517 | Vehicles and Mobile Equipment Mechanics and Repairers |
| 505 | Automobile mechanics (Pt. 6111) |
| 506 | Automobile mechanic apprentices (pt. 6111) |
| 507 | Bus, truck and stationary engine mechanics $(6112)$ |
| 508 | Aircraft engine mechanics (6113) |
| 509 | Small engine repairers (6114) |
| 510-513 | Not used |
| 514 | Automobile body and related repairers (6115) |
| 515 | Aircraft mechanics, exc. engine (6116) |
| 516 | Heavy equipment mechanics (6117) |
| 517 | Farm equipment mechanics (6118) |
| 518 | Industrial machinery repairers (613) |
| 519 | Machinery maintenance occupations (614) |
| 520-522 | Not used |
| 523-533 | Electrical and Electronic Equipment Repairers |
| 523 | Electronic repairers, communication and industrial equipment $(6151,6153,6155)$ |
| 524 | Not used |
| 525 | Data processing equipment repairers (6154) |
| 526 | Household appliance and power tool repairers (6156) |
| 527 | Telephone line installers and repairers (6157) |
| 528 | Not used |
| 529 | Telephone instaliers and repairers (6158) |
| 530-532 | Not used |
| 533 | Miscellaneous electrical and electronic equipment repairers $(6152,6159)$ |
| 534 | Heating, air conditioning and refrigeration mechanics (616) |
| 535-549 | Miscellaneous Mechanics and Repairers |
| 535 | Camera, watch and musical instrument repairers (6137) |
| 536 | Locksmiths and safe repairers (6173) |
| 537 | Not used |
| 538 | Office machine repairers (6174) |
| 539 | Mechanical controls and valve repairers (6175) |
| 540-542 | Not used |
| 543 | Elevator installers and repairers (6176) |
| 544 | Millwrights (6178) |
| 545-546 | Not used |
| 547 | Specified mechanics and repairers, n.e.c $(6177,6179)$ |
| 548 | Not used |
| 549 | Not specified mechanics and repairers |
| 550-552 | Not used |
| 553-599 | Construction Trades |
| 553-558 | Supervisors, Construction Occupations |
| 553 | Supervisors; brickmasons, stonemasons and tile setters (6312) |

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554 Supervisors, carpenters and related workers
    (6313)
555 Supervisors, electricians and power
        transmission installers (6134)
556 Supervisors; painters, paperhangers and
        plasterers (6315)
557 Supervisors; plumbers, pipefitters and
        steamfitters (6316)
    558 Supervisors, n.e.c. \((6311,6318)\)
    559-562 Not used
    563-599 Construction Trades, except Supervisors
    563 Brickmasons and stonemasons (Pt. 6412, Pt.
        6413)
    564 Brickmason and stonemason apprentices (Pt.
        6412, Pt. 6413)
    565 Tile setters, hard and soft (6414, Pt. 6462)
    566 Carpet installers (Pt. 6462)
    567 Carpenters (Pt. 6422)
    568 Not used
    569 Carpenter apprentices (Pt. 6422)
    570-572 Not used
    573 Drywall installers (6424)
    574 Not used
    575 Electricians (Pt. 6432)
    576 Electrician apprentices (Pt. 6432)
    577 Electrical power installers and repairers
        (6433)
    578 Not used
    579 Painters, construction and maintenance
        (6442)
    580-582 Not used
    583 Paperhangers (6443)
    584 Plasters (6444)
    585 Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters
        (Pt. 645)
    586 Not used
    587 Plumber, pipefitters and steamfitter
        apprentices (Pt. 645)
    588 Concrete and terrazzo finishers (6463)
    589 Glaziers (6464)
    590-592 Not used
    593 Insulation workers (6465)
    594 Paving, surfacing and tamping equipment
        sperators (6466)
    595 Roofers (6468)
    595 Sheetmetal duct installers (6472)
    596 Structural metal workers (6473)
    598 Drillers, earth (6474)
    599 Construction trades, n.e.c. (6467, 6475,
    6476, 6379)
600-612 Not used
613-617 Extractive Occupations
613 Supervisors, extractive occupations (632)
614 Drillers, oil well (652)
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| 615 | Explosives workers (653) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 616 | Mining machine operators (654) |
| 617 | Mining occupations, n.e.c. (656) |
| 618-632 | Not used |
| 633-699 | Precision Production Occupations |
| 633 | Supervisors, production occupations (67, 71) |
| 634-655 | Precision Metal Working Occupations |
| 634 | Tool and die makers (Pt. 6811) |
| 635 | Tool and die maker apprentices (Pt. 6811) |
| 636 | Precision assemblers, metal (6812) |
| 637 | Machinists (Pt. 6813) |
| 638 | Not used |
| 639 | Machinist apprentices (Pt. 6813) |
| 640-642 | Not used |
| 643 | Boilermakers (6814) |
| 644 | Precision grinders, filers and tool sharpeners (6816) |
| 645 | Patternmakers and model makers, metal (6817) |
| 646 | Lay-out workers (6821) |
| 647 | Precious stones and metals workers (jewelers) $(6822,6886)$ |
| 648 | Not used |
| 649 | Engravers, metal (6823) |
| 650-652 | Not used |
| 653 | Sheet metal workers (Pt. 6824) |
| 654 | Sheet metal worker apprentices (Pt. 6824) |
| 655 | Miscellaneous precision metal workers (6829) |
| 656-659 | Precision Woodworking Occupations |
| 656 | Patternmakers and model makers, wood (6831) |
| 657 | Cabinet makers and bench carpenters (6832) |
| 658 | Furniture and wood finishers (6835) |
| 659 | Miscellaneous precision woodworkers (6839) |
| 660-665 | Not used |
| 666-674 | Precision Textile, Apparel and Furnishings Machine Workers |
| 666 | Dressmakers (Pt. 6852, Pt 7752) |
| 667 | Tailors (Pt. 6852) |
| 668 | Upholsterers (6853) |
| 669 | Shoe repairers (6854) |
| 670-672 | Not used |
| 673 | Apparel and fabric patternmakers (6856) |
| 674 | Miscellaneous precision apparel and fabric workers (6859, Pt. 7752) |
| 675-684 | Precision Workers, Assorted Materials |
| 675 | Hand molders and shapers, exc. Jewelers (6861) |
| 676 | Patternmakers, lay-out workers and cutters (6862) |
| 677 | ```Optical goods workers (6864, Pt. 7477, Pt. 7677)``` |
| 678 | Dental laboratory and medical appliance technicians (6865) |
| 679 | Bookbinders (6844) |


| $\begin{aligned} & 680-682 \\ & 683 \end{aligned}$ | Not used Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers (6867) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 684 | Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. (6869) |
| 685 | Not used |
| 686-688 | Precision Food Production Occupations |
| 86 | Butchers and meat cutters (68 |
| 687 | Bakers (6872) |
| 688 | Food batchmakers (6873, 6879) |
| 689-692 | Precision Inspectors, Testers and Related Workers |
| 689 | Inspectors, testers and graders (6881, 828) |
| 690-69 | Not used |
| 693 | Adjusters and calibrators (6882) |
| 694-699 | Plant and System Operators |
| 694 | Water and sewage treatment plant operators (691) |
| 695 | Power plant operators (Pt. 693) |
| 696 | Stationary engineers (Pt. 693, 7668) |
| 697-698 | Not used |
| 699 | Miscellaneous plant and system operators $(692,694,695,696)$ |
| 700-70 | Not used |
| 703-889 | OPERATORS, FABRICATORS AND LABORERS |
| 703-799 | Machine Operators, Assemblers and Inspectors |
| 703-779 | Machine Operators and Tenders except Precision |
| 703-715 | Metalworking and Plastic Working Machine Operators |
| 703 | Lathe and turning machine set-up operators (7312) |
| 704 | Lathe and turning machine operators (7512) (7512) |
| 705 | Milling and planing machine operators (7313, 7513) |
| 706 | Punching and stamping press machine operators (7314, 7342, 7515, 7542) |
| 707 | Rolling machine operators ( 7316,7516 ) |
| 708 | Drilling and boring machine operators $(7318,7518)$ |
| 709 | Grinding, abrading, buffing and polishing machine operators $(7322,7324,7522)$ |
| 710-712 | Not used |
| 713 | Forging machine operators (7319, 7519) |
| 714 | Numerical control machine operators (7326) |
| 715 | Miscellaneous metal, plastic, stone and glass working machine operators $(7329,7529)$ |
| 716 | Not used |
| 717 | Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. (7339, 7539) |
| 18 | Not |


| 719-725 | Metal and Plastic Processing Machine Operators |
| :---: | :---: |
| 719 | Molding and casting machine operators (7315, 7342, 7515, 7542) |
| 720-722 | Not used |
| 723 | Metal plating machine operators $(7343,7543)$ |
| 724 | Heat treating equipment operators $(7344,7544)$ |
| 725 | Miscellaneous metal and plastic processing machine operators (7349, 7549) |
| 726-733 | Woodworking Machine Operators |
| 726 | Wood lathe, routing and planing machine operators (7431, 7432, 7631, 7632) |
| 727 | Sawing machine operators ( 7433,7633 ) |
| 728 | Shaping and joining machine operators ( 7435,7635 ) |
| 729 | Nail and tacking machine operators (7636) |
| 730-732 | Not used |
| 733 | Miscellaneous woodworking machine operator $(7434,7439,7634,7639)$ |
| 734-737 | Printing Machine Operators |
| 734 | Printing machine operators ( 7443,7643$)$ |
| 735 | Photoengravers and 1 ithographers (6842, 7444, 7644) |
| 736 | Typesetters and compositors (6841, 7642) |
| 737 | Miscellaneous printing machine operators (6849, 7449, 7649) |
| 738-749 | Textile, Apparel and Furnishings Machine Operators |
| 738 | Winding and twisting machine operators $(7451,7651)$ |
| 739 | Knitting, looping, taping and weaving machine operators (7452, 7652) |
| 740-742 | Not used |
| 743 | Textile cutting machine operators (7654) |
| 744 | Textile sewing machine operators (7655) |
| 745 | Shoe machine operators (7656) |
| 746 | Not used |
| 747 | Pressing machine operators (7657) |
| 748 | Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators $(6855,7658)$ |
| 749 | Miscellaneous textile machine operators (7459, 7659) |
| 750-752 | Not used |
| 753-779 | Machine Operators, Assorted Materials |
| 753 | Cementing and gluing machine operators (766I) |
| 754 | Packaging and filling machine operators (7462, 7662) |
| 755 | Extruding and forming machine operators $(7463,7663)$ |
| 756 | Mixing and blending machine operators (7664) |


| 757 | Separating, filtering and clarifying machine operators $(7476,7666,7676$ ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 758 | Compressing and compacting machine operators $(7467,7667)$ |
| 759 | Painting and paint spraying machine operators (7669) |
| 760-762 | Not used |
| 763 | Roasting and baking machine operators, food (7472, 7672) |
| 764 | Washing, cleaning and pickling machine operators (7673) |
| 765 | Folding machine operators (7474, 7674) |
| 766 | Furnace, kiln and oven operators, exc. food (7675) |
| 767 | Not used |
| 768 | Crushing and grinding machine operators (Pt. 7477, Pt. 7677) |
| 769 | Slicing and cutting machine operators (7478, 7678) |
| 770-772 | Not used |
| 773 | Motion picture projectionists (Pt. 7479) |
| 774 | Photographic process machine operators $(6853,6868,7671)$ |
| 775-776 | Not used |
| 777 | Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. (Pt. 7479, 766, 7679) |
| 778 | Not used |
| 779 | Machine operators, not specified |
| 780-782 | Not used |
| 783-795 | Fabricators, Assemblers and Hand Working Occupations |
| 783 | Welders and cutters (7332, 7532, 7714) |
| 784 | Solderers and brazers $(7333,7533,7717)$ |
| 785 | Assemblers (772, 774) |
| 786 | Hand cutting and trimming occupations (7753) |
| 787 | Hand molding, casting and forming occupations $(7754,7755)$ |
| 788 | Not used |
| 789 | Hand painting, coating and decorating occupations (7756) |
| 790-792 | Not used |
| 793 | Hand engraving and printing occupations (7757) |
| 794 | Hand grinding and printing occupations (7758) |
| 795 | Miscellaneous hand working occupations (7759) |
| 796-799 | Production Inspectors, Testers, Samplers and Weighers |
| 796 | Production inspectors, checkers and examiners (782, 787) |
| 797 | Production testers (783) |
| 798 | Production samplers and weighers (784) |

        Truck drivers, light (8214)
        Driver-sales workers (8218)
    $\begin{array}{ll}807 & \text { Not used } \\ 808 & \text { Bus drivers (8215) }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}807 & \text { Not used } \\ 808 & \text { Bus drivers (8215) } \\ 809 & \text { Taxicab drivers an }\end{array}$
810-812 Not used
813 Parking lot attendants
814 Motor transportation occupations, n.e.c.
(8219)
815-822 Not used
823-834 Transportation Occupations, exc. Motor
Vehicles
823-826 Rail Transportation Occupations
823 Railroad conductors and yardmasters (81/3)
824 Locomotive operating occupations (8232)
825 Railroad brake, signal and switch operators
(8233)
826 Rail vehicle operators, n.e.c. (8219)
827 Not used
828-834 Water Transportation Occupations
828 Ship captains and mates, exc. fishing boats
(Pt. 8241, 8242)
829 Sailors and deckhands (8243)
830-832 Not used
833 Marine engineers (8244)
834 Bridge, lock and lighthouse tenders (8245)
835-842 Not used
843-859 Material Moving Equipment Operators
843
Supervisors, material moving equipment
operators (812)
844 Operating engineers (8312)
845 Longshore equipment operators (8313)
846-847 Not used
$848 \quad$ Hoist and winch operators (8314)
$849 \quad$ Crane and tower operators (8315)
850-852 Not used
853 Excavating and loading machine operators
(8316)
Not used
Grader, dozer and scraper operations (8317)
Industrial truck and tractor equipment
operators (8318)
857-858 Not used
859 Miscellaneous material moving equipment
operators (8319)
860-862 Not used
863-889 Handlers, Equipment Cleaners, Helpers and

863 Supervisors, handlers, equipment cleaners and laborers, n.e.c. (85)
864 Helpers, mechanics and repairers (863)
865-867 Helpers, Construction and Extractive Occupations
865 Helpers, construction trades (8641-8645, 8648)

866 Helpers, surveyor (8646)
867 Helpers, extractive occupations (865)
868 Not used
869 Constructions laborers (871)
870-872 Not used
873 Production lielpers $(861,862)$
874 Not used
875-883 Freight, Stock and Material Handlers
875 Garbage collectors (8722)
876 Stevedores (8723)
877 Stock handlers and baggers (8724)
878 Hachine feeders and offbearers (8725)
879-88
Not used
883 Freight, stock and material handlers, n.e.c. (8726)

884 : Not used
885 Garage and service station related occupation (873)

Not used
886 Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners (875)
888 Hand packers and packagers (8761)
889 Laborers, exc. construction (8769)
890-904 Not used
905 Assigned to persons whose labor force status is unemployed and whose last jot was Armed Forces since 1975

906-908 Not used
909 Assigned to persons whose labor force status is unemployed and who last worked in 1974 or earlier

910+ Not used

PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS
001 Accountants
002 Architects
Computer specialists
003 Computer programmers
004 Computer systems analysts
005 Computer specialists, n.e.c.
Engineers
006 Aeronautical and astronautical engineers
010 Chemical engineers
011 Civil engineers
012 Electrical and electronic engineers
013 Industrial engineers
014 Mechanical engineers
015 Metallurgical and materials engineers
020 Mining engineers
021 Petroleum engineers
022 Sales engineers
023 Engineers, n.e.c.
024 Farm management advisors
025 Foresters and conservationists
026 Home management advisors
Lawyers and judges
030 Judges
031 Lawyers
Librarians, archivists, and curators
032 Librarians
033 Archivists and curators
Mathematical specialists
034 Actuaries
035 Mathematicians
036 Statisticians
Life and physical scientists
042 Agricultural scientists
043 Atmospheric and space scientists
044 Biological scientists
045 Chemists
051 Geologists
052 Marine scientists

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0 5 3 \text { Physicists and astronomers}
054 Life and physical scientists, n.e.c.
055 Operations and systems researchers and analysts
0 5 6 ~ P e r s o n n e l ~ a n d ~ l a b o r ~ r e l a t i o n s ~ w o r k e r s
Physicians, dentists, and related
Practitioners
0 6 1 ~ C h i r o p r a c t o r s ~
0 6 2 \text { Dentists}
063 Optometrists
064 Pharmacists
065 Physicians, medical and osteopathic
0 7 1 \text { Podiatrists}
0 7 2 \text { Veterinarians}
0 7 3 \text { Health practitioners; n.e.c.}
Nurses, dietitians, and therapists
074 Dietitians
075 Registered nurses
0 7 6 ~ T h e r a p i s t s
Health technologists and technicians
080 Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians
0 8 1 ~ D e n t a l ~ h y g i e n i s t s ~
0 8 2 \text { Health record technologists and technicians}
083 Radiologic technologists and technicians
084 Therapy assistants
085 Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.
Religious workers
086 Clergymen
0 9 0 \text { Religious workers, n.e.c.}
Social scientists
091 Economists
092 Political scientists
0 9 3 \text { Psychologists}
094 Sociologists
0 9 5 \text { Urban and regional planners}
096 Social scientists, n.e.c.
Social and recreation workers
100 Social workers
101 Recreation workers
Teachers, college and university
102 Agriculture teachers
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103 Atmospheric, earth, marine, and space
    teachers
104 Biology teachers
105 Chemistry teachers
110 Physics teachers
11| Engineering teachers
112 Mathematics teachers
113 Health specialties teachers
114 Psychology teachers
115 Business and commerce teachers
116 Economics teachers
120 History teachers
121. Sociology teachers
122 Social science teachers, n.e.c.
123 Art, drama, and music teachers
124 Coaches and physical education teachers
125 Education teachers
126 English teachers
130 Foreign language teachers
131 Home economics teachers
132 Law teachers
133 Theology teachers
134 Trade, industrial, and technical teachers
135 Miscellaneous teachers, college and
    university
140 Teachers, college and university, subject
        not specified
Teachers, except college and university
141 Adult education teachers
142 Elementary school teachers
143 Prekindergarten and kindergarten teachers
144 Secondary school teachers
145 Teachers, except college and university,
n.e.c.
Engineering and science technicians
150 Agriculture and biological technicians,
    except health
151 Chemical technicians
152 Draftsmen
153 Electrical and electronic engineering
    technicians
154 Industrial engineering technicians
155 Mechanical engineering technicians
156 Mathematical technicians
1 6 ) \text { Surveyors}
162 Engineering and science technicians, n.e.c.
Technicians, except health and engineering and
science
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163 Airplane pilots
164 Air traffic controllers
165 Embalmers
170 Flight engineers
171 Radio operators
172 Tool programmers, numerical control
173 Technicians, n.e.c.
174 Vocational and educational counselors
Writers, artists, and entertainers
175 Actors
180 Athletes and kindred workers
181 Authors
182 Dancers
183 Designers
184 Editors and reporters
185 Musicians and composers
190 Painters and sculptors
191 Photographers
192 Public relations men and publicity writers
193 Radio and television announcers
194 Writers, artists, and entertainers, n.e.c.
195 Research workers, not specified

MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM

```
201 Assessors, controllers, and treasurers; local
    public administration
    202 Bank officers and financial managers
    203 Buyers and shippers, farm products
    205 Buyers, wholesale and retail trade
    210 Credit men
    211 Funeral directors
    212 Health administrators
    213 Construction inspectors, public administration
    215 Inspectors, except construction, public
        administration
    216 Managers and superintendents, building
    220 Office managers, n.e.c.
    221 Officers, pilots, and pursers; ship
    222 Officials and administrators; public
        administration, n.e.c.
    223 Officials of lodges, societies, and unions
    224 Postmasters and mail superintendents
    225 Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.
    226 Railroad conductors
    230 Restaurant, cafeteria, and bar managers
    231 Sales managers and department heads, retail
        trade
    233 Sales managers, except retail trade
    235 School administrators, college
    240 School administrators, elementary and
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```
    secondary
245 Managers and administrators, n.e.c.
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## SALES WORKERS

## 260 Advertising agents and salesmen

261 Auctioneers
262 Demonstrators
264 Hucksters and peddlers
265 Insurance agents, brokers, and underwriters
266 Newsboys
270 Real estates agents and brokers
271 Stock and bond salesmen
280 Salesmen and sales clerks, n.e.c.
281 Sales Representative, manufacturing industries
282 Sales Representative, wholesale trade
283 Sales clerk, retail trade
284 Salesmen, retail trade
285 Salesmen of services and construction

CLERICAL AND KINDRED WORKERS
301 Bank tellers
303 Billing clerks
305 Bookkeepers
310 Cashiers
311 Clerical assistants, social welfare
312 Clerical supervisors, n.e.c.
313 Collectors, bill and account
314 Counter clerks, except food
315 Dispatchers and starters, vehicle
320 Enumerators and interviewers
321 Estimators and investigators, n.e.c.
323 Expediters and production controllers
325 File clerks
326 insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators
330 Library attendants and assistants
331 Mail carriers, post office
332 Mailhandlers, except post office
333 Messengers and office boys
334 Meter readers, utilities
Office machine operators
341 Bookkeeping and billing machine operators
342 Calculating machine operators
343 Computer and peripheral equipment operators
344 Duplicating machine operators
345 Key punch operators
350 Tabulating machine operators

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    355 Office machine operators, n.e.c.
    360 Payroll and timekeeping clerks
    361 Postal clerks
    362 Proofreaders
    363 Real estate appraisers
    364 Receptionists
    Secretaries
    370 Secretaries, legal
    371 Secretaries, medical
    372 Secretaries, n.e.c.
    374 Shipping and receiving clerks
    375 Statistical clerks
    376 Stenographers
    381 Stock clerks and storekeepers
    382 Teacher aides, except school monitors
    383 Telegraph messengers
    384 Telegraph operators
    385 Telephone operators
    390 Ticket, station, and express agents
    391 Typists
    392 Weighers
    394 Miscellaneous clerical workers
    395 Not specified clerical workers
CRAFTSMEN AND KINDRED WORKERS
    4 0 1 ~ A u t o m o b i l e ~ a c c e s s o r i e s ~ i n s t a l l e r s
    4 0 2 ~ B a k e r s
    4 0 3 ~ B l a c k s m i t h s
    4 0 4 ~ B o i l e r m a k e r s ~
    4 0 5 ~ B o o k b i n d e r s
    410 Brickmasons and stonemasons
    411 Brickmasons and stonemasons, apprentices
    4 1 2 \text { Bulldozer operators}
    413 Cabinetmakers
    4 1 5 \text { Carpenters}
    4 1 6 \text { Carpenter apprentices}
    4 2 0 ~ C a r p e t ~ i n s t a l l e r s ~
    421 Cement and concrete finishers
    422 Compositers and typesetters
    423 Printing trades apprentices, except pressmen
    424 Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen
    4 2 5 \text { Decorators and window dressers}
    4 2 6 \text { Dental laboratory technicians}
    430 Electricians
    4 3 1 ~ E l e c t r i c i a n ~ a p p r e n t i c e s
    4 3 3 \text { Electric power linemen and cablemen}
    434 Electrotypers and stereotypers
    435 Engravers, except photoengravers
    4 3 6 \text { Excavating, grading, and road machine}
        operators; except bulldozer
    440 Floor layers, except tile setters
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441 Foremen, n.e.c.
442 Forgemen and hammermen
443 Furniture and wood finishers
444 Furriers
445 Glaziers
446 Heat treaters, amnealers, and temperers
450 Inspectors, scalers; and graders; log and
    lumber
452 Inspectors, n.e.c.
4 5 3 ~ J e w e l e r s ~ a n d ~ w a t c h m a k e r s
4 5 4 ~ J o b ~ a n d ~ d i e ~ s e t t e r s , ~ m e t a l ~
4 5 5 \text { Locomotive engineers}
456 Locomotive firemen
461 Machinists
462 Machinist apprentices
Mechanics and repairmen
470 Airconditioning, heating, refrigeration
471 Aircraft
472 Automobile body repairmen
473 Automobile mechanics
474 Automobile mechanic apprentices
475 Data processing machine repairmen
480 Farm implement
4 8 1 \text { Heavy equipment mechanics, including diesel}
482 Household appliance and accessory
    installers and mechanics
483 Loom fixers
484 Office machine
485 Radio and television
486 Railroad and car shop
4 9 1 ~ M e c h a n i c ~ a p p r e n t i c e s , ~ e x c e p t ~ a u t o ~
4 9 2 \text { Miscellaneous mechanics and repairmen}
4 9 5 \text { Not specified mechanics and repairmen}
501 Millers; grain, flour, and feed
5 0 2 ~ M i l l w r i g h t s
503 Molders, metal
504 Molder apprentices
5 0 5 \text { Motion picture projectionists}
506 Opticians, and lens grinders and polishers
510 Painters, construction and maintenance
511 Painter apprentices
512 Paperhangers
314 Pattern and model makers, except paper
515 Photoengravers and lithographers
516 Piano and organ tuners and repairmen
520 Plasterers
521 Plasterer apprentices
522 Plumbers and pipe fitters
523 Plumber and pipe fitter apprentices
525 Power station operators
530 Pressmen and plate printers, printing
531 Pressman apprentices
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533 Rollers and finishers, metal
5 3 4 \text { Roofers and slaters}
535 Sheetmetal workers and tinsmiths
536 Sheetmetal apprentices
540 Shipfitters
542 Shoe repairmen
543 Sign painters and letterers
545 Stationary engineers
546 Stone cutters and stone carvers
550 Structural metal craftsmen
551 Tailors
552 Telephone installers and repairmen
554 Telephone linemen and splicers
560 Tile setters
561 Tool and die makers
562 Tool and die maker apprentices
563 Upholsterers
571 Specified craft apprentices, n.e.c.
5 7 2 \text { Not specified apprentices}
575 Craftsmen and kindred workers, n.e.c.
580 Former members of the Armed Forces
6 0 0 \text { Present member of the Armed Forces}
OPERATIVES; EXCEPT TRANSPORT
6 0 1 ~ A s b e s t o s ~ a n d ~ i n v u l a t i o n ~ w o r k e r s
602 Assemblers
6 0 3 \text { Blasters and powdermen}
6 0 4 ~ B o t t l i n g ~ a n d ~ c a n n i n g ~ o p e r a t i v e s
6 0 5 \text { Chainmen, rodmen, and axmen; surveying}
610 Checkers, examiners, and inspectors;
manufacturing
6 1 1 ~ C l o t h i n g ~ i r o n e r s ~ a n d ~ p r e s s e r s
6 1 2 \text { Cutting operatives, n.e.c.}
613 Dressmakers and seamstresses, except factory
6 1 4 ~ D r i l l e r s , ~ e a r t h ~
6 1 5 \text { Dry wall installers and lathers}
6 2 0 \text { Dyers}
6 2 1 ~ F i l e r s , ~ p o l i s h e r s , ~ s a n d e r s , ~ a n d ~ b u f f e r s
622 Furnacemen, smeltermen, and pourers
6 2 3 \text { Garage workers and gas station attendants}
624 Graders and sorters, manufacturing
6 2 5 ~ P r o d u c e ~ g r a d e r s ~ a n d ~ p a c k e r s , ~ e x c e p t ~ f a c t o r y ~
and farm
6 2 6 ~ H e a t e r s , ~ m e t a l ~
6 3 0 \text { Laundry and dry cleaning operative, n.e.c.}
6 3 1 \text { Meat cutters and butchers, except}
manufacturing
6 3 3 \text { Meat cutters and butchers, manufacturing}
634 Meat wrappers, retail trade
6 3 5 \text { Metal platers}
636 Milliners
640 Mine operatives, n.e.c.
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641 Mixing operatives
642 Dilers and greasers, except auto
643 Packers and wrappers, except meat and produce
644 Painters, manufactured articles
645 Photographic process workers
Precision machine operatives
650 Drill press operatives
651 Grinding machine operatives
652 Lathe and milling machine operatives
653 Precision machine operatives, n.e.c.
656 Punch and stamping press operatives
660 Riveters and fasteners
661 Sailors and deckhands
662 Sawyers
663 Sewers and stitchers
664 Shoemaking machine operatives
665 Solderers
666 Stationary firemen
Textile operatives
670 Carding, lapping, and combing operatives
671 Knitters, loopers, and toppers
672 Spinners, twisters, and winders
673 Weavers
674 Textile operatives, n.e.c.
680 Welders and flame-cutters
681 Winding operatives, n.e.c.
690 Machine operatives, miscellaneous specified
692 Machine operatives, not specified
694 Miscellaneous operatives
695 Not specified operatives

TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES
701 Boatmen and canalmen
703 Bus drivers
704 Conductors and motormen, urban rail transit
705 Deliverymen and routemen
706 Fork lift and tow motor operatives
710 Motormen; mine, factory, logging camp, etc.
711 Parking attendants
712 Railroad brakemen
713 Railroad switchmen
714 Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs
715 Truck drivers

## LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM

740 Animal caretakers, except farm

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750 Carpenters' helpers
751 Construction laborers, except carpenters'
    helpers
752 Fishermen and oystermen
753 Freight and material handlers
754 Garbage rollectors
755 Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm
760 Longshoremen and stevedores
761 Lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers
7 6 2 \text { Stockhandlers}
7 6 3 \text { Teamsters}
764 Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners
7 7 0 \text { Warehousemen, n.e.c.}
780 Miscellaneous laborers
7 8 5 \text { Not specified laborers}
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS
801 Farmers (owners and tenants)
802 Farm managers
FARM LABORERS AND FARM FOREMEN
821 Farm foremen
822 Farm laborers, wage workers
823 Farm laborers, unpaid family workers
824 Farm service laborers, self-employed
SERVICE WORKERS, EXCLUDING PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD
Cleaning Service Workers
901 Chambermaids and maids, except private
        household
902 Cleaners and charwomen
903 Janitors and sextons
Food Service Workers
910 Bartenders
9 1 1 ~ B u s b o y s
9 1 2 ~ C o o k s , ~ e x c e p t ~ p r i v a t e ~ h o u s e h o l d
913 Dishwashers
914 Food counter and fountain workers
915 Waiters
916 Food service workers, n.e.c., except
    private household
Health Service Workers
921 Dental assistants
922 Health aides, except nursing
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923 Health trainees
924 Lay midwives
925 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants
926 Practical nurses
Personal Service Workers
931 Airline stewardesses
932 Attendants, recreation and amusement
933 Attendants, personal service, n.e.c.
934 Baggage porters and bellhops
935 Barbers
940 Boarding and lodging house keepers
941 Bootblacks
942 Child care workers, except private household
943 Elevator operators
944 Hairdressers and cosmetologists
945 Personal service apprentices
950 Housakeepers, except private household
952 School monitors
953 Ushers, recreation and amusement
954 Welfare service aides
Protective Service Workers
960 Crossing guards and bridge tenders
961 Firemen, fire protection
962 Guards and watchmen
963 Marshals and constables
964 Policemen and detectives
965 Sheriffs and bailiffs

## PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS

980 Child care workers, private household
981 Cooks, private household
982 Housekeepers, private household
983 Laundresses, private household
984 Maids and servants, private household
999 Occupation not reported

GLOSSARY

In this documentation, revisions of the NCS Crime Incident Report are referenced by the date which they were implemented in the field.

Address Segment
See: Segment
AGE
Age is determined by asking respondent for month, day, and year of birth. From this birthdate, the interviewer determines the respondent's age as of the last day of the month previous to the interview month. The respondent is asked to verify the calculated age. Age is important to determine interview eligibility and type of interview to be conducted: 1) under 12 - not interviewed; number of such children is determined from household respondent, 2) 12 and older - universe for interviews, 3) Prior to July of 1986, 12 and 13 - proxy interview conducted, 4) Beginning in July of 1986, 12 and older - interviewed individually, unless ill or otherwise unavailable, or a knowledgeable adult objects to the interviewing of the 12 and 13 year olds, 5) 16 and older - interview includes employment status question.

ASSAULT
This category is defined in BJS publications to be an unlawful physical attack, whether aggravated or simple, upon a person. It includes attempted assaults with or without a weapon, but excludes rape or attempted rape, as well as attacks involving theft or attempted theft, which are classified as robbery. Severity of these attacks are classified into two major sub-categories, simple and aggravated assault. Simple assault is defined as an attack without a weapon resulting either in minor injury (e.g., bruises, black eyes, cuts, scratches, swelling) or in undetermined injury requiring less than two days of hospitalization. It also includes attempted assault without a weapon. Aggravated assault is defined as an attack with a weapon, irrespective of whether or not there was injury, or an attack without a weapon that resulted in serious injury (e.g., broken bones, loss of teeth, internal injuries, loss of consciousness) or in undetermined injury requiring two or more days of hospitalization. It also includes attempted assault with a weapon.

See also: Rape, crimes
ARMED FORCES
See: Military Status

## ATTACKED

For a victim to have been attacked, there must have been some form of actual physical contact between the victim and the offender. If something was thrown at the victim but did not hit him/her or if $s /$ he was shot at but not struck by the bullet, s/he is not considered to have been attacked, but threatened. See also: Threatened

ATTEMPTED FORCIBLE ENTRY
A form of burglary in which force is used in an attempt to gain entrance, e.g., by breaking a window or slashing a screen. The same definition is used in the BJS published reports and the NCS Classification Scheme.

See also: Burglary, Forcible Entry, Unlawful Entry Without Force

AUTO THEFT
See: Motor Vehicle Theft
BASIC SCREEN QUESTIONNAIRE
Used to obtain characteristics of the household and individual household members 12 years of age and older, as well as to screen for incidents of crime against the household and/or household members. It has four sections: 1) cover page for identification items and general information, 2) personal characteristics items for obtaining general information on persons, 3) household screen questions, asked only of the household respondent, to elicit information on whether any household crimes were committed during the reference period, and 4) individual screen questions, asked of all household members twelve and over including the household respondent, to elicit information on whether any crimes against individual household members were committed during the reference period. See also: Household Screen Questions, Questionnaire Forms, Interviewing Sequence

BOUNDING PROCEDURE
A technique used in the National Sample to establish a time of reference during the first interview to avoid recording duplicate reports of incidents in subsequent interviews. A bounding interview is conducted at the first visit to the household. Data
collected from this interview are not tabulated. In subsequent interviews, newly reported incidents are compared with descriptions of incidents reported in the previous interview. The incident is eliminated if the interviewer determines that the same incident has been reported in the previous interview period. In the 1972 and the first half of 1973 NCS National Sample interviews, the first-time interviews were unbounded. Bounded interviews started in January 1973 and July 1973 for the first rotation groups; thus, by July 1973. bounded interviews were being conducted in all returning rotation groups. Because of the large number of unbounded interviews, the 1972 National Sample files are not being released.
See also: Sample Rotation, Reference Period

## BURGLARY

One of the six major types of crimes covered by the National Crime Survey. Burglary refers to the following crimes against households: forcible entry and unlawful entry without force, usually but not necessarily attended by theft, and attempted forcible entry. The same definition is used in the BJS published reforts and the NCS Classification Scheme. See also: Crimes, Forcible Entry, Unlawful Entry Without Force, Attempted Forcible Entry

## CENTRAL CITY

The incorporated city (or cities) which is central to an urbanized area and/or a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area. It is bounded by city limits. A central city or the combined central cities must have a population of 50,000 or more.
See also: Urbanized Area, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Place Description Code

## CHECK DIGIT

In the National Sample, the control digit is computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number and sample number. The check digit is part of the control number which uniquely identifies a sample unit.
See also: Control Number

CHILDREN UNDER 12, CRIMES AGAINST
Crimes against children under 12 are not included in the NCS. If items belonging to a child were stolen from inside the home or from the immediate vicinity and the child was not attacked or threatened, the incident is treated as a household crime.

CLASS OF WORKER
Categories include:
Private Employee - person who work for a private
employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, piece-rates, or pay in kind; this applies regardless of the occupation at which the employee worked, whether general manager, file clerk, or porter. Also includes persons working for pay for settlement houses, churches, unions, and other private non-profit organizations.
Government Employee - persons who work for any branch of federal, state or local governments. It includes persons who were elected to paid federal offices and members of the Armed Forces. Also includes employees of international organizations and employees of foreign governments. Self-Employed persons who work for profit or fees in own business, farm, shop, office, etc. Does not apply to managers, superintendents, or other executives hired to manage a business.
Working Without Pay - persons working without pay on a farm or business operated by a related member of the household. Room and board and a cash allowance are not counted as pay for these family workers; however, if the worker receives money which is definitely considered to be wages for work performed, they should be considered a private employee. The listing of industry and occupation codes follows the glossary. See also: Industry Code, Occupation Code

## CLOSEOUT

This refers to the time period in which either interviewers or the regional offices try to obtain interviews from noninterviewed persons prior to transmitting the questionnaire data for keying.

## CLUSTER

See: Segment
COLLECTION QUARTER
A calendar quarter of the year during which interviews are conducted in the National Sample. The differing Six-month reference period for each month's interviews results in data on erimes that occurred during an 8 -month period. For example, interviews conducted during the first collection quarter of 1973 reflect crimes occurring between July 1, 1972 and February 28, 1973. This concept is used for processing purposes only, not for data tabulations. See also: Reference Period

## COMPLETE SAMPLE FILES

NCS tape files containing data for both interviewed and noninterviewed households, victims and non-victims. The files are hierarchical in structure, consisting of three record types: household records, person records and incident records (including series
incidents). The National Complete Sample files are arranged by the quarter in which the interviews were conducted (collection quarters).

CONFIDENTIALITY
The law (U.S. Code 42, Section 3771, 3789g, and 3735) provides that all information given to the U.S. Bureau of the Census for this survey must be held in confidence and may be used only for statistical purposes. The Bureau may not release any statistics which might disclose the identity of any individual or household. This protection explains why public data of ten do not provide the level of detail many researchers might wish. Current restrictions prohibit identification of areas containing fewer than 100,000 persons, when releasing individual or microdata.

CONTROL CARD
The control cart (or cover sheet) is one of four basic forms used to collect the NCS data. It is the first form the interviewer completes during the initial interview and is updated on each subsequent interview as long as the household is in the sample. It contains the address of each sample unit and the basic household data, such as the names of all persons living there and their age, race, sex, marital status, education, etc. In addition, such items as family income, tenure of the unit, and pertinent information about non-interviewed units are also included on the Control Card. The Control Card also serves as a record of visits, telephone calls, interviews non-interview reasons, etc. See also: Interviewing Sequence, Questionnaire Forms

CONTROL NUMBER
A control number is assigned to each sample
unit. In the National Sample, the control number is composed of five elements: the sample, PSU, Segment number, Check Digit, and Serial Number.
See also: PSU, Segment Number, Check Digit, Serial Number, Identification Code, Sample Designation

CRime CLASSIFICATION
Because the Crime Incident Report completed for each victimization includes information on the presence or absence of specific elements in the incident, it is possible to construct several different types of classification schemes. The National Crime Survey (NCS) Classification Scheme consists of 36 detailed crime types. See the separate note on NCS Crime Classification.

Used to gather the detailed information about crimes reported in either the Household or Individual Screen Question section of the Basic Screen Questionnaire. One Crime Incident Report is completed for each incident of crime reported in answer to the screen questions. Under certain circumstances, interviewers are allowed to report several incidents on one form -- so-called "series" incident reports are made in these cases. See also: Questionnaire forms, Series Incident Report, Interviewing Sequence

CRIMES
The National Crime Surveys focus on measuring the extent of victimization ascribable to the major crimes commonly referred to as assault, rape, robbery, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft. The surveys do not provide measures for other offenses such as murder, kidnapping, shoplifting, intoxication, gambling, etc. See the separate note on NCS Crime Classification.
See also: Crime Classification, NCS Classification Scheme

## ED

See: Enumeration District (ED)

## EDUCATION

Current education level of household members listed on the control card. Respondents are asked the highest grade or year of regular school attended, and whether that year was completed. Regular schools include all graded public, private, parochial schools, colleges, universities, and professional schools which advance a person toward an elementary or high school diploma, or a college degree. Regular schools do not include vocational, trade, business, correspondence, or other specialized schools, unless credits obtained are accepted in the regular school system. For persons still attending regular school, highest grade attended is the one in which they are currently enrolled. Education questions, which are on the control card, are asked routinely at the 1 st, 3 rd, 5 th, and 7 th visits only.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT
The highest year completed. This is a recoded variable for use in BJS published reports. It is classified as follows: Never attended or kindergarten, Elementary, High School, College, and N.A. Post-graduate work is coded as "College."

Employment status
Recoded variable for use in BJS published reports. Categories are: Age under 16, in Armed

Forces, employed, unemployed, keeping house, in
school, retired, other.
See also: Major Activity
ENUMERATION
The process of obtaining information about selected units of study in a survey or census.

ENUMERATION DISTRICT (ED)
A small geographic area with well-defined boundaries set up for the 1970 or 1980 census and containing about 250 households. Numerous EDs are spread over an entire PSU. In the NCS National Sample, each selected EDs is subdivided into segments of four households. Then a sample of these segments is zelected.
See also: Primary Sampling Unit (PSU), Segment
ENUMERATION PERIOD
The length of time allotted to interviewers for completing their assigned workload for a survey or census; commonly referred to as the interview period. In the National Sample, households are enumerated during the first two weeks of every month.
See also: Household Status, Enumeration

## estimate

A numeric value obtained from a sample used to describe the measurement which would be obtained if a complete census were carried out. An estimate of a total for a population is obtained by multiplying a sample count by a systematically designed weight which has the effect of inflating the sample count to represent the total population. Basically, the sample count is inflated by the reciprocal of the probability of selection. Each survey estimate has its own variance and standard error.

## ETHNICITY

A Household respondent's statement of his or her family's national or major multi-national area of derivation; e.g., Spanish, Irish, Chinese, German, ete. Adopted, foster step-children, and children with one parent not a member of the household are asked this question separately. When both parents are household members. the child's origin may be marked without asking. Multiple origins with one part Spanish are classified under the appropriate Spanish category. Respondents stating only "Negro", "Black", "Afro-American", or "Coiored" are listed as Negro. Beginning in July 1986, this question is asked only to determine if a person is of Hispanic or non-Hispanic descent.

See also: Race

EXTRA UNITS
Household units or OTHER units which are discovered at time of interview or during updating and are not already entered on the listing sheet for the segment. 1) a. In Area segments, EXTRA units must be in the same structure or on the same property as the sample unit being interviewed. b. In Special Places within Area segments, an EXTRA unit must be within the specific address of the original unit. 2) In Address (or Unit), Cen-Sup, and Special Place segments, EXTRA units must be within the specific address of the sample unit being interviewed, but need not be within the same structure or on the same property, 3) In Permit segments, EXTRA units must be within the specific address of the sample unit being interviewed and must be within the same structure. When housing units or OTHER units which qualify as EXTRA units are discovered, they are interviewed and allocated to the sample without bias.
See also: Segment, Housing Unit, Other Unit, Special Places, Listing, Household Status, Updating

FAMILY INCOME
The suin of income received by each member 14 years of age or older, of a family living in a sample housing unit. The income may include wages, salaries, net income from business or farm, pension, dividends, rent or any other money income (not identified as income are such things as room and board, insurance payments, lump sum inheritanceg, occasional gifts, money from selling property, withdrawals from savings accounts, or tax refunds) for the 12 -month period immediately preceding the month of interview. It is not the calendar year unless the month of the interview was January. For housing units in the National Sample which are interviewed more than once, this question is asked only during the first, third, fifth, and seventh interviews.

FORCIBLE ENTRY
A form of burglary in which force is used to gain entrance; e.g., by breaking a window or slashing a screen. Forcible entry may or may not be accompanied by theft or property damage. Evidence of force must be physical and visible, i.e., able to be seen after the occurrence of the incident. An open or unlocked door is not physical, visible evidence.
See also: Burglary, Unlawful Entry Without Force, Attempted Forcible Entry
or more persons unrelated to the head of
household. Quarters with no designated head but with
6 or more unrelated persons are also group
quarters. Some quarters occupied by fewer than six persons may also be group quarters by
definition; e.g., living quarters in dormitories
occupied by students. Group quarters were selected from Census listings.
See also: Housing Unit, Other Unit, Special Place
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD
Prior to 1979, one person in each household was designated as "head," usually the person reported by the members of the household to be the head. Beginning in 1979 a non-head of household approach was instituted and interviewers were instead instructed to designate a "reference person," that being one household member who owns, is buying, or is renting the housing urit. The reference person may be any one household member 18 years of age or older--usually the first person listed in the household membership. If all household members are under 18, the interviewer will choose the person identified as owning or renting the living quarters.
See also: Reference Person, Relationship to
Reference Person
HOUSEHOLD
A group of occupants of a sample unit who meet the criteria for household membership.
See also: Sample Unit, Household Member
HOUSEHOLD CRIME
See: Household Victimization

HOUSEHOLD INCIDENT
See: Household Victimization
HOUSEHOLD LARCENY
See: Larceny
HOUSEHOLD MEMBER
Persons in an sample unit are members of the
household if: 1) their usual place of residence at the time of the interview is the sample unit, and 2) they have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Usual place of residence must be specific living quarters held by the person, to which s/he is
free to return at any time, and at which s/he usually lives and sleeps. Household members not only include members of the family, but may also include: lodgers, servants, other employees who live in the unit and consider it their usual place of residence. Usual residents also include persons who live in the sample
unit but are temporarily absent. Armed Forces members are considered household members if they are stationed near-by and usually sleep in the sample unit. Students attending school away from home are not considered household members at their parents' home.
See also: Household, Sample Unit
HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
Identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household number will be " 2 " indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.
See also: Household Status
HOUSEHOLD RESPONDENT
A person chosen by the interviewer who appears to be knowledgeable about the household composition and is able to answer the household screen questions dealing with crimes aga:nst the household. This person is generally 18 years of age or older; however, if no one in the household is at least 18 years of age, the interviewer will choose someone who appears to be knowledgeable about the entire household.

HOUSEHOLD SCREEN QUESTIONS
These questions ask about any crimes against the household, such as actual or attempted break-ins, theft of household goods, and motor vehicle thefts. These screen questions are asked only once of the household respondent and are used to determine whether a Crime Incident Report should be completed.
See also: Basic Sereen Questionnaire, Individual Screen Questions, Crime Incident Report
household status
Consists of the following categories: i) Same household as last enumeration, if the same household was interviewed during the previous interview period. 2) Replacement household since last enumeration if the former occupants have moved and the unit is now occupied by a new household. 3) Previous non-interview or not in sample before -- for an interviewed unit that was previously non-interviewed for any reason, for a unit in its first period of enumeration, or for an EXTRA unit being interviewed for the first time.
See also: Extra Units, Enumeration
HOUSEHOLD VICTIMIZATION
A specific criminal act as it affects the household. Each criminal act against a household is
assumed to involve a single victim: the affected household. Therefore, the terms household victimization and household incident are synonymous. As used in BJS published reports, crimes against households include burglary, household larceny, and motor vehicle theft. If any household member is attacked or threatened during the crime, it is considered a personal crime and reports are taken from each person who was personally victimized. Typically, household victimizations are reported by the household respondent. However, any interviewed member may report household crimes in response to individual screen questions.
See also: Personal Victimization, Household Screen Questions

HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT
In the National Sample, the household weight is based on the "principal person's weight." The weight for the principal person in husband-wife households equals the weight for the wife, excluding the within-household non-interview adjustment. for non-husband-wife households, the principal person weight equals the weight for the reference person, excluding the within-household non-interview adjustment. See also: Weight, Person Weight, Incident Weight, Non-inte. view Adjustment

HOUSING UNIT
A group of rooms or a single room, occupied as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters exist when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure, AND when there is either direct access from the outside or through a common hall, OR complete kitchen facilities for this unit only. Vacant rooms or groups of rooms, which are intended for occupancy as separate living quarters are also considered housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has an installed sink with piped water AND a range or cooking stove AND a mechanical refrigerator. All units in the National Sample are defined as either being a housing unit or an OTHER unit.
See also: Group Quarters, Living Quarters, Extra Unit, Household, Occupied Housing Unit, Vacant Housing Unit, Other Unit

## IDENTIFICATION CODE

A sample designation and control number assigned to each sample unit.
See also: Sample Designation, Control Number

INCIDENT
A specific criminal act involving one or more
victims and offenders. In the NCS, victims may be persons 12 or older or households.
See also: Crimes, Victimization
INCIDENT REPORT
See also: Crime Incident Report
INCIDENT WEIGHT
For the National Sample, regardless of the personal crime type, the incident weight is computed by dividing the person's weight by the total number of persons victimized during an incident. For household crimes, the incident weight and the household weight are the same, since there can be only one household that sustains a crime incident.
See also: Weight, Household Weight, Person Weight
income
See: Family Income
individual screen questions
Questions asked for each household member 12 years of age and older designed to elicit information on both personal and property crimes committed against these persons. A Crime Incident Report is completed for each crime recorded in the Individual Screen Questions.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire, Household Screen Questions, Crime Incident Report

## INDUSTRY CODE

A three-digit numeric code assigned to persons using the 1970 or 1980 Alphabetic Index of Industries and Occupations, based on the kind of business or industry at the location where the person works. For unemployed persons, the industry code is assigned on the basis of the last job held within 5 years. The listing of industry codes follows the glossary. See also: Occupation Code, Class or Worker, Major Activity

INJURY
Bodily hurt or damage sustained by a victim as a result of criminal assault. The types of injuries suffered are used to distinguish between serious and minor assaults. Serious injuries include knife or gunshot wounds, broken bones, loss of teeth, and loss of consciousness. Minor injuries include bruises, black eyes, cuts, scratches, swelling. Other injuries that can't be identified as serious or minor are distinguished by the amount of hospitalization required. Injuries suffered from an attack during a crime incident include any and all PHYSICAL (bodily) damage experienced by the victim such as broken bones,
bruises, cuts, internal injuries, and so
on. Emotional upset is not included.
See also: Assaultive violence
INTERVIEW PERIOD
See: Enumeration Period
INTERVIEW PROCEDURES
Before the scheduled field interview, a letter informing each household about the NCS and the interviewer's impending visit is sent to each sample unit. The initial contact with the household is a personal visit, at which time interviews are obtained for as many household members 12 years or older as possible. Subsequent to the initial personal interviews, interviewers are allowed to make telephone callbacks to obtain interviews with the remaining eligible household members.
See also: Interviewing Sequence, Noninterview Procedures

INTERVIEW, TYPE OF

1) Personal Interviews: Each enumeration period,
initial interviews in a household are conducted in
person. Follow-up interviews to reach persons not
available at the time of the initial visit may be made
by telephone. 2) Self Respondent: A self-respondent
is a person who answers questions for him/herself.
Information about each household member 14 years and
over is usually obtained by self-response; that is,
each of these persons is interviewed for him/herself.
2) Proxy Respondent: A proxy respondent is a
respondent who answers questions for another person.
Prior to July of 1986 , information about each household
member aged 12 and 13 was obtained by asking the
questions for these persons of the household respondent
or some other knowledgeable household member.
Currently, unless a knowledgeable household member
objects, i2 and 13 year olds are interviewed directly
by the interviewer. If a particular household member
l2 or older is physically or mentally unable to answer
the individual questions, or is temporarily absent and
is not expected to return before the enumeration
closeout date, the interviewer is instructed to accept
information from another knowledgeable household
member. 4) Telephone linterviews: The telephone may
be used to conduct interviews with household members
not available for interview at the time of the initial
personal interview at the household. Beginning in
March lg86, all interviews except the first and fifth
are conducted by telephone.

INTERVIEHING SEQUENCE
The general interview sequence for the NCS National

Sample is to (1) fill a Control Card for the Unit, (2) ask all appropriate personal characteristics and screen questions (including Household Screen Questions) on the Basic Screen Questionnaire of the household respondent, (3) get detailed reports on the Incident Report of any incidents of crime mentioned by the household respondent in the Basic Screen Questionnaire, and (4) ask all appropriate personal characteristics and screen questions and fill in incident reports, if any, for each subsequent eligible household member. An entire interview is completed for a household member before proceeding with the next person.
See also:: Interview Procedures, Control Card, Basic Screen Questionnaire, Crime Incident Report

LAND USE
For rural areas, land use may be either "farm" or "non-farm" as defined in the 1970 or 1980 Census. 1) Farm use--either of two sets of conditions must be met: a) Property of 10 acres or more AND $\$ 50$ or more income from sales of farm products OR b) Property of less than 10 acres AND $\$ 250$ or more income from sales of farm products. 2) Non-farm use-either of two sets of conditions must be met: a) Property of 10 acres or more AND less than $\$ 50$ income from sales of farm products $O R$ b) less than 10 acres property AND less than $\$ 250$ income from sales of farm products. In determining size of property, all tracts of land which the respondent considers to be on the same property, farm, ranch, estate, etc., are included. If the respondent is renting the property for cash, only the acreage specifically paid for is included. Income from sales of farm products refers to the GROSS amount received from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock, milk, wool, poultry, eggs, nursery and forest products, etc., produced on the land in question during the 12 months prior to the interview, Value of products consumed on the property is not included. Efforts are made to obtain this information for Type A and Type B non-interviews as well. Beginning in July 1986, this definition was modified. To determine if the land is for farm use, a question is asked if farm sales were $\$ 1,000$ or under $\$ 1,000$.
See also: Rural, Urban

## LARCENY

One of the six major types of crime covered by the National Crime Survey. As used in BJS publications, larceny is defined as theft or attempted theft of property or cash without force. A basic distinction is made between personal and household larceny. Subcategories of larceny are based on the amount of cash
and/or property taken. Household larceny is defined as theft or attempted theft of property or cash from a residence or its immediate vicinity. For a household larceny to occur within the home itself, the thief must be someone with a right to be there, such as a maid, a delivery person, or a guest. Forcible entry, attempted forcible entry, or unlawful entry are not involved. Personal larceny (identified as Personal Crimes of Theft in BJS publications) is composed of two subcategories: personal larceny with contact and personal larceny without contact. Personal larceny with contact is defined as the theft of a purse, wallet, or cash by stealth directly from the person of the victim, but without force or threat of force. it also includes attempted purse snatching. Personal larceny without contact is defined as theft or attempted theft, without direct contact between the victim and the offender, of property or cash from any place other than the victim's home or its immediate vicinity. The property need not be strictly personal in nature; the act is distinguished from household larceny solely by place of occurrence. Examples of personal larceny without contact include the theft of a briefcase or umbrella from a restaurant, a portable radio from the beach, a bicycle from a school yard, etc. In rare cases, the victim sees the offender during the commission of the act.

See also: Crimes, robbery, forcible entry, unlawful, entry, attempted forcible entry

LINE NUMBER
A two-digit number assigned during the interview to identify each individual in a howsehold. Line numbers serve to link Control Card data to the Personal Characteristics data, and both of these to the Incident Reports data.

LISTING
Major procedure preparatory to interviewing units. All listing is done by the interviewer before contacting any sample units. In general, listing is done by observation and consists of noting the location of every place where people live or might live within a given address or segment, using street names, house numbers, apartment numbers, and unit locations. Listing procedures are detailed and extensive, and vary somewhat depending on the type of segment.
See also: Updating, Segment, Extra Units
L.IVING QUARTERS

This is a general term for structures occupied or intended for human occupancy. Living quarters are
classified as either housing units or OTHER units. Six types of housing units are distinguished for NCS: 1) House, apartment, flat: includes such housing units as an apartment over a garage or behind a store, janitor's quarters in an office building, and housing units in converted barns or sheds, as well as ordinary houses and apartments. 2) Housing unit in a non-transient hotel, motel, etc,: all separate living quarters in mon-transient hotels, motels, etc. are housing units by definition. 3) Housing unit permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.: occupied or intended for occupancy by permanent guests or resident employees. 4) Housing units in rooming house. 5)
Mobile home or trailer: includes those with permanent foundations. 6) Housing unit not specified above. Four types of OTHER units are distinguished for NCS: 1) Quarters, not housing unit, in rooming or boarding house. 2) Unit not permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.: quarters not occupied or intended for occupancy by permanent guests or resident
employees. 3) Vacant tent site or trailer site. 4) Not specified above: for example, beds in flophouses, units for students in dormitories, and units in communes.
See also: Housing Unit, Other Units, Special Places, Transient/Nontransient, Place of Residence, Tenure

## MAJOR ACTIVITY LAST WEEK

Used in determining whether household members are employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. For the BJJS published reports, the major activity categories are used in a recode to obtain an employment status variable consisting of: Age under 16, in Armed Forces, employed, unemployed, keeping house, in school, retired, and other.
A. Working: person working for pay or profit, working without pay on family farm or business, or on jury duty if being paid. Persons doing the following types of unpaid work are not considered "working": 1) unpaid work which does not contribute to the operation of a family farm or business, 2) unpaid work for a related member of the household who does not operate a farm or business, but is him/herseif a salaried employee, 3) unpaid work for an unrelated member of the household, 4) unpaid work for a relative not in household, 5) volunteer work without pay for an organization, 6) time for which person is paid while on temporary duty in the Armed Forces reserve or National Guard, 7) persons with investments only, 8) work relief programs. B. With Job But Not At Work: temporarily absent from a job or business for such reasons as illness, vacation, bad weather, labor dispute, temporary layoff. etc. C. Looking for

Work: in the market for a job or trying to start a business or profession. D. Keeping House: persons primarily occupied with their own housework including those that indicate that keeping house would have been their chief activity except for their own temporary illness or absence from home. This category applies to any person who says they spend most of their time managing or being responsible for the care of the home and/or the children. More than one person in a household may be marked as "keeping house." E. Going To School: persons attending any kind of public or private school, including trade or vocational schools in which students receive no compensation in money or kind. F. Unable to Work: because of long-term physical or mental illness or disability, the person is unable to do any kind of work. G. Retired: any person who says s/he is retired. If the person is simply working shorter hours because of retirement, they are marked as "working." H. Other: persons whose activity or status cannot be described by codes defined above. This includes persons in the Armed Forces. The listing of industry and occupation codes follows the glossary.
See also: Industry Code, Occupation Code, Unemployed, Recode

MARITAL STATUS
Marital status may be: 1) Married: includes
common-law marriage 2) Widowed 3) Divorced 4)
Separated: those married persons who have a legal
separation or who have parted because of marital
discord, but have not yet obtained a divorce. Those who have parted temporarily for reasons other than marital discord (such as employment, Armed Forces, etc.) are recorded as married. 5) Never
Married: includes all children under 14, and person who have never been married or whose only marriages have been annulled.

MEDICAL CARE
Victims who were injured during an incident are asked whether they received any medical care for their injuries. Prior to 1979, medical care included only treatment rendered by trained professionals. In 1979 this was changed to include paraprofessionals, non-professionals and self-treatment.

MEDICAL EXPENSES, TOTAL AMOUNT OF
This is the total amount of medical expenses which results directly from the victim's injuries in the incident. Included are such items as doctor and hospital bills, ambulance services, and any special devices or aids the victim was forced to obtain as a result of the injury. If the victim is still
undergoing treatment for injuries related to the incident, the total amount of medical expenses is an estimate of the total projected medical expense.
millitary status
Determined for males and females $18-65$ years of age. "In Armed Forces" includes those serving on active duty at the time of the interview in U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or the reserve branch of any of the above only if currently on active duty status for several months. Also includes commissioned officers of the U.S. Public Health Service who are attached to any branch of the Armed Forces, and National Guardsmen on active duty. Cadets in U.S. Military academies also are considered to be with the Armed Forces.

MINOR ASSAULT
See: Assault

## MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Stealing or unauthorized taking of a motor vehicle, including attempts at such acts. Motor vehicles include automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, and any other motorized vehicle lagally allowed on most roads and highways. A motor vehicle is usually a car, truck, motorcycle, or other vehicle which may be legally driven on public roads. Not included are boats, airplanes, mini-bikes, or snowmobiles.

MOTOR VEHICLES, TOTAL NUMBER OF
All motor vehicles owned during the reference period are counted, including those sold, given away, junked, stolen, or abandoned. Motor vehicles used SOLELY by a recognizable business are not included, nor are vehicles loaned to the respondent for private use by a business, unless the respondent owns the business. Motor vehicles used by a student, owned by his/her parents, and kept away from home are not included.

HCS CLASSIFICATION SCHEME
The NCS classification is 1) personal crimes of violence (rape, robbery, and assault), 2) personal crimes of theft (personal larceny with or without contact), 3) household crimes (burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft). Each type comprises several subcategories. Incidents in the NCS tape files have been coded according to the NCS Classification Scheme. This refers to how type of crime codes are formed from answers victims of crime give to certain questions found on the incident report form. These questions are used to form the NCS hierarchy of crimes, with rape being the most serious and personal larceny without contact being the least serious of the personal
crimes. For the household crimes, burglary is the most serious crime in the hierarchy, and household larceny the least.
See also: Crime Classification
NON-INTERVIEW
For various reasons, interviewers are unable to obtain interviews for all sample units. Such units are classified as non-interviews and are handled as follows: A) when an interview for an eligible household is not obtained for some reason such as refusal; B) when an interview is not obtained because the unit is ineligible for interview at the present time, such as a vacant but could become eligible in the future; $C$ ) when the unit is physicaily ineligible, e.g., demolished; and Z) when a particular member is not interviewed in an otherwise interviewed household.

NON-INTERVIEW TYPE A
Consists of households occupied by persons eligible for interview but from whom no interviews are obtained, because: 1) no one is at home in spite of repeated visits, 2) the entire household is temporarily away during all of the interview period, 3) the household refuses to give any information, 4) the unit cannot be reached due to impassable roads, 5) interview is not conducted due to a serious illness or death in the family, 6) the interviewer is unable to locate the sample unit. Every effort is made to avoid this type of non-interview in order to keep the unit and maintain a representative sample. A Non-Interview adjustment is applied to interviewed household and person weights so that Type A units are represented in the sample.

NON~INTERVIEW TYPE B
Consists of units which are not eligible for interview because: 1) unit is a vacant regular housing unit, 2) unit is vacant and used for storage of household furniture, 3) unit is occupied by persons usually residing elsewhere, 4) unit unfit for habitation or to be demolished, 5) unit under construction and not ready for occupancy, 6) unit temporarily converted to business or storage, 7) address identifies an unoccupied tent or trailer site, 8) permit granted, but construction not started, 9) household consists entirely of persons who are ineligible for the survey. Since these units might become eligible in the future, they are revisited in subsequent periods that the unit is in the sample. If they become eligible, the household is interviewed. The sample size is sufficiently large to allow for Type $B$ NonInterviews.

NON-INTERVIEW TYPE C
Consists of units not eligible for sample
because: 1) no address was listed on the sample line of the listing sheet, 2) unit demolished by time of enumeration, 3) house or trailer has been moved, 4) unit converted to permanent business or storage, 5) unit has been merged with another unit, 6) unit condemned and unoccupied, 7) outside the segment boundary, 8) built after April 1, 1980, 9) permit was abandoned. The sample size is sufficiently large to to allow for Type C Non-Interviews.

NON-INTERVIEW TYPE Z
A within-household non-interview. It occurs when the interviewer is unable to obtain an interview for a particular household member in an otherwise interviewed household, e.g., the person is never available, refused, or is physically or mentally unable to answer and no proxy is available. For this type of non-interview person, only a few personal characteristic items are filled in on the Basic Screen Questionnaire. A Non-Interview adjustment is applied to interviewed person weights to account for within-household non-interviews.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire
NON-INTERVIEW ADJUSTMENTS
Adjustments made to interviewed household and person weights. A household non-interview adjustment accounts for occupied units qualified to participate in the survey, but from which an interview was not obtained (Non-Interview Type A). A within-household non-interview adjustment accounts for situations in which at least one, but not all, eligible persons in a household were interviewed (Non-Interviewed, Type Z). See also: Household Weight, Person Weight

OCCUPATION CODE
A three-digit numeric code assigned using the 1970 or 1980 Alphabetic Index of Industries and Occupations and based on the type of job held by the person. For unemployed persons, the occupation code is based on the last job held within the last five years. The listing of occupation codes follows the glossary.

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT
A housing unit is considered occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or persons living in it at the time of the interview.
See also: Place of Residence, Housing Unit

## OFFENDER

The person who committed the crime or was believed
to be the person who committed the crime.

OPERATION OF BUSINESS
For the purposes of the National Crime Survey, a distinction is made between two types of businesses. These are categorized as recognizable businesses and unrecognizable businesses. A recognizable business is one that is observable and identifiable from the outside by a sign or some other indication. Crimes involving any recognizable business, such as property stolen from the business, are not included in the NCS. Only the loss of personal property of the respondent or of another household member, or personal threat or injury to the respondent or other household member (s) is included if a crime involves a recognizable business. An unrecognizable business has no outside indication, such as a sign in the yard or window, which indicates that it is a business. An example of an unrecognizable business is a mail order business run from the home, if there is no sign outside the house advertising the business. Crimes involving unrecognizable businesses, including property stolen from the business, are included in the NCS estimates.

OTHER UNITS
Refers to living quarters which do not qualify as housing units. OTHER units are located in special places such as institutions, dormitories, and boarding houses where the residents have their own rooms, groups of rooms, or beds, and also have some common facilities such as a dining room, lobby, or living room or recreational areas. Some of the rooms, groups of rooms, etc., in these places are always classified as OTHER units, even though they have direct access or complete kitchen facilities. Other rooms or groups of rooms are classified as OTHER units if they do NOT meet the housing unit definition. All
units in the National Samples are defined as either being a housing unit or an OTHER unit.
See also: Housing Unit, Living Quarters, Special Places, Group Quarters, Extra Units

OUT OF UNIVERSE
Out of Universe (or INAP) is used in the codebook documentation to designate those areas for which the particular question was not appropriate and therefore not asked. For example, employment-related questions were not asked of persons under the age of 16 .
See also: Residue
PANEL
Used in the National Sample rotation scheme. Each
panel is a systematic one-sixth sample of the sample units, which is interviewed semi-annually during two designated months, e.g., January and July, or February and August.
See also: Sample Rotation
PANEL NUMBER
In the National Sample, an identification number (1-6) assigned to each case in the sample which identifies the months in which the unit is to be interviewed (e.g., Panel 1 housing units are interviewed in January and July). The panel number is the first digit of the segment number See also: Segment Number

PERSON WEIGHT
The person weight is based on the basic weight of the person in the sample plus adjustments for within-household non-interviews, sub-samplings, non-interviewed households, and various ratio estimates.
See also: Weight, Household Weight, Incident Weight, Non-interview Adjustments

PERSONAL CRIMES
See: Personal Incident, Personal Victimization. Larceny

PERSONAL CRIMES OF THEFT
See: Larceny, Robbery
PERSONAL INCIDENT
A specific criminal act involving one or more persons as victims of one or more offenders. In BJS published reports, crimes against persons include rape, robbery, assault, and personal larceny. Estimates of the number of personal incidents are usually lower than estimates of personal victimizations because the number of persons victimized during an incident are not accounted for separately. Also, in situations where a personal crime occurred during the course of a commercial crime, it was assumed that the incident was represented in the old Commercial Victimization Survey and, therefore, it was not counted as an incident of personal crime. However, beginning with the NEW 1979 NCS questionnaire, exclusion of crimes occurring in a commercial establishment is no longer done when using the incident weight. Bureau of Justice Statistics publications reflect this change beginning with the 1983 CRIMINAL VICTIMIZATION IN THE UNITED STATES report.
See also: Personal Victimization, Victimization, Incident Weight

PERSONAL INTERVIEWS
See: Interview, Type of
PERSONAL LARCENY
See: Larceny
PERSONAL THEFT WITHOUT ASSAULT
See: Larceny
personal victimization
A specific criminal act as it affects one victimized person. In BJS published reports, crimes against person include rape, robbery, assault, and personal larceny. Estimates of the number of personal victimizations are determined by the number of victims of such acts; ordinarily, the number of victimizations is somewhat higher than the number of incidents because more than one person is victimized during certain incidents, and because details of personal crimes occurring during the course of a commercial crime, as related to the victimized person, are reflected in these estimates. See also: Personal Incident, Victimization, Incident

## PLACE

The term place refers to a concentration of population, regardless of the existence of legally prescribed units, powers, or functions. However, most of the places identified in the census are incorporated as cities, towns, villages, or boroughs. In addition, the larger unincorporated places are identified. Places are identified in the National Sample files by a tro-digit place size code and a one-digit place description code.
See also: Place Size Code, Rural, Urban
PLACE DESCRIPTION CODE
A one-digit code used in the National Sample files to identify the type of place in which a sample unit is located. The following categories are given: 1) Central city of an SMSA only, 2) Central city of an urbanized area only, 3) Central city of both an SMSA and an urbanized area, 4) Dther incorporated place, 5) Unincorporated place, 7) Not a place. Code 6 is not used.
See also: Central City, Urbanized Area, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

PLACE OF OCCURRENCE
The following detailed place of occurrence categories are used to describe more specifically where the incident occurred:

1) At or in own dwelling, or in own attached garage:
always marked for attempted or completed break in.
2) At or in detached buildings on own property, such as a detached garage, storage shed, etc.: always marked for attempted or completed break in of these structures.
3) At or in a vacation home, home/motel
4) Near own home; yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to own home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room. This does NOT include apartment parking lots.
5) At, in, or near a friend/relative/neighbor's home, other buildings on their property, yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, apartment hall/storage area/ laundry room.
6) On the street (other than immediately adjacent to own home).
7) Inside a bar, restaurant, nightclub
8) Inside other commercial building such as a store, bank, or gas station.
9) On public transportation or in a station; bus, train, plane, airport, depot, etc.
10) Inside an office, factory, warehouse
11) At a commercial parking lot
12) At a noncommercial parking lot
13) Inside a school building
14) On school property: school parking area, play area, school bus, etc.
15) In a park, field, playground other than at a school
16) Some other piace

Crimes that occur outside the United States are identified on question 4 a of the incident report form: however, BJS does not tally these crimes in its annual report.

## PLACE OF RESIDENCE

Specific living quarters held by respondent, to which s/he is free to return at any time, AND at which s/he usually lives and sleeps. Not necessarily the same as legal residence or voting residence. Also described as "Usual Place of Residence."
See also: Living Quarters, Occupied Housing Unit, Vacant Housing Unit

PLACE SIZE CODE
A two-digit code used in the National Sample files to identify the population size range for the place in which the sample unit is located, as determined by the 1970 or 1980 Census. Place sizes are classified in the following categories:
Under 200
200 to 499
500 to 999
1,000 to 1,499
1,500 to 1,999
2,000 to 2,499
2,500 to 4,999
5,000 to 9,999
10,000 to 19,999
20,000 to 24,999
25,000 to 49,999
50,000 to 99,999
100,000 to 249,999
250,000 to 499,999
500,000 to 999,999
$1,000,000$ or more
See also: Place

POCKETPICKING
See: Larceny
POLICE INFORMED
A question on the Crime Incident Report asks: "Were the police informed of this incident in any way?" The "police" include all regular police and sheriff's departments at the city, county, state, or federal level of government. Also included are specialized police forces authorized to make arrests in a special area or jurisdiction, e.g., campus police, park police, transit police, harbor police, and airport police. Excluded are security guards, fish and game wardens, and such officers without authority to make police arrests.

## PRESENCE OF WEAPON

See: Weapon
PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL
Reference Person living alone or with non-relatives only.

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU)
Consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible. PSU's were formed using every county in the U.S. In the old National Sample design, based on the 1970 Census, 376 PSU's were selected to form the first stage of sampling. In the 1980 design, there are now 237 PSU's.
See also: Control Number, Enumeration District, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

PRINCIPAL PERSON
This person's demographic characteristics are used in forming the household weight. In husband/wife living arrangements, this person will be the wife. In other living arrangements, this person is the
reference person.
See also: Head of Household. Household Respondent
PSU NUMBERS
"PSU numbers" are three-digit codes which identify each PSU, and are part of the Control Number which uniquely identifies each sample unit. For purposes of confidentiality, these numbers have been scrambled on the public use tapes.

PROXY RESPONDENT
See: Interview, Type of.
PURSE SNATCH
See: Larceny
QUESTIONNAIRE FORMS
There are three basic forms used to collect the data required for the National Crime Survey: 1). Control Card, 2) Basic Screen Questionnaire, and 3) Crime Incident Report.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire, Control Card, Crime Incident Report, Interview Procedures

## RACE

Until 1979, respondents to the NCS were classified by observation as either White, Negro or Other. Other was used for persons of races other than White or Negro, such as Japanese; Chinese, etc. Beginning in 1979, race was determined by specifically asking rather than by observation and the racial designations were expanded to include American Indian, Aleut and Eskimo, and Asian or Pacific lslander, in addition to Black, White and Other. Persons of Latin American descent are recorded as White unless they specify themselves as Negro or Other. For Persons of racially mixed parentage, race recorded is that of the person's mother.

## RACE OF OFFENDER

Race of offender designations are White, Black and Other. Persons of Latin American descent are coded as White unless the respondent considers them to be black or of another nonwhite race. When recording the racial designation(s) of multiple offenders, all categories that apply are coded. For instance, if two of the offenders were white and one Black, the appropriate boxes would be marked in Q.110. In 1979, a questionnaire item, Q.11p, was included to determine the race of most of the offenders. In the above example, "mostly white" would be marked in this question. See also: Ethnicity

RAPE
One of the six major types of crime covered by the National Crime Survey. In the NCS Basic Screen Questionnaire rapes may be reported in response to questions 50 to 51, which ask about threats and attempted attacks. These questions do not ask specifically about rape; it is up to the respondent to acknowledge any such incidents as warranting "yes" responses to items 50 and 51. The following rape sub-categories are also in the NCS Classification Scheme: Completed rape and attempted rape. See also: Crimes; Assault

RECODE
A single code, mechanically derived by combining codes for several related items, used for convenience and efficiency in tabulating data.

RECOGNIZABLE BUSINESS
See: Operation of Business

REFERENCE PERIOD
This is the length of time for which respondents are asked to report on victimizations experienced. A reference period of 6 months is used in the National Sample. A particular reference period always ends on the last day of the month preceding the interview month. Significant holidays and calendar flashcards may be used by the interviewer to aid the respondent in "anchoring" the reference period.
See also: Collection Quarter, Bounding Procedure

## REFERENCE PERSON

This person is usually the first person listed under the household roster (control card item 13a) who is identified by the household respondent as owning or renting the living quarters. This replaces the former concept of "head of household". This person will generally be at least eighteen years of age or older; however, if no one in the household is 18 years of age, the interviewer will choose the person who is identified as owning or renting the living quarters. See also: Head of Household, Relationship to Reference Person

## REINTERVIEW

One of several methods used to evaluate and improve the quality of interviewing. Reinterviews evaluate the impact of errors of variations in response, measure how well individual interviewers follow procedures, and measure errors in coverage arising from incorrect listing, fallure to conduct interviews at the correct address, non-interview misclassifications, missed units, or incorrect
applications of definitions of housing unit and household members. Reinterviews are conducted regularly in a small proportion of the National Sample Households.

RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON
Interviewers determine the precise relationship to the reference person of each person living in the household, e.g., wife, husband, son, daughter, step-son, step-daughter, father, mother, grandson, daughter-in-law, aunt, nephew, lodger, servant, hired hand, visitor, and so on.
See also: Head of Household, Reference Person
RESIDENCE
See: Place of Residence


#### Abstract

RESIDUE Used in the codebook documentation to designate those cases where the respondent could not or did not provide an answer, or for some reason the response given did not fall into the predetermined categories. Attempts were made during the edits to convert such cases into valid codes based on the presence or absence of certain key elements. See also: Out of Universe


## RESPONDENT

See: Interview, Type of.
ROBBERY
As used in the BJS published reports, robbery is defined as theft or attempted theft, directly from a person, of property or cash by force or threat of force, with or without a weapon.

There are two main subcategories of robbery, viz., robbery with injury and robbery without
injury. Robbery with injury is theft or attempted theft from a person, accompanied by an attack, either with or without a weapon, resulting in injury. An injury is classified as resulting from a serious assault if a weapon was used in the commission of the crime or, if not, when the extent of the injury was either serious (e.g., broken bones, internal injuries, etc.) or undetermined but required 2 or more days of hospitalization. An injury is classified as resulting from a minor assault when the extent of the injury was minor (e.g., bruises, black eyes, etc.) or undetermined but required less than 2 days of nospitalization. Robbery without injury is theft or attempted theft from a person, accompanied by force or threat or force, either with or without a weapon, but not resulting in injury.

See also: Larceny
ROTATION
See: Sample Rotation, Rotation Group Number

ROTATION OESIGN
See: Sample Rotation, Rotation Group Number
ROTATION GROUP NUMBER
Used in the National Sample rotation scheme. Each rotation group should be a systematic one-sixth sample of the 72,000 (now 59,000) housing units as well as a one-sixth sample of the sample interviewed each month. The rotation group number is denoted by the hundreds digit of the four-digit segment number assigned to each sample unit.
See also: Segment Number, Sample Rotation
RURAL
All remaining areas not falling into one of the following categories: 1) Places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated into cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York, Wisconsin), 2) The densely settled urban areas, 3) Unincorporated places of 2,500 or more inhabitants.
See also: Urban, Place, Land Use

SMSA
See: Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

SAMPLE
A selection of part of the units of a population according to specific and detailed procedures. The properties of a sample population are studied to gain information about the whole population. For the NCS surveys, a probability sample was used whereby each element of the population has a known, but not necessarily equal, chance of being included in the sample.
See also: Estimate

SAMPLE DESIGNATION
A portion of the identification codes assigned to each sample unit in the National Sample, consisting of the letter "J" and two digits. The letter distinguishes NCS surveys from other Census surveys, and the digits identify the sequence and source of selection of sample addresses. For example, the first sample selected was designated as J0l.
See also: Identification Code, Control Number

SAMPLE ROTATION
The following rotation scheme is used for the National

Sample: each sample of approximately 72,000 households (now 59,000 households) is divided into six rotation groups. When the rotation plan became fully operative in January, 1977, household in a particular rotation group and sample were interviewed once every six months for 3 years, the first interview being only for the purpose of bounding. Each rotation group is further divided into six panels or months. Thus $1 / 6$ th of each rotation group is interviewed each month during a six-month period.
One rotation group enters the sample every six months, while the corresponding rotation group from a previous sample is phased out. This enables preservation of the overall sample size and survey procedures while averting undue imposition to, and biases in, reporting by respondents through repeated interviews.
See also: Bounding Schedule, Panel, Rotation Group Number

SAMPLE UNIT
A unit selected for inclusion in a sample or a census.
See also: Sample, Housing Unit, Other Units, Special Places

SCREEN QUESTION NUMBER
On each Crime Incident Report, the number of the screen question that elicited the report of the incident is recorded.
See also: Individual Screen Question, Household Screen Questions

SCREEN QUESTIONNAIRE
See: Basic Screen Questionnaire

## SEGMENT

A cluster of sample units in the same PSU selected for household interview. In the National Sample, sample units are located in one of five types of segments, depending on the type of Enumeration District in which the segment is located:

1) Address Segments - consist of specific addresses selected from the 1970 (or 1980) Decennial Census lists, in address type Enumeration districts. 2) Area Segments -consist of relatively small designated areas of land with well-defined boundaries, such as streets, roads, rivers, or railroad tracks in area type Enumeration Districts. The interviewer lists all of the living quarters in a designated segment, and a sample of these is selected for interview. 3) Permit Segments - consist of special places in address type e Enumeration districts which can be identified from Census listings، 4) Cen-Sup Segments - consist of
addresses which were inadequately identified or unreported in the Census. 5) Woodall, and, 6) Windshield these are special types of coverage improvement segments used in the 1970 based sample design. See also: Enumeration District, Extra Units, Listing, Segment Number, Serial Number, Updating

SEGMENT NUMBER
Part of the Control Number assigned to each sample unit. In the National Sample, it consists of four digits: the thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation group; tens and units digits together (the serial number) identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "Ol" in each panel and rotation combination. See also: Segment, Control Number, Panel Number, Rotation Group Number, Enumeration District, Serial Number

SELF-EMPLOYED
See: Class of Worker
SELF-RESPONDENT
See: Interview, Type of.
SELF-WEIGHTING
Indication that all sample units have the same initial probability of selection for the sample. See also: Weight, Sample

SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two-digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household in the National Sample. It is used for administrative control, and is part of the Control Number. See also: Segment, Control Number

SERIES INCIDENT REPORT
Under certain circumstances, the interviewer is allowed to report several incidents as a "series" incident on one Incident Report form. All of the following conditions must exist:

1) The incidents must be very similar ini
detail. 2) There must have been at least three incidents in the "series." 3) The respondent must not have been able to recall dates and other details of the individual incidents well enough to report them separately.
In completing the Crime Incident Report for a series incident, details of the most recent incident are used. For BJS publications, series incidents are tabulated separately and are not included with single incidents when estimating the amount of crime.

SERIOUS ASSAULT
See: Assault
SIAPLE ASSAULT
See: Assault
SPECIAL PLACE SEGMENT
See: Segment
SPECIAL PLACE
Places in which the occupants have special living arrangements. Special places include: correctional institutions; homes for the aged, infirm, or needy; mental institutions; nursing, convalescent, or rest homes; specialized hospitals; Armed forces installations; boarding and rooming houses; communes; convents and monasteries; dormitories and other residences at schools; flophouses and missions; halfway houses; hotels and motels; nurse's homes; private residential clubs and tourist camps; recreational, educational, religious camps; tent and trailer camps; vacation cabins; YMCA'S, YWCA'S; and so on. Special places may include housing units and OTHER units. For example, a dormitory consisting of rooms for students and an apartment for a resident manager would include both OTHER units and a housing unit. Living quarters within special places are designated as either Staff Units, Non-staff Units, or Unclassified Units, as determined by occupancy or intended occupancy. Non-staff Units are located in certain special places and are defined as (1) the persons for whom the spesial place is being operated, or (2) the units in which these persons live, such as rooms or suites or rooms. Non-staff units are never interviewed for the NCS. Staff Units are located in the same types of places which contain Non-staff Units and are defined as the houses, apartments, rooms, or suites of rooms occupied or intended for occupancy by resident employees and their families, if any. Unclassified Units are located in cartain special places and are the houses, apartments, rooms, etc. occupied or intended to be occupied by- all persons. Staff Units and Unclassified Units are. interviewed.
See also: Living Quarters, Group Quarters, Other Units, Extra Units

## STANDARD ERROR

A statistician's measure of sampling variation taken generally to state the amount of deviation of an estimate because a sample was drawn instead of a census taken. The particular sample used in a survey is one of a large number of all possible samples of
the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible samples is called the sampling deviation. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. An estimate of the standard error of a sample estimate can be computed from the data obtained in the sample.
See also: Variance, Estimate
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (SMSA) A County or group of counties containing at least one city or combined cities, of 50,000 or more inhabitants and adjacent counties which are metropolitan in character, and economically and socially integrated with the cencral city. The SMSA is named after the central city (or cities) contained in it. Boundaries are drawn by the U.S. Office of Manageinent and Budget. Since 1980, these areas are now called Metropolitan Statistical Areas.
See also: Central City, Primary Sampling Unit, Urbanized Area, Place Description Code

## STRATA

Sub-groups of households within a sample which have specified characteristics in common, such as education, income, or race. The process of making these groupings -- called stratification -- was the second stage of the sampling process in the National Sample. Stratification consisted of combining PSU's with similar population densities, growth rates, proportion non-white, etc.

## TELEPHONE INTERVIEWS

Stes: Interviews, Type of.
TEMPORARILY ABSENT OR ON LAYOFF FROM JOB
See: Major Activity
TENURE
Manner in which living quarters are held.

1) Owned or being bought: if owner or co-owner is
a household member of the unit, even if the unit is mortgaged or not fully paid for. Owner need not be head of household. A cooperative apartment or concominium unit is owned or being bought only if the owner lives in it. 2) Rented for cash: if any money rent is paid or contracted for by any persons. 3) Without cash rent: Includes units not owned, being
bought, or rented for cash; usually provided in exchange for services or as a gift. See also: Living Quarters

THEFT
See: Burglary, Larceny, Motor Vehicle Theft, Robbery

## THREATENED

A threatening situation is one in which there was no physical contact between the offender and victim but the victim felt that physical harm could have occurred. This includes nonverbal threats, e.g., brandishing a weapon, and verbal threats of physical harm which are made in person. Threats made over the telephone or threatening letters are not included. See also: Attacked

TIME LOST FROM WORK
Number of cumulative days all affected household members were absent from work due to a crime. It can be time lost because injuries sustained in the incident kept the victim from returning to work immediately, or time taken off work by a household member to do things re:ated to the incident such as visiting a doctor, reporting the incident to the police, seeing a insurance agent, or testifying in court. Since 1979, victims are asked in more detail about their work time losses.

TRANSIENT/NONTRANSIENT
A transient place is a special place in which more than 25 percent of the rooms, suites, or c.bins are occupied or intended for occupancy by transient guests. Transient guests usually stay less than a month and pay at daily rates.
A nontransient place is one in which 75 percent or more of the rooms, suites, or cabins are occupied or intended for occupancy by nontransient (permanent) guest or resident employees. Permanent guests usually stay a month or more at reduced monthly or weekly rates.
See also: Living Quarters

## UA

See: Urbanized Area (JA)
UNCLASSIFIED UNITS
See: Special Places
UNEMPLOYED
In the NCS, civilians age 16 and older who were not "at work" during the reference week, were available for work, and 1) had been "looking for work" within
the past four weeks, 2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid-off, or 3) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.
See also: Major Activity
UNIT SEGMENT
See: Segment
UNLAWFUL ENTRY (WITHOUT FORCE)
A form of burglary in which the offender has no legal right to be on the premises, even though no force was used to gain entrance. The same definitions is used in the BJS published reports and the NCS Classification Scheme.
See also: Burglary, Forcible Entry, Attempted Forcible Entry

UNRECOGNIZABLE BUSINESS
See: Operation of Business
UPDATING
Addition to, and correction of original listing sheets which insures that every unit in the segment has a chance to be selected for interview. Remodeled, no longer existing, replacement, demolished, converted-to-commercial, merged, newly-constructed, and converted-to-residential structures or units moved into are accounted for in updating procedures. Permit segments are not updated.
See also: Listing, Segment
URBAN
1970 or 1980 Census designation for persons living in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York and Wisconsin); the densely settled urban fringe, whether incorporated or unincorporated, or urbanized areas; and unicorporated places of 2,500 or more inhabitants.
See also: Rural, Place, Land Use
URBANIZED AREA (UA)
A broad geographical location containing a central city (or twin cities) of 50,000 or more inhabitants and the surrounding closely settled incorporated and unincorporated areas. It differs from an SMSA chiefly in excluding the rural portions of counties in an SMSA and those places separated from the densely populated fringe by rural territory. The boundaries are not considered permanent.
See also: Central City, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Place Description Code

A housing unit where no persons are residing during the interview period, or any persons found living there usually reside elsewhere.
See also: Housing Unit, Place of Residence
VALUE OF PROPERTY TAKEN
Excludes stolen cash and does not include property stolen from non-household members or recognizable businesses, nor does it include stolen checks, credit cards, travelers checks, cashier's checks, etc.

VARIANCE
A major statistic equal to the standard error squared.
See also: Standard Error, Estimate
VICTIM
In the NCS, the person or household involved in a criminal act during the specified reference period, for whom an Incident Report was completed.
See also: Victimization
VICTIM-OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP
The respondent is asked to specify one of six broad categories indicating how well the victim knew the offender in a crime incident in which the victim was present:

1) Stranger: someone the victim had never seen before 2) By sight only: someone the victim had seen before, but had not said more than "hello" to 3) Casual acquaintance - someone the victim knew well enough to say more than "hello" to 4) Well-known: someone the victim had considered as such. The victim's judgment alone distinguishes between "casual acquaintances" and "well known." 5) Relative: by type of relationship, e.g., spouse, sister. Note that the category "ex-spouse" was added as a separate category in 1979. Prior to that, interviewers were instructed to code "ex-spouse" as "other relative."
2) Friends or close acquaintances. In crime incidents involving multiple offenders, the respondent may specify whether the offenders were: 1) All strangers to the victim $\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{i}}$ 2) All relatives - by type of relationship, 3) Soine relative - by type of relationship, 4) All known, 5) Some known. In further questioning, the respondent may specify the extent to which the victim knew most of the offenders - by sight only, casually, or well.

## VICTIMIZATION

A specific criminal act as it affects a single victim. In criminal acts against persons, the number of victimizations is determined by the number of victims of such acts. Each criminal act against a
household is assumed to involve a single victim, the affected household.
See also: Crimes, Incident, Victim, Victimization Rate, Household Victimization, Personal Victimization

## VICTIMIZATION RATE

A measure of occurrence among population groups at risk, e.g., the number of criminal victimizations during the reference period per 100,000 (or other number) persons or households. As used in BJS publications:

1) For crimes against persons, the victimization rate is computed on the basis of the number of victimizations per 1,000 resident population age 12 and over. 2) For crimes against households, victimization rates are calculated on the basis of the number of incidents per 1,000 households. See the separate note on computation of rates.
See also: Weight, Victimization
WEAPON
Guns (pistols, revolvers, rifles, shotguns, etc.) and knives are always weapons. Other objects are not weapons unless they are used as weapons; if the respondent felt threatened by the object then it is considered a weapon. Not considered as weapons for the purposes of the NCS are: mace, tear gas, items of food, small empty cans, animals, parts of the body, BB and tear gas guns--except when used as clubs. Weapons other than guns or knives, e.g., rocks, elubs, etc. are not individually identifiable in the data files.

WEIGHT
A designation of the proportion of a sample to its whole population. When a sample is surveyed, each incident or victimization represents a probable percentage of all cases if the total population were to be surveyed. Accordingly, each cases is assigned a numerical coefficient, or weight, expressing its relative importance in a frequency distribution equaling that of the sample to the whole. Thus, multiplying each case by its assigned weight provides In estimate of the entire population. Because there are different proportions in the samples of households, persons and incidents with respect to all possible households, persons and incidents in the surveys, there are different weights for each. See also: Household Weight, Incident Weight, Person Weight, Estimate, Self-Weighting

WORKING
Working for pay or profit; working without pay on family farm or business; or working on jury duty, if paid for it.
See also: Major Activity

## APPENDIX 3

## SCORING INFORMATION

For V4322, the "new" seriousness score is called the "Wolfgang-Figlio seriousness score." For V4323 the "old" seriousness score is called the "Wolfgang-Sellin seriousness score." For additional information, please refer to the following publication:

Wolfgang, Marvin E., Robert M. Figilo, Paul E. Tracy, and Simon 1. Singer, THE NATIONAL SURVEY OF CRIME SEVERITY. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing office, 1985, Chapter 9, pages 129-136.

## CENSUS SAMPLE INFORMATION AND NCS ROTATION CHART

## Census Sample Information

In the National Crime Survey, the samples are identified by the letter "J" and a two-digit number. The letter distinguishes NCS surveys from other Census surveys and the digits identify the sequence and source of selection of sample addresses. The body of the rotation chart below contains a series of two-digit numbers. The tens digits is the panel number and the units digit is the rotation number. Therefore, you should read across the rows for a change in rotation, and down the columns for a change in panel number.

As an example, refer to the attached rotation charts. Sample numbers J07/J08 are shown entering the sample in January of 1980. Six months earlier, in July 1979, samples J03/J04 are shown leaving. Samples J05/J06 are halfway through their time in sample. A full sample (currently 59,000 households) would be the section of the chart that shows samples J03/JO4 and J05/J06 for the time period July 1979 through December 1979. By December 1985, all the rotation groups have left the sample, and samples J07/J08 are halfway through their time in sample.

NCS Sample Rotation information and Rotation Chart
The NCS sample is rotated to guard against respondent fatigue. The total sample of 59,000 households is divided into 6 sub-groups. The households will be interviewed 7 times over the course of $31 / 2$ years. After the seventh interview, the rotation group leaves the sample and is replaced by a new group of respondent households. Thus, every 6 months, a rotation group is dropped from the sample, and a rotation group is added to the sample. Also, and extra rotation group is given the bounding interview, in preparation for entrance into the sample. During any given 6 month period, 7 rotation groups are interviewed, 6 in the sample (continuous), and 1 not in the sample (bounding).

Each of the rotation groups are divided into 6 panels. Each panel is interviewed in a different month during the 6 month period. Spreading the interviewing across the 6 month period significantly reduces the survey costs by reducing the number of interviews that must be collected at the same time.

The assignments of rotation and panel groups are made to segments of housing units. Each rotation and panel group is a systematic subsample of the total sample. Rotation groups are also systematic subsamples of the sample interviewed each month.

KEY
J ------- Distinguishes NCS from other Census surveys
05 ------ Sequence and source of selection of sample addresses.

J05/06 -- The fifth and sixth samples for the NCS.
11 ------ Panel 1 , rotation group 1.
12 ----- Panel 1, rotation group 2.

|  | J05/06 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |  |
| 1979 July | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |  |
| August | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |  |
| September | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 |  |
| October | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 |  |
| November | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 |  |

The number 34 is part of sample number 05/06, panel 3 , rotation group 4 of the NCS.

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| $\begin{gathered} \text { Yand } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { month } \end{gathered}$ | J05/J06 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ,'J08 |  |  | J09/J10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1980 JAN. | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEB. | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 21. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MAR. | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 |  | 36 | 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APR. | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MAY | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| june | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 JULY |  | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 11 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| AUG |  | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 21 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEPT. |  | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 31 | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |
| OCT. |  | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 41 | 42 |  |  |  |  |  |
| nov. |  | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 51 | 52 |  |  |  |  |  |
| DEC. |  | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 61 | 62 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 JAN. |  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 11 | 12 | 13 |  |  |  |  |
| FEB. |  |  | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 21 | 22 | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| MAR. |  |  | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 31 | 32 | 33 |  |  |  |  |
| APR. |  |  | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 41 | 42 | 43 |  |  |  |  |
| MAY |  |  | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 51 | 52 | 53 |  |  |  |  |
| June |  |  | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 61 | 62 | 63 |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 JULY |  |  |  | 14 | 15 | 16 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |  |  |  |
| AUG. |  |  |  | 24 | 25 | 26 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |  |  |  |
| SEPT. |  |  |  | 34 | 35 | 36 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 |  |  |  |
| OCT. |  |  |  | 44 | 45 | 46 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 |  |  |  |
| NOV. |  |  |  | 54 | 55 | 56 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 |  |  |  |
| DEC. |  |  |  | 64 | 65 | 66 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 |  |  |  |
| 1982 JAN. |  |  |  |  | 15 | 16 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |  |  |
| FEB. |  |  |  |  | 25 | 26 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |  |  |
| HAR. |  |  |  |  | 35 | 36 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 |  |  |
| APR. |  |  |  |  | 45 | 46 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 |  |  |
| MAY |  |  |  |  | 55 | 56 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 |  |  |
| JUNE |  |  |  |  | 65 | 66 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 |  |  |
| 1982 JULY |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |  |
| AUG. |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |  |
| SEPT. |  |  |  |  |  | 36 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |  |
| OCT. |  |  |  |  |  | 46 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 |  |
| nov. |  |  |  |  |  | 56 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 |  |
| DEC. |  |  |  |  |  | 66 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 |  |




APPENDIX 5
OSIRIS Uictionary for Incident Level Extract Files
The following is an OSIRIS dictionary listing for the annual rectangular incident level extract files created from the NATIONAL CRIME SURVEY: NATIONAL SAMPLE full files or hierarchical files. The ICPSR has available annual incident-level files from 1979 through 1987 as well as a concatenated file for the same time period.

The OSIRIS dictionary documents each variable by describing the variable number, variable name, beginning column location, column width, number of implied decimal places, variable type, and relevant missing data codes.

The variable numbers, names, and missing data codes correspond exactly to those in the hierarchical files of which this codebook documents. Users should refer to the variable numbers in this codebook for the correct codes when using the incident-level extract files.
... dSLIST .- dataset listing command ...

| VAR* | VARIABLE NAME | gruup | COL | WIDIH | nuec | IYPE | mbcose 1 | mocodez | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V2001 | ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2001 |
| V2002 | year and quarter | 0 | 7 | 3 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2002 |
| $\checkmark 2003$ | census sample number | 0 | 10 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2003 |
| V2004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT | o | 12 | 3 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2004 |
| V2005 | SEgment number | 0 | 15 | 4 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2005 |
| V2006 | check digit | 0 | 19 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2006 |
| V2007 | SERIAL number | 0 | 20 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2007 |
| v20n8 | HOUSEHOLD NUMBER | 0 | 22 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2008 |
| $\checkmark 2009$ | INTERVIEWER ID | 0 | 23 | 4 | 0 | c | 0009999 | 0009998 | 1 | 10 |
| V2010 | UNIT Status | 0 | 27 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 11 |
| V2011 | household status | 0 | 28 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 12 |
| $\checkmark 2012$ | Hit Respondent " | 0 | 29 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 13 |
| V2013 | Spectal place type code | 0 | 31 | 2 | 0 | c | * |  | 1 | 14 |
| $\checkmark 2014$ | TENURE(OWN/RENT) | 0 | 33 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | 15 |
| V2015 | TENURE(ALLOCATED) | 0 | 34 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 15 |
| $\checkmark 2016$ | LANO USE (UREAN/RURAL) | 0 | 35 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 000000B | 1 | 16 |
| V2017 | Land use (allocated) | $\bigcirc$ | 36 | 1. | 0 | C | 0000009 |  | 1 | 16 |
| V20t8 | FARM SALES | 0 | 37 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 17 |
| V2019 | farm sales(allocated) | 0 | 38 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 17 |
| V2020 | type ouarters | 0 | 39 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 18 |
| V2021 | TYPE QUARTERS(ALLOCATED) | 0 | 41 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 |  | 1 | 18 |
| $\checkmark 2022$ | PHONE LOCATION | 0 | 43 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 19 |
| $\checkmark 2023$ | PHONE INTERVIEW ACCEPT | 0 | 44 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 20 |
| V2024 | number housing units | 0 | 45 | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 21 |
| V2025 | FAmily income | 0 | 47 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 22 |
| V2026 | MONTH COMPLETED | 0 | 49 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 23 |
| V2027 | day Completed | 0 | 51 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 23 |


| VARN | VARIABLE NAME | GROUP | COL | WIDTH | NDEC | TYPE | MDCODE | MDCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V2028 | year completed | 0 | 53 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 23 |
| V2029 | REASON NON-INTERVIEW | 0 | 55 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 |  | 1 | 24 |
| V2030 | COLLECTION MANTH | 0 | 57 | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | c |  | * .. | 1 | 2030 |
| V2031 | COLLECTION YEAR | 0 | 59 | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | c |  |  | 1 | 2031 |
| $\checkmark 2032$ | RACE OF HEAD (TYPE A) | 0 | 61 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 25 |
| V2033 | 1ST PROXY LINE NUMBER | 0 | 62 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 30 |
| V2034 | 2ND PROXY LINE NUMBER | 0 | 64 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 33 |
| V2035 | 3RD PROXY LINE NUMBER | 0 | 66 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 36 |
| V2036 | 4TH PROXY LINE NUMBER | 0 | 68 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 39 |
| V2037 | IST PROXY RESPONDENT | 0 | 70 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 31 |
| V2038 | 2ND PROXY RESPONDENT | 0 | 72 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 34 |
| V2039 | 3RD PROXY RESPONDENT | 0 | 74 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 37 |
| V2040 | 4TH PROXY RESPDNDENT | 0 | 76 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 40 |
| V2041 | REASON 1ST PROXY | 0 | 78 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 32 |
| $V 2042$ | REASON 2ND PROXY | 0 | 79 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 35 |
| V2043 | REASON 3RD PROXY | 0 | 80 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 33 |
| V2044 | REASON ATH PROXY | 0 | 81. | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 41 |
| $\checkmark 2045$ | $15 T$ type 2 line number | 0 | 82 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 42 |
| V2046 | REASON IST TYPE $Z$ | 0 | 84 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 43 |
| V2047 | 2nd type $z$ line number. | 0 | 85 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 44 |
| V2048 | REASON 2ND TYPE $Z$ | 0 | 87 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 45 |
| $\checkmark 2049$ | 3RD TYPE Z LINE NUMBER | 0 | 88 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 46 |
| $\checkmark 2050$ | REASON 3RD TYPE $Z$ | 0 | 90 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 47 |
| v2051 | $\triangle$ TH TYPE 2 LINE NUMBER | 0 | 91 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 48 |
| $\checkmark 2052$ | REASON ATH TYPE $Z$ | 0 | 93 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 49 |
| V2053 | HH MEMBERS $>12$ YEARS | 0 | 94 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 |  | 1 | 50 |
| V2054 | HH MEmbers < 12 YEARS | 0 | 96 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 51 |
| V2055 | acrime reports filled | 0 | 98 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 52 |

JUL 14. 1988 DSLIST ONLY (NCS INCIDENT-LEVEL DICTIONARY)

| VAR* | variable name | GROYP | COL | WIoHt | NOEC | IYPE | MDCODE 1 | MDCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark 2056$ | ALL. HH IN MILITARY | 0 | 100 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | - | 1 | 2056 |  |
| $\checkmark 2057$ | Rotation status | 0 | 101 | $-1$ | 0 | $c$ |  |  | 1 | 205\% |  |
| $\checkmark 2058$ | pp relation to ref per | 0 | 102 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 |  | 1 | 87 |  |
| $\checkmark 2059$ | pp age last birthday | 0 | 103 | 2 | 0 | $c$ |  |  | 1 | 88 |  |
| v2060 | PP MARITAL STATUS | 0 | 105 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | $c$ | 0050009 | 0000008 | 1 | 89 |  |
| V2061 | PP SEX | 0 | 106 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 90 |  |
| V2062 | PP ARMED FORCES MEmber | 0 | 107 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 91 |  |
| V2063 | PP Highest grade | 0 | 108 | 2 | 0 | $c$ | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 92 |  |
| V2064 | PP Race | 0 | 110 | $t$ | $\bigcirc$ | $c$ |  |  | 1 | 94 |  |
| $\checkmark 2065$ | PP ETHNICITY | 0 | 111 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 95 |  |
| V2066 | HH RECORD SIZE | 0 | 113 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2066 |  |
| V2057 | REF PERSDN AGE Last boay | 0 | 115 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 88 |  |
| U2068 | REF PERSON MARITAL SIAI | 0 | 117 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 89 |  |
| V2069 | ref person sex | 0 | 118 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 90 |  |
| V2070 | REF PERSON ARMED forces | 0 | 119 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 91 |  |
| $\checkmark 2071$ | ref persion education | 0 | 120 | 2 | 0 | $c$ |  | 0000098 | * | 92 |  |
| $\vee 2072$ | ref person rage | 0 | 122 | 1 | 0 | $c$ |  |  | 1 | 94 |  |
| $\checkmark 2073$ | REF PERSON ORIGIN | 0 | 123 | 2 | 0 | $c$ | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 95 |  |
| V2074 | OPERATE BUSINESS | 0 | 125 | ! | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 116 |  |
| V2075 | * MOTOR VEHICles | 0 | 126 | 1 | 0 | c |  | 0000008 | 1 | 117 |  |
| $\checkmark 2076$ | SMSA/NONSMSA | 0 | 127 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 2076 |  |
| $\checkmark 2077$ | Place size code (1970) | 0 | 128 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000001 | - | 1 | 2077 |  |
| $\checkmark 2078$ | place description | 0 | 130 | 1. | 0 | C | 0000009 |  | 1 | 2078 |  |
| V2079 | REF PERIOD CODE | 0 | 131 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2079 |  |
| V2080 | SEGMENT TYPE | 0 | 132 | 1 | 0 | c | - | - | 1 | 2080 |  |
| $\checkmark 2081$ | * Of PERSON RECOROS | 0 | 133 | 2 | 0 | $c$ | 0000099 |  | 1 | 2081 |  |
| V2082 | PERSON RECORD SIzE | 0 | 135 | 2 | 0 | C |  |  | 1 | 2082 |  |
| vann: | INCIDPNT Micohlos | 0 | 137 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 00000999 |  | 1 | 2083 |  |

JUL 14. , JB8 DSLIST ONLY (NCS INCIOENT-LEVEL DICTIONARY)

| VAR* | VARIABLE NAME | group | COL | WIDTH | NDEC | type | mbcode 1 | MOCODE2 | RESP | Refno |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V2084 | INCIDENT RECORD SIZE | 0 | 139 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 2084 |
| V2085 | ISt Stage weight | 0 | 141 | 6 | 4 | c |  |  | 1 | 2085 |
| $v 2086$ | NONINTERVIEW FACTOR | 0 | 147 | 6 | 4 | c |  |  | 1 | 2006 |
| $\checkmark 2087$ | dUPLICATION FACTOR | $\bigcirc$ | 153 | 6 | 4 | c |  |  | 1 | 2087 |
| V2088 | BASIC WEIGHt | 0 | 159 | 6 | 2 | c | - |  | 1 | 2088 |
| $V 2089$ | FINAL HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT | 0 | 165 | 8 | 3 | c |  |  | 1 | 2089 |
| $V 3001$ | ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMEER | 0 | 173 | 6 | 0 | $\because$ |  |  | 1 | 3001 |
| V3002 | YEAR AND QUARTER | 0 | 179 | 3 | 0 | 6 | - |  | 1 | 3002 |
| v3003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMEER | 0 | 182 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 3003 |
| V3004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT | 0 | 184 | 3 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 3004 |
| $V 3005$ | SEGMENT NUMBER | 0 | 187 | 4 | 0 | C |  |  | 1 | 3005 |
| $\checkmark 3006$ | CHECK DIGIT | 0 | 191 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 3006 |
| V3007 | SERIAL Number | 0 | 192 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 3007 |
| $v 3008$ | MOUSEHOLD NUMBER | 0 | 194 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | c | . | - | 1 | 3008 |
| v3009 | LINE NUMBER DF RESPON | 0 | 195 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 86 |
| V30 10 | TYPE OF INTERVIEW | 0 | 197 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 85 |
| V3011 | RELATION TO REF fersion | 0 | 198 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 97 |
| $V 3012$ | RESP AGE LAST BIRTHDAY | 0 | 199 | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 88 |
| V3013 | res age last birth(al) | 0 | 201 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 88 |
| V3014 | resp marital status | 0 | 203 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 89 |
| V3015 | RESP SEX | 0 | 204 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 90 |
| V30 16 | RESP SEX (allocated) | 0 | 205 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 90 |
| $v 3017$ | ARMED FORCES MEMBER | 0 | 206 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 91 |
| V3018 | highest grade attendeo | 0 | 207 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 92 |
| V3019 | Year completed | 0 | 209 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 93 |
| V3020 | RACE OF RESPONDENT | 0 | 210 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 94 |
| V3021 | race(allocated) | 0 | 211 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 |  | 1 | 94 |
| 63022 | RESPONDENT ORIGIN | 0 | 212 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 95 |


| VARA | VARIABLE NAME GR | GROUP | COL | WIDTH | NDEC | type | MDCODE 1 | MDCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark 3023$ | NEW HOUSEHOLD MEMBER? | 0 | 214 | 1 | 0 | c |  | 0000009 | 1 | 100 |
| $v 3024$ | HOW LONG AT ADDRESS-MOS | 0 | 215 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 101 |
| $V 3025$ | HOW LONG AT ADDRESS-YRS | 0 | 217 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 102 |
| $v 3026$ | HOW OFTEN MOVED | 0 | 219 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 103 |
| $\checkmark 3027$ | MAJOR ACTIVITY LAST WEEK | 0 | 221 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 104 |
| $V 3028$ | WORK LAST WEEK | 0 | 223 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 105 |
| V3029 | HOURS WORK AT JOBS | 0 | 224 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 106 |
| $\checkmark 3030$ | ABSENT FROM JOB LASI WEE | 0 | 226 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 107 |
| $V 3031$ | ABSENT FROM WORK LAST WE | 0 | 227 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 108 |
| v3032 | LOOKING WORK LAST 4 WEEK | 0 | 228 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 109 |
| $\checkmark 3033$ | lead in code vaosu | 0 | 229 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000009 | 1 | 110 |
| $\checkmark 3034$ | PUBLIC EmPLOYMENT AGENCY | 0 | 230 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| V3035 | PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENC | 0 | 231 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| $\checkmark 3036$ | EMPLOYER DIRECTLY | 0 | 232 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| V3037 | friends or relatives | 0 | 233 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| V3038 | Placed or answered ads | 0 | 234 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| V3039 | WHAT DOING-DTHER | 0 | 235 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| V3040 | NOTHING DONE TO FIND WOR | 0 | 236 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 110 |
| V304 1 | METHOD LOOK FOR WORK | 0 | 237 | 1 | 0 | C |  |  | 1 | 110 |
| V3042 | COULD NOT TAKE JOB | 0 | 238 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 111 |
| V3043 | LAST WORKED FULL-TIME | 0 | 239 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 112 |
| $v 3044$ | KIND OF BUSINESS/INOUSTR | 0 | 240 | 3 | 0 | C | 0000999 | 0000998 | 1 | 113 |
| $\checkmark 3045$ | KIND OF WORK DOING | 0 | 243 | 3 | 0 | C | 0000999 | 0000998 | 1 | 114 |
| $\checkmark 3046$ | TYPE EMPLOYEE | 0 | 246 | $t$ | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 115 |
| $V 3047$ | emplou status recode | 0 | 247 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 |  | 1 | 3047 |
| $\checkmark 3048$ | iSt Call police lst 6 Mo | 0 | 249 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 118 |
| $\checkmark 3049$ | 2ND CALL POLICE LST 6 MO | 0 | 251 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 118 |
| V3050 | 3RD CALL POLICE LST 6 MO | 0 | 253 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 118 |


| vark | variable name | group | COL | WIown | note. | IYPE | mocode 1 | MDCODE 2 | RESP | Refno id |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $v 3051$ | ISt Occurrence last 6 mo | 0 | 255 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 119 |
| V3052 | 2ND OCCURRENCE LAST 6 MO | 0 | 257 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 119 |
| V3053 | 3rd occurrence last 6 mo | 0 | 259 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 119 |
| V3054 | WITHIN HH NONINTERVIEW | $\bigcirc$ | 261 | 6 | 4 | c |  | - | 1 | 3054 |
| $V 3055$ | 2ND STAGE WEIGHT | 0 | 267 | 6 | 4 | c |  |  | 1 | 3055 |
| V3056 | FINAL PERSON WEIGHT | 0 | 273 | 8 | 3 | c |  |  | 1 | 3056 |
| V3057 | * Crimes per person | 0 | 281 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 3057 |
| V4001 | ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER | 0 | 283 | 6 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 4001 |
| V4002 | :EAR AND OUARTER | 0 | 289 | 3 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 4002 |
| V4003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMEER | 0 | 292 | 2 | 0 | C |  |  | 1 | 4003 |
| V4004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT | 0 | 294 | 3 | 0 | $c$ |  |  | 1 | 4004 |
| $\checkmark 4005$ | SEGMENT Number | 0 | 297 | 4 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 4005 |
| V4006 | CHECK OIGIT | 0 | 301 | 1 | 0 | $c$ |  | . | 1 | 4006 |
| $\checkmark 4007$ | SERIAL NUMBER | 0 | 302 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 4007 |
| $\checkmark 4008$ | holusehold number | 0 | 304 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 4008 |
| $\checkmark 4009$ | Line number of responden | 0 | 305 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 201 |
| V40to | * SCREEN OUEST. INCI RPT | 0 | 307 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 202 |
| $\checkmark 4011$ | INCIDENT NUMBER | 0 | 309 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | -4 |
| $\checkmark 4012$ | inc. occur living same a | 0 | 34 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 204 |
| $\checkmark 4013$ | mo. Incident occur | 0 | 312 | 2 | $\bigcirc$ | c |  |  | * | 205 |
| V4014 | YEAR INCIDENT OCCUP | 0 | 314 | 2 | 0 | c | - |  | 1 | 205 |
| V4015 | INCIDENT-SERIES CRIMES | 0 | 316 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 206 |
| V4016 | * times occur last 6 mos | 0 | 317 | 3 | 0 | C | 0000999 | 0000998 | 1 | 207 |
| $\vee 4017$ | $\cdots$ times occur ot. 1 | 0 | 320 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 208 |
| V4018 | * times occur ot. 2 | 0 | 322 | 2 | 0 | $c$ | 0000059 | 0000098 | 1 | 209 |
| $\because 4019$ | * times occur ot. 3 | 0 | 324 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 210 |
| V4020 | * TIMES OCCUR Ot . 4 | 0 | 326 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000098 | 0000098 | 1 | 211 |
| V4021 | LIGHT/DARK TIME OF INCID | 0 | 328 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 212 |


| VAR* | VARIABLE NAME GR | group | COL | WIOTH | NDEC | TYPE | MDCUDEI | MOCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4022 | TlAE INCIDENT OCCUR | 0 | 329 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 213 |
| V4023 | INCIDENT IN CITY LIMITS | 0 | 330 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 214 |
| V4024 | SAME ST/CITY AS PRES. ADD | 0 | 331 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 216 |
| V4025 | PLACE INCIDENT OCCUR | 0 | 332 | 2 | - | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 217 |
| V4026 | Offender right to place | 0 | 334 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 218 |
| V4027 | Offender enter place | 0 | 335 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 219 |
| V4028 | LEAO In CODE V4O2B | 0 | 336 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 |  | 1 | 220 |
| $\checkmark 4029$ | DAMAGED WINDOW | 0 | 337 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 220 |
| V4030 | gamageo screen | 0 | 338 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 220 |
| $v 4031$ | DAMAGED WINDOW LOCK | 0 | 339 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 220 |
| V4032 | OTHER WINDOW DAMAGE | 0 | 340 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 220 |
| V4033 | damaged door | 0 | 341 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 221 |
| V4034 | DOOR SCREEN DAMAGED | 0 | 342 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 221 |
| V4035 | dour lock damaged | 0 | 343 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 221 |
| V4036 | OTHER DOOR dAMAGE | 0 | 344 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 221 |
| V4037 | DAMAGE OTHER WIN/DOOR | 0 | 345 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 221 |
| V4038 | FORCEO ENTRY-RESIOUE | 0 | 346 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 221 |
| V4039 | HOL OFFENDER ENTER | 0 | 347 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 222 |
| V4040 | his mem pres during incio | 0 | 349 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 223 |
| V404 1 | HH MEM PRES DUR INC (AIL | 0 | 350 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 223 |
| V4042 | RESPONDENT HiT/HURT | 0 | 351 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | ! | 225 |
| $\checkmark 4043$ | RESPDNDENT HIT/HURT (ALL | 0 | 352 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 225 |
| V4044 | lead in code vaoua | 0 | 353 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 224 |
| $V 4045$ | Hand gun present | 0 | 354 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 224 |
| V4046 | OTHER GUN PRESENT | 0 | 355 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 224 |
| V4047 | KNIFE PRESENT | 0 | 356 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 224 |
| V4048 | OTHER WEAPON PRESENT | 0 | 357 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 224 |
| V4049 | OFF WEAPON RFSIDIJE | 0 | 35A | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 224 |



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| VARN | VARIABLE NAME | GROUP | COL | WIDIH | NDEC | IYPE | mdcode 1 | MOCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark 4078$ | attack-Rape | 0 | 387 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| $\checkmark 4079$ | attack-attempted rape | 0 | 388 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| $\checkmark 4080$ | SHOT | 0 | 389 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| V408 1 | KNIFED | 0 | 390 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| V4082 | hit by obuect in hand | 0 | 39.1 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| $\checkmark 4083$ | HIT BY thrown obuect | 0 | 392 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| V4084 | HIT SLAPED KNOCKEO DOWN | 0 | 393 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| $\checkmark 4085$ | grabeed held pushed | 0 | 394 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| V4086 | HDW ATTACKED-OTHER | 0 | 395 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 229 |
| V4087 | HOW GTTACKED-RESIDUE | 0 | 396 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 229 |
| V4088 | lead in code vapbs | 0 | 397 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4089 | INJURIES-RAPE | 0 | 398 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| $\checkmark 4090$ | INJURIES-ATTEMPTED RAPE | 0 | 399 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V409 1 | Kivife wounds | 0 | 400 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4092 | GUN SHOT BULLET WOUNDS | $\bigcirc$ | 401 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 000000日 | 1 | 230 |
| V4093 | BROKEN BONES | 0 | 402 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4094 | INTERNAL INJURIES | 0 | 403 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4095 | KNOCKED UNCONSCIOUS | 0 | 404 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4096 | BRUISES CUTS SCRATCHES | 0 | 405 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4097 | OTHER INJURY | 0 | 405 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 230 |
| V4098 | INJURY-RESIDUE | - | 407 | 1 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 230 |
| V4099 | medical care reouired | 0 | 408 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 231 |
| V4 100 | lead in code valoo | 0 | 409 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 232 |
| V4t10: | at the scene | 0 | 410 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 232 |
| V4 102 | at a home | 0 | 411 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 232 |
| v4 103 | HEALTH UNIT AT WORK/SCH | 0 | 412 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 232 |
| V4 104 | doctor office | 0 | 413 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 232 |
| v 4105 | HGSPITAL EMERGENCY ROOM | 0 | 414 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 237 |

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| VAR* | VARIABLE NAME G | Group | COL | WIOTH | NDEC | TYPE | HDCODE | MDCDOE2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4 106 | WHERE CARE RECD-OTHER | 0 | 415 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 00000008 | 1 | 232 |
| v4107 | hospital. | 0 | 416 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 232 |
| $v 4108$ | WHERE CARE RECD-RESIOUE | 0 | 417 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 |  | 1 | 232 |
| V4 109 | STAY OVERNIGHT HOSPITAL | 0 | 418 | $t$ | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 233 |
| V4110 | * days star overnt | 0 | 419 | 3 | 0 | c | 0000995 | 0000998 | 1 | 234 |
| V4111 | INSURANCE AT TIME OF INC | 0 | 422 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 235 |
| V4112 | LEAD IN CODE V4112 | 0 | 423 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 000000 B | 1 | 236 |
| V4113. | Private plan insurance | 0 | 424 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4114 | medicato insurance | 0 | 425 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4115 | medicare insurance. | 0 | 426 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4116 | VA CHAMPUS INSURANCE | 0 | 427 | 1 | 0 | $\tau$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4117 | PUBLIC WELFARE | 0 | 428 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4118 | INSURANCE -OTHER | 0 | 429 | \% | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4119 | INSURANCE-OON'T KNOW | 0 | 430 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 236 |
| V4120 | insurance-residue | 0 | 431 | 1 | $o$ | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 236 |
| V4121 | CLAIM FILED | 0 | 432 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 237 |
| V4 122 | Insurance pay any | 0 | 433 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 238 |
| V4 123 | PROTECT SELF | 0 | 434 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 241 |
| V4124 | ONE OR MORE DFFEND | 0 | 435 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 243 |
| V4125 | Sex of single off | 0 | 436 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 000000 | 1 | 244 |
| V4 126 | HOW muCh insurance pay | 0 | 437 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 239 |
| V4127 | Amount medical expenses | 0 | 442 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 240 |
| V4128 | Lead IN CODE V4128 | 0 | 447 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 |  | 1 | 242 |
| V4 129 | USED GUN | 0 | 448 | 1. | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4130 | USED KNIFE | 0 | 449 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4131 | USED OTHER WEAPON | 0 | 450 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4 132 | USED PHYSICAL FORCE | 0 | 451 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4133 | TRIEO TO GEt HEtP | 0 | 452 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |

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| VARN | VARIABLE NAME | GRDUP | COL | W1DTH | NDEC | TYPE | MDCODE 1 | mDCODE2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4 134 | threatened argued | 0 | 453 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | $t$ | 242 |
| V4 135 | RESISTED W/O FORCE | 0 | 454 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4136 | OTHER MEASURE | 0 | 455 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4 137 | SELF-PROTECT-RESIDUE | $\bigcirc$ | 456 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 242 |
| V4138 | age of offender | 0 | 457 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 245 |
| $v 4139$ | KNOWN/STRANGER | 0 | 458 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 . | 0000008 | 1 | 246 |
| V4140 | HOW WELL KNOW OFFENDER | 0 | 459 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 247 |
| V4141 | RELATSHIP W/OFFENDER | 0 | 460 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 248 |
| V4 142 | RACE OF OFFENDER | 0 | 462 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 249 |
| V4t43 | * Offenders | 0 | 463 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000008 | 1 | 250 |
| V4144 | SEX Of Gffenders | 0 | 465 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | 251 |
| V4 145 | SEX OF MAJORITY OFF | 0 | 466 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000003 | 1 | 252 |
| V4146 | AGE OF YOUNGEST OFF | 0 | 467 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 253 |
| V4 147 | AGE OF DLDEST OFFENDER | 0 | 468 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 254 |
| V4148 | KNOWN OR StRangers | 0 | 469 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | 255 |
| V4149 | LEAD IN CODE V4IA9 | 0 | 470 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 256 |
| V4150 | SIGHT ONLY | 0 | 471 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1. | 256 |
| V4151 | CASUAL ACOUAINTANCE | 0 | 472 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 256 |
| V4 152 | KNOW WELL | 0 | 473 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | $t$ | 256 |
| V4 153 | KNOW OFFS-RESIDUE | 0 | 474 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 256 |
| V4 154 | LEAD IN CODE V4i54 | 0 | 475 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4 155 | SPOUSE | 0 | 476 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4156 | EX-SPOUSE | 0 | 477 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4, 157 | PARENT | $\bigcirc$ | 478 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | c | 0000003 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4158 | OWN CHILD | 0 | 479 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4 159 | BROTHER/SISTER | 0 | 480 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000003 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4160 | other relative | 0 | 481 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4isi | buyfriendem buyfirent | 0 | 482 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |


| VARN | variable name geter | group | COL | WIDTH | NDEC | TYPE | MDCODE 1 | MDCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4 162 | GIRLFRIEND/EX-GIRLFRND | 0 | 483 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4163 | FRIEND/EX-FRIEND | 0 | 484 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4 164 | OTHER NONRELATIVE | 0 | 485 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4165 | NELL KNOWN OFFS-RESIDUE | 0 | 486 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 257 |
| V4166 | LEAD IN CODE V4166 | 0 | 487 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 258 |
| V4 167 | WHITE | 0 | 488 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 258 |
| V4168 | BLACK | 0 | 489 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | - 1 | 258 |
| V4 169 | Other races | 0 | 490 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 258 |
| V4170 | DONT KNOW RACE | 0 | 491 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 258 |
| v4171 | OFFENDERS* RACES-RESIDUE | 0 | 492 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000003 | 1 | 258 |
| V4172 | offender race | 0 | 493 | $t$ | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 259 |
| V4 173 | only persun present | 0 | 494 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 260 |
| V4974 | \# PERSONS Harmed | 0 | 495 | 2 | 0 | $c$ | 0000099 | 0000093 | 1 | 261 |
| V4 175 | members hh now | 0 | 497 | 2 | 0 | $c$ | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 262 |
| V4176 | ITEM STOLEN | 0 | 499 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 263 |
| V4177 | ITEM STOLEN (ALLOCATED) | 0 | 500 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 263 |
| V4178 | Item attempted stolen | 0 | 501 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 264 |
| V4179 | ITEM ATTEM STOLEN(ALL) | 0 | 502 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 264. |
| V4180 | lead in code vaieo | 0 | 503 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 4180 |
| V4181 | CASH ATTP | 0 | 504 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 265 |
| V4182 | PURSE ATTP | 0 | 505 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 265 |
| V4183 | WALLET attp | 0 | 506 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 265 |
| V4184 | car attp | 0 | 507 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 265 |
| V4185 | Other vehicle attp | 0 | 508 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 265 |
| V4186 | Part of vehicle attp | 0 | 509 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 265 |
| V4187 | SMALL APPL. TV, ETC ATtP | 0 | 510 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 266 |
| V4188 | SILVER, CHINA. FURS ATTP | 0 | 511 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 226 |
| V4 189 | bicycle attp | o | 512 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 266 |


| VAR* | variable name | group | CDL | WIDIH | NOEC | IVPE | MDCODE 1 | MOCODE 2 | RESP | REFND |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| v4190 | handgun attp | 0 | 513 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 267 |
| V4191 | OTHER GUN ATTP | 0 | 514 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 267 |
| V4:92 | DTHER ATTP | 0 | 515 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 267 |
| V4193 | OON'T KNOW-AITP | 0 | 516 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 267 |
| V4194 | RESIDUE-ATTP | 0 | 517 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 267 |
| V4195 | OfFICE USE ONLY (ATT) | 0 | 518 | 6 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 268 |
| V4196 | 1 TEM IN POCKET(ATTP) | 0 | 524 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 269 |
| V4197 | ITEM IN PKT ATtP (ALlOC) | 0 | 525 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 269 |
| v4198 | any Cash taken | 0 | 526 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 270 |
| V4 199 | LEAD IN CODE VA199 | 0 | 531 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000006 | 1 | 270 |
| V4200 | ONLY CASH TAKEN | 0 | 532 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 271 |
| V4201 | PURSE TAKEN | 0 | 533 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 27.1 |
| V4202 | WALLET TAKEN | 0 | 534 | $\dagger$ | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 271 |
| $V 4203$ | CAR TAKEN | 0 | 535 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 271 |
| V4204 | Other vehicle taken | 0 | 536 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 271 |
| $v 4205$ | PART DF AUTO TAKEN | 0 | 537 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 271 |
| V4206 | SMALL APPL. YV. ETC | 0 | 538 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| V4207 | Silver taken | 0 | 539 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| $V 4208$ | Bicycle taken | 0 | 540 | 1 | 0 | C. | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| V4209 | hand gun taken | 0 | 541 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| V4210 | OTHER GUN TAKEN | 0 | 542 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| V421t | OTHER TAKEN | 0 | 543 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| V4212 | PROPERTY TAKEN-RESIDUE | 0 | 544 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 272 |
| V4213 | Office use only (COMP) | 0 | 545 | 6 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 274 |
| V4214 | OFF PERMISSION FOR CAR | 0 | 551 | 1 | 0 | c | .0000009 | 0000008 | \% | 275 |
| V4215 | OFFEN RETURN AUTO | 0 | 552 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 276 |
| V4216 | moNEY ON PERSON | 0 | 553 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 277 |
| V4217 | MONEY ON PERSON(AL) | 0 | 554 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 277 |

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| vara | VARIABLE NAME | GROUP | COL | WIDTH | NUEC | TYPE | gatcade 1 | ADCODE2 | RESP | REFNG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4218 | VALUE PROPERTY fakEn | - | 555 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 278 |
| V4219 | LEAD IN CODE V4219 | 0 | 560 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| V4220 | ORIGINAL COST USED | 0 | 561 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| v4221 | REPLACEMENT COSt | 0 | 562 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| VA222 | personal estimate/value | 0 | 563 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000003 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| $V 4223$ | Insuramce estimate | 0 | 564 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| V4224 | police estimate | 0 | 565 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| V4225 | HOW DECIDE-DON'T KNOW | 0 | $5 ¢ 6$ | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| V4226 | HOW DECIDE-OTHER | 0 | 567 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 279 |
| $V 4227$ | How decide-residue | 0 | 568 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 |  | 1 | 279 |
| 44228 | ALL STOLEN PRPTY RECOVE | o | 569 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 280 |
| V4229 | RECOV PROP-NEED REPAIR | 0 | 570 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 296 |
| V4230 | REPORT THEFT TO INSURAN | 0 | 574 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 290 |
| $v 4231$ | amt cash recavered | 0 | 572 | 5 | $\bigcirc$ | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 281 |
| $\checkmark 4232$ | lead in code valiz2 | 0 | 577 | 1 | - | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 28. |
| V4233 | ONLY CASH RECUVERED | 0 | 578 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 292 |
| V4234 | purse fecovered | 0 | 579 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 282 |
| V4235 | WALLET RECOVERED | 0 | 580 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 282 |
| V4236 | Other car recovered | 0 | 581. | 1. | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 282 |
| V4237 | motor vehicle recovered | 0 | 582 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 282 |
| V4238 | PART OF CAR RECOVERED | 0 | 583 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 282 |
| V4239 | SML APPL. TV RECOVERED | 0 | 584 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 283 |
| V4240 | FURS. SILVER RECOVEAEO | 0 | 585 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 283 |
| $V 4241$ | bicycle recovered | 0 | 586 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 283 |
| $V 4242$ | hand gun recovered | 0 | 587 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 284 |
| $\checkmark 4243$ | OTHER GUN RECOVERED | 0 | 588 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 284 |
| V4244 | other recovered | 0 | 589 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 284 |
| V4245 | recovered-residue | 0 | 590. | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | ' | 284 |


| VAR" | VARIABLE Name | group | col. | wiort | NDEC. | IYPE | MDCODE 1 | MDCODE 2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark 4246$ | OFFICE USE ONLY (REC) | 0 | 591 | 6 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | ; | 285 |
| V4247 | RECOVERED Prpty value | 0 | 597 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 287 |
| $v 4248$ | Value of prpty recovere | 0 | 002 | 5 | 0 | c | ¢099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 288 |
| V4249 | LEAD IN CODE V4249 | 0 | 607 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 289 |
| $\checkmark 4250$ | VICTIM RECOVERED GCODS | 0 | 608 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000003 | 000000a | 1 | 289 |
| V4251 | Police recovered godos | 0 | 609 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000003 | 1 | 285 |
| V4252 | godos peturneo by offen | 0 | 610 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 289 |
| V4353 | OTHER RETURNED | 0 | 611 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 289 |
| V4254 | WHO RECOVERED-RESIDUE | 0 | 612 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 289 |
| $\checkmark 4255$ | INSURANGE COVER THEFT | 0 | 613 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 291 |
| V4256 | HOW MUCH PA!O | 0 | 614 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | cos9998 | 1 | 292 |
| V4257 | ANY Other items damageo | 0 | 619 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 000000s | 0000008 | 1 | 293 |
| V4258 | Damages repalagd | 0 | 620 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 294 |
| $V 4259$ | EST COST OF REPAIRS | 0 | 621 | 5 | 0 | C | 0059999 | 0099938 | 1 | 255 |
| V4260 | ACTUAL COST Of repairs | 0 | 626 | 5 | 0 | c | 0095999 | 0099998 | 1 | 296 |
| V4261 | LEAG ths cobe vthei | 0 | 631 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 297 |
| V.4262 | ITEM NOT REPAIRED | 0 | 632 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 297 |
| $\mathbf{V} 4263$ | HH MEmber mepair | 0 | 633 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 297 |
| V4264 | LAND LORD REPAIR | 0 | 634 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | ( | 297 |
| V4265 | INSUR. CO. PAY | 0 | 635 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 297 |
| V4265 | ofher pay | 0 | 536 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 297 |
| V4267 | Whi po Repairs | 0 | 637 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 297 |
| V4268 | COMA VICTIMIZATION | 0 | 638 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000003 | 0000008 | 1 | 298 |
| V4269 | POLICE KNOW OF INCIDEMT | 0 | 639 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000059 | 0000008 | 1 | 299 |
| V4270 | NOT REPT TO POLICE(STR) | 0 | 6.40 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 300 |
| V427: | REASONS NOT REPORTEO | 0 | 641 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000003 | 0000008 | 1 | 300 |
| V4272 | obuect recovered | 0 | 642 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 301 |
| 0.4273 | RESPONDENT NDI IMPORI | 0 | 643 | : | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | 301 |

JUL 14. . 788 DSLIST ONLY (NCS INCIDENT-LEVEL DICTIONARY)

| VAR* | VARIABLE NAME | GROUP | COL | WIDTH | NDEC | TYPE | MOCODE 1 | MDCDDE2 | RESP | REFNO | ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4274 | PRIVATE MATTER ONLY | 0 | 644 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 3 | 301 |  |
| v4275 | Reported to other perso | 0 | 645 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 00000109 | 0000008 | 1 | 301 |  |
| V4276 | not realize crime occur | 0 | 646 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 302 |  |
| V4277 | not recoverable | 0 | 647 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 302 |  |
| V4278 | lack of prodi/identity | 0 | 648 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 302 |  |
| V4279 | POLICE NOT THINK IMPORT | 0 | 649 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 302 |  |
| V4280 | POLICE INEFFICIENT | 0 | 650 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 302 |  |
| V4281 | AFRAID OF REPRISAL | 0 | 651 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 303 |  |
| V4282 | TOO INCONVENIENT/REPORT | 0 | 652 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 303 |  |
| $\checkmark 4283$ | NOT REPORTEO-OTHER | 0 | 653 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | 303 |  |
| $\checkmark 4284$ | NOT KNOW WHY NOT REPORT | 0 | 654 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 303 |  |
| $V 4285$ | NOT REPDRTED-RESIDUE | 0 | 655 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 303 |  |
| V4286 | MOST IMP WHY NOT REPORT | 0 | 656 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 304 |  |
| V4287 | LEAD IN CODE V4287 | 0 | 658 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 000000B | 1 | 4287 |  |
| V4288 | TO STOP INCIDENT | 0 | 659 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 000000a | 1 | 305 |  |
| V4289 | KEEP FROM OCCUR AGAIN | 0 | 660 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 305 |  |
| VA2SO | ro collect insurance | 0 | 661 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 305 |  |
| V4291 | DESIRE RECQVER PRPTY | 0 | 662 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 305 |  |
| V4292 | NEED HELP/INJURY | 0 | 663 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 305 |  |
| V4293 | EvIDENCE PRESENT | 0 | 664 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 205 |  |
| V4294 | PUNISH OFFENDER | 0 | 665 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 306 |  |
| $\checkmark 4295$ | FELT IT DUTV | 0 | 666 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 306 |  |
| V4296 | SOME Other reason | 0 | 667 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 306 |  |
| V4297 | no other reason | 0 | 668 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | $\dagger$ | 306 |  |
| V4298 | REASON REPTEO-RESIDUE . | 0 | 669 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 306 |  |
| V4299 | MOST IMP REASON TO RPT | 0 | 670 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 | 0000098 | 1 | 307 |  |
| V4300 | emploved at time incide | 0 | 672 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 308 |  |
| V4301 | SAME JOS AS EARLIER DES | 0 | 673 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 |  | 1 | 309 |  |

JUL 14. 1988 DSLIST DNLY (NCS INCIDENT-LEVEL DICTIONARY)

| VAR\# | VARIABLE NAME G | GROUP | COL | WIOTH | NDEC | TYPE | MOCODE 1 | mbcoode 2 | RESP | REFNO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V4302 | KINO OF BUSINESS/INOUSIR | 0 | 674 | 3 | 0 | c | 0000959 | 0000998 | 1 | 310 |
| v 4303 | KINO OF WORK DQING | $\bigcirc$ | 677 | 3 | 0 | c | 0000999 | 0000998 | 1 | 311 |
| V4304 | WHAT KIND EMPLOYEE | $\bigcirc$ | 680 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | $3: 2$ |
| V4305 | LOSE WORK/INJURIES | 0 | 681 | 1 | 0 | ${ }^{+}$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 313 |
| $\vee 4306$ | HOW much time lost/inuur | 0 | 682 | 3 | 0 | C | 0000999 | 0000998 | 1 | 314 |
| V4307 | LOOSE ANY Pay during tim | 0 | 685 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 315 |
| $\checkmark 4308$ | HOW MUCH PAY LOOSE--\$s\$ | 0 | 686 | 5 | 0 | C | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 316 |
| $\checkmark 4309$ | lead in code vasiog | 0 | 691 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 317 |
| V4310 | REPAIRING DAMAGED PRPTY | 0 | 692 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 317 |
| V4311 | REPLACING STOLEN GOODS | 0 | 693 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 317 |
| V4312 | POLICE INVESTIGATION | 0 | 694 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 317 |
| V4313 | COURT RELATED ACTIVITIES | 0 | 695 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000000 | 1 | 317 |
| V4314 | ANY OTHER REASON | 0 | 696 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 317 |
| $\checkmark 4315$ | LOST TIME-RESIDUE | 0 | 697 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 317 |
| V4316 | how much time lose tota | 0 | 698 | 3 | 0 | C | 0000099 | 0000998 | 1 | 318 |
| V4317 | LOSE PAY | 0 | 701 | 1 | 0 | C | 0000009 |  | 1 | 319 |
| V4318 | type of crime | 0 | 702 | 2 | 0 | C | 0000099 |  | ; | 4318 |
| V43 19 | How much pay loose | 0 | 704 | 5 | 0 | c | 0099999 | 0099998 | 1 | 320 |
| $\checkmark 4320$ | OTHER HH MMS LOST WORK | $\bigcirc$ | 709 | 1 | 0 | $c$ | 0000009 | 0000008 | 1 | 321 |
| V4321 | How much total time lost | 0 | 710 | 3 | 0 | c | 0000999 | 0000998 | 1 | 322 |
| V4322 | SERIOUSNESS SCORE | 0 | 713 | 4 | 2 | $C$ |  |  | 1 | 4322 |
| V4323 | SERIOUSNESS OLD SCORE | 0 | 717 | 2 | 0 | c |  |  | 1 | 4323 |
| V4324 | INCIOENT WEIGHt | 0 | 719 | 8 | 3 | c |  |  | 1 | 4324 |
| $\checkmark 4325$ | Crime Sequence no | 0 | 727 | 2 | 0 | $c$ |  |  | 1 | 4325. |
| V4326 | RECODED TYPE OF CRIME | 0 | 729 | 2 | 0 | c | 0000099 |  | 1 | 4326 |
| $\checkmark 4327$ | RELATION TO VICTIM | 0 | 731 | 1 | 0 | c | 0000009 |  | 1 | 4327 |

[^2]
## APPENDIX 6

QUESTIONNAIRE AND CONTROL CARDS














## CRIME INCIDENT REPORT - Cantinued



## CRIME INCIDENT REPORT - Continued

9a. At the time of the incident, wate you covared by any madleal insuranca, of were you aligible for bendfita trom any other type of health benefits ppogrem, such an Medictid, Vetarana Administration, or Public Welfarn?
$235, \begin{aligned} 2 & =\text { Yes } \\ 2 & =\text { No }\end{aligned}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.2=\begin{array}{l}
\text { No } \\
\text { Donit know }
\end{array}\right\} \text { SNIP to } 91 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

b. What kinds of hewth insurence or bendit programs were you covered by? Any others? Mark all that apoly
236

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { IPrivate plans } \\
& 2 \text { = Medicaid } \\
& 3=\text { Medicare } \\
& 4=\text { VA. CHAMFUS } \\
& 5=\text { Public welfare } \\
& 5 \text { Other - Specify } \\
& 3 \text { Don't know }
\end{aligned}
$$

c. Was a clatm filed with any of thase insurance companias or progrems in order to get all or part of your modicat expenses poid?
237

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =Y \mathrm{Yes} \\
& 2=N o \\
& \text { y Don }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
2=\text { No } \\
3=\text { Don't know }
\end{array}\right\} \text { SKIP to } 9!
$$

d. Did insurance or any hoenth banafits program pay for all of part of the total madical expensaa?

## 238

$\square$
$2 \square$ Part
3 Not Yot settled
4 None

$$
\text { SKIP to } 9 f
$$

-. How much did Insurance or a halth benefles program pay Obtan an estimate, if necessary.
239 ; $\qquad$ 00
"EiDon't know


Is "All" marked in 9d?
Mill marked in 9d?
INO - Ask $9 f$
94. What was tha total anoumt of your medical expenses resulting from this incldent. (INELUDING anything paid by Insurancel? Include hospital and doctor bille, medicine, therapy, bracas, and any other Injury-tiolated medical axpanter.

- INTERVIEWER; Obtain an ẹstimato. if nscessary.
[260 OENo cost
\$
$\times$ Don't know
10a. Did you do enythlng to protect yoursel or your property during the incident? Include getime awhy from the oftender, yolling for haip, reslating in any way.
247, ${ }^{\text {IT }}$ Y
$2 \square$ No - SKIP to 11a
b. What did you do? Anything also?

Mark all that apply
$\qquad$ 1 DUsedfbrandished gun
2 EUsed/brandished a knife
3:Usedfbrandishad some other weapon

- EUsedftried physical force thit. chased, threw object, atc.)
© Tried to get help, attract attention, scare offendar away (screamed, yolled, called polico. turnad on lights, atc.)
6 CThreatened, argued, reasonad, etc.. with offender
, Resisted without force, used evasive action fran/dfove oway, hid, held property, locked door. duckad, shieldad self, are.l
- OOther - Specify 7

$11 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{How}$ many persona?


1. Were they male op femsle?

11 b . Wes this person male or fomala 244 ${ }_{2}$ EFale "SDon'iknow
c. How old would you sty the person way?

SUnder 12
2 $12-14$
3 $15-17$

- $18-20$
s $21-29$
$830-$
8 Don't know
d. Was the person someone you knaw or a trangar you had never seen before?


e. How well did you know the person - by sight only casual acquaintancs of wall known?

[asight only Skip 2 DCasual acquaintance ${ }^{1} 19$
3 Well known
f. What wat the peraon's rilationship to you? For example, a friend, exampla, at
cousin, stc.
248 Cispouse 2EEx-spouso 3 Parent
4 Down child
${ }^{\square}$ Brother/sister
- Dother relasive Spesify 7

7 EBoyfriend/ ex-boyfriend
3 Gitlfriend ex-ginffriend - DFriand/ex-Iriend - DOther norkelative Specify $_{7}$


Hotes



251, =All male
${ }^{2}$ IAll female
${ }_{3}$ 二Don't know sex of ony

- offanders
- ZBoin male and lemale It 3 or more in 11 h , Ask: Were they mostly malo or mostly tomale?
${ }^{3}$ CMostly male - Mostiy fermale , Evenly divided a Don't know


## How old would you say the

 youngest was?
k. How old would you say the oldent was?

l. Were any of the pernons known to you or were they all strangers you had never seen before?
25a, CAll known
2 Some known
5 DAll strangers
4 Don't know
SKIP to 110
m. How wall did you know tha parson(s) - by sight only, cesual acqusintance or well known? Mark all thet spply

| $25$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { Sight only } \\ & 2 \text { Casual acquaintancels) } \\ & 3 \text { Well known } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |


${ }^{1}$ "Well known" marked ir ": .
Ches-Askiln
11n. What (was/wera) the wall known person's roletlonahlp(s) to you? for oxample, trinnd, cousin, otc. Mark all that apply

1 DSpouse
2 Ex-spouse
3 Darent

EBoyfriend! Ex-boytriena $*$ $\qquad$ - Girliriend - Frigithd

5 Brother/ 9-C Friend/ sister aCOXther

- Other - Concelativerelative nonrelativ Specify 7 Specifl
- Wore the offonders White, Black, or . Wore the oftoncar Mark all that apply 258) $\square$ White $2 \square$ Black
3 Oother - Specify
4 Don't know race of any/some

$\square$ Yes - Agtif 110
No - SKIP to 12a. page 16
11 p . What race ware most of the offanders? 258



## CRIMEINCIDENT REPORT - CORTINUAD

12a. Wepe you the only person there basidas the offonderis)? Do not include parsona under 12 years of age.

b. How many of these persons, not counting yoursalf, ware harmad, throatened with hapm or had something tak on ffom THEM by force or threat? (Do not include parzons under 12 years of age.)
261 د二Nane - SKIP to 13a
Number of persons
$\therefore$ Dont know - Skip ro 13 a
e. Are any of theso persons members of your housahold now? (Do not include household members under 12 yexrs of ago. 2620 No

Yes - How many, not counting yoursalt?
$\qquad$ Number of household members
Enter name of other HHLD memberls). If not sure, ask


13a. Verify 13a or 13b when it's already known that something was taken or attempted to be taken.
Weas something stolen or taken whithout permisaion that belonged to you or others in the housahold?

- INTERVIEWER: Include anvthing stolen from UNrecognizable bustmess in respongent's home. Do not include anything stolen fiom a recognizabla business in raspondent's home or arooker businass, such as merchandise or cash from a register.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 263 SYes - SKiP to } 130 \\
& \text { 2 No } \\
& \text { 3 Don's know }
\end{aligned}
$$

b. Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household?

204 EYes

c. What did they try to take? Anything alse?

Mark all that apply
285 CCash
${ }^{2}$ EPurse
${ }^{3}$ EWallo
EOther motor vahiclo

- EPar of motor vehicie thubcap, attached tape deck, attachad C.B. radio, atc.)
268
7 ㄱTV, starso equipment trape deck, receiver, speakar, erc.l, radios, cameras, small household appliances iblender, haif blower, toaster ovan, etc.J
- L Siver, china , jeveelry, furs
${ }_{9}$ C Bicyclo
28
${ }^{10}$ Hand gun (pistol, revolver, ete.)
"E Other gun friflo, shotgun, etc.)
$125^{2}$ Other - Specify 7
is Don't know


13d. Way the (cash/purse/wallotion yourporaon, for inatance, in e pocket or being held?

$\left.\begin{array}{l}1 \square \text { Yes } \\ 2 \square \mathrm{No}_{0}\end{array}\right\}$ sKIP to 18 s, page 17
130. What was zaken that belonged to you or others in household? Anything dise?
270 Cash s 00 and/or Procervy - Mark all thas adply
271. 1 Only cash taken - Enter amount above and SKif to lac.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ EPurse $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Wallet }\end{array}\right\}$ Dld it contain any money? - Yes - Enter amount aoove

4ECar
5 Other motor vehici

- F Part of motor vehicie thubcap. attacheo tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.l
2721 DTV , stereo equipment (tape deck, recener. speaker, ete.l, racios, cameras, small household appliances tblender, har blowar. toaster oven, etc.)
SESilver, china, jewelry, furs
وニ Bicycle
10I. Hand gun (pistol, revolvar, etc.) ${ }^{11}$ DOther gun trifla, shorgun, ete. ${ }_{12} \square$ Other - Specify 7

274

149. Had permission to use the (carmotor vehicfel ever given to the perton who took it?
275
1 DYes
2 No
3 Don't know $\}$ SKIP to Checkiteml 10
b. Dld the parson raturn the (carimotor vahicle) this time?

270 I YYes
2 DNo

| Was cash, purse, or a wailet taken? iMcrey amount entered or box 1, 2, or 3 markeg in 13elYes - Ask 14cNo - SKIP to Check Item J |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 14e. Was the (cxsh/purse/wallet) on your parson, for instances. in a pocket or being hald by you whan it was taken? |  |
|  |  |
| Retar to 13 s . Was anything other than zash. checks, or credit cards taken? |  |
| CHECK <br> ITEM $\mathbf{J}$ | Yes - Ask 15a <br> ENo - SKIP to 16a, page 17 |

15a. What was the value of the PROPERTY that was thiken? (Excluda any atolon cash/chacka/credit carda)
278) $\qquad$ 00
b. How did you decide the value of the property thet was stolon? Any other way?
Mark ell that apply
230. $\square$ Original cosi

- $2 \square$ Replacement cost

3 Porsonal estimate of eurtent value

- Insurance report estimate

4 $\square$ Police estimate

- Don't know

7 Other - Specify 7

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline CRIME \& REPORT - Continued \\
\hline 16a. Was all or part of the stolen (money/property/money and propertyl recovarod, not counting anything received from insurance?
\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { 280] 1DAll } \\
\& \text { 2DPar - SKIP to 16b } \\
\& \text { JDNone - SKIP to 17a }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
17a, Wes the theft raportad to an insurance company?
\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \left.\begin{array}{l}
\text { Yes } \\
2 \text { No or don't have insurance } \\
3 \text { Don't know }
\end{array}\right\} \text { SKIP to isa }
\end{aligned}
\]
\(\qquad\) \\
b. Did the inaurance pay anything to cover the thef:? \\
291 \\
c. How much rias paici?
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Was anything \\
CHECK GEEM K taken? ["Yes'"
\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { EYes - SKI }^{\text {Eno }} \text { SKIP }
\end{aligned}
\]
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
16b. What was recovared? Anything olse? \\
Cash: \\
281; \(\qquad\) 00 \\
andfor \\
Property - Mark all that apply \\
282 1 Eash only recovered- Enter amount above and EKIP to 16 ! \\
\({ }_{3}^{2}\) ㄹ. Purse Wallet \(\}\) Did it contain any monay?
Yes - Enter amount above
No

Car
Other motor vahicle
Part of motor vehicle thubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.) <br>
283 [LTTV, stereo equipment ftape deck, receiver, speakar, erc.l, radios, cameras, small houser:old appliances (blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.) <br>
al Silver, china, jewelry, furs <br>
9 Bicycle. <br>
284] 10[7 Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.) <br>
"D Other gun (rifle, shotgun, ete.) <br>
12乙 Othar - Specify ${ }_{7}$
\end{tabular}} \& <br>

\hline \& | 18a. Other than any stolen propertyl was anything thas batonged to you or other mambers of the housahold damaged in this incident? For example, was (a lock or window brokan/elothing damagad/damage done to a car/otc.i? $\begin{array}{ll} 293 \\ \text { 1DYes } \\ \text { 2ПNo SKIP to Check Itam } N \end{array}$ |
| :--- |
| b. (Was/Kore) the damaged item(s) espaired or raplaced? $\begin{array}{ll} 234 & \left.\begin{array}{l} \text { YYes, Alt } \\ \text { 2■Yes, Part } \end{array}\right\} \text { SKIP to 18d } \\ 3 \text { SO } \end{array}$ |
| c. How much would it cost to repair of replace the damaged Item(s)7 |
| 298 $\begin{aligned} & 0 \square \text { No cost - SKIP to Check Item } N \\ & \times \square \text { Don't know } \\ & \left.\times \frac{00}{}\right\} \text { SKIP to } 180 . \end{aligned}$ | <br>


\hline | CHECK |
| :--- |
| ITEML |
| cash/checks/eredit cirds recovered? Yes - Ask 16c No - SKIP to 161 | \& | d. Haw much was the repalt or replacement cost? |
| :--- |
| 296 o[ No cost - SKIP to Check Itam N | <br>


\hline | 16c. Wes the recovered property damaged to the axtent that it had to be repaliod of raplaced? (Do not include recovered cash, checke, or credit carde.) |
| :--- |
| 288 |
| $1 \square$ Yes No-SKIP to Chock Item M | \& | $\$$ $\qquad$ 00 |
| :--- |
| e. Who (pald/wiff pay) for the repains or replacement? Anyone mise? |
| Mark all that apply | <br>


\hline | d. Conaldering the damage, what was the value of the property after it was racovered? (Do not inciude recovernd cash, checks, or credit cards.) |
| :--- |
| 287 * $\qquad$ $\square$ - SKIP 10 16f | \&  <br>

\hline  \& <br>

\hline | 16e. What was the value of the property recovered? (Do not include recovered cash, checiks, or credit carda.) |
| :--- |
| 288 \$ $\qquad$ 00 $\square$ |
| f. Who recovered the (money/property/money and propertyl? Anyone elen? |
| Mark all that apply | \& | Look at Item 5, page 13. Did the incident happen in any of the commercial places described in boxes 7-11? Yes - Ask 19 No - SKIP to 20s, page 18 |
| :--- |
| 19. You sald thla incident happened in a (describe placel, Did the persontol stesl or TRY to atoal anything belonging to the inome placer | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}








[^0]:    * Numbers in parenthesis indicate panels which are being interviewed for the first time.

[^1]:    \{1\} Indicates the variable and reference numbers. A variable number and a reference number are assigned to each item in the study. In this codebook documenting the archived dataset, variable and reference numbers often differ. For many variables, a reference number is assigned which corresponds to the source code used by the Bureau of the Census. The source code appears on the original instrument next to each question and is circled. Should the data be formed into a fixed length record file, new variable numbers may be assigned or created. The reference numbers remain unchanged and correspond to those in this codebook.

[^2]:    ..... Normal termination of DSIISI 037 secs $\$ 0.33$

