# National Crime Surveys: National Sample, 1979-1985 [Revised Questionnaire] 


U.S. Dept. of Justice

Bureau of Justice Statistics

## U.S. Department of Justice

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NATIONAL CRIME SURVEYS: NATIONAL SAMPLE, 1979-1985
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[REVISED QUESTIONNAIRE]
(ICPSR 8608)

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Principal Investigator United States Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics
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In order to provide funding agencies with essential
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facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR
participants' research activities, each user of the
ICPSR data facilities is expected to send two copies of
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The National Crime Survey is a project which collects data on personal and household victimization through an ongoing national survey of residential addresses.

The National Crime Survey program was designed to achieve four primary objectives: to develop detailed information about the victims and consequences of crime, to estimate the numbers and types of crimes not reported to the police, to provide uniform measures of selected types of crimes, and to permit comparisons over time and types of areas. The survey provides measures for the following types of crimes, including attempts: rape, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and auto or motor vehicle theft. Detailed information about each victimization incident is recorded as well as the characteristics of the offender insofar as the victim can report them.

The original design of the National Crime Survey consisted of surveys of both householas and commercial establishments, nationally and in selected American cities. Collection of data for commercial establishments and in specific cities ended in 1975, and in 1977 for the National Sample. The data from these surveys are also available from the 1 CPSR and are documented elsewhere. This codebook documents the National Sample household survey, which has been conducted continuously since 1972. Other important sources of information about these data and their use are contained in the National Sample Survey Documentation and the National Sample Interviewer's Manual, produced by the Bureau of the Census, as well as numerous publication based on these data from the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Also useful is the report of the National Academy of Sciences panel on the National Crime Surveys program (National Academy of Science, 1976). All these data have been collected by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Justice Statistics. In addition to the extensive work done on these data by the Census Bureau, further data processing and documentation preparation has been performed by ICPSR under grants from the Bureau of Justice Statistics.

THE NATIONAL CRIME SURVEY
The National Crime Survey program traces its immediate origins to the work performed for the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice, impaneled in 1965. The commission was the second presidential commission in this century to attempt a comprehensive examination of crime and law enforcement, the first being the Wickersham Commission established in 1929 by President Hoover. Both commissions were established during periods in which crime appeared to be rising significantly and when public concern was widespread. One important issue which each commission considered, was the need for accurate information on the amount and distribution of crime.

Traditionally, such information was limited to official statistics on the activities of law enforcement statistics on the activities of law enforcement agencies or the judiciary. These figures had long been criticized as representing only a small fraction of the events occurring in society which might be characterized as criminal. The Wickersham Commission focused on questions relared to the collection and reliability of statistics available from law enforcement agencies such as those reported through the Uniform Crime Reports (UCR) systems, which was then in its infancy. Significant problems were seen in the reliance upon official statistics of crimes known both because many events are not reported to police and many other organizational and administrative influences may affect particular jurisdictions and their reports.

By the 1960 's, however, the methodology of sample surveys was sufficiently developed to allow exploration of ways in which they might be applied to the problem of measuring crime. Such surveys were seen as a means whereby accurate and alternative measurements of crime were possible. Survey-based measures could serve as a social indicator of the incidence of crime and provide detailed information on the characteristics and circumstances of events which were defined as criminal. Such information would allow the examination of a wide would allow the examination of a wide variety of important topics, including who was victimized by different types of crimes and how often, the consequences of victimization in injury and financial loss, the willingness of victims to report crimes to the police, and the characteristics of offenders as reported by
victims. It was also believed that accurate and timely estimates of the incidence of crime could be developed to allow comparisons over time and assess statistics available from official sources, especially the UCR counts of crimes known to the police.

Several field surveys were conducted for the President's Commission and revealed both that statistics on crimes known to the police under-represented the amount of crime and that the measurement of victimization with sample surveys was feasible, though for many reasons difficult (Biderman, et al. 1967; Ennis, 1967; Reiss, 1967; Block, C.B. and Block, R.L. [1984]. 'Crime definition, crime measurement and victim surveys'. JOURNAL OF SOCIAL ISSUES, 40, 137-160). One of the problems identified in this developmental stage was the varying ability of respondents to recall victimization experiences. This variation was seen to be dependent in part upon the length of the reference period for which the respondent was asked to recall incidents. Many victimization experiences appear to be of low salience to their victims and may be forgotten within a year. Since one goal of the NCS was to estimate the incidence of victimization for specific time periods, it therefore became important to determine the ideal reference period: the length of time which would elicit the most reliable results, given reasonable limits on the frequency with which the surveys could be conducted. Other issues of methodological importance included questionnaire design, especially the screen questions, (designed to elicit reports of victimization), respondent selection, the order of administration of instruments, and the classification of incidents (See Skogan, 1981, for a recent review of measurement issues in victimization surveys).

As part of the methodological effort in developing the NCS, several pretests were performed (see Lehnen and Skogan, 1981 and 1983, for a collection of relevant documents). Among the pretests were three reverse record check studies consisting of interviews with known victims of selected crimes identified by sampling from police records. Pretests were conducted in Washington, D.C. (1970), and Baltimore, Maryland (1970), and San Jose, California (1971). Findings confirmed the results of earlier work which indicated that the accuracy of the detailed information in reports increases as the length of the reference period
decreased, Respondents were able to recall more accurately when an event occurred within 3 months of months of the interview than 6 months, and able to recall for a 6 month period more accurately than a 12 month period. However, the shorter the recall period employed in the survey, the larger the sample must be to gather a comparable number of incident reports. A reference period of 6 months was finally chosen for the National Sample as representing a reasonable balance balance between the need for accuracy and cost of collection.

The 6 month reference period is administered by the use of bounding interviews to fix the specific period within which the incident occurred and to eliminate telescoping. Telescoping refers to common problems in retrospective surveys, that respondents tend to report incidents as occurring either earlier or later than they actually did. Telescoped events which actually occurred prior to the reference period can be minimized by bounding at the time of the first interview. Bounding established the reference point of the first interview to avoid duplicate reports of incidents in subsequent interviews. The effect of bounding was examined in the Quarterly Household Survey victimization supplement. Both bounded interviews were conducted using the household respondent technique. The survey data were compared on the basis of type of crime and whether the interviews were bounded or not. Results showed that unbounded interviews produced higher victimization rates than bounded interviews, i.e., that telescoping into the reference period was taking place. In the NCS design, each visit to a household is used to bound the next one by comparing reports in the current interview with those given 6 months prior. When a report appears to be a duplicate, the respondent is reminded of the earlier report and asked if the new report represents the incident previously mentioned or if it is different. A household which moves into a previously selected address will have an unbounded first interview, which currently is included in the data.

The question of whether household respondents should be asked to report for themselves and all other household members sixteen and older, or whether each qualified household member should be interviewed individually, was studied in pilot household victimization surveys in San Jose, California, and Dayton, Ohio. A sample of about 5,500 households in each area was
divided equally between those using the household respondent technique and the self-respondent technique. Results demonstrated that the self-respondent method generated substantially greater reporting of incidents. These results led to a study design that called for interviews with all household members 14 years or older. In the current design, only 12 and 13 year olds are routinely interviewed by proxy.

Other results indicated that while many incidents known to have occurred were reported to survey interviewers, some were not. Victims of assault were found to be most difficult to locate, indicating they may have much higher mobility rates. Also, personal crimes in which the offender was a person known to the victim were least likely to be reported.

To provide dirta for the nation as a whole, the survey was based upon a sample of about 72,000 housing units, interviews are conducted at 6 month intervals with each household member. The number of interviews conducted monthly was approximately 10,000 . Beginning in June 1984, however, a sample cut was initiated which now results in about 59,000 households in the sample, of which about 9,000 are interviewed monthly.

The National Crime Survey National Sample is a sample of addresses in the United States, in which interviewers return to a housing unit and conduct interviews with the current residents of the unit. All persons age 12 and older in selected household and group quarters are interviewed, usually in person or by telephone. Some respondents are interviewed by proxy based upon interviews of another household member. of another household member. Proxy interviews are conducted for household members aged 12 or 13 , for persons incapable of responding due to physical or mental incapacity, and for those persons who are away from the household for the entire interview period.

Each respondent is asked a series of screen questions to determine if he or she was victimized during the 6 month period preceding the first day of the month of incerview. Seven screen questions concern crime against the household and are asked only of a single household respondent (see the Glossary for notes on the selection of the household respondent). These questions ask about break-ins or attempts, and stolen household items, including motor vehicles and motor vehicie parts. Although all househcld members are not
asked these screen questions, a household incident will still be recorded if it is mentioned by a household member. Another 13 screen questions concern specific types of personal crimes, other things reported to the police, for any events the respondents thought might be a crime. They are asked of all respondents. Whenever a respordent makes a positive reply to a screen question, they are asked "How many times" that type of incident occurred during the reference period. At the conclusion of the screen questions, an individual victimization report is completed for each incident mentioned in response to the screen questions.

The report is designed to obtain detailed data on the characteristics and circumstances of the victimization. Items such as time and place of occurrence; injuries suffered; medical expenses incurred; number, age, race and sex of offender (s) ; relationship of offender (s) to victim (stranger, casual acquaintance, relative, etc.), and other detailed data relevant to a complete description of the incident are included in the report. Legal and technical terms, such as assault and larceny, are avoided during the interview. Instead. respondents are asked if they were attacked or threatened, if anything was taken from them or their homes, and if they were injured. These responses are used by the Bureau of the Census to place the incidents in a classification intended to be compatible with that used by the Uniform Crime Reports System (see the Notes section for a detailed description of the type of crime code used in the NCS). Additional demographic data are also collected on each household member's age, sex and race and on such characteristics as education, migration, labor force status, occupation, and family income.

SAMPLING INFORMATION
Sample Design and Size
Prior to June 1984, the National Sample consisted of approximately 72,000 sample housing units selected in a stratified multi-stage cluster sample from the 1921 Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) formed with counties or groups of counties using every county in the U.S. The PSUs were grouped into 376 strata by combining PSUs with similar characteristics into 220 strata and allocating a single self-representing PSU to the remaining 156 strata. The first stage of the sampling procedure
consisted of the selection of an interviewing site from each of the 376 strata. Beyond the 156 PSUs selected with certainty, a single PSU per stratum was selected with a probability proportionate to size in the 220 combined stidta. Beginning in June 1984, a sample cut resulted in the reduction of the 220 non self-representing ( $N S R$ ) strata to a group of size 153. This also included a 20 percent sample reduction in the larger of the 156 self-representing (SR) PSUs. Currently, the sample consists of about 59,000 housing units. Moreover, phase-in of a revised NCS sample design based on 1980 census data began in January, 1985. The 1980 design consists of 84 SR PSUs and 153 NSR strata, with one PSU per stratum selected with probability proportionate to size. Part of the reduction in the number of $5 R$ PSUs is due to a different procedure for drawing PSU boundaries, especially in the New England states, so that the 156 SR PSUs in the 1970 design are equivalent to 130 SR PSUs in the current design. Furthermore, the difference between the 130 SR PSUs and the 84 SR PSUs in the current design is due to the consolidation of the sample into fewer areas. Even with this smaller number of sample areas, the reliability of estimates hes been maintained by kising crime-related characteristics in the formation of the strata and by improving sample selection within the PSUs.

The sample of housing units within a PSU was selected in two stages. In the first stage, Enumeration Districts (EDs: Geographic areas ranging in size from a city block to several hundred square miles, usually encompassing from 750 to 1,500 persons, established for the 1970 and 1980 Censuses of Population and Housing), were systematically selected with a probability proportionate to their 1970 or 1980 population size from a geographically arranged listing. In the second stage, each previously selected ED was subdivided into segments of about four housing units from which a sample of segments was then selected. Whenever possible, the segments were formed from the list of addresses complied during the 1970 or 1980 Censuses. Housing units built after the 1970 or 1980 Census were sampled primarily from lists of new construction units. Since data from the 1980 Decennial have become available, they have been employed in adjusting weights and in revising the current sample design.

The current National Sample of 59,000 housing units yields approximately 40,000 interviewed households in the 50 states and the District of Columbia for
a 6 month period. Because of the continuing nature of the National Sample Survey, a rotation scheme was devised to avoid interviewing the same household indefinitely in order to avoid poor cooperation or biased responses resuiting from repeated interviewing. The sample of housing units is divided into six rotation groups with each group being interviewed every 6 months for 3 years and one half years.

Within each rotation group six panels are designated, with a different panel interviewed each month during the 6 month period. The first interview for a housing unit in a group is used only for bounding and is not included in the regular public use data. However, if a new household moves into a sample unit, the members of that household are interviewed and their unbounded interviews are included in the data. Thus the number of incident reports associated with a household may be affected by its tenure in the sample. New households will have unbounded information while older units may display "time in sample" effects.

The example below is an illustration of the NCS rotation scheme across three hypothetical interview years. Two complete samples with six rotation groups are shown as one sample is rotated out and the other is rotated in. In the body of the table, the panel number number within each group is shown opposite the month (s) in which they are interviewed for the first time. The results of these interviews will be used for bounding only and will not appear in the data file used to generate victimization estimates.



[^0] being interviewed for the first time.

Data Collection

## The Questionnaire Forms

Three basic forms are used to collect the required data for the National Crime Survey. These forms are described briefly below and copies are included as part of this documentation. A number of changes have been made over time in the NCS instruments and the procedures for administering them, and some of these are noted in the documeritation. A more comprehensive and detailed description of these changes is available in Martin (1982).

The National Crime Survey instrument underwent slight changes during the course of the survey. For example, in some cases response categories were changed, question wording was altered, and questions were added or deleted. A standard format was imposed in the data so that only a single piece of documentation would be necessary to use any of the National Sample collection quarters or any of the Cities Sample files. Therefore, the user is strongly urged to carefully review each variable used in analysis in order to determine the applicable code values. The data documented in the codebook reflect the format of the NCS questionnaire after the 1979 redesign.

The Control Card is the basic administrative record for each sample unit. it contains the address of each sample unit and the basic household data, such as the names of all persons living there and their age, race, sex, marital status, education and the like. Family income, tenure of the unit and pertinent information about non-interviews are also included on the Control Card. The Control Card serves as a record of visits, telephone calls, interviews, and non-interview reasons. The Control Card information is updated, as needed, during each visit to the housing unit except questions about educational attainment, family income, and tenure, which are only asked every other visit.

The Basic Screen Questionnaires are used to record characteristics of all household members 12 years of age and older in a sample unit, as well as to screen for incidents of crime which were committed against the household and/or household members. Information about the general characteristics of the household and each
household member are transcribed by the interviewer from the Control Card. Household and Individual Screen Questionnaires are designed to elicit information on whether any crimes were committed against the household as a whole or specifically against individual household members. Respondents may on occasion volunteer reports of household incidents not mentioned by the household respondent or victimizations of another household member victimizations of another household member which the victim failed to mention. In such cases the interviewer to fill in an incident report by interviewing the appropriate person.

A Crime Incident Report is used to gather the detailed information about crimes reported in either the Household or Individual Screen Questions. One Crime Incident Report is completed for each incident of crime reported in answer to screen questions. For example, if a respondent said that his pocket was picked once and he was beaten up twice, three Crime Incident Reports, one for each separate incident, are completed. Under certain circumstances interviewers are allowed to report several incidents as a "series" on one Incident Report form. The following conditions must be met before a series incident is reported:
(1) Incidents must be of the same type or very similar in detail.
(2) There must be at least three incidents in the series.
(3) The respondent must not be able to recall dates and other details of the individual incidents well enough to have reported them separately.

Interviewers are instructed to try through probing to get individual reports whenever possible and only accept series reports as a last resort. If a series incident report is made, the questions apply to the most recent occurrence within the reference period.

Interviewing
Prior to an interview visit, each sample unit is sent a letter from the Bureau of the Census informing the household about the National Crime Survey. During each enumeration period, initial interviews are conducted with as many household members as possible during a personal visit. Questions pertaining to the entire household are asked only once. These questions are answered by a single household respondent who could
reasonably be expected to know the answers pertaining to the household. Individual Screen Questions on the Basic Questionnaires are asked as many times as there are household members age 12 and older. Information about each household member 14 years and older is obtained by self-response; however, information about members 12 and 13 years old is obtained by a proxy from either the household respondent or some other knowledgeable household member. The average face-to-face household interview lasts thirty minutes. Subsequent interviews may be conducted by telephone if it is more efficient or less costly. The Bureau of the Census has made greater use of telephone interviewing in recent years as a cost saving measure. Beginning in february 1980, telephone interviews were done during the second, fourth, and sixth interviews for households that had access to a phone, and where the household respondent indicated to the interviewer that a telephone interview was acceptable. Beginning in March of 1986, telephone interviews were conducted for all interview periods EXCEPT for the first and fifth interview period.

A sample unit for which an interview could not be obtained is classified as one of four non-interview types. Type A non-interviews consist of households occupied by persons eligible for interviews but from whom no interviews were obtained because, for example, no one was found at home in spite of repeated visits or the household refused to give any information. Because Type A non-interviews are considered avoidable, every effort is made to convert them to interviews. Type B non-interviews are for/from units which are unoccupied or which are occupied solely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere (URE). Type $C$ non-interviews are units ineligible for the sample because the unit is demolished, condemned, or no address was listed. Type $z$ non-interviews occur when an interviewer is unable to obtain an interview for a particular household member in an otherwise interviewed household.

Interviewer instructions are explicit and detailed concerning the administration of the questionnaires, adherence to question wording, and the use of probes. Only the questions are read, not the response categories. Interviewers are instructed to read response categories only as a last resort. They are explicitly instructed to avoid reading the answer categories for the question, "How were you threatened?" if at all possible. Thus, for instance, respondents are not asked directly if they were raped or threatened with
rape; they must volunteer the information in response to questions about how they were attacked or threatened. Residue is used in the codebook documentation to designate those cases where the respondent could not or did not provide an answer, or for some reason the the response given did not fall into the predetermined categories.

Interviewers receive extensive training prior to any field work. The quality of interviewing is maintained by periodic direct observation of all interviewers, office edits of completed work, and verification of their work by reinterviewing a sample of completed sample units.

Reinterviews measure how well individual interinterviewers followed procedures. They also measure errors in coverage of the population resulting from missing units, incorrect address listing, etc. The reinterview procedure is used to evaluate the impact of errors or variations in responses. Results from reinterviews indicate that there is little inconsistency between responses. The Bureau of the Census circulates a series of periodic updates dealing with the field procedures followed by the National Crime Survey interviewers. The Bureau of Justice Statistics and the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research both receive copies of these updates.

## FILE STRUCTURE

Data from the National Crime Surveys are available from the ICPSR in a variety of forms designed to facilitate their accessibility and analytical use. These include the full data collection which is stored as a hierarchically structured data base; and a variety of smaller extract files. The organization and use of these files is described below:

Unlike most data which are stored in a rectangular format (also know as "flat" format) with fixed record lengths, the NCS structured file is organized into a hierarchical format which corresponds to variations in household composition and in the occurrence of incidents of victimization. Hierarchical datasets have varying record lengths, and each record is stored sequentially in the data file. Hierarchical storage greatly reduces the size and space needed to store and process the data. In the NCS hierarchical data base, there are four types of records: the household header record, household, personal, and incident. The household record contains information about the household as as reported by the respondent and characteristics of the surrounding area as computed by the Bureau of the census. The person record contains information about each household member age 12 years and older as reported by that person or proxy, with one record for each qualifying individual. Finally, the incident record contains information drawn from the incident report completed for each household or person incident mentioned during the interview.

To illustrate, a typical cluster of housing units might contain four householas each with varying numbers of inhabitants some of whom report victimizations. The records for such a cluster might look as follows:

| RECORD | RECORD TYPE OR CONTENTS |
| :---: | :--- |
| NUMBER | Household 1 ID |
| 1 | Household 1 |
| 2 | Person 1 of Household 1 |
| 3 | Incident 1 for Person 1 of Household 1 |
| 4 | Household 2 10 |
| 5 | Household 2 |
| 6 | Person 1 of Household 2 |
| 7 | Person 2 of Household 2 |
| 8 | Incident 1 for Person 2 of Household 2 |

Incident 2 for Person 2 of Household 2
Household 3 1D
Household 3
Person 1 of Household 3
Person 2 of Household 3
Person 3 of Household 3
Incident 1 for Person 3 of Household 3
Incident 2 for Person 3 of Household 3 Incident 3 for Person 3 of Household 3 Household 4 1D
Household 4
Person 1 of Household 4
Person 2 of Household 4
Incident 1 for Person 2 of Household 4
Incident 2 for Person 2 of Household 4

With two different types of records, twenty-four in all, this may seem like a very complex structure. However, storing the data in this way allows for much greater technical efficiency.

If these data were stored in a fixed format ("flat") data file, a number of problems would have to be dealt with. For example, a household-level dataset may be constructed where the maximum number of persons is three and the maximum number of incidents reported are two per person. Four hypothetical records from this data - each representing one household - consists of the following: two records with a single record and no incident reported; a third record with three persons, none of whom reported an incident; and a fourth record with two persons, one of whom reported two incidents. A rectangular data structure would require that the fixed record length be large enough to contain all combinations of persons and incidents. In this example, the record length would require one place for the household level, three places for the personal level, and two places per person for the incident level. Most of this space would consist of missing data padding demanded by the fixed record length.

| No | HHID | $\mathrm{HH} \mid \mathrm{Pe}$ |  | n | r | 1 nc | Per | Inc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | HHID 4 | HH 4 P 1 | pad | pa | pa | pad | pad | pa |
| 2 | HHID 4 | 4 P 2 | pad | pad | pad | pad | pad | pa |
| 3 | 4 | P 3 | pad | pad | P 2 | pad | P 3 | pa |
| 4 | HHID 4 | Hn 4 P |  | 12 | P 2 | pad | pad | pad |

No=Record number HHID=Household Identification HH=Household

P(er) =Person $I(n c)=1$ ncident

Assuming that each record type is approximately equal in size, $60 \%$ of this small and uncomplicated file would consist of missing data padding. A hierarchical file avoids this wasted space by recording the data in fixed record lengths but only for existing data recorded from the interviews, thus utilizing space more efficiently.

The OSIRIS dictionary file provides the information needed to describe the composition of the varying record lengths and create datasets or subsets suitable for analysis. To access the appropriate information from a sequenced file, the underlying logic of the data structure must be understood. SPSS-X also handles hierarchical files, and can be used in a similar fashion. The Bureau of the Census initially issues the NCS data in a file with a single variable length record per household. At the ICPSR, the file is organized into the household 10, household, personal, and incident levels. Using OSIRIS IV software, these levels are then linked together in a hierarchical pattern, where the household $1 D$ record forms the basic building block for the file. The household, person, and incident records are then linked in a subordinate way to "root" this group. The diagram of these structural linkages in the hierarchy is called a schema.

As a link is followed down from the root, the relationship is always one to many. In the NCS data, each occurrence of a household will have associated with it any number of persons, and each occurrence of a person will have any number of incidents associated with it. In no case will a person-level record occur without a household or with additiona households superordinate to it. The same is true for incidents vis-a-vis fersons.
Because of the hierarchical nature of the NCSdata, the ICPSR has also added control numbers whichuniquely identify all occurrences of all groups. Asthese variables link and order the data, they arecrucial in generating the file structure, ensuringaccurate retrieval, and permitting file updating. Thecontrol numbers are prefaced with a four byte binaryinteger record length added for $I B M$ compatibility anda 3-digit group number. Each group is defined by aunique control number in addition to the controlnumbers which identify it: a household number, year andquarter 10 , a census number, a PSU number, a segmentnumber, a check digit, and a serial number. Group 2,at the Household level, is subordinate to group 1 andso contains the Household 10 control numbers as well ascollection quarter information. Group 3, at the Personlevel is in turn subordinate to groups 1 and 2 and socontains the Household 10 and Household level controlnumbers in addition to a line number. Group 4, at theincident level, contains an incident number in additionto control numbers which correspond to its super-ordinate groups 1-3.
Var \# Variable name
V1001 ICPSR Household Number - Group 1 Household ..... 10
V1002 Year and Quarter
V1003 Census Sample Number
V1004 Primary Sampling Number
V1005 Segment Number
V1006 Check Digit
V1007 Serial Number
V1008 Household Number
V2001 ICPSR Household Number - Group 2 Household
V2002 Year and Quarter
V2003 Census Sample Number
V2004 Primary Sampling Number
V2005 Segment Number
V2006 Check Digit
V2007 Serial Number
V2008 Household Number
$V 3001$ ICPSR Household Number - Group 3 Person
V3002 Year and Quarter
V3003 Census Sample Number
V3004 Primary Sampling Unit
V3005 Segment Number
V3006 Check Digit

| V3007 | Serial Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| V3008 | Household Number |
| V3009 | Line Number of Respondent |
| V4001 | ICPSR Household Number - Group 4 Incident |
| V4002 | Year and Quarter |
| V4003 | Census Sample Number |
| V4004 | Primary Sampling Unit |
| V4005 | Segment Number |
| V4006 | Check Digit |
| V4007 | Serial Number |
| V4008 | Household Number |
| V4009 | Line Number of Victim |

The hierarchical structure of the dataset does more than provide a way to manage the data efficiently. The structure allows the ICPSR to provide researchers great flexibility in choosing the level at which to perform an analysis. The hierarchical data structure defines the basic form which will be used to combine records (households, persons, and/or incidents) into cases, building a rectangular file appropriate for the researcher's interests. While this can be done in any number of unique user-defined formats, there are two standard sets of extract files - one for persons, and a second one for incident level analysis.

INCIDENT LEVEL FILE: This subset provides users with a file that is easier to hande than the complete file but which preserves the characteristics of the National Sample data. The incident-level dataset is a rectangular, or flattened, file containing each incident record which appears in the full sample file, the victim's person record, and the victim's household information. By definition, these data include person and household information for victims only. There are 473 variables in each record, with one extract file for for each interview quarter of the complete National Sample. These incident files have been "bounded" to contain crimes that occurred in a particular calendar year. The logical record length of each file is 731. The case count varies.


```
IF V4002 INLIST(341-842) AND V4013 INLIST(01-06) OR -
V4002 INLIST (843-844) OR V4002 -
INLIST(851-852) AND V4013 INLIST(06-12) THEN RETURN
REJECT
END
ETRANS DICTIN=|NPUT. IDICT DATAIN=*|N*(F|=2) -
    D|CTOUT=*OUT*(F|=1,DSN=NCS.|D|CT) -
    DATAOUT=%OUT* (F|=2,DSN=NCS.184)
INCIDENT SUBSET FOR REF YEAR 1984
E=1 DI=1 RECODE=84 V=V2001-V2089,V3001-V3057, -
    V4001-V4327
EEND
```

Because the data collected in the National Crime Survey represents the total U.S. population twelve years and older of each city, each record can be weighted to produce universe estimates from the sample cases. These weights are carried in the records, and are the numbers which one adds or accumulates to abtain universe estimates of particular events. The weight is a multiplier that indicates how miany times a particular record is to be counted. In the diagram below, sample household records are illustrated. An actual weight from the National Sample data indicating the estimated number of households represented by that single case is noted. The first record has a weight of 0844119 (three implied decimals) indicating that approximately 844 households in the universe are represented by that single record.

| Household Record | 0844119 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Household Record | 0793282 |
| Household Record | 0835508 |

When tabulating the survey data, counts of records or universe estimates may be obtained. The two sample tables shown below are identical, except for the fact that Table $A$ is a COUNT of person records and Table $B$ is an ESTIMATE of persons based on the sum of the person record weights.

TABLE A
Sex of Person

Sex of Person

Male
Female
Total

Observation of
Count Percent
-----------------
$\begin{array}{ll}71,870 & 47.3 \\ 79,976 & 52.7\end{array}$
151,846 100.0

TABLE B
Sex of Person (Weighted)

|  | Observation of |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Sex of Person | Count | Percent |
|  | -0.0 |  |
| Male | $76,463,048$ | 47.5 |
| Female | $84,404,976$ | 52.5 |
| Total | $160,868,024$ | 100.0 |

Household crimes such as burglary and motor vehicle theft are committed against the household or household property, and therefore, the household weight should be applied. Because criminal acts against a household involve a single victimization of the household, counts of victimizations and incidents are the same.

Personal crimes such as assault and robbery are committed against persons. When tabulating personal crimes, the weight in the incident record should be used. Incident records contain the weight of the victim divided by the number of persons reported to have been victimized in the incident. This results in an estimate of incidents as opposed to victimizations. To estimate the number of personal victimizations, the weights in the person records should be aggregated. The number of incidents for personal crimes is somewhat less than the number of victimizations.

Incidents in the NCS tape files are classified according to the NCS Crime Classification Scheme, in which 36 detailed crime types are identified as being either household or personal crimes. However, users are not restricted to this classification scheme and may, in fact, devise their own classification based on the elements of the reported victimization. The proper application of weights will vary according to the manner in which crimes are classified.

Computing Estimates of Population Rates from the
National Crime Survey
Generating a population rate of victimizations
from the NCS is a complex task. The hierarchical dataset must be manipulated properly to produce a count
of the victimizations (the denominator). Furthermore, adjustments must be made to account for the rotational period of the sample design and the reported date of the incident.

NCS REFERENCE PERIODS FOR ANNUAL ESTIMATES

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { COLLEC- } \\ & \text { TION } \end{aligned}$ |  | REFERENCE MONTH |  |  |  | WITHIN |  | BOUNDING |  | PERIOD |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | JAN |  | MAR | APR |  | JUN |  | AUG |  |  | NOV | DEC |
| JAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEB | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MARCH | $\chi$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APRIL | $x$ | $x$ | K |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MAY | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JUNE | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JULY | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AUGUST |  | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEPT |  |  | $\chi^{\prime}$ | - $X$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |  |
| OCT |  |  |  | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |  |  |
| NOV |  |  |  |  | $x$ | $X$ | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ | $X$ |  |  |
| UEC |  |  |  |  |  | X | $x$ | X | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |  |
| JAN |  |  |  |  |  |  | $x$. | $\chi$ | X | X | x | $x$ |
| FES |  |  |  |  |  |  | , | X | X | $x$ | X | X |
| MARCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X | $x$ |
| APRIL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $x$ | $x$ | $x$ |
| MAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $x$ | X |
| JUNE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $x$ |

The above table illustrates the collection month
from whicn information about a given calendar or reference year may be drawn because of bounding. For this reason, a respondent may report a victimization incident which occurred up to six months before the time of the interview. To identify all the incidents which occurred in a reference year, all the incidents reported as having occurred before the beginning of that year must be excluded. Also, all the incidents reported in the following year as having occurred before the end of the reference year must be identified.

The example below shows an OSIRIS.IV setup used to count the total estimated number of victimizations from an annual year hierarchical file. First the series crimes and crimes occurring outside the United States are excluded. Then the crimes are "bound" into the
proper time frame, which in this case is 1982. The person weight is used in most cases except if the type of crime is a household crime and then the househcld weight is used.

```
$RUN ISR:OSIRIS.IV SPRINT=PRTOUT3 (*L+1)
EENTRY
    ENTRY=1 UNIT=4
    G2+G3+G4
EEND
ERECODE
    RECODE=1
\varepsilon
& Reject series crimes
\varepsilon
    IF V4015 EQ I THEN REJECT
\xi
& Reject crimes that occurred outside the United States
\varepsilon
    IF V4023 EQ 1 THEN REJECT
\varepsilon
Now "bound" the crimes into the proper time frame for
        analysis (1982 data yr)
\varepsilon
    IF V4002 EQ 821 AND V4013 IN (06-12) OR V4002 EQ 822 -
    AND V4O13 IN (O9-12) OR V4OO2 EQ 831 AND V4O13 IN -
    (01-03) THEN REJECT
\varepsilon
& Set the person ("victim") weight to a temporary
& variable
\varepsilon
    R420=V3056
\varepsilon
\varepsilon If the type of crime is one of the household crimes
\varepsilon (greater than code 25) use the household weight
\varepsilon instead for tabulating.
\varepsilon
    IF V4318 GT THEN R420=V2089
&END
ED|CT DICT|N=%T%(FI=1) DICTOUT=-DICT
    CREATE
    V=ALL
    V=R420 NA='COMB |NED WGHT' WID=8 NDEC=3 TYPE=C
EEND
```

```
GTABLES D|CT|N=-D|CT DATA | N=*T* (F|=1)
    CHECK ON CRIME COUNTS ON 1982 HIERARCHICAL -
    ("FULL FILE") TAPE AND "BOUND" THEM
    P=D1 E=1 W=R420 RECODE=1
    S=V4318 V =V4013 PRINT=UNWT
    S=V4326 V=V4327 PRINT=UNWT
&END
```

A more difficult problem would be the generation of the population estimate to be used in a computation of the rate of victimization. The sample weights have been adjusted to be representative of the national adult population. Since the sample is interviewed every six months, the sample weights are twice as large as they should be for annual estimates. In addition, because of the reference period, the total period from which the incident reports were drawn spans eighteen months. It is therefore necessary to adjust the weights to gain an estimate of the average population size during the reference period. To do this, the probability that an individual could have contributed an incident to those counted as occurring in the reference year is used. Assuming an even distribution of incidents, a person interviewed in June would be far more likely to report an incident occurring in the same year than someone interviewed in February. The population estimate used to compute the rate should thus be adjusted to reflect the same population from Which the incidents were drawn. The example below is an OSIRIS.IV setup used to generate household control totals and population control totals for the National Crime Surveys. This example illustrates the procedure for the 1985 data.

```
$RUN ISR:OSIRIS.IV SPRINT=PRTOUT (*L+1)
EENTRY
    ENTRY=1 UNIT=2
    G2
EEND
ERECODE
    RECODE=1
E
& Generate household control totals for the NCS
\varepsilon
IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 01 THEN R420=0 AND -
GO TO L35
```

```
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*1/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ }851\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*2/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ 852 AND V2030 EQ 04 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*3/12) AND GO TO L 35
    IF V2002 EQ 852 AND V2030 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*4/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ O6 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*5/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 INLIST(853,854) AND V2030 INLIST(07-12) -
    THEN R420=(V2089*6/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 01 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*6/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*5/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2O30 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*4/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2O30 EQ 04 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*3/12) AND GO TO L 35
    IF V2002 EQ 862 AND V2030 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*2/12) AND GO TO L35
    IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ O6 THEN -
    R420=(V2089*1/12) AND GO TO L35
L35 CONTINUE
&END
&TABLES DICTIN=*T* (FI=1) DATAIN=*T* (F|=2)
    CHECK ON CONTROL TOTALS ON 1985 TAPE - HOUSEHOLDS
    P=D| E=1 W=R420 RECODE=1
    S=V2030 V=V2002 PR|NT=(UNWT)
    S=V2069 V = V2072
    S=V2061 V=V2064
EEND
&RECODE
    RECODE=1
\varepsilon
& Generate population control totals for the NCS
\varepsilon
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 01 THEN R420=0 AND -
    GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*1/12) AND GO TO L40
    IF V2002 EQ 851 AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*2/12) AND GO TO L40
    IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 04 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*3/12) AND GO TO L40
    IF V2OQ2 ER }852\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%4/12) AND GO TO L40
```

```
    IF V2002 EQ }852\mathrm{ AND V2O30 EQ 06 THEN -
        R420=(V3056*5/12) AND GO TO L40
    IF V2002 INLIST (853,854) AND V2030 INLIST (07-12) -
    THEN R420=(V3056*6/12) AND GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 01 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*6/12) AND GO TO L40
    IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 02 THEN -
    R420=(V3056%5/12) AND GO TO L40
IF V2002 EQ 861 AND V2030 EQ 03 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*4/12) AND GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 04 THEN -
    R420=(V3056*3/12) AND GO TO L40
    IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 05 THEN -
    R420=(V3056:2/12) AND GO TO L4O
    IF V2002 EQ }862\mathrm{ AND V2030 EQ 06 THEN -
    R420=(V3056:1/12) AND GO TO L40
L4O CONTINUE
EEND
ETABLES D|CT |N=:T % (F|=1) DATA|N = *T % (F|=2)
    CHECK ON CONTROL TOTALS ON }1985\mathrm{ TAPE - PERSONS
    P=D| E=1 W=R420 RECODE=1
    S=V2030 V=V2002 PRINT= (UNWT)
    S=V3021 V=V3016
EEND
$ENDFILE
$SIGNOFF
```

The adjusted weight could then be used to accumulate a count of the population of interest and this count would be used as the base for the rate estimate. This description is intended to illustrate the common procedure used by many, including those preparing official reports from this data. It is not an exact reconstruction of the procedures employed, although it is essentially correct. Because of differences in computers and the software available on them, some adjustments of the above approach may have to be made to manage the large number of cases and the great size of the population estimate being computed.

Computing the Standard Error of the Estimate
The National Crime Survey data are commonly used to compute estimates of victimization events in the United States population. For example, examining the changes in robbery victimizations would entail computing victimization rates for a population for certain time periods (e.g., a quarter, a year).

Computation of a standard error for these rates is problematic on two accounts. First, the survey design is a complex, stratified multi-stage cluster sample, which is weighted to represent the entire U.S. population. Using traditional statistical techniques to compute standard errors requires the assumption that the sample is random (or at least an equal probability sample). Violating this assumption will cause inaccuracies in the estimation of the standard error, making any statistical test based on those standard errors suspect. The second problem results from the computational procedure used in constructing the rates. Any rate is the quotient of the sum of the occurrence of the event over the base population "at risk" of the occurrence. In the NCS, rather than summing occurrences, the weights associated with them would be summed to produce rates representative of the U.S. population. To construct a rate of robbery victimizations (continuing with the example from above), the sum of person weights of respondents who had been victims of a robbery would be divided by the total sum of the person weights of respondents. (This is the basic procedure; there are other adjustments made to account for the sampling methodology, etc.). The production of the rate using the recode summation procedure (see section entitled "Computing Estimates of Population Rates...) does not provide a standard error of the estimate computed. This problem, coupled with the more serious and ultimately unavoidable violation of the assumption of the simple random sampling, means that only approximations of the standard error can be created through estimation.

It is possible to compute accurate standard errors for the NCS using the Taylor Expansion Method or the Balanced Repeated Replication Method of computing standard errors. However, as these methods are complex and expensive to run, it is generally considered impractical to compute standard errors for every estimate in the NCS. Rather, a subset of standard errors were estimated (using the Taylor methods) and were generalized to be applicable to all survey estimates. Generalized curves have been produced from subsets of computed standard errors. These generalized curves are represented by the formula represented below.

In the Annual Report of the NCS 1978, the U.S. Department of Justice published four formulas for
xuix
approximating the appropriate standard error. These formulas and their corresponding examples follow.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Formula One: } & \text { Standard errors for numbers of } \\
& \text { victimizations or incidents. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { s.e. }(x)=\sqrt{/ a x^{2}+b x}
$$

where: $x=$ estimated number of personal or household victimizations or incidents
$a=a \operatorname{constant}$
$\mathrm{b}=\mathrm{a}$ second constant

The values of the above two constants have been derived for the NCS to represent the curves fitted to the estimates of the standard errors. These values are obtainable for various time periods and regions from the Bureau of the Census. In the following table are listed the constants for annual national personal or household victimizations.
Parameters for Estimating the Standard Error of
Personal of Household Victimizations
for the Nation by Year

| Year | Persorial Victimizations |  | Household Victimizations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | b | a | $b$ |
| 1978 | -. 0000148447 | 2616 | -. 0000148447 | 2616 |
| 1979 | -. 0000141969 | 2509 | -. 0000141969 | 2509 |
| 1980 | -. 0000131787 | 2355 | -. 0000131787 | 2355 |
| 1981 | -. 0000127483 | 2355 | -. 0000127483 | 2355 |
| 1982 | -. 0000125671 | 2355 | -. 0000125671 | 2355 |
| 1983 | -. 0000123600 | 2355 | -. 0000123600 | 2355 |
| 1984 | -. 0000150238 | 2884 | -. 0000150238 | 2884 |
| 1985 | -. 0000155335 | 3015 | -. 0000155335 | 3015 |

In 1978 there were 1,038000 robbery victimizations in the U.S. By substituting the appropriate values, a confidence interval around this interval may be obtained.

```
s.e. (x)=/(-.00001488447)(1,038,000)+2}+2616(1,038,000
    = 52,000 (rounded to the nearest 100)
```

This yields a standard error fo 52,000 which can be used to form a confidence interval around the estimate. The following three formulas can also be used to compute standard errors for other statistics or tests.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Formula Two: } & \text { Standarderrors for estimated } \\
& \text { victimization rates or percentages. }
\end{aligned}
$$


where: $p=$ the percentage or rate (in decimal form) $y=$ base population or total number of crimes $b=a$ constant (see table)

The 1978 assault rate was 31.8 per 1,000 persons age twelve to fifteen. Substituting the appropriate values in formula two yields:

```
s.e. (p)=//-.2616
    V 15,454,400
    =.0022804 (which rounds to .0023)
```

The confidence interval around the estimate 31.8 at one standard error is 2.3 (plus or minus) while the confidence interval at the second standard error would be twice that, or 4.6 (plus or minus).


The 1978 victimization rate for personal crimes of violence was 45.7 per 1,000 for males and 22.8 per 1,000 for females. Substituting the appropriate values in formula two yields:
s.e. $(p-p)=$

12

$=.00140712$ (which rounds to .0014)

The confidence interval at one standard error is approximately 1.4 per thousand ( $p$ lus or minus), around the difference of 22.9 (45.7-22.8), or 2.8 per thousand (plus or minus) at the two standard error level. The one standard error confidence interval (68 chances out of a 100) places the true percent change between 21.5 and 24.3 (22.9 plus or minus 1.4).

The ratio of a difference to its standard error is equivalent to its level of statistical significance. For example, a ratio of about 2.0 or more denotes that the difference is significant at the $95 \%$ confidence level or higher; a ratio ranging between 1.6 and 2.0 indicates that the difference is significant at a level between 90 and $95 \%$, and a ratio of less than 1.6 defines a confidence level below $90 \%$. In the above example, the ratio of the difference (22.9) to its standard error (1.4) equals 16.36. It was therefore concluded that the differerce in the violent victimization rate for males and females was statistically significant at a level exceeding $95 \%$.

Formula Four: Standard Error for a difference between percentages derived from the same base.

where: all symbols are the same as formula three except y refers to a common base.

The 1978 proportion of those victims of household crimes reporting economic losses of $\$ 50-\$ 249$ was 26.5 percent; 17.4 percent of the household crimes reported were in the range of $\$ 250$ or more. Substituting the appropriate values into formula four yields:


The confidence interval at one standard error around the difference of 9.1 would be from 8.25 to 9.95 ( 9.1 plus or minus .85). The ratio of the difference (9.1) to its standard error (.85) equals 10.7 , which is much greater than 2.0. Thus, the difference between the two percentages was statistically significant.

The example below is a reproduction of information appearing in the machine-readable codebook for a typical variable. The numbers in brackets do not appear but are references to the descriptions which follow this example.

```
[1] VAR 4269 [2] POLICE |NFORMED? [3] MD=2 OR GE 6
    REF }29
    [4] LOC 389 WIDTH I
    [5] Q.20a Were the police informed of this
        incident in any way?
        [6] [7]
            1. No
            2. Do not knok
            3. Yes-household member told them
            4. Yes-someone else told tnem
            5. Residue
            6. Out of universe
```

[1] Indicates the variable and reference numbers. A variable number and a reference number are assigned to each item in the study. In this codebook documenting the archived dataset, variable and reference numbers often differ. For many variables, a reference number is assigned which corresponds to the source code used by the Bureau of the Census. The source code appears on the original instrument next to each question and is circled. Should the data be formed into a fixed length record file, new variable numbers may be assigned or created. The reference numbers remain unchanged and correspond to those in this codebook.
[2] Indicates the abbreviated (24 characters maxinum) variable label used in the OSIRIS system to identify each variable. An expanded version can be found in the Variable Description List.
[3] Indicates the designation of missing data. In this example, code values equal to two or greater than six are missing data ( $M D=2$ OR GE 6). Although these values are defined as within the missing data categories, this does not mean that the user should not or cannot use these values in a substantive role, if so desired.
[4] Indicates the sequential location and width of this variable when the data are stored on a magnetic tape. In this example the variable named "POLICE INFORMED?" is one column wide and located in the 292 nd column within the INCIDENT RECORD. Other variables will be in this same location in the household and person records. In a fixed length record file of this data the locations will be different.
[5] Indicates the full text of the question supplied by the original collectors of the data. This is the wording used in the original questionnaire.
[6] Indicates the code values occurring in the data for this variable.
[7] Indicates the meaning of the codes.

## ICPSR PROCESSING INFORMATION

The ICPSR has added to the data a series of identification variables within each collection quarter. A sequential household identification number was added for each Household (V2001), Person (V3001), and Incident (V4001) record.

Every variable has been checked for bad characters and wild or undocumented codes. With the exception of Interviewer ldentification, all alphabetic code values were recoded with numeric values. All possible code values are documented for each variable.

The National Crime Survey instrument underwent slight changes during the course of the survey. For example, in some cases response categories were changed, question wording was altered, and questions were added or deleted. A standard format was imposed on the data so that only a single piece of documentation would be necessary to use any of the National Sample collection quarters or any of the Cities Sample files. Therefore, the user is strongly urged to carefully review each variable used in analysis in order to determine if the codebook reflects the format of the NCS questionnaire after the 1979 redesign.

## CONTROL CARD LEVEL

```
Identification Information
```

```
V1001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V1002 Year and Quarter Ideritification
V1003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V1004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V1005 SEGMENT NUMBER
V1006 CHECK DIGIT
V1007 SERIAL NUMBER
V1008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
```


## household level

```
Identification Information
```

```
V2001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V2002 Year and Quarter Identification
V2003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V2004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V2005 SEGMENT NUMBER
V2006 CHECK DIGIT
V2007 SERIAL NUMBER
V2008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
V2009 Q.1 Interviewer Identification
V2010 Q.2 Unit Status
V2011 Q.3 Household Status
V2012 Q.4 Line Number of Household Respondent
```

Housing Unit
$V 2013$ Q. 5 Special Place Type Code
V2014 Q.6(a) Tenure
V2015 Q.6(b) Tenure (Allocated)

```
Location Characteristics
```

```
V2016 Q.7 (a) Land Use
V2017 Q.7 (b) Land Use (Allocated)
V2018 Q.8(a) Farm Sales
V2019 Q.8(b) Farm Sales (Allocated)
```

Household Information
------------------------
V2020 Q.9(a) Type of Living Quarters
V2021 Q.9(b) Type of Living Quarters (Allocated)
V2022 Q.10a Location of Phone
V2023 Q.10b is phone interview acceptable?
V2024 Q. 11 Number of Housing Units in Structure
V2025 Q. 12 Family Income
Interview Information


V2026 Q. 13 (a) Month Interview or Non-interview Completed
V2027 Q.13(b) Day Interview or Non-interview Completed
v2028 Q.13(c) Year Interview or Non-interview Completed
V2029 Reason for Non-interview
V2030 Collection Month
V2031 Collection Year
V2032 Race of Household Head (Type A)
V2033 0.14a(1) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (First Person)
V2034 Q. 14 a (2) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Second Person)
V2035 Q.14a(3) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (Third Person)
V2036 Q.14a(4) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy interview Was Obtained (Fourth Person)
V2037 Q. 14 b (1) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (First ?erson)
V2038 Q.14b(2) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Second Person)
V2039 Q.14b (3) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Third Person)
V2040 Q.14b(4) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Fourth Person)

## xxxix

V2041 Q.14c(1) Reason for Proxy Interview (First Person)
V2042 Q.14c(2) Reason for Proxy Interview (Second Person)
V2043 Q.14c (3) Reason for Proxy Interview (ThirdPerson)
V2044 Q.14c (4) Reason for Proxy Interview (FourthPerson)
V2045 Q. 26 (!) Line Number of Type $Z$ Non-interview (First Person)
V2046 Q.26b(1) Reason for Type Z Non-interview (FirstPersori)
V2047 Q.26a(2) Line Number of Type Z Non-interview (Second Person)
V2048 Q.26b(2) Reason for Type $Z$ Non-interview (Second Person)
V2049 Q.26a(3) Line Number of Type $z$ Non-interview (Third Person)
V2050 Q.26b (3) Reason for Type $Z$ Non-interview (Third Person)
$V 2051$ Q.26a(4) Line Number of Type $Z$ Non-interview (Fourth Person)
V2052 Q.26b (4) Reason for Type $Z$ Non-interview (Fourth Person)
Household Characteristics
V2053 Q.16a Number of Household Members 12 Years of Age and Over
V2054 Q.16b Number of Household Members Under ..... 12
Years of Age
V2055 Q. 17 Number of Crime Incident Reports FilledV2056 All Household Members 12 and Over are in theMilitary
V2057 Incoming or Continuing Rotation
Principal Person Information
V2058 Q. 21 Relationship to Reference Person
V2059 Q. 22 Age Last Birthday
V2060 Q. 23 Marital Status
V2061 Q. 24 Sex
V2062 Q. 25 Armed Forces MemberV2063 Q. 26 Education (What is the highest grade (oryear of regular school you have everattended?)

```
V2064 0.28 Race
V2065 Q. 29 Origin
V2066 Record Size - Households
V2067 Q.22 Age Last Birthday
V2068 Q.23 Marital Status
V2069 Q.24 Sex
V2070 Q.25 Armed Forces Member
V2071 Q.26 Education (What is the highest grade (or
    year of regular school you have ever
    attended?)
V2072 Q.28 Race
V2073 Q.29 Origin
V2074 Q.37a (Other than the ... business) does anyone
    this household operate a business from this
    address?
V2075 Q.42 What was the TOTAL number of motor
    vehicles (cars, trucks, motorcycles, etc.)
    owned by you or any other member of the
    housenold during the last 6 months. Include
    those you no longer own.
Geographic Identifiers
V2076 Geographic Identifier Code
V2077 Place Size Code
V2078 Place Description
V2079 Reference Period Research Code *sw
Sampling Information
V2080 Segment Type
V2081 Number of Person Segments
V2082 Record Size - Persons
V2083 Number of Incidents
V2084 Record Size - Incident
V2085 First Stage Weighting Factor
V2086 Household Non-interview Factor
V2087 Duplication Control Factor
V2088 Basic Weight
V2089 Household Weight
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## Identification Information

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V3001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V3002 Year and Quarter Identification
V3003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V3004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V3005 SEGMENT NUMBER
V3006 CHECK DIGIT
V3007 SERIAL NUMBER
V3008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
V3009 Q. }20\mathrm{ Line Number of Respondent
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Type of Interview
V3010 Q. 19 Type of Interview
Individual Information
V3011 Q. 21 Relationship to Reference Person
V3012 Q. 22 (a) Age Last Birthday
V3013 Q. 22 (b) Age Last Birthday (Allocated)
V3014 Q. 23 Marital Status
$V 3015$ Q. 24 (a) Sex
V3016 Q. 24 (b) Sex (Allocated)
V3017 0.25 Armed Forces Member
V3018 Q. 26 What is the highest grade (or year) of
regular school you have ever attended?
V3019 Q. 27 Did you complete that year?
V3020 Q. 28 (a) Race
$V 3021$ Q. 28 (b) Race (Allocated)
V3022 Q. 29 Origin
V3023 is this person a new household member?
V3024 Q. 30 (a) How long have you lived at this address-
months?

| V3025 | Q. 30 (b) How long have you lived at this addressyears? |
| :---: | :---: |
| V3026 | Q. 31 Altogether, how many times have you moved in the last five years? |
| V3027 | Q.32a What were you doing most of LAST WEEK (working, keeping house, going to school), or something else? |
| V3028 | Q.32b Did you do any work at all LAST WEEK, not counting work done around the house? |
| V3029 | Q.32c How many hours did you work LAST WEEK at all jobs? |
| V 3030 | Q. 33 a Did you have a job or business from which you were temporarily absent or on layoff LAST WEEK? |
| V3031 | Q.33b Why were you absent from work LAST WEEK? |
| V3032 | Q.34a Have you been looking for work during the past 4 weeks? |
| V3033 | Q.34b What have you been doing in the last 4 weeks to find work? Anything else? |
| V3034 | Q.34b (1) Public employment agency |
| V3035 | Q.34b (2) Private employment agency |
| V3036 | Q.34b (3) Employer directly |
| V3037 | Q.34b (4) Friends or relatives |
| V3038 | Q.34b(5) Placed or answered ads |
| V3039 | Q.34b (6) Other |
| V3040 | Q.34b (7) Nothing |
| V3041 | Q.34b (8) Residue |
| V3042 | Q.34c is there any reason why you could not take a job LAST WEEK? |
| V3043 | Q. 35 When did you last work at a full-time job or business lasting two consecutive weeks or more? |
| V3044 | Q. 36b What kind of business or industry is this? |
| V3045 | Q.36c What $k$ ind of work were you doing? |
| V3046 | Q.36e What kind of employee? |
| V 3047 | Employment Status Recode |
| Reports of Crimes |  |
| V3048 | Q. 56 Did you call the police during the last 6 months to report something that happened to YOU which you thought was a crime? <br> Q. 56 (a) First Incident |
| V3049 | Q. 56 (b) Second Incident |
| V3050 | Q. 56 (c) Third Incident |

V3051 Q. 57 Did anything happen to YOU during the last6 months which you thought was a crime, butdid not report to the police?
Q. 57 (a) First Incident
V3052 Q. 57 (b) Second IncidentV3053 Q. 57 (c) Third Incident
Sampling Information
V3054 Within Household Non-interview Factor
V3055 Second Stage Weight
V3056 Person Weight
Crime Incidents Reported

V3057 Number of Crime Per Person
INCIDENT LEVEL
Identification Information
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V4001 ICPSR Household Identification Number
V4002 Year and Quarter Identification
V4003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
V4004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
V4005 SEGMENT NUMBER
V4006 CHECK DIGIT
V4007 SERIAL NUMSER
V4008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
V4009 Line Number of Victim
V4010 Number of Screen Question In Which the IncidentWas Reported
V4011 Incident Number
Series Incident Variables - Incident Description
V4012 Q.1 Did (this/the first) incident happen while you were living here or before you moved to this address?
V4013 Q.2a(1) In what month did (this/the first) incident happen?
V4014 Q.2a(2) Year that (this/the first) incident happened
V4015 Is this incident report for a series of crimes?
$V 4016$ Q.2b Altogether, how many times did this happen Guring the last 6 months?
V4017 Q.2c(1) How many times did these incidents take place in Quarter 1 (January, February, or March)?
V4018 Q.2c(2) How many times did these incidents take place in Quarter 2 (April, May, or June)?
V4019 Q.2c(3) How many times did these incidents take piace in Quarter 3 (July, August, or September)?
V4020 Q.2c(4) How many times did these incidents take place in Quarter 4 (October, November, or December)?

Locztion Information

V4021 Q.3a Was it daylight or dark outside when (this/the most recent) incident happened?
V4022 Q.3b About what time did (this/the most recent) incident happen?
V4023 Q.4a Did this incident happen inside the limits of a city, town, village, etc.?
V4024 Q.4c is this the same State and county as your PRESENT RESIDENCE?
V4025 Q. 5 Where did this incident take place?

## Offender Information

V4026 Q.6a Did the offender (s) live (here/there) or have a right to be (here/there), such as a guest or a repairperson?
V4027 Q.6b Did the offender(s) actually get in or just TRY to get in the (house/apt./building)?
V4028 Q.6c Was there any evidence, such as a broken lock or broken window, that the offender (s) forced his way in/TRIED to force his way in the building?
V4029 Q.6c (1) Damage to window (include frame, glass broken/removed/cracked)

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V4030 Q.6c(2) (WINDOW) - Screen damaged/removed
V4031 Q.6c (3) (W|NDOW) - Lock on window damaged/
        tampered with in some way
V4032 Q.6c(4) (WINDOW) - Other - specify
V4033 Q.6c (5) (DOOR) - Damage to door (include frame,
        glass panes, or door removed)
V4034 Q.6c (6) (DOOR) - Screen damaged/removed
V4035 Q.6c (7) (DOOR) - Lōk or door handie damaged/
        tampered with in some way
V4036 Q.6c (8) (DOOR) - Other--specify
V4037 Q.6c (9) Other than window or docr - specify
V4038 Residue Code [for Q.6c]
V4039 Q.6d How did the offender (s) (get in/TRY to
        get in)?
V4040 Check Item C(1): Was respondent or any other
        member of this household present when this
        incident occurred?
V4041 Check Item C(2): Was respondent or any other
    member of this household present when this
        incident occurred? (Allocated)
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Means of Attack

V4042 Q.7b(1) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack you in any way?
V4043 Q.7b(2) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack youmin any way? (Allocated)
V4044 Q.7a(1) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?
V4045 Q.7a(la) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver, etc.)
V4046 Q.7a(2a) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
$V 4047$ Q.7a (3a) Knife present
$V 4048$ Q.7a (4a) Other
V4049 Residue Code [for Q.7a(1)]
V4050 Q.7a(2) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench? (Allocated)
V4051 Q.7a (2a) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver) (Allocated)
V4052 Q.7a(2b) Other gun (rifie, shotgun, etc.) (Allocated)
V4053 Q.7a(3b) Knife present (Allocated)

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V4054 Q.7a(4b) Other (Allocated)
V4055 Residue Code [for Q.7a(2) (Allocated)]
V4056 Q.7c(1) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm
        in any way?
V4057 Q.7c(2) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm
        in any way? (Allocated)
V4058 Q.7d How were you threatened? Any other way?
V4059 Q.7d(1) Verbal Threat of Rape
V4060 Q.7d(2) Verbal Threat of Attack Other Than Rape
V4061 Q.7d(3) Weapon Present or Threatened with Weapon
V4062 Q.7d(4) Attempted Attack with Weapon
V4063 Q.7d(5) object Thrown at Person
V4064 Q.7d(6) Followed, Surrounded
V4065 Q.7d(7) Other threat
V40ó6 Residue Code [for Q.7d]
Incident Description
V4067 Q.7e What actually happened? Anything else?
V4068 Q.7e(1) Something taken without permission
V4069 Q.7e(2) Attempted or threatened to take
something
V4070 Q.7e(3) Harassed. argument, abusive language
V4071 Q.7e(4) Forcible entry or attempted forcible
    entry of house/apartment
V4072 Q.7e(5) Forcible entry or attempted forcible
    entry of car
V4073 Q.7e(6) Damaged or destroyed property
V4074 Q.7e(7) Attempted or threatened to damage or
        destroy property
V4075 Q.7e(8) Other
V4076 Q.7e(9) Residue Code [for Q.7e]
Type of Injuries Suffered
V4077 Q.7f How did the person(s) attack you? Any
                other way?
V4078 Q.7f(1) Raped
V4079 Q.7f(2) Tried to rape
V4080 Q.7f(3) Shot
V4081 Q.7f(4) Knifed
V4082 Q.7f(5) Hit with object held in hand
V4083 Q.7f(6) Hit by thrown object
V4084 Q.7f(7) Hit, slapped, knocked down
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| V4085 | Q. $7 f(8)$ Grabbed, held, tripped, jumped, pushed, etc. |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4086 | Q.7f (9) Other |
| V4087 | Residue Code [for Q.7f] |
| V4088 | Q.8a What were the injuries you suffered, if any? Anything else? |
| $V 4089$ | Q.8a(1) Raped |
| V4090 | Q.8a (2) Attempted rape |
| V4091 | Q.8a (3) Knife wounds |
| V4092 | Q.8a(4) Gun shot, bullet wounds |
| V4093 | Q.8a (5) Broken bones or teeth knocked out |
| V4094 | Q.8a (6) Internal Injuries |
| V4095 | Q.8a (7) Knocked unconscious |
| V4096 | Q.8a (8) Bruises, black eye, cuts, scratches, swelling, chipped teeth |
| V4097 | Q.8a (9) Other |
| V4098 | Residue Code [for Q.8a] |
| Medica | 1 Attention and Costs |
| V4099 | Q.8b Were you injured to the extent that you received any medical care after the attack, including self-treatment? |
| V4100 | Q.8c Where did you receive this care? Anywhere else? |
| V4101 | Q.8c (1) At the scene |
| V4102 | Q.8c (2) At home/neighbor's/friend's |
| V4103 | Q.8c(3) Health unit at work, school, first aid station, at a stadium, park, etc. |
| V4104 | Q.8c (4) Doctor's office/health clinic |
| V4105 | Q.8c (5) Emergency room at hospital/emergency clinic |
| V4106 | Q.8c (6) Other (does not include hospital) |
| V4 107 | Q.8c (7) Hospital |
| $\checkmark 4108$ | Residue Code [for Q.8e] |
| V4109 | Q.8c(1) Did you stay overnight in the hospital? |
| V4110 | Q.8c (2) How many days did you stay (overnight in the hospital)? |
| V4111 | Q.9a At the time of the incident, were you covered by any medical insurance, or were eligible for benefits from any other type of health benefits program, such as Medicaid, Veterans Administration, or Public Welfare? |
| V4112 | Q.9b What kind of health insurance or benefit programs were you covered by? Any others? |



Type of Self Protection

V4123 Q.10a Did you do anything to protect yourself or your property during the incident? Include getting away from offender, yelling for help, resisting in any way.
V4124 Q.lla Was the crime committed by only one or more than one person?
V4125 Q.116 (Single offender) Was this person male or female?
V4126 Q.ge How much did insurance or a health benefits program pay?
V4127 Q.9f What was the total amount of your medical expenses resulting from this incident (INCLUDING anything pald by insurance)? Include hospital and doctor bills, medicine, therapy, braces, and any other injury-related medical expenses.
V4128 Q.l0b What did you do (to protect yourself)? Anything else?
V4129 Q.10b(1) Used/brandished a gun
V4130 Q.10b(2) Used/brandished a knife
V4131 Q.10b(3) Used/brandished some other weapon
V4132 Q.10b(4) Used/tried physical force (hit, chased, threw object, etc.)
V4133 Q.10b(5) Tried to get help, attract attention, scare offender away, (screamed, yelled, called police, turned on lights, etc.)
V4134 Q.10b(6) Threatened, argued, reasoned, etc, with offender

V4135 Q.10b(7) Resisted without force, used evasive action (ran/drove away, hid, held property, locked door, ducked, shielded self, etc.)
V4136 Q.10b(8) Other
V4137 Residue Code [for Q. 10b]

Offender Information

V4138 Q.lle (Single Offender) How old would you say the person was?
V4139 Q.lld Was the person someone you knew or a stranger you had never seen before?
V4140 Q.lle How well did you know this person - by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?
V4141 Q.llf What was this person's relationship to you? For example, a friend, cousin, etc.
V4142 Q.11g (Single Offender) Was he/she White, Black, or some other race?
V4143 Q.11h (Multiple Offenders) How many persons?
V4144 Q.11i(1) (Multiple Offenders) Were they male or female?
V4145 Q.11i(2) (Multiple Offenders) Were they mostly male or mostly female?
V4146 Q.11j (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the youngest was?
V4147 Q.1! (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the oldest was?
V4148 Q. 111 (Multiple Offenders) Were any of the persons known to you or were they all strangers you had never seen before?
V4149 Q. 11 m (Multiple offenders) How well did you know the person(s)--by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?
V4150 Q.11m(1) Sight only
V4151 Q.11m(2) Casual acquaintance
V4152 Q.11m(3) Well known
V4153 Residue Code [for Q.11m]
V4154 Q.lln (Multiple Offenders) What (was/were) the well known person's relationship(s) to you? For example, friend, cousin, etc.
V4155 Q.11n(1) Spouse
V4156 Q.11n(2) Ex-spouse
V4157 Q.11n(3) Parent
V4158 Q.iln(4) Own child
V4159 Q.11n(5) Brother/sister

| V4160 | Q.11n(6) Other relative |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4161 | Q. 11 l (7) Boyfriend/ex-boyfriend |
| V4162 | Q.iln(8) Girlfriend/ex-girlfriend |
| V4163 | Q. $1 \mathrm{ln}(9) \mathrm{Friend} / \mathrm{ex}$-friend |
| V4164 | Q.lln(10) Other nonrelative |
| V4165 | Residue Code [for Q.11n] |
| V4166 | Q. 110 (Multiple Offenders) Were the offenders White, Black, or some other race? |
| $\checkmark 4167$ | Q. 110 (1) White |
| V4168 | Q.110(2) Black |
| $\checkmark 4169$ | Q. 110 (3) Other |
| $\checkmark 4170$ | Q.110 (4) Don't know race of any/some |
| V4171 | Residue Code [for Q.110] |
| V4172 | Q.llp (Multiple Offenders) What race were most of the offenders? |
| Incident Characteristics |  |
| V4173 | Q.12a Were you the only person there besides the offender (s)? Do not include persons under 12 years of age. |
| V4174 | Q.12b How many of these persons, not counting yourself were harmed or had something taken from THEM by force or threat? (Do not include persons under 12 years of age). |
| V4175 | Q.12c Are any of these people members of your household now? (Do not include household members under 12 years of age). |
| Property Description and Value |  |
| V4176 | Q.13a(1) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household? |
| V4177 | Q.13a(2) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household? <br> (Allocated) |
| V4178 | Q.13b(1) Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the rousehold? |
| V4179 | Q.13b(2) Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household? <br> (Allocated) |
| V4180 | Q. 13 c What did they try to take? Anything else? |


| V4181 | Q.13c (1) Cash |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4182 | Q.13c (2) Purse |
| V4183 | Q.13c(3) Wallet |
| V4184 | Q.13c (4) Car |
| V4185 | Q.13c(5) Other motor vehicle |
| $\checkmark 4186$ | Q. $13 c$ (6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.) |
| V4187 | Q.i3c (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances (blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.) |
| V4188 | Q.13c(8) Sliver, china, jewelry, furs |
| V4189 | Q.13c (9) Bicycle |
| V4190 | Q. 13 c (10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.) |
| V4191 | Q. 136 (11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.) |
| V4192 | Q.13c(12) Other |
| V4193 | Q.13c (13) Don't know |
| V4194 | Residue Code [for Q.13c] |
| V4195 | What did they try to take? |
| V4196 | Q.13d(1) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your |
| V4197 | person, for instance, in a pocket or being held? Q.13d(2) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held? (Allocated) |
| V4198 | Q. 13 e What was taken that belonged to you or others in the household? Anything else? |
| V4199 | Q. 13 e What was taken that belonged to you or others in the household? Anything else? |
| V4200 | Q.13e(1) Only cash taken |
| V4201 | Q.13e(2) Purse |
| $V 4202$ | Q.13e (3) Wallet |
| V4203 | Q.13e (4) Car |
| V4204 | Q. $13 \mathrm{e}(5)$ Other motor vehicle |
| V4205 | Q. $13 e(6)$ Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.) |
| V4206 | Q.13e(7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances, blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.) |
| V4207 | Q.13e(8) Sliver, china, jewelry, furs |
| V4208 | Q.13e (9) Bicycle |
| V4209 | Q. 13 e (10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.) |
| V4210 | Q.i3e(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.) |
| V4211 | Q.13e(12) Other |
| $\checkmark 4212$ | Residue Code [for Q.13e] |
| $\checkmark 4213$ | What did they take? |

V4214 Q.14a Had permission to use the (car/motor vehicle) ever been given to the person who took it?
V4215 Q. 14 b Did the person return the (car/motor vehicle this time?
V4216 Q.14c Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance in a pocket or being held by you when it was taken?
V4217 Q.14c Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance in a pocket or being held by you when it was taken? (Allocated)
V4218 Q.15a What was the value of the PROPERTY that was taken? (Exclude any stolen cash/checks/ credit cards)
V4219 2.15b How did you decide the value of the property that was stolen? Any other way?
V4220 Q.15b(1) Original cost
V4221 Q.15b(2) Replacement cost
V4222 Q.15b (3) Personal estimate of current value
V4223 Q.15b(4) Insurance report estimate
V4224 Q.15b(5) Police estimate
V4225 Q.15b (6) Don't know
V4226 Q.15b(7) Other
V4227 Residue Code [for Q.15b]

Property Recovered

V4228 Q.16a Was all or part of the stolen (money/ property/money and property) recovered, not counting anything received from insurance?
V4229 Q.16c Was the recovered property damaged to the extent that it had to be repaired or replaced? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards)
V4230 Q.17a Was the theft reported to an insurance company?
V4231 Q.16b What was recovered? Anything else?
V4232 Lead in Code
V4233 Q.16b(1) Cash only recovered
V4234 Q.16b(2) Purse
V4235 Q.16b (3) Wallet
V4236 Q.16b(4) Car
V4237 Q.16b(5) Other motor vehicle
V4238 Q.16b (6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.)

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V4239 Q.16b (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck,
        receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras,
        small household appliances, (blender, hair
        blower, toaster oven, etc.)
V4240 Q.16b(8) Sliver, china, jewelry, furs
V4241 Q.16b(9) Bicycle
V4242 Q.16b(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.)
V4243 Q.16b(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
V4244 Q.16b(12) Other
V4245 Residue Code [for Q.16b]
V4246 What was recovered?
V4247 Q.16d Considering the damage, what was the
        value of the property after it was recovered?
V4248 Q.lGe What was the value of the property after
        it was recovered?
V4249 Q.lof Who recovered the (money/property/money
        and property)? Anyone else?
V4250 Q.16f(1) Victim or other household member
V4251 Q.16f(2) Police
V4252 Q.16f(3) Returned by offender
V4253 Q.16f(4) Other
V4254 Residue Code [for Q.16f]
Property Insurance Information
V4255 Q.17b Did insurance pay anything to cover the
    theft?
V4256 Q.17c How much was paid (by insurance company)?
        If property replaced by insurance company
        instead of cash settlement, ask for an
        estimate of value of the property replaced.
V4257 Q.18a (Other than any stolen property) was any-
    anything that belonged to you or other members
    of the household damaged in this incident?
V4258 Q.18b (Was/were) the damaged item(s) repaired
    or replaced?
V4259 Q.18c How much would it cost to repair or
    replace the damaged items?
V4260 Q.18d How much was the repair or replacement
    cost?
V4261 Q.18e Who (paid/will pay) for the repairs or
    replacement?
V4262 Q.18e(1) Items will not be repaired or replaced
V4263 Q.18e(2) Household member
V4264 Q.18e(3) Landlord
V4265 Q.18e(4) Insurance
V4266 Q.18e(5) Other
V4267 Residue Code [for Q.18e]
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Commercial Incident Information

04268 Q. 19 You said this incident happened in a commercial place. Did the person(s) steal or try to steal anything belonging to the (name place)?

Police Involvement

V4269 Q.20a Were the police informed or did they find out about this incident in any way?
V4270 Q.20b What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any other reason? (Structured Probe)
V4271 Q.20b What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any other reason? (Lead in Code)
V4272 Q.20b (1) Object recovered or offender unsuccessful
V4273 Q.20b(2) Respondent did not think it important enough
V4274 Q.20b (3) Private or personal matter or took care of it myself
V4275 Q.20b(4) Reported to someone else
V4276 Q.20b(5) Didn't realize crime happened until later
V4277 0.20b(6) Property difficult to recover due to lack of serial or 10 number
V4278 Q.20b(7) Lack of proof, no way to find/identify offender
V4279 Q.20b(8) Police wouldn't think it was important enough, they wouldn't want to be bothered
V4280 Q.20b(9) Police would be inefficient, ineffective, insensitive, (they'd arrive late, wouldn't pursue case properly, would harass/ insult respondent, etc.)
V4281 Q.20b(10) Afraid of reprisal by offender or his family/friends
V4282 Q.20b(1) Did not want to take time-too inconvenient
V4283 Q.20b(12) Other
V4284 Q.20b(13) Respondent doesn't know why it wasn't reported
V4285 Residue Code [for Q.20b]

| 286 | Q.20c which of these would you say was the most important reason why the incident was not reported to the police? |
| :---: | :---: |
| V4287 | Q.20d Please take a minute to think back to the time of the incident. Besides the fact that it was a crime, did YOU have any other reason for reporting this incident to the police? |
| V4288 | Q.20d(1) To stop or prevent this incident from happening |
| V4289 | Q.20d(2) To keep it from happening again or to others |
| V4290 | Q.20d(3) In order to collect insurance |
| V4291 | Q.20d(4) Desire to recover property |
| V4292 | Q.20d(5) Need for help after the incident because of injury, etc. |
| V4293 | Q.20d (6) There was evidence or proof |
| V4294 | Q.20d(7) To punish the offender |
| V4295 | Q.20d (8) Because you felt it was your duty |
| V4296 | Q.20d (9) Some other reason |
| V4297 | Q.20d (0) No other reason |
| V4298 | Residue Code [for Q.20d] |
| V4299 | Q. 20 e which of these would you say was the most important reason why the incident was reported to the police? |
| Employment Information |  |
| V4300 | Q.21a Did you have a job at the time this incident happened? |
| V4301 | Q.21b Was it the same job you described to me earlier or a different one? |
| V4302 | Q.2ld What kind of business or industry is this? |
| V4303 | Q.2le What kind of work were you doing? |
| V4304 | Q.21g Type of employee |
| V4305 | Q.22a Did you lose time from work because of the injuries you suffered in this incident? |
| V4306 | Q.22b how much time did you lose because of injuries? |
| V4307 | Q.22c During these days, did you lose any pay that was not covered by unemployment, insurance, sick leave, or some other source? |
| V4308 | Q.22d About how much pay did you lose? |
| V4309 | Q.23a Did YOU lose time from work because of this incident for any of these (other) reasons? |

```
V4310 0.23a(1) Repairing damaged property
V4311 Q.23a(2) Replacing stolen items
V4312 Q.23a(3) Police related activities, such as
        cooperating with an investigation
V4313 Q.23a(4) Court related activities, such as
        testifying in court
V4314 Q.23a(5) Any other reason?
V4315 Residue Code [for Q.23a]
V4316 Q.23b How much time did you lose because of
        (name all reasons marked in 23a)?
V4317 Q.23c During these days, did you lose any pay
        that was not covered by unemployment,
        insurance, sick leave, or some other source?
V4318 Type of Crime
V4319 Q.23d About how much pay did you lose?
V4320 Q.24a Were there any (other) household members
        16 years or older who lost time from work
        because of this incident?
V4321 Q.24b How much time did they lose altogether?
Sampling Information
V4322 Seriousness scoring (new) 2 implied decimals
V4323 Seriousness scoring (old)
V4324 Incident Weight
V4325 Weight Used to Tabulate Personal Incident Data
V4326 Crime Sequence Number
V4327 Recoded Type of Crime
V4328 Relation to Victim
```

```
VAR 1001 ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33 WID 6
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1001 TYPE C
ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter), a sequential household identification number to every record. This number uniquely identifies each household record within a collection quarter, and is also used to link person and incident records to the appropriate household.
```

| VAR 1002 | YEAR AND QUARTER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 39 | WID 3 |
| GROUP 1 | LEVEL 1 |
| REF 1002 | TYPE $C$ |

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g.1979 $=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter (1-4). The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

| VAR 1003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 42 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 1 | LEVEL 1 |
| REF 1003 | TYPE C |

## CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER

Two digit code used to identify the sequence and source of selection of sample housing units.

See Appendix 5 for Census sample information.

## VAR 1004 PRIMARY SAMPLING NUMBER

LOC 44 WID 3
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1004 TYPE C

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
These numbers are three digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers are scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
001.
999.

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality.

VAR 1005 SEGMENT NUMBER
LOC 47 WID 4
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD 10
REF 1005 TYPE C

## SEGMENT NUMBER

The thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units together identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "01" in each panel and rotation combination.
1100.
6699.

Note: See note for $V 1004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, please refer to the note for variable V2009.

| VAR 1006 | CHECK DIGIT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 51 | WID 1 |
| GROUP 1 |  |
| REF 1006 | TYPE C |

CHECK DIGIT
Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number, and sample number.
0.
9. .

See note for variable V1004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

VAR 1007 SERIAL NUMBER
LOC 52 WID 2
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1007 TYPE C

## SERIAL NUMBER

A unique two digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household.
01.
99.

See note for variable V1004 regarding changes made to
this variable beginning in January 1986.

VAR 1008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 54 WID 1
GROUP 1 LEVEL 1 HOUSEHOLD ID
REF 1008 TYPE C

HOUSEHOLD NUMBER

This number identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household number will be "2" indicating indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.

1.     - 
2. 

HOUSEHOLD LEVEL
VAR 2001 ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33 WID 6
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2001 TYPE $C$
ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter),
a sequential household identification number to every
record. This number uniquely identifies each household
record within a collection quarter, and is also used to
link person and incident records to the appropriate
household.
VAR 2002 YEAR AND QUARTER
LOC 39 WID 3
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA

REF 2002 TYPE $C$$\quad$| Year and Quarter Identification |
| :--- |
| The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification |
| number to each record which denotes the year and |
| quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two |
| digits of the variable are the last two digits of the |
| year (e.g. l976 = 76 ) and the third digit is the |
| collection quarter (l-4). The variable is constant |
| within each collection quarter. |

| VAR 2003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 42 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2003 | TYPE C |

CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER

Two digit code used to identify the sequence and source of selection of sample housing units.

See Appendix 5 for Census sample information.

| VAR 2004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 44 | WID 3 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2004 | TYPE C |

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
These numbers are three digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers have been scrambled to preserve

```
confidentiality.
    001.
    999.
Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment
number, check digit, and serial number are now
scrambed together as one variable to preserve
confidentiality.
```


## VAR 2005 SEGMENT NUMBER

```
LOC 47 WID 4
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 hOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2005 TYPE C
```


## SEGMENT NUMBER

```
The thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units together identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "Ol" in each panel and rotation combination.
1100.
```

```
6699.
```

6699. 

Note: See note for variable $V 2004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, please refer to the note for variable V2009.

```

VAR 2006 CHECK DIGIT
LOC 51 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2006 TYPE C

CHECK DIGIT
```

Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number,
and sample number.
0. .
.
9.
See note for variable V2004 regarding changes made to
this variable beginning in January 1986.

```
VAR 2007 SERIAL NUMBER
LOC 52 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2007 TYPE C
SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two digit number assigned in sequence within
each segment to each sample household.
    01.
    99.
See note for variable V2004 regarding changes made to
this variable beginning in January 1986.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
VAR 2008 & HOUSEHOLD NUMBER \\
LOC 54 & WID 1 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 \\
REF 2008 & TYPE C
\end{tabular}

HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
This number identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household number will be "2" indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.
1.9.
VAR 2009 INTERVIEWER ..... 10
LOC 55 WID 4 \(M D=9999 \quad\) OR GE ..... 9998
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 10 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 010
Q. 1 Interviewer Identification
0101.
2696.
9998. Residue
9999. Out of universe
Note: Beginning in January 1986, this variable is nowcomposed of three variables: two check digit charactersused in generating the scrambled household 10 numberare located in positions 55 and 56 ; the panel number isnow located in position 57, and the rotation groupnumber is now located in position 58.
VAR 2010 UNIT STATUS
LOC 59 WID 1 \(M D=9\) ..... OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 11 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 011
Q. 2 Unit Status1. Unit in sample the previous enumeration2. Unit in sample first time this period
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 2011 HOUSEHOLD STATUS

LOC 60 WID 1
\(M D=9\) ..... OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 12 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 012
Q. 3 Household ..... Status
1. Same houschold interviewed the previous enumeration
2. Replacement household since the previousenumeration
3. Non-interview the previous enumeration
4. Other
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 2012 LINE \# OF HH RESPONDENT
LOC 61 WID 2 \(M D=99\) ..... OR GE ..... 98
REF 13
LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
TYPE C
Source Code ..... 013
Q. 4 Line Number of Household Respondent
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Oist of universe
VAR 2013 SPECIAL PLACE TYPE CODE
LOC 63 ..... WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 ..... HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 14 ..... TYPE C
```

Source Code 014
Q. }5\mathrm{ Special Place Type Code
97. Special place
99. Blank or not special place
VAR 2014 TENURE (OWN/RENT)
LOC 65 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 15 TYPE C
Source Code 015(A)
Q.6(a) Tenure

1. Owned or being bought
2. Rented for cash
3. No cash rent
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
```

VAR 2015 TENURE (ALLOCATED)
LOC 66 WID \(1 \quad M D=9\)
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 hOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 15 TYPE C

Source Code \(015(\mathrm{~A})\)
Q. 6 (b) Tenure (Allocated)
1. Owned or being bought
2. Rented for cash
3. No cash rent
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2016 LAND USE (URBAN/RURAL)
LOC 67 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 16 TYPE C
Source Code 016
Q.7(a) Land Use

1. Urban
2. Rural - 10 acres or more
3. Rural - less than 10 acres
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
```
VAR 2017 LAND USE (ALLOCATED)
LOC 68 WID \(1 \quad M D=9\)
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 16 TYPE C
Source Code 016 (A)
Q. 7 (b) Land Use (Allocated)
    1. Urban
    2. Rural - 10 acres or more
    3. Rural - less than 10 acres
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
VAR 2018 FARM SALES
LOC 69 WID \(\quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 17 TYPE C
```

Source Code 017
Q.8(a) Farm Sales
1. \$1,000 or more
2. \$250 to \$999
3. \$50 to \$249
4. Under \$50
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 2019 | FARM SALES (ALLOCATED) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 70 |  | WID $1 \quad M D=9$ |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 17 | TYPE $C$ |  |

Source Code 017(A)
Q.8(b) Farm Sales (Allocated)
1. \$1,000 or more
2. \$250 to \$999
3. \$50 to \$249
4. Under \$50
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 2020 TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS
LOC 71 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 2
LEVEL 2
HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 18 TYPE C
Source Code 018
Q. 9 (a) Type of Living Quarters
00 . Not specified below
Housing Unit

```
01. House, apartment, flat
02. Housing unit in nontransient hotel, motel, etc.motel, etc.
04. Housing unit in rooming house
05. Mobile home or trailer
06. Housing unit not specified above
Other Unit
07. Quarters not housing unit in rooming house orboarding house
08. Unit not permanent in transient hotel, motel,etc.
09. Vacant tent site or trailer site
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2021 TYPE QUARTERS (ALLOCATED) ..... LOC 73 WID \(2 \quad M D=99\)
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 ..... HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 18 ..... TYPE C
Source Code \(018(A)\)Q. 9 (b) Type of Living Quarters (Allocated)
00. Not specified below
Housing Unit
01. House, apartment, flat
02. Housing unit in nontransient hotel, motel, etc.
03. Housing unit - permanent in transient hotel,

            motel, etc.
04. Housing unit in rooming house
05. Mobile home or trailer
06. Housing unit not specified above
Other Unit
07. Quarters not housing unit in rooming house orboarding house
```

8. Unit not permanent in transient hotel, motel,
etc.
9. Vacant tent site or trailer site
10. Out of universe
```
```

VAR 2O22 LOCATION OF PHONE
LOC 75 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 19 TYPE C
Source Code 019
Q.10a Location of Phone
1. Phone in unit
2. Phone in common area (hallway, etc.)
3. Phone in another unit (neighbor, friend, etc.)
4. Work/office phone
5. No phone
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 2023 ACCEPT PHONE INTERVIEW?
LOC 76 WID. \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 20 TYPE C
Source Code 020
Q.10b is phone interview acceptable?
    1. Yes
    2. No
    3. Refused to give phone number
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2024 \# HOUSING UNITS/STRUCTR
LOC 77 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 21 TYPE C
Source Code 021
Q.11 Number of Housing Units in Structure
01. One
02. Two
03. Three
04. Four
05. Five-nine
06. Ten or more
07. Mobile home or 土railer
08. Only OTHER units
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
    VAR 2025 FAMILY income
    LOC 79 WID \(2 \quad M D=99 \quad\) OR GE 98
    GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
    REF 22 TYPE C
    Source Code 022
    Q. 12 Family Income
        01. Under \$3,000
        02: \$3,000 to \$4,999
        03. \(\$ 5,000\) to \(\$ 5,999\)
        04. \(\$ 6,000\) to \(\$ 7,499\)
        05. \$7,500 to \$9,999
        06. \(\$ 10,000\) to \(\$ 11,999\)
        07. \$12,000 to \(\$ 12,999\)
        08. \(\$ 13,000\) to \(\$ 14,999\)
        09. \(\$ 15,000\) to \(\$ 17,499\)
        10. \(\$ 17,500\) to \(\$ 19,999\)
        11. \(\$ 20,000\) to \(\$ 24,999\)
        12. \(\$ 25,000\) to \(\$ 29,999\)
        13. \(\$ 30,000\) to \(\$ 49,999\)
14. \(\$ 50,000\) and over
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2026 MONTH INTERVIEW COMPLETD
LOC 81 WID \(2 \quad M O=99\) ..... OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 hOUSEHOLD DATAREF 23
    TYPE C
Source Code ..... 023
Q. 13 (a) Month Interview or Non-interviewCompleted for Last Household Member
01. January
12. December
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2027 DAY INTERVIEW COMPLETED
LOC 83 WID 2 \(M D=99\) ..... OR GE ..... 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD ..... DATA
REF 23 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 023
Q. 13 (b) Day Interview or Non-interview Completed for Last Household Member
01.31. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```

VAR 2029 REASON FOR NONINTERVIEW
LOC 87 WID 2 MD:99
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 24 TYPE C
Source Code 024
Reason for Non-interview
Type A

1. No one home
2. Temporarily absent
3. Refused
4. Other occupied
```

\section*{Type B}
10. Vacant - regular
11. Vacant - storage of household furniture
12. Temporarily occupied by persons with usual residence elsewhere
13. Unfit or to be demolished
14. Under construction, not ready
15. Converted to temporary business or storage
16. Unoccupied tent site or trailer site
17. Permit granted, construction not started
18. Other

Type C
20. Unused line of listing sheet
21. Demolished
22. House or trailer moved
23. Outside segment
24. Converted to permanent business or storage
25. Merged
26. Condemned
27. Built after April 1, 1970
28. Other
30. Interviewed household
96. Sample reduction household(effective Quarter 2, 1984)
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2030 COLLECTION MONTH
LOC 89 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2030 TYPE C
Collection Month
01. January
.
12. December

```
VAR 2031 COLLECTION YEAR
LOC 91 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2031 TYPE C
Collection Year
    79. 1979
```

VAR 2032 RACE OF HH HEAD (TYPE A)
LOC 93 WID I
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 25 TYPE C

```
Source Code 025
Race of Household Head (Type A)
1. White
2. Black
3. Other
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 2033 & IST PROXY LINE NUMBER & \\
LOC 94 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE & 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 30 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 030
Q.14a(1) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy Interview Was Obtained (First Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 2034 & 2ND PROXY LINE NUMBER & & \\
LOC 96 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE & 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 33 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}
```

Source Code 033
Q.14a(2) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy
Interview Was Obtained (Second Person)
0 1 .
.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2035 | 3RD PROXY LINE NUMBER |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 98 | WID 2 | MD $=99$ | OR GE 98 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |  |
| REF 36 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 036
Q.14a(3) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy
Interview Was Obtained (Third Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 2036 4TH PROXY LINE NUMBER
LOC 100 WID \(2 \quad\) OD \(=99 \quad\) OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 39 TYPE C
Source Code 039
Q.14a(4) Line Number of Person for Whom a Proxy
Interview Was Obtained (Fourth Person)
```

0 1 .
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 2037 & IST PROXY RESPONDENT & & \\
LOC 102 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE & 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 31 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 031
Q.14b(1) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (First Person)
01. .
30. Actual line number is coded
88. Non-household member as proxy respondent
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

VAR 2038 2ND PROXY RESPONDENT
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
LOC 104 & WID 2 & \(M D=99\) & OR GE 98
\end{tabular}
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA

REF 34 TYPE C

Source Code 034
Q. 14 b (2) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Second Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
88. Non-household member as proxy respondent
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2039 3RD PROXY RESPONDENT
LOC 106 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 37 TYPE C
Source Code 037
Q.14b(3) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Third
Person)
01.
30. Actual line number is coded
88. Non-household member as proxy respondent
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR \(2040 \quad 4 T H\) PROXY RESPONDENT
\(\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 108 & \text { HID } 2 & M D=99 & \text { OR GE } 98\end{array}\)
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 40 TYPE C
Source Code 040
Q.14b (4) Line Number of Proxy Respondent (Fourth
Person)
    01. .
    30. Actual line number is coded
    88. Non-household member as proxy respondent
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
VAR 2041 REASON IST PROXY
LOC 110 WID \(1 \quad M D=9\) OR GE 8 GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 32 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 032
Q.14c(1) Reason for Proxy Interview (First Person)
1. Under 14 years of age2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable toanswer
3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't ret'drnbefore closeout
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
See Appendix 2, Glossary, for definition of
"closeout."
VAR 2042 REASON 2ND PROXY
LOC \(111 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9\) ..... OR GE 8
GROUP 2 ..... LEVEL 2
hOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 35 ..... TYPE C
Source Code 035
Q. 14 c (2) Reason for Proxy Interview (Second Person)
1. Under 14 years of age
2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to answer
3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return before closeout
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2043 REASON 3RD PROXY
LOC 112 WID I MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 38 TYPE C
Source Code 038
Q.14c(3) Reason for Proxy Interview (Third Person)

1. Under }14\mathrm{ years of age
2. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to
answer
3. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return
before closeout
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 2044 REASON 4TH PROXY
LOC 113 WID 1 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 41 TYPE C
Source Code 041
Q.14c(4) Reason for Proxy Interview (Fourth Person)

3. Under }14\mathrm{ years of age
4. 14 or over and physically or mentally unable to
answer
5. 14 or over and temporarily absent, won't return
before closeout
6. Residue
7. Out of universe
```
VAR 2045 LINE \# IST PERSON TYPE \(Z\)
LOC 114 WID \(2 \quad\) OR \(=99\) GE 98
```

GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 42 TYPE C
Source Code 042
Q.15a Line Number of Type Z Non-interview (First
Person)
01. .
•
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 2046 REASON IST PERSON TYPE \(Z\)
LOC \(116 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 43 TYPE C

Source Code 043
Q. 15b Reason for Type \(Z\) Non-interview (First Person)
1. Never available
2. Refused
3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no proxy available
4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
5. Other
6. Office use only
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 2047 LINE \# 2ND PERSON TYPE 2
LOC 117 WID 2 \(\quad M D=99 \quad\) OR GE 98

GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 44 TYPE C

\section*{Source Code 044}
Q.15a Line Number of Type Z Non-interview (Second Person)
```

1. .
2. Actual line number is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
```

VAR 2048 REASON 2ND PERSON TYPE Z
LOC 119 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 45 TYPE C
Source Code 045
Q.15b Reason for Type Z Non-interview (Second
Person)
1. Never available.
2. Refused
3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no
proxy available
4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
5. Other
6. Office use only
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 2049 & LINE \# 3RD PERSON TYPE Z \\
LOC 120 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE & 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 46 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}
```

Q.15a Line Number of Type Z Non-interview (Third
Person)

1. .
.
2. Actual line number is coded
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
VAR 2050 REASON 3RD PERSON TYPE Z
LOC 122 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
Source Code 047
Q.15b Reason for Type Z Non-interview (Third
Person)
5. Never available
6. Refused
7. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no proxy available
8. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
9. Other
10. Office use only
11. Residue
12. Out of universe
```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 2051 & LINE \# 4TH PERSON TYPE Z \\
LOC 123 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 48 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 048
Q.15a Line Number of Type \(Z\) Non-interview (Fourth Person)
01.
.
.
30. Actual line number is coded
98. Residue
99. Dut of universe
```

VAR 2052 REASON 4TH PERSON TYPE Z
LOC 125 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 49 TYPE C
Source Code 049
Q.15b Reason for Type Z Non-interview (Fourth
Person)
1. Never available
2. Refusfid
3. Physically or mentally unable to answer - no
proxy available
4. Temporarily absent and no proxy available
5. Other
6. Office use only
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
VAR 2053 & HH MEMBERS \(>12\) YEARS \\
LOC 126 & WID 2 & MO \(=99\) \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD IATA \\
REF 50 & TYPE C &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 050
Q. 16a Number of Household Hembers 12 Years of Age and Over
01. .
13. Actual number of household members is coded
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2054 HH MEMBERS < 12 YEARS
LOC 128 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 51 TYPE C
Source Code 051
Q.16b Number of Household Members Under 12 Years of Age
0 0 .
09. Actual number of household members is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 2055 \#CRIME REPORTS FILLED
LOC \(130 \quad\) WID \(2 \quad\) OR GE 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 52 TYPE C
Source Code 052
Q. 17 Number of Crime Incident Reports Filled by
Interviewer
00.
18. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 2056
VAR 2056 ALL HH \(>12\) YRS -MILITARY ALL HH \(>12\) YRS -MILITARY
LOC 132
LOC 132 WID 1 WID 1 ..... \(M D=9\) ..... \(M D=9\)
GROUP 2
GROUP 2 ..... LEVEL 2 ..... LEVEL 2
HOUSEHOLD DATA
HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2056
REF 2056 ..... TYPE C ..... TYPE C
A11 Household Members 12 and Over are in the Military
A11 Household Members 12 and Over are in the Military
0. Some or all household members 12 and over are
0. Some or all household members 12 and over are
0. Some or all household members 12 and over are not in the armed forces not in the armed forces
1. All household members 12 and over are in the
1. All household members 12 and over are in the armed forces armed forces
9. Out of universe
9. Out of universe
9. Out of universe
VAR 2057 ROTATION STATUS
LOC 133 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA ..... TYPE C
Incoming or Continuing Rotation
1. Incoming
2. Continuing
VAR 2058 ..... pf relation to ref per
LOC 134 WID 1 ..... \(M D=9\)
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD ..... dATA
RE: 87 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 087
Q. 21 Relationship of Principal Person to Reference Person
1. Reference ..... person
2. Husband
3. Wife
4. Own child
5. Parent
6. Brother/s ister
7. Other relative
8. Non-relative
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2059 PP AGE LAST BIRTHDAY
LOC 135 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 88 TYPE C
Source Code 088
Q. 22 Principal Person - Age Last Birthday
12. .
96. Actual age is coded

```


VAR 2063 PP HIGHEST GRADE
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
LOC 140 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 92 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 092
Q. 26 Principal Person - Education (What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school you have ever attended?)
00. Never attended or kindergarten
01. Elementary, first grade
08. Elementary, eighth grade
09. High School, ninth grade
12. High school, twelfth grade
21. College, one year
26. College, six or more years
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2064 PP RACE
LOC 142 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 94 TYPE C
Source Code 094
Q.28 Principal Person - Race
1. White
2. Black
3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
4. Asian, Pacific Islander
5. Other race

```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 2065 & PP ETHNICITY & & \\
LOC 143 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) & OR GE & 98 \\
GROUP 2 & LEVEL 2 & HOUSEHOLD DATA & \\
REF 95 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 095
Q. 29 Principal Person - Origin
01. German
02. Italian
03. Irish
04. French
05. Polish
06. Russian
07. English
08. Scottish
09. Welsh
10. Mexican-American
11. Chicano
12. Mexican
13. Puerto Rican
14. Cuban
15. Central or South American
16. Other Spanish
20. Afro-American (Black, Negro)
30. Another group not listed
39. Don't know
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

VAR 2066 HH RECORD SIZE
LOC 145 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2066 TYPE C
Census Record Size - Household Record:
32

```
```

VAR 2067 REF PERSON AGE LAST BDAY

```
VAR 2067 REF PERSON AGE LAST BDAY
    LOC 147 WID 2
    LOC 147 WID 2
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 88 TYPE C
REF 88 TYPE C
Source Code 088
Q. }22\mathrm{ Reference Person - Age Last Birthday
12. .
96. Actual age is coded
```

```
LOC 149 WID 1 OR=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 89 TYPE C
Source Code 089
Q. }23\mathrm{ Reference Person - Marital Status
1. Married
2. Widowed
3. Divorced
4. Separated
5. Never married
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 2069 REF PERSON SEX
LOC 150 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 90 TYPE C

Source Code 090
Q. 24 Reference Person - Sex

1. Male
2. Female
```
VAR 2070 REF PERSON ARMED FORCES
LOC 151 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 91 TYPE C
```

Source Code 091
Q. 25 Reference Person - Armed Forces Member

1. Yes
2. No

## 8. Residue

9. Out of universe
```
VAR 2071 REF PERSON EDUCATION
LOC 152 WID 2 MD=98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 92
    TYPE C
Source Code 092
Q.26 Reference Person - Education (What is the highest
grade (or year) of regular school you have ever
attended?)
```

0. Never attended or kindergarten
1. Elementary, first grade
2. Elementary, eighth grade
3. High School, ninth grade
4. High school, twelfth grade
5. College, one year
6. College, six or more years
7. Residue
8. Out of universe
VAR 2072 REF PERSON RACE
LOC 154 WID
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 94 TYPE C
Source Code 094
Q. 28 Reference Person - Race
9. White2. Black3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
10. Asian, Pacific Islander
11. Other race
VAR 2073 REF PERSON ORIGIN
LOC 155 WID $2 \quad \mathrm{MD}=99$ OR GE ..... 98
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 95 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 095
Q. 29 Reference Person - Origin
12. German
13. Italian
14. Irish
15. French
16. Polish
17. Russian
18. English
19. Scottish
20. Welsh
21. Mexican-American
22. Chicano
23. Mexican
24. Puerto Rican
25. Cuban
26. Central or South American
27. Other Spanish
28. Afro-American (Black, Negro)
29. Another group not listed
30. Don't know
31. Residue
32. Out of universe
VAR 2074 OPERATE BUSINESS
LOC 157 WID $1 \quad M D=9$ ..... UR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL` 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 116 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 116
Q.37a (Other than the ...business) does anyone in thishousehold operate a business from this address?
33. Yes
34. No
35. Residue
36. Out of universe
```
VAR 2075 # MOTOR VEHICLES
```

LOC $158 \quad$ WID $1 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 117 TYPE C
Source Code 117
Q. 42 What was the TOTAL number of motor vehicles (cars,
trucks, motorcycles, etc.) owned by you or any other
member of the household during the last 6 months.
Include those you no longer own.
0. None

1. One
2. Two
3. Three
4. Four or more
5. Residue
6. Out of universe
VAR 2076 GEOGRAPHIC ID CODE

LOC $159 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2076
TYPE C

Geographic Identifier Code

1. Central city of an SMSA
2. In SMSA but not in central city
3. Not SMSA
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
```
VAR 2077 PLACE SIZE CODE (1970)
LOC 160 WID 2 MD= 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2077 TYPE C
Place Size Code
1970 Population
    00. Under 200
    01. 200-499
    02. 500-999
    03. 1,000 to 1,499
    04. 1,500 to 1,999
    05. 2,000 to 2,499
    06. 2,500 to 4,999
    07. 5,000 to 9,999
    08. 10,000 to 19,999
    09. 20,000 to 24,999
    10. 25,000 to 49,999
    11. 50,000 to 99,999
    12. 100,000 to 249,999
    13. 250,000 to 499,999
    14. 500,000 to 999,999
    15. 1,000,000 or mare
    99. Not a place
```

Note: Beginning with collection quarter 3, 1985, these
codes will reflect 1980 population sizes for the parts
of the sample based on the 1980 census.

| VAR 2078 | PLACE DESCRIPTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 162 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ |  |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD | data |
| REF 2078 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Place Description |  |  |  |
| 1. Central city of an SMSA only |  |  |  |
| $2 .$ | al city | an urbanized | d are |
|  | al city | both an SMS | $A$ and |

4. Other incorporated place
5. Unincorporated place
6. Not a place
7. Out of universe
```
VAR 2079 REF PERIOD RESEARCH CODE
LOC 163 WID 1
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2079 TYPE C
Reference Period Research Code
    1. 3 month Quarters 1 & 2, 1978
    2. 3 month Quarter 4, 1978 and Quarter 1, 1979
    3. 3 month Quarters 2 & 3, 1979
    4. 3 month Quarter 4, 1979 and Quarter 1,1980
    5. 12 month Quarter 4, 1978
    6. }12\mathrm{ month Quarter 1 or 2, 1979
    7. 12 month Quarters 3& 4, 1979
```

VAR 2080 SEGMENT TYPE
LOC 164 WID I
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2080 TYPE C

## Segment Type

0. Windshield
1. Address
2. Special place
3. Area
4. New construction - Stratum |
5. New construction - Stratum 11
6. New construction - Public housing
7. Permit lag
8. Censup
9. Woodall


| VAR 2082 | RECORD SIZE - PERSON |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 167 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2082 | TYPE C |

Census Record Size - Person Record:
16

VAR 2083 \# OF INCIDENT RECORDS
LOC $169 \quad$ WID $2 \quad M D=99$
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2083 TYPE C

Number of Incident Records Produced for the Household
01.
18. Actual number is coded
99. Out of universe

| VAR 2084 | RECORD SIZE - INCIDENT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 171 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |
| REF 2084 | TYPE C |
| Census Record Size - Incident Record: |  |
| 75 |  |


| VAR 2085 | IST STAGE WEIGHT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 173 | WID 6 |  |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 2085 | TYPE C | 4 DEC PLACE (S) |

First Stage Weighting Factor
Ratio adjustment factor which adjusts for the difference between the 1980 Census characteristics of the population in the selected sample Primary Sampling Units (PSU's) and the 1980 Census characteristics of the entire non-self representing (NSR) strata which they represent.

This weight contains four implied decimals.

| VAR 2086 | HH NONINTERVIEW FACTOR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 179 | WID 6 |  |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 | HOUSEHOLD DATA |
| REF 2086 | TYPE C | 4 DEC PLACE (S) |

Household Non-interview Factor
Adjusts interviewed household to account for households that were not interviewed.

This factor contains four implied decimals.

```
LOC 185 WID 6
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2087 TYPE C 4 DEC PLACE (S)
Duplication Control Factor
Factor applied to segments that have been subsampled
in the field and to segments from special coverage
improvement frames which were sampled at other than the
overall rate.
This factor contains four implied decimals.
```

| VAR 2088 | BASIC WEIGHT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 191 | WID 6 |  |
| GROUP 2 | LEVEL 2 |  |
| REF 2088 | TYPE C | 2 DEC PLACE (S) |

Basic Weight

Reciprocal of the sampling interval.
This weight contains two implied decimals.
This weight will contain all zeros for non-interview households.

VAR 2089 FINAL HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT
LOC 197 WID 8
GROUP 2 LEVEL 2 HOUSEHOLD DATA
REF 2089 TYPE C 3 DEC PLACE (S)

Household Weight
Weight used to tabulate household data.
This weight contains three implied decimals.
This weight will contain all zeros for noninterview households.

## PERSON LEVEL

```
VAR 3001 ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33 WID 6
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3001 TYPE C
ICPSR Household Identification Number
The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter), a sequential household identification number to every record. This number uniquely identifies each household record within a collection quarter, and is also used to link person and incident records to the appropriate household.
```

VAR 3002 YEAR AND QUARTER
LOC 39 WID 3

GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3002 TYPE C

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g. $1979=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter (1-4).
The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

```
VAR 3003 CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER
    LOC 42 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3003 TYPE C
```


## CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER

Two digit code used to identify the sequence ana source of sample housing units.

See Appendix 5 for Census sample information.

VAR 3004 PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT
LOC 44 WID 3
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3004 TYPE C

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED

These numbers are three digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers are scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
001.
999.

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality.

VAR 3005 SEGMENT NUMBER
LOC 47 WID 4
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3005 TYPE C

SEGMENT NUMBER
The thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units

```
together identify clusters which are numbered
sequentially starting with "ol" in each panel and
rotation combination.
```

1100. 
1101. 

Note: See note for variable $V 3004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986. Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, refer to the note for variable V2009.

```
VAR 3006 CHECK DIGIT
LOC 51 WID I
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3006 TYPE C
```

CHECK DIGIT
Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number, and sample number.

0 . .
9. .

See note for variable V3004 regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

VAR 3007 SERIAL NUMBER
LOC 52 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3007 TYPE C

SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two digit number assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household.
01.
-
-
99.

See note for variable $V 3004$ regarding changes made to
this variable beginning in January 1986 .
VAR 3008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 54 WID I
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA

REF 3008 TYPE C

HOUSEHOLE NUMBER

This number identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household will be "2" indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.

1. .
2. .

VAR 3009 LINE \# OF RESPONDENT
LOC 55 WID $2 \quad M D=99 \quad$ OR GE 98
GROUP 3
REF 86
LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
TYPE C

Source Code 086
Q. 20 Line Number of Respondent

1. .

- 

30. Actual number is coded
31. Residue
32. Out of universe
```
VAR 3010 TYPE OF INTERVIEW
LOC 57 WID 1 MD=9
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 85 TYPE C
Source Code 085
Q. }19\mathrm{ Type of Interview
    1. Personal, self respondent
    2. Telephone, self respondent
    3. Personal, proxy
    4. Telephone, proxy
    5. Noninterview
    6. Noninterview (created)
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 3011 | RELATION TO REF PERSON |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 58 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 87 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 087
Q. 21 Relationship to Reference Person
1. Reference person
2. Husband
3. Wife
4. Own child
5. Parent
6. Brother or sister
7. Other relative
8. Non-relative
9. Out of universe

```
    VAR 3012 RESP AGE LAST BIRTHDAY
    LOC 59 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
    GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSJN DATA
    REF 88 TYPE C
    Source Code 088
    Q.22(a) Age Last Birthday
    12.
    96. Actual age is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

VAR 3013 RES AGE LAST BIRTH (AL)
LOC 61 WID 2
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 88 TYPE
Source Code 088 (A)
Q. 22 (b) Age Last Birthday (A!located)
12.
96. Actual age is coded
VAR 3014 RESP MARITAL STATUS
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 63 & \text { WID } 1 \quad \text { OR GE } & 8\end{array}$
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 89 TYPE $C$

## Q. 23 Marital Status

1. Married
2. Widowed
3. Divorced
4. Separated
5. Not married
6. Residue
7. Out of universe


VAR 3016 RESP SEX (ALLOCATED)
LOC 65 WID I
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 90 TYPE $C$

Source Code Ogo (A)
Q. 24 (b) Sex (Allocated)

1. Male
2. Female
VAR 3017 ARMED FORCES MEMBER
LOC 66
WID $1 \quad M D=9$ OR GE 8GROUP 3
REF ..... 91
REF TYPE CLEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
Source Code ..... 091
Q. 25 Armed Forces Member
3. Yes
4. No
5. Residue
6. Out of universe
VAR 3018 highest grade attended
LOC 67 WID 2 $M D=99$ ..... OR GE ..... 98
GROUP 3 ..... LEVEL 3
PERSON DATA
REF 92Source Code 092
Q. 26 What is the highest grade (or year) of regularschool you have ever attended?
7. Never attended or kindergarten
8. Elementary, grade one
9. Elementary, grade eight
10. High school, grade nine

- 

12. High school, grade ..... twelve
13. College, one year
14. College, six or more years
15. Residue
16. Out of universe

```
VAR 3020 RACE OF RESPONDENT
LOC 70 WID 1 OR=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 94 TYPE C
Source Code 094
Q.28(a) Race
    1. White
    2. Black
    3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
    4. Asian, Pacific Islander
    5. Other
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 3021
RACE (ALLOCATED)
LOC $71 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9$
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA

PERSON DATA

Source Code 094 (A)

## Q. 28 (b) Race (Allocated)

1. White
2. Black
3. American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo
4. Asian, Pacific Islander
5. Out of universe
VAR 3022 RESPONDENT ORIGIN
LOC 72 WID $2 \quad M D=99$ OR GE ..... 98
LEVEL 3 ..... PERSON DATA
REF 95 REF 95
Source Code ..... 095
Q. 29 Origin
6. German
7. Italian
8. Irish
9. French
10. Polish
11. Russian
12. English
13. Scottish
14. Welsh
15. Mexican American
16. Chicano
17. Mexican
18. Puerto Rican
19. Cuban
20. Central or South American
21. Other Spanish
22. Afro-American (Black, Negro)
23. Another group not listed
24. Don't know
25. Residue
26. Out of universe
VAR 3023 NEW HOUSEHOLD MEMBER?
LOC 74
WID 1$M D=9$
```
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 100 TYPE C
Source Code 100
Is this person a new household member?
1. Yes
2. No
9. Not same household interviewed the previous enumeration period
VAR 3024 HOW LONG AT ADORESS-MOS
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
LOC 75 & WID 2 & \(M D=99\) & OR GE 98
\end{tabular}
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 101 TYPE C
Source Code 101
Q. 30 (a) How long have you lived at this address months?
01. .
11. Actual number of months is coded
98. Residiue
99. Out of universe
```

Note: This question is asked only for incoming rotation groups, for replacement households, for prior noninterview households, and for persons that have moved into the household since the last enumeration period.
VAR 3025 HOW LONG AT ADDRESS-YRS

| LOC 77 | $W I D 2$ | $M D=99$ | $O R G E$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 98 |  |  |  |

GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 102 TYPE $C$

Source Code 102
Q. 30 (b) How long have you lived at this address years?

1. .

- 

96. Actual number of years is coded
97. Residue
98. Out of universe

Note: This question is asked only for incoming rotation groups, for replacement households, for prior noninterview households, and for persons that have moved into the household since the last enumeration period.

| VAR 3026 | HOW OFTEN MOVED |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 79 | WID 2 | $M D=99$ | OR GE 98 |  |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |  |
| REF 103 | TYPE $C$ |  |  |  |

Source Code 103
Q. 31 Altogether, how many times have you moved in the last five years?
01.
96. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

Note: This question is asked only for incoming rotation groups, for replacement households, for prior noninterview households, and for persons that have moved into the household since the last enumeration period.

VAR 3027 MAJOR ACTIVITY LAST WEEK
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 81 & \text { WID } 2 & M D=99 & O R G E \quad 98\end{array}$
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 104 TYPE C

## Source Code 104

Q.32a What were you doing most of LAST WEEK - (working, keeping house, going to school), or something else?

1. Working
2. With a job but not at work
3. Looking for work
4. Keeping house
5. Going to school
6. Unable to work
7. Retired
8. Armed Forcés
9. Other
10. Residue
11. Dut of universe

| VAR 3028 | WORK LAST WEEK |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 83 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |  |
| REF 105 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 105
Q.32b Did you do any work at all LAST WEEK, not counting work done around the house?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 3029 HOURS WORKED AT JOBS

| LOC 84 | WID 2 | $M D=99$ | OR GE 98 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |  |
| REF 106 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 106
Q.32c How many hours did you work LAST WEEK at all jobs?
01.
96. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 3030 ABSENT FROM JOB LAST WK
LOC 86 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 107 TYPE C
Source Code 107
Q.33a Did you have a job or business from which you
were temporarily absent or on layoff LAST WEEK?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 3031 WHY ABSENT FROM WORK
LOC 87 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DRTA
REF 108 TYPE C

Source Code 108
-- If coded 1 in Q.33a --
Q.33b Why were you absent from work LAST WEEK?

1. Layoff
2. New job to begin within 30 days
3. Uther
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 3032 | LOOK FOR WORK-LAST 4 WKS |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 88 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |  |
| REF 109 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 109
Q. 34 a Have you been looking for work during the past 4 weeks?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 3033 LEAD IN CODE V3033
LOC 89 WID 1 MD=9
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
```

Source Code 110
-- If Q.34a is coded 1 --
Q. 34 b What have you been doing in the last 4 weeks to
find work? Anything else?
Lead In Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 3034-3041).

1. At least one entry in one of the following
codes 1-7
2. No good entries and at least one out of range entry in one of the following codes 1-7
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 3034 PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
LOC 90 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b(1) Public employment agency
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
VAR 3035 PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENC
LOC 91 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b(2) Private employment agency
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
```

9. Out of universe
```
VAR 3036 EMPLOYER DIRECTLY
LOC 92 WID 1 MD= 9 OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b(3) Employer directly
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 3037 | FRIENDS OR RELATIVES |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 93 | WID |  |  |  |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |  |
| REF GE 110 | TYPE $c$ |  |  |  |

Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1--
Q.34b (4) Friends or relatives
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
    VAR 3038 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS
    LOC 94 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
    GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
    REF 110 TYPE C
    Source Code 110
    -- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
    Q.34b(5) Placed or answered ads
    <See Q.34b for complete question text>
        O. No
        1. Yes
        8. Not applicable
        9. Out of universe
    VAR 3039 WHAT DOING-OTHER
    LOC 95 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 110 TYPE C
Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b(6) Other
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 3040 | NOTHING DONE TO FIND WOR |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 96 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |
| REF 110 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 110
-- If Q.34b is coded 1 --
Q.34b (7) Nothing
<See Q.34b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 3041 | METHOD LOOK FOR WORK |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 97 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 110 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 110
Residue Code [for Q.34b]
<See Q. $34 b$ for complete question text>
0. No entries keyed
8. At least one entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 3042 COULD NOT TAKE JOB
Ler $98 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 111 TYPE C

## Source Code 111

Q. 34 c is there any reason why you could not take a job LAST WEEK?

1. No
2. Already had a job
3. Temporary illness
4. Going to school
5. Other
6. Residue
7. Out of universe

| VAR 3043 | LAST WORKED FULL-TIME |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 99 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |
| REF 112 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 112
Q. 35 When did you last work at a full-time job or business lasting two consecutive weeks or more?

1. Six months ago or less
2. More than six months but less than five years
3. Five or more years ago
4. Never worked full-time 2 weeks or more
5. Never worked at all
6. Residue
7. Out of universe

VAR 3044 KIND OF BUSINESS/INDUSTR

| LOC 100 | WID 3 | $M D=999$ | OR GE 998 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 113 TYPE C

Source Code 113
Q. 36 b What kind of business or industry is this?

```
    017.
    984. Industry codes
    992. Armed forces
    998. Residue
    999. Out of universe
    SEE NOTE(S) 1 for Industry Classification Codes.
```

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer
appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."
VAR 3045 KIND OF WORK DOING
LOC 103 WID $3 \quad M D=999 \quad$ OR GE 998
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 114 TYPE C
Source Code 114
Q.36c What $k$ ind of work were you doing?
001.
-
984. Occupation Codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
SEE NOTE (S) 2 for Occupational Classification Codes.
Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer
appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."
VAR 3046 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT
LOC $106 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF $115^{\circ}$ TYPE C
Source Code ..... 115
Q.36e Were you -
i. An employee of a PRIVATE company, business, orindividual for wages, salary, or commissions?
2. A GOVERNMENT employee (Federal, State, county,or local)?
3. SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professionalpractice, or farm-business incorporated?
4. SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professionalpractice, or farm-business not incorporated?
5. Working without pay in family business or farm?
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 3047 EMPLOYMENT STATUS RECODE
LOC 107 WID $2 \quad M O=99$
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 ..... PERSON DATA
REF 3047 ..... TYPE C
Employment Status Recode
In the labor force

1. At work
2. With a job; not at work
3. Unemployed
Not in the labor force
4. Keeping house
5. Going to school
6. Unable to work
7. Retired
8. Other
9. Less than ..... 16
10. Armed force
11. Out of universe

Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

VAR 3048 IST CALL POLICE LST 6 MO

| LOC 109 | WID 2 | $M D=99$ | OR GE 98 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |  |  |

## Source Code 118

Q. 56 Did you call the police during the last 6 months to report something that happened to you which you thought was a crime? (Do not count any calls made to the police concerning the incidents you have just told me about).
Q. 56 (a) First Incident
11. Rape
12. Attempted rape
13. Robbery
14. Attempted robbery
15. Assault
16. Attempted assault
17. Burglary
18. Attempted burglary
19. Larceny
20. Attempted larceny
21. Motor vehicle theft
22. Attempted motor vehicle theft
23. Motor vehicle accident
24. Vandalism
25. Prowlers/peeping toms
26. Other crimes against household
27. Not a crime
28. Crime against someone else
29. Unable to classify
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

VAR 3049 2ND CALL POLICE LST 6 MO
LOC 111 WID $2 \quad M D=99^{\circ} \quad$ OR GE 98
GROUF 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 118 TYPE $C$

```
    Source Code 118
    Q. }56\mathrm{ (b) Second Incident
    <See Q.56 for complete question text>
<See Q.56(a) for complete code text>
    VAR 3050 3RD CALL POLICE LST 6 MO
    LOC 113 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
    GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
    REF 118
    TYPE C
Source Code 118
Q.56(c) Third Incident
<See Q. 56 for complete question text>
<See Q.56(a) for complete code text>
VAR 3051 IST OCCURRENCE LAST 6 MO
LOC 115 WID 2 MD=99
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 119 TYPE C . NON DATA
Source Code ll9
Q.57 Did anything happen to YOU during the last 6
6 \text { months which you thought was a crime, but did not}
report to the police? (Other than any incidents
already mentioned).
Q.57(a) First Incident
    11. Rape
    12. Attempted rape
    13. Robbery
    14. Attempted robbery
    15. Assault
    16. Attempted assault
    17. Burglary
```

18. Attempted burglary
19. Larceny
20. Attempted larceny
21. Motor vehicle thefi
22. Attempted motor vehicle theft
23. Motor vehicle accident
24. Vandalism
25. Prowlers/peeping toms
26. Other crimes against household
27. Not a crime
28. Crime against someone else
29. Unable to classify
30. Out of universe
VAR 3052 2ND OCCURRENCE LAST 6 MO

| LOC 117 | WID 2 | $M D=99$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |

REF 119 TYPE C
Source Code 119
Q. 57 (b) Second Incident
SSee Q. 57 for complete question text>
<See Q. 57 (a) for complete code text>
VAR 3053 3RD OCCURRENCE LAST 6 MO
LOC 119 WID $2 \quad M D=99$
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 119 TYPE C
Source Code 119
Q. 57 (c) Third Incident
<See Q. 57 for complete question text>
<See Q. 57 (a) for complete code text>

VAR 3054 WITHIN HH NONINTERVIEW

| LOC 121 | WID 6 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 3054 | TYPE C | 4 DEC PLACE ( $(\$)$ |

Within Household Non-interview Factor
Adjusts interviewed persons to account for within household non-interviews.

This weight contains four implied decimals.

VAR 3055 2ND STAGE WEIGHT
LOC 127 WID 6
GROUP 3 LEVEL 3 PERSON DATA
REF 3055 TYPE C 4 DEC PLACE (S)

Second Stage Weight
Ratio adjustment factor that brings the distribution of the sample population into closer agreement with the entire population with respect to characteristics of age, sex, and race.

This weight contains four implied decimals.

| VAR 3056 | FINAL PERSON WEIGHT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 133 | WID 8 |  |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL 3 | PERSON DATA |
| REF 3056 | TYPE C | 3 DEC PLACE (S) |

Person Weight
Weight used to tabulate person or victim data.
This weight contains three implied decimal places.
This weight will contain all zeros for non-interviewed persons.

| VAR 3057 | \# CRIMES PER PERSON |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 141 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 3 | LEVEL $3 \quad$ PERSON DATA |
| REF 3057 | TYPE C |
| Number of Crimes Per Person |  |
| Actual number is coded |  |

## incident level

```
VAR 4001 ICPSR HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 33 WID }
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4001 TYPE C
```

ICPSR Household Identification Number.

The ICPSR has attached, (within a collection quarter), a sequential household identification number to every record. This number uniquely identifies each household record within a collection quarter, and is also used to link person and incident records to the appropriate household.

| VAR 4002 | YEAR AND QUARTER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 39 | WID 3 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 4002 | TYPE CRIME DATA |

Year and Quarter Identification
The ICPSR has attached a three-digit identification number to each record which denotes the year and quarter in which the interview was taken, the first two digits of the variable are the last two digits of the year (e.g. $1979=79$ ), and the third digit is the collection quarter (1-4).

The variable is constant within each collection quarter.

| VAR 4003 | CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 42 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 4003 | TYPE C |

## CENSUS SAMPLE NUMBER

Two digit code used to identify the sequence and source of selection of sample housing units.

See Appendix 5 for Census sample information.

| VAR 4004 | PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 44 | WID 3 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |
| REF 4004 | TYPE C |

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU) NUMBER - SCRAMBLED
These numbers are three digit codes which identify each primary sampling unit (PSU). A PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. Each SMSA constitutes a separate PSU. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible.

These numbers are scrambled to preserve confidentiality.
001.
999.

Note: Beginning in January 1986, the PSU, segment
number, check digit, and serial number are now scrambled together as one variable to preserve confidentiality.

| VAR 4005 | SEGMENT NUMBER |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 47 | WID 4 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 4005 | TYPE C |  |

SEGMENT NUMBER
The thousands disit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation groups; tens and units together identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "01" in each panel and rotation combination.
1100.
6699.

Note: See note for variable $V 4004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.
Beginning in January 1986, to obtain panel and rotation number, please refer to the note for variable V2009.

| VAR 4006 | CHECK DIGIT |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 51 | WID 1 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 |  |
| REF 4006 | TYPE CRIME DATA |  |

CHECK DIGIT
Computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number, and sample number.
0.
9.

See note for variable $V 4004$ regarding changes made to this variable beginning in January 1986.

```
VAR 4007 SERIAL NUMBER
LOC 52 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4007 TYPE C
SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two digit number assigned in sequence within
each segment to each sample household.
    01..
    99.
See note for variable V4004 regarding changes made to
this variable beginning in January 1986.
VAR 4008 HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
LOC 54 WID 1
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4008 TYPE C
HOUSEHOLD NUMBER
This number identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household will be "2" indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.
1. .
-
9.
```

VAR 4009

```
LOC 55 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 201 TYPE C
Source Code 201
Line Number of Victim
    01. .
    30. Actual number is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4010 \# SCREEN Q INCIDENT RPTD
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 57 & \text { WID } 2 & M D=99 & \text { OR GE } 98\end{array}$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 202
TYPE C
Source Code 202
Number of Screen Question In Which the Incident Was
Reported
38. Household screen questions
-
41. Household screen questions
43. Household screen questions
44. Household screen questions
45. Individual screen questions
.
57. Individual screen questions
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
LOC 59 WID 2 MD=99 OR GE 98
GROUP }
LEVEL }
    TYPE C
Source Code 203
Incident Number
01. .
20. Actual number is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```



VAR 4013 MONTH INCIDENT HAPPENED
LOC 62 WID 2
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 205 TYPE C

Source Code 205
Q.2a(1) In what month did (this/the first) incident happen?

1. January

- 

12. December

| VAR 4014 | YEAR INCIDENT HAPPENED |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOC 64 | WID 2 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL $4 \quad$ CRIME DATA |
| REF 205 | TYPE C |

Source Code 205
Q.2a(2) Year that (this/the first) incident happened
81. 80-81
82. 81-82
83. 82-83
84. 83-84
85. 84-85

| VAR 4015 |  | INCIDENT-SERIES CRIMES |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 66 | WID | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 206 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 206
Check Item B: Is this incident report for a series of crimes?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
VAR 4016 \# tImes OCCUR LAST 6 HOS
LOC 67 WID $3 \quad H D=999$ OR GE ..... 998 GROUP 4LEVEL 4CRIME DATA
REF 207TYPE $C$
Source Code ..... 207
-- If Check Item B is coded 1 --
Q.2b Altogether, how many times did this happer, during the last 6 months?
5. 

.936. Actual number of times is coded997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Dut of universe
VAR 4017 \# TIMES OCCUR QT. I
LOC 70 WID 2 $M D=99$ ..... OR GE 98
GROUP 4 Level 4 CRIME DATA
Source Code ..... 208
-- If Check Item B is coded 1 --
Q.2c(1) How many times did these incidents takeplace in Quarter 1 (January, February, or March)?
01.
96. Actual number of times is coded
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
VAR 4018 # TIMES OCCUR QT. 2
LOC 72 WID2 OR GE 98
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 209 TYPE C
Source Code 209
-- If Check Item B is coded 1 --
Q.2c(2) How many times did these incidents take place
in Quarter 2 (April, May, or June)?
    01.
    96. Actual number of times is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
VAR 4019 # TIMES OCCUR QT. }
LOC 74 WID 2 OR=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 210 TYPE C
Source Code 210
-- If Check Item B is coded 1 --
Q.2c(3) How many times did these incidents take place
in Quarter 3 (July. August, or September)?
    01.
        *
    96. Actual number of times is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

```
LOC }7
WIO 2
MD=99
OR GE
98
GROUP }
LEVEL }
CRIME DATA
REF 211
TYPE C
Source Code 211
-- If Check Item B is coded 1 --
Q.2c(4) How many times did these incidents take piace
in Quarter 4 (October; November, or December)?
    01.
        .
        96. Actual number of times is coded
        98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
```

VAR 4021 LIGHT/DARK TIME OF INCID
LOC $78 \quad$ WID $1 \quad$ OR GE 9
GROUP 4
REF 212
LEVEL. 4
CRIME DATA
TYPE C

Source Code 212
Q. 3a Was it daylight or dark outside when (this/the most recent) incident happened?

1. Light
2. Dark
3. Dawn, almost light, dusk, twilight
4. Don't know
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

| VAR 4022 | TIME INCIDENT OCCURRED |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 79 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 213 | TYPE C |  |  |

## Source Code 213

```
Q.3b About what time did (this/the most recent)
incident happen?
```

During day

1. After 6 a.m.- 12 noon
2. After 12 noon - 6 p.m.
3. Don't know what time of day

At night
4. After 6 p.m.- 12 midnight
5. After 12 midnight - 6 a.m.
6. Don't know what time of night
or
7. Don't know whether day or night
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4023 INCIDENT IN CITY LIMIT'S
LOC 80 WID I MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 214 TYPE C
```

Source Code 214
Q.4a Did this incident happen inside the limits of a city, town, village, etc.?

1. Outside U.S.
2. No
3. Yes - same city, town, village as present residence
4. Yes - different city, town, village as present residence
5. Residue
6. Out of universe


VAR 4025 PLACE INCIDENT OCCURRED
LOC $82 \quad$ WIO $2 \quad M D=99 \quad O R G E 98$

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 217 TYPE C

Source Code 217
Q. 5 Where did this incident take place?

1. At or in OWN dwelling, or OWN attached garage
2. At or in DETACHED buildings on OWN property, such as detached garage, storage shed, etc.
3. At or in vacation home/second home/hotel/motel
4. Near OWN home;yard, sidewalk, driveway, carports on street immediately adjacent to own home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room
5. At, in, or near a friend/relative/neighbor's home, other building on their property, yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to their home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room
6. On the street (other than immediately adjacent to own/friend/relative/neighbor's home
7. Inside restaurant, bar, nightclub
8. Inside other commercial building such as
```
        store, bank, gas station
    09. On public transportation or in station (bus,
        train, plane, airport, depot, etc.)
    10. Inside office, factory, or warehouse
    11. Commercial parking lot/garage
    12. Non-commercial parking lot/garage
    13. Apartment parking lot/garage
    14. Inside school building
    15. On school property (school parking area, play
        area, bus)
    16. In a park, field, playground other than school
    17. Other
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4026 | OFFENDER-RIGHT TO PLACE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 84 | WIO 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 218 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 218
Q.6a Did the offender (s) live (here/there) or have a
right to be (here/there), such as a guest or a
repairperson?
1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4027 | DID OFFENDER (S) ENTER? |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 85 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 219 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 219
Q.6b Did the offender (s) actually get in or just TRY to
get in the (house/apt./building)?

1. Actually got in
2. Just tried to get in
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

| VAR 4028 | LEAD IN CODE V4028 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| LOC 86 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 220 | TYPE $C$ |  |

## Source Code 220

Q. 6 c Was there any evidence, such as a broken lock or broken window, that the offender (s) forced his way in/TRIED to force his way in the building?
lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4028-4038).
0. No

1. At least one entry keyed of categories 1-9
2. No good entry and at least one out of range entry in one of the following codes
3. Out of universe

VAR 4029 DAMAGED WINDOW
LOC 87 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C

Source Code 220
-- If Q. 6 C is coded 1 --

```
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
WINDOW
Q.6c(1) Damage to window (include frame, glass
broken/removed/cracked)
```

<See Q. 6c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

```
VAR 4030 DAMAGED SCREEN
LOC 88 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C
Source Code 220
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c(2) (WINDOW) - Screen damaged/removed
<See Q.Gc for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4031 DAMAGED WINDOW LOCK
LOC $89 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 220 TYPE C
Source Code 220

```
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (3) (WINDOW) - Lock on window
damaged/tampered with in some way
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4032 OTHER WINDOW DAMAGE

| LOC 90 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 220 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 220
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (4) (WINDOW) - Other - specify
<See Q.öc for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4033 DAMAGED DOOR
LOC $91 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 221
TYPE C

Source Code 221
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 -.
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (5) (DOOR) - Damage to door (include frame, glass panes, or door removed)
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


VAR 4035 DOOR LOCK DAMAGED
LOC 93 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 221 TYPE C

```
Source Code 221
-- If Q.6c is coded 1--
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c(7) (DOOR) - Lock or door handle
damaged/tampered with in some way
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4036 | OTHER DOOR DAMAGE |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 94 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 221 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 221
-- If Q.f: is coded 1 -
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (8) (DOOR) - Other - specify
<See Q. 6 c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4037 DMG-OTHER THAN WIND/DOOR
LOC 95 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

```
Source Code 221
-- If Q.6c is coded 1 --
Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else?
Q.6c (9) Other than window or door - specify
<See Q.6e for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4038 FORCED ENTRY-RESIDUE
LOC 96 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 221 TYPE C
Source Code 221
Residue Code [for Q.6c],
<See Q.6c for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe
Var 4039 HOW OFFENDER (S) ENTERED
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 97 & \text { WID } 27 & M D=99 & \text { OR GE } & 98\end{array}$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 222 TYPE C
Q.6d How did the offender (s) (get in/TRY to get in)?

1. Let in
2. Offender pushed his way in after door opened
3. Through OPEN DOOR or other opening
4. Through UNLOCKED door or window
5. Through locked door or window, had key
6. Through locked door or window, other means (picked lock, used credit card, etc.)
7. Through locked door or window, don't know how
8. Don't know
9. Other
10. Residue
11. Out of universe

| VAR 4040 | HH MEM PRES DURING INCID |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 99 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 223 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 223
Check Item C(1): Was respondent or any other member of this household present when this incident occurred?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4041 PRES DUR INCIDENT (ALLOC)
LOC 100 WID $1 \quad M D=9$

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 223 TYPE C

Source Code 223 (A)
Check Item C(2): Was respondent or any other member of this household present when this incident occurred?
(Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4042 | RESP HIT/ATTACKED, ETC. |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 101 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 225 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

## Source Code 225

-- If Check Item C(1) is coded 1--
Q.7b(1) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack you in any way?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

VAR 4043 RESP HIT, ETC, (ALLOC)
LOC $102 \quad$ WID i $M D=9$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 225 TYPE C

Source Code 225 (A)
-- If Check I tem C(2) is coded 1--
Q.7b(2) Did the person(s) hit you, knock you down, or actually attack you in any way? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4044 LEAD IN CODE V4044
LOC 103 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE C
Source Code 224
-- If Check Item C(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(1) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun
or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such
as a bottle or wrench?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4045-4049).
    1. No
    2. Don't know
    3. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4045 HAND GUN PRESENT
LOC $104 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE $C$
Source Code 224
-- If Q.7a(1) is coded 1--
Q.7a(la) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver, etc.)
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

VAR 4047 KNIFE PRESENT
LOC 106 WID $\quad M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8gROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATAREF 224 TYPE $C$
Source Code ..... 224
-- If Q.7a(1) is coded ..... --
Q.7a(3a) Knife present
<See Q.7a (1) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4048 OTHER WEAPON PRESENT
LOC 107 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE C
Source Code 224
-- If Q.7a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(4a) Other
<See Q.7a(1) for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4049 OFF WEAPON-RESIDUE
LOC $108 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=8$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 224 TYPE C
Source Code 224
Residue Code [for Q.7a(1)]
<See Q.7a (1) for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe
VAR 4050 LEAD IN CODE V4050
LOC $109 \quad$ WID $1 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

```
REF 224 TYPE C
Source Code 224(a)
-- If Check Item C(2) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(2) Did the person(s) have a weapon such as a gun
or knife, or something he was using as a weapon, such
as a bottle or wrench? (Allocated)
Lead in Code
SSummary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4051-4055).
    1. No
    2. Don't know
    3. Yes
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4051 | HAND GUN PRESENT (ALLOC) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 110 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 224 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 224 (A)
-- If Q.7a(2) is coded i --
Q.7a(2a) Hand gun present (pistol, revolver) (Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4052 | OTHER GUN PRESENT (ALLOC) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 111 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 224 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 224 (A)
-- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1 --
Q.7a(2b) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
(Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4053 KNIFE PRESENT (ALLOC)
LOC 112 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }22
                                TYPE C
Source Code \(224(\mathrm{~A})\)
-- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1 -.
Q.7a(3b) Knife present (Allocated)
<See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4054 | OTHR WEAPON PRES (ALLOC) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 113 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE 8 |

```
    GROUP4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 224 TYPE C
    Source Code 224(A)
    -- If Q.7a(2) is coded 1 --
    Q.7a(4b) Other (Allocated)
    <See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
    VAR 4055 OFF WEAPON (ALL)-RESIDUE
    LOC 114 W|D 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 224 TYPE C
    Source Code 224(A)
    Residue Code [for Q.7a(2) (Allocated)]
    <See Q.7a(2) for complete question text>
        0. No out-of-range entries keyed
        8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
        9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4056 OFFENDER THREATEN RESP
LOC 115 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
Source Code 226
-- If Check Item C(1) is coded I --

## Q. 7 c (1) Did the person(s) threaten you with harm in any

 way?1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe

| VAR 4057 | OFF THREATEN HARM (ALLOC) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 116 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 226 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 226 (A)
-- If Check Item C(2) is coded 1 --
Q. $7 \mathrm{c}(2)$ Did the person(s) threaten you with harm in any
way? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4058 | HOW Threatened |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 117 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME | data |
| REF 227 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Source Code 227 |  |  |  |
| -- If Q.7c (1) is coded 1-- |  |  |  |
| Q.7d How were you threatened? Any o |  |  |  |
| Lead In Code |  |  |  |

(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in

## VARS 4059-4066).

1. At least one entry in one of the following codes 1-7
2. No good entries and at least on out of range entry in the following codes 1-7
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4059 | VERBAL THREAT OF RAPE |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 118 | WID | MD= 9 | OR GE | 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |  |
| REF 227 | TYPE C |  |  |  |  |

## Source Code 227

-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d(1) Verbal Threat of Rape
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Residue
3. Out of universe
VAR 4060 VERBAL THREAT OF ATTACK
LOC 119 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 --
Q.7d (2) Verbal Threat of Attack Other Than Rape
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4062 ATTEMPT ATTACK W/WEAPON
LOC $121 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1--
Q.7d (4) Attempted Attack with Weapon
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4063 | OBJECT THROWN AT RESP |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 122 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 227 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 .-
Q.7d(5) Object Thrown at Person

SSee Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4064 FOLLOWED, SURROUNDED
LOC 123 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227
TYPE C

Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is coded 1 -.
Q.7d(6) Followed, Surrounded
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4065 OTHER THREAT
LOC 124 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C
Source Code 227
-- If Q.7d is`coded 1 --
Q.7d(7) Other Threat
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4066 THREAT-RESIDUE
LOC 125 WID I MD=9
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 227 TYPE C
Source Code 227
Residue Code [for Q.7d]
<See Q.7d for complete question text>
    0. No out of range entries keyed
    8. At least one out of range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4067 | LEAD IN CODE V4067 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 126 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 228 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 228
Q.7e What actually happened? Anything else?

Lead In Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed respenses are given in VARS 4068-4076).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4068 | ITEM TAKEN | W/O PERMISSIO |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 127 | WID I | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 228 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(1) Something taken without permission
<See $0.7 e$ for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4069 ATTEMPT TO TAKE SOHETHIN
LOC $128 \quad H D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228
TYPE C

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e (2) Attempted or threatened to take something
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4070 | HARASSED/ABUSIVE LANGUAG |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| LOC 129 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 228 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e (3) Harassed.argument, abusive language
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4071 FORCIBLE/ATT ENTRY HOUSE
LOC 130 WIO $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e (4) Forcible entry or attempted forcible entry of house/apartment
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4072 FORCIBLE/ATT ENTRY AUTO
LOC 131 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C
Source Code 228
--. If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(5) Forcible entry or attempted forcible entry of
car
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4073 DAMAGE/DESTROY PROPERTY

| LOC 132 | WID 1, | $M D=9$ | $O R G E$ | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C

Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(6) Damaged or destroyed property
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4074 ATTEMPT DAMAGE PROPERTY
LOC 133 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 % TYPE
Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1 --
Q.7e(7) Attempted or threatened to damage or destroy
property
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4075 WHAT HAPPENED-OTHER
LOC $134 \quad$ WID $1 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C
Source Code 228
-- If Q.7e is coded 1--
Q.7e (8) Other
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Dut of universe

```
VAR 4076 WHAT HAPPENED-RESIDUE
LOC 135 WID 1 MD=9
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 228 TYPE C
Source Code 228
Q.7e (9) Residue Code [for Q.7e]
<See Q.7e for complete question text>
    O. No out of range entries keyed
    8. At least one out of range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4077 LEAD IN CODE V4077
LOC 136 WID $\quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C
Source Code 229
-- If Q.7b(1) is coded 1 --
Q. 7 f How did the person(s) attack you? Any other way?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4078-4087).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4078 ATTACK-RAPE
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 137 & \text { WID } 1 & M D=9 & \text { OR GE } 8\end{array}$ GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 229

TYPE C
Source Code ..... 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(1) Raped
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
4. No
5. Yes
6. Not applicable
7. Out of universe
VAR 4079 ATTACK-ATTEMPTED RAPE
LOC 138 ..... WID $1 \quad M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8
GROUP 4
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 229
-- If Q.7f is code ..... -
Q.7f(2) Tried to rape
<See Q. 7 f for complete question text>
0 . No
8. Yes8. Not applicable9. Out of universe
```
VAR 4080 SHOT
    LOC 139 WID I MD=9 OR GE 8
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }22
    TYPE C
Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(3) Shot
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
VAR 4081
                                    KNIFED
LOC 140 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP }
REF }22
LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
TYPE C
Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(4) Knifed
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4082 | HIT BY OBJECT IN HAND |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 141 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |

Source Code ..... 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(5) Hit with object held in hand
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4083 HIT BY THROWN OBJECT
LOC $142 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8 GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 229
-- If Q.7f is coded ..... --
Q.7f(6) Hit by thrown object
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
4. No
5. Yes8. Not applicable9. Out of universe
VAR 4084 HIT,SLAPPED,KNOCKED DOWN
LOC 143 ..... WID 1
$M D=9 \quad O R G E \quad 8$REF 229TYPE C
Source Code ..... 229
```
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(7) Hit, slapped, knocked down
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4085 & GRABBED, HELD, PUSHED & & \\
LOC 144 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 229 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(8) Grabbed, held, tripped, jumped,
pushed, etc.
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4086 HOW ATTACKED-OTHER
LOC $145 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 229 TYPE C
Source Code 229
-- If Q.7f is coded 1 --
Q.7f(9) Other
<See Q.7f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4087 HOW ATTACKED-RESIDUE

| LOC 146 | WID 1 | MD= 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 229 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code ..... 229
Residue Code ..... [for Q.7f]
<See Q.7f for complete question text>0. No out-of-range entries keyed8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed9. Out of universe
VAR 4088 LEAD IN CODE V4088

| LOC 147 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 230 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code ..... 230
-- If Q.7b(1) is coded 1 ..... --
Q.8a What were the injuries you suffered, if any?Anything else?
Lead in Code(Summary of single response entries for multipleresponse question. Detailed responses are given in

VARS 4089-4098).
0. None

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4089 INJURIES-RAPE
LOC 148 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C
Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(1) Raped
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

    VAR 4090 INJURIES-ATTEMPTED RAPE
    LOC \(149 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 230
    TYPE C
    Source Code 230
    -- If Q.8a is coded 1 -.
    Q.8a(2) Attempted rape
    <See Q.8a for complete question text>
        0. No
        1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

VAR 4092 GUN SHOT - BULLET WOUNDS
LOC 151 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230
TYPE C

Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a (4) Gun shot, bullet wounds
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4093 BROKEN BONES
LOC 152 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4, CRIME DATA
REF 230
    TYPE C
Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(5) Broken bones or teeth knocked out
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4094 INTERNAL INJURIES
LOC 153 WID $1 \quad$ OR=9 9 OR 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230
TYPE C
Source Code 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a(6) Internal Injuries
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4095 KNOCKED UNCONSCIOUS
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
LOC 154 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 230 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
```

Source Code ..... 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 --
Q.8a (7) Knocked unconscious
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No

```1. Yes8. Not applicable
```

9. Out of universe
VAR 4096 BRUISES, CUTS, SCRATCHES
LOC 155 WID 1 $M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 230 TYPE C
Source Cone ..... 230
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 -..
Q.8a(8) Bruises, black eye, cuts, scratches,swelling, chipped teeth
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
10. No
11. Yes
12. Not applicable
13. Out of universe
VAR 4097 OTHER INJURY
LOC 156 WID 1 $M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8
```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 230 TYPE C
```

Source Code 230
-- If Qe8a is coded 1--
Q.8a (9) Other
SSee Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4098 | INJURY-RESIDUE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 157 | WID 1 | MD $=8$ |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 230 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 230
Residue Code [for Q.8a]
<See Q.8a for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4099 | MEDICAL CARE REQUIRED |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 158 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 231 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 231
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 -.

```
Q.8b Were you injured to the extent that you received
any medical care after the attack, including self-
treatment?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4100 | LEAD IN CODE V4 100 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 159 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 232 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8b is coded 1--
Q. 8 c Where did you receive this care?

Anywhere else?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4101-4108).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4101 | AT THE SCENE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 160 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 232 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

[^1]Q.8c(1) At the scene
<See Q. 8 C for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4102 AT A HOKE
LOC 161 WID 1 ODD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C
Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is cocied 1 --
Q.8c(2) At home/neighbor's/friend's
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4103 HEALTH UNIT AT WORK/SCH
LOC 162 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GRDUP 4 LEVEL 4 ERIME DATA
REF 232

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is coded 1...
Q.8c(3) Health unit at work, school, first aid station, at a stadium, park, etc.
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4104 | DOCTOR OFFICE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 163 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 232 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

## Source Code 232

-- If Q.Bc is coded 1 --
Q.8c(4) Doctor's office/health clinic
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4105 | HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROOM |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 164 | WID 1 | MD= 9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 232 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 232
-- If Q.8c is coded 1 .--
Q. 8 c (5) Emergency room at hospital/emergency
clinic clinic
<See Q. 8 c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


VAR 4107 HOSPITAL
LOC 166 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 232 TYPE C

## Source Code 232

-- If Q.8c is coded 1 --
Q.8c(7) Hospital
<See Q. 8 C for completa question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
    VAR 4108 WHERE CARE RECD-RESIDUE
    LOC 167 WID 1 MD=9
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }23
    TYPE C
Source Code 232
Residue Code [for Q.8c]
<See Q.8c for complete question text>
    0. No out-of-range entries keyed
    8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
VAR 4109 STAYED OVERNIGHT IN HOSP
LOC 168 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }23
TYPE C
Source Code 233
-- If Q.8c(7) is coded 1 --
Q.8c(7a) Did you stay overnight in the hospital?
1. No
2. Yes
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4110 | \# DAYS SPENT OVERNIGHT |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 169 | WID 3 | $M D=999$ | OR GE 998 |

```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 234 TYPE C
```

Source Code 234
-- If Q.8c(7a) is coded 1--
Q.8c (7b) How many days did you stay (overnight in the hospital)?
001.
200. Actual number is coded
998. Residue
999. Out of universe

| VAR 4111 | INSURANCE AT TIME OF INC |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 172 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 235 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 235
Q.9a At the time of the incident, were you covered by any medical insurance, or were eligible for benefits from any other type of health benefits program, such as Medicaid, Veterans Administration, or Public Welfare?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe

VAR 4112 LEAD IN CODE V4 112
LOC 173 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE

```
Source Code 236
Q.9b What kind of health insurance or benefit programs
were you covered by? Any others?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4113-4120).
    0. No entry
    1. At least one entry
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4113 PRIVATE PLAN INSURANCE
L.OC $174 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C
Source Code 236
-- If $Q .9 b$ is coded 1 --
Q.9b(1) Private plans
<See Q.gb for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4114 MEDICAID INSURANCE
LOC $175 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE ©

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(2) Medicaid
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4115 | medicare insurance |  |  | OR GE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 176 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME | data |  |
| REF 236 | TYPE C |  |  |  |
| Source Code 236 |  |  |  |  |
| -- If Q.9b is coded 1-. |  |  |  |  |
| Q.9b (3) Medicare |  |  |  |  |
| <See Q. 96 for complete question text> |  |  |  |  |
| 0. No |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Not applicable <br> 9. Out of universe |  |  |  |  |

VAR 4116 VA CHAMPUS INSURANCE
LOC $177 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

## -- If Q.9b is coded 1 --

Q.9b (4) Va, Champus
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4117 PUBLIC WELFARE
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { LOC } 178 & \text { WID } 1 & M D=9 & \text { OR GE } 8\end{array}$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(5) Public welfare
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4118 INSURANCE-OTHER
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { LOC } 179 & W D D & =9 & O R G E & 8\end{array}$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 236 TYPE C

Source Code 236
-- If Q.9b is coded 1 --
Q.9b(6) Other - specify
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4119 | INSURANCE-DON'T KNOW |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 180 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 236 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Source Code 236 |  |  |  |
| -- If Q.9b is coded 1-- |  |  |  |
| Q.9b (7) Don't know |  |  |  |
| <See Q.gb for complete question text> |  |  |  |
| O. No |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 . \\ & 9 . \end{aligned}$ | applicabl of univer |  |  |


| VAR 4120 |  | INSURANCE-RESIDUE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 181 | WID | MD $=9$ |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME OATA |
| REF 236 | TYPE C |  |

Source Code 236
Residue Code [for Q.9b]
<See Q.9b for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe
VAR 4121 CLAIM FILED
LOC 182 WID 1 $M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8 GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 237 TYPE
Source Code ..... 237
-- If Q.8a and Q.9b are coded 1 --
Q.9c Was a claim filed with any of these insurancecompanies or programs in order to get all or part ofyour medical expenses paid?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
VAR 4122 INSURANCE PAY ANYTHING?
LOC 183 WID 1 $M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8
GROUP 4LEVEL 4CRIME DATA
REF 238TYPE C
Source Code ..... 238
-- If Q.gc is coded ..... --
Q.9d Did insurance or any heal th benefits program pay for all or part of the total medical expenses?
6. Yes
7. Part
8. Not yet settled
9. None
10. Residue
11. Out of universe

| VAR 4123 | PROTECT SELF |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 184 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 241 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 241
Q. 10 a Did you do anything to protect yourself or your property during the incident? Include getting away from offender, yelling for help, resisting in any way.

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 4124 ONE OR MORE OFFENDERS?
LOC 185 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP }4\mathrm{ LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 243 TYPE C
Source Code 243
Q.lla Was the crime committed by only one or more than
one person?
1. Only one
2. Don't know
3. More than one
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4125 SEX OF SINGLE OFFENDER

| LOC 186 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 244 | TYPE C |  |  |

```
Source Code 244
-- Q.lla is coded 1 --
Q.11b (Single Offender) Was this person male or female?
    1. Male
    2. Female
    3. Don't know
    8. Residue
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4126 HOW MUCH INSURANCE PAY

| LOC 187 | WID 5 | MD $=99999$ | OR GE 99998 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 239 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code ..... 239
Q.ge How much did insurance or a health benefitsprogrem pay?
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

| VAR 4127 | AMOUNT MEDICAL EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 192 | WID 5 | MD $=99999$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |  |  |  |
| REF 240 | TYPE $C$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Source Code 240

Q. 9 f What was the total amount of your medical expenses

```
resulting from this incident, (INCLUDING anything paid
by insurance)? Include hospital and doctor bills,
medicine, therapy, braces, and any other injury related
medical expenses.
    00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4128 LEAD IN CODE V4128
LOC 197 WID 1 MD=9
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
```

Source Code 242
-- If Q. 10a is coded 1--
Q. 10 b What did you do (to protect yourself)?
Anything else?
Lead In Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4129-4137).

1. At least one entry in the following codes $1-8$
2. No good entry and at least one out of range entry in one of the following codes 1-8
3. Out of universe

VAR 4129 USED GUN
LOC 198 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C

```
Source Code 242
-- If Q.lob is coded 1 --
Q.10b(1) Used/brandished a gun
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
VAR 4130 USED KNIFE
LOC 199 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
-- If Q.lob is coded 1 --
Q.lOb(2) Used/brandished a knife
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4131 USED OTHER WEAPON
LOC 200 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
--If Q. 10 b is coded 1 --
Q.10b (3) Used/brandished some other weapon
<See Q.10b for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4132 | USED PHYSICAL FORCE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 201 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME OATA |  |  |
| REF 242 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 242
--If Q. $10 b$ is coded 1 --
Q.10b(4) Used/tried physical force (hit, chased, threw object, etc.)
<See Q.l0b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4133 | TRIED TO GET HELP |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 202 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 242 | TYPE $C$ |  |  |  |

Source Code 242
--If Q. $10 b$ is coded 1 --
Q.10b (5) Tried to get help, attract attention, scare
offender away, (screamed, yelled, called police, turned on the lights, etc.)
<See Q. 10 b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4134 threatened argled
LOC 203 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
--If Q.10b is coded 1 --
Q.10b(6) Threatened, argued, reasoned, etc. with
offender
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4135 RESISTED W/O FORCE
LOC 204 WID $\quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C

Source Code 242
-- If Q.lob is coded 1 --
Q.10b(7) Resisted without force, used evasive action (ran/drove away, hid, held property, locked door,

```
ducked, shielded self, etc.)
<See Q.lOb for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4136 OTHER MEASURE
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 205 & \text { WID } 1 & M O=9 & \text { OR GE } 8\end{array}$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 242 TYPE C
Source Code 242
-- If Q. 10 b is coded 1 --
Q.10b (8) Other
<See Q. 10 b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4137 | SELF-PROTECT-RESIOUE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 206 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 242 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

## Source Code 242

Residue Code [for Q.10b]
<See Q.l0b for complete question text>
0. No out of range entries keyed

## 8. At least one out of range entry keyed <br> 9. Out of universe

| VAR 4138 | AGE OF OFFENDER |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 207 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE |  |
| GRDUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME OATA |  |  |
| REF 245 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 245
-- If Q.11a is coded 1 --
Q.llc (Single Offender) How old would you say the
person was?

1. Under 12
2. $12-14$
3. 15-17
4. 18-20
5. $21-29$
6. $30+$
7. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 4139 KNOWN/STRANGER

| LOC 208 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 246
TYPE C

Source Code 246
-- If Q.lla is coded 1 --
Q. lld Was the person someone you knew or a stranger you
had never seen before?

1. known
2. Stranger
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Dut of universe

6. Girlfriend/ex-girlfriend
7. Friend/ex-friend
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4142 | RACE OF OFFENDER |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 212 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 249 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

## Source Code 249

-- If Q.lla is coded 1 --
Q.llg (Single Offender) Was he/she White, Black, or some other race?

1. White
2. Black
3. Other
4. Don't know.
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

| VAR 4143 | NUMBER OF OFFENDERS |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 213 | WID 2 | $M D=99$ | OR GE | 98 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 250 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 250
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.llh (Multiple Offenders) How many persons?
02.
96. Actual number of offenders is coded 97. Don't know
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

| VAR 4144 | SEX OF OFFENDERS |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 215 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 251 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 251
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.11i(1) (Multiple Offenders) Were they male or female?

1. All male
2. All female
3. Don't know sex of any offenders
4. Both male and female
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

VAR 4145 SEX-MAJORITY OF OFFENDRS
LOC 216 HID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 252 TYPE C

Source Code 252
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.11i(2) (Multiple Offenders) Were they mostly male or mostly female?

1. Mostly male
2. Mostly female
3. Evenly divided
4. Don't know
5. Residue
6. Out of universe
VAR 4746 AGE OF YOUNGEST OFFENDER
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { LOC } 217 & W 101 & M D=9 & O R G E & 8\end{array}$ GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 253TYPE C
Source Code ..... 253
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.11j (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the youngest was?
7. Under ..... 12
8. 12-14
9. 15-17
10. 18-20
11. 21-29
12. $30+$
13. Don't know
14. Residue
15. Out of universe
VAR 4147 AGE OF OLDEST OFFENDER
LOC 218 GROUP 4
WID $1 \quad M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8
REF 254 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 254
-- If Q.lla is coded 3 -
Q.llk (Multiple Offender) How old would you say the oldest was?
16. Under ..... 12
17. 12-143. 15-17
18. 18-20
19. 21-29
20. $30+$
21. Don't know
22. Residue
23. Out of universe

| VAR 4148 | KNOWN OR STRANGERS |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 219 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME ORTA |  |  |  |
| REF 255 | TYPE C |  |  |  |  |

Source Code 255
-- If Q.lla is coded 3-.
Q. 111 (Multiple Offenders) Were any of the persons known to you or were they all strangers you had never seen before?

1. All known
2. Some known
3. All strangers
4. Don't know
5. Residue
6. Out of universe

| VAR 4149 | LEAD IN CODE V4149 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| LOC 220 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 256 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 256
-- If Q. 111 is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.llm (Multiple Offenders) How well did you know the person(s)--by sight only, casual acquaintance, or well known?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple

```
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4150-4153).
o. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4150 SIGHT ONLY
LOC 221 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRImE DATA
REF 256 TYPE C
Source Code 256
--If Q.llm is coded 1 --
Q.11m(1) Sight only
<See Q.llm for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4151 | CASUAL ACQUAINTANCE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 222 | WID | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 256 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 256
--If Q.11m is coded 1 --
Q. $11 m$ (2) Casual acquaintance
<See Q.lim for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4152 WELLL KNOWN
LOC 223 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 256 TYPE C
Source Code 256
--If Q.llm is coded 1 --
Q.11m(3) Well known
<See Q.llm for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4153 KNOW OFFS-RESIDUE

| LOC 224 | WID 1 | MD= 9 | OR GE 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 256 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code ..... 256
Residue Code [for Q. 11 m ]
<See Q.llm for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4154 LEAD IN CODE V4154
LOC 225 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 257 TYPE C
Source Code 257
-- If Q.11m(3) is coded 1 --
Q.lln (Multiple Offenders) What (was/were) the well
known person's relationship(s) to you? For example,
friend, cousin, etc.
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4155-4165).
0. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4155 SPOUSE

| LOC 226 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q.11n(1) Spouse
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4156 EX-SPOUSE
LOC 227 WID 1 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 257
    TYPE C
Source Code 257
-- If Q.11n is coded 1 --
Q.1ln(2) Ex-spouse
SSee Q.lln for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4157 & PARENT & & \\
LOC 228 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 257 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}
    Source Code 257
    -- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
    Q.1ln(3) Parent
    <See Q.lln for complete question text>
        O. No
        1. Yes
        8. Not applicable
        9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4158 | OWN CHILD |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 229 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 257
-- If Q.lln is coded 1 --
Q.11n(4) Own child
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4159 | BROTHER/SISTER |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 230 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Source Code 257 |  |  |  |
| -- If Q.iln is coded 1-- |  |  |  |
| Q. 11 ln (5) Brother/sister |  |  |  |
| <See Q.lln for complete question text> |  |  |  |
| 0. No |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { 8. } & \text { N } \\ \text { 9. } & \end{array}$ | applicab of unive |  |  |

VAR 4160 OTHER RELATIVE
LOC 231 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

REF 257 TYPE C

## Source Code 257

-- If Q.lin is coded 1--
Q. $1 \ln$ (6) Other relative
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4161 | BOYFRIEND/EX-BOYFIREND |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 232 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 257 | TYPE C |  |  |  |
| Source Code 257 |  |  |  |  |
| -- If Q.lln is coded 1 -.. |  |  |  |  |
| Q. 1 ln (7) Boyfriend/ex-boyfriend |  |  |  |  |
| <See Q.lln for complete question text> |  |  |  |  |
| O. No |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Not applicable |  |  |  |  |


| VAR 4162 | GIRLFRIEND/EX-GIRLFRND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 233 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| REF 257 | TYPEC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

-- If Q. 1 In is coded 1 --
Q.lln(8) Girlfriend/ex-girlfriend

SSee Q.lln for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


VAR 4164 OTHER NONRELATIVE
LOC 235 WID I $\quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 257
TYPE C

Source Code 257
-- If Q.11n is coded 1 --
Q. 11 n(10) Other nonrelative
<See Q. 11 n for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4165 WELL KNOWN OFFS-RESIDUE
LOC 236 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }25
TYPE C
Source Code 257
Residue Code [for Q.11n]
<See Q.lln for complete question text>
    0. No out-of-range entries keyed
    8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4166 | LEAD IN CODE V4166 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 237 | WID 1 | MO=9 | OR GE | 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRTME DATA |  |  |  |
| REF 258 | TYPE C |  |  |  |  |

Source Code 258
-- If Q.lla is coded 3 --
Q. 110 (Multiple Offenders) Were the offenders White,
Black, or some other race?
Lead in Code
Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4167-4171).
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


VAR 4168 BLACK
LOC 239 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 258
TYPE $C$

Source Code 258
-- If Q.llo is coded 1--
Q. 110 (2) Black

SSee Q. 110 for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe


| VAR 4170 | DONT KNOW RACE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 241 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 258 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 258
-- If Q. 110 is coded 1 --
Q. 110 (4) Don't know race of any/some
<See Q. 110 for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

| VAR 4171 | OFFENDE | RACES-RESIDU |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 242 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |
| REF 258 | TYPE C |  |  |
| Source Code 258 |  |  |  |
| Residue Code [for Q.110] |  |  |  |
| Q. 110 for complete question text> |  |  |  |
| 0. No out-of-range entries keyed |  |  |  |
| 8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed <br> 9. Out of universe |  |  |  |

VAR 4172 RACE-MOST OF OFFENDERS

| LOC 243 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 259 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 259
-- If Q.lla is coded 3--
Q.llp (Multiple Offenders) What race were most of the offenders?

1. Mostly white
2. Mostly Black
3. Mostly some other race
4. Evenly divided
5. Don't know
6. Residue
7. Out of universe
LOC 244 WID 1 $M D=9$ OR GE ..... 8
GROUP 4 ..... REF 260
LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
260 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 260
Q.12a Were you the only person there besides the offender (s)? Do not include persons under 12 years of age.
8. Yes
9. Don't know
10. No8. Residue
11. Out of universe
VAR 4174 \# PERSONS HARMED
LOC 245 WID $2 \quad M D=99 \quad$ OR GE 98 GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 261 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 261
-- If Q.12a is coded 3 .-
Q. 126 How many of these persons, not counting yourself,were harmed or had something taken from THEM by forceor threat? (Do not include persons under 12 years ofage).
12. 

- 

.
09. Actual number of persons is code
97. Don't know
98. Residue
99. Out of universe
VAR 4175 members hh now
LOC 247 ..... WID 2
$M D=99$ OR GE ..... 98

```
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 262
    TYPE C
Source Code 262
-- If Q.12a is coded 1-9 --
Q.12c Are any of these people members of your household
now? (Do not include household members under }12\mathrm{ years
of age).
    00. .
    09. Actual number is coded
    98. Residue
    99. Out of universe
VAR 4176 ITEM STOLEN
LOC 249 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }26
TYPE C
Source Code 263
Q.13a(1) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household?
1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4177 | ITEM STOLEN (ALLOCATED) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 250 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |
| REF 263 | TYPE C |  |

## Source Code 263 (A)

## Q.13a(2) Was something stolen or taken without permission that belonged to you or others in the household? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Out of universe

VAR 4178 ITEM ATTEMPTED STOLEN
LOC $251 \quad$ WID $1 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DAT

Source Code 264
Q.13b(1) Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of unlverse

## VAR 4179 ITEM ATTEM STOLEN (ALL)

LOC $252 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9$
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 264 TYPE C

Source Code 264 (A)
Q.13b (2) Did the person(s) ATTEMPT to take something that belonged to you or others in the household? (Allocated)

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Out of universe


VAR 4181 CASH ATTP
LOC $254 \quad$ WID $\quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 265 TYPE $C$

Source Code 265
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(1) Cash
<See Q.13c for complete question text>

0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

| VAR 4182 | PURSE ATTP |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC 255 | WID 1 | $M D=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 265 | TYPE C |  |  |  |
| Source Code 265 |  |  |  |  |
| -- If Q.13c is coded 1-- |  |  |  |  |
| Q.13c (2) Purse |  |  |  |  |
| <See Q.13c for complete question text> |  |  |  |  |
| $0 . \mathrm{No}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Not applicable |  |  |  |  |

VAR 4183 WALLET ATTP
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { LOC } 256 & \text { WID } 1 & M D=9 & O R G E & 8\end{array}$
GROUP 4
REF 265 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
TYPE 0

Source Code 265
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(3) Wallet
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4184 CAR ATTP
LOC 257 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 265 TYPE C
Source Code 265
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(4) Car
<See Q.13C for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Dut of universe
VAR 4185 OTHER VEHICLE ATTP
LOC 258 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 265 TYPE C
Source Code 265
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(5) Other motor vehicle
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```



| VAR 4187 | SMALL APPL, TV, ETC ATTP |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| LOC 260 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 266 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 266
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household
appliances, (blender, hair blower, toaster over, etc.)
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4188 SILVER, CHINA, FURS ATTP
LOC 261 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP }
REF 226
LEVEL }
    TYPE C
Source Code 266
-- If Q.l3c is coded l --
Q.13c(8) Silver, china, jewelry, furs
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
VAR 4189 BICYCLE ATTP
LOC 262 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }26
TYPE C
Source Code 266
-- If Q.l3c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(9) Bicycle
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
D. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```



VAR 4191 OTHER GUN ATTP
LOC 264 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 267 TYPE C

Source Code 267
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4192 OTHER ATTP
LOC 265 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 267 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 267
-- If Q.13c is coded 1 --
Q.13c(12) Other
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
O. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
VAR 4193 DON'T KNOW-ATTP
LOC 266 WID I $M D=9$ ..... OR GE 8
REF 267 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 267
-- If Q.13c is coded ..... 1 --
Q.13c(13) Don't know
0 . No
4. Yes
5. Not applicable
6. Out of universe
VAR 4194 RESIDUE-ATTP

| LOC 267 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 267 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code ..... 267
Residue Code [for ..... Q. 13 c$]$

```
<See Q.13c for complete question text>
    O. No out-of-range entries keyed
    8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4195 | OFFICE USE ONLY (ATT) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 268 | WID 6 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 268 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 268
What did they try to take?

1. Gasoline
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe

VAR 4196 ITEM IN POCKET (ATTP)
LOC $274 \quad$ WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 269
TYPE C

Source Code 269
-- If Q.13c(1), Q.13c(2), or Q.13c(3) is coded 1--
Q.13d(1) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Residue
4. Out of universe
```
VAR 4197 ITEM IN PKT ATTP (ALLOC)
LOC 275 WIO 1 MD=9
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }26
Source Code 269(A)
-- If Q.13c(1), Q.13c(2), or Q.13c(3) is coded 1 --
Q.13d(2) Was the (cash/purse/wallet) on your person,
for instance, in a pocket or being held? (Allocated)
    1. Yes
    2. No
    9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4198 ANY CASH TAKEN?
```

VAR 4198 ANY CASH TAKEN?
LOC 276 WID 5 MD=99999 OR GE 99998
LOC 276 WID 5 MD=99999 OR GE 99998
GROUP }4\mathrm{ LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
GROUP }4\mathrm{ LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 270 TYPE C
REF 270 TYPE C
Source Code 270
Source Code 270
-- If Q.13a(1) is coded 1 --
-- If Q.13a(1) is coded 1 --
Q.13e What was taken that belonged to you or others in
Q.13e What was taken that belonged to you or others in
the household? Anything else?
the household? Anything else?
Yes - Cash
Yes - Cash
00001.
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

```
    99999. Out of universe
```

| LOC 281 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 270 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 270
Q. 13 e What was taken that belonged to you or others in the household? Anything else?

Lead in Code
(Sumary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4200-4212).

Yes - Property
0. No entry

1. At least one entry
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe

VAR 4200 ONLY CASH TAKEN
LOC 282 WID $1 \quad M D=9 \quad$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C

Source Code 271
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 -.
Q.13e(1) Only cash taken
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0 . No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4201 PURSE TAKEN
LOC 283 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C
Source Code 271
-- If Q.l3e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(2) Purse
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

```
VAR 4202 WALLET TAKEN
LOC 284 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 271 TYPE C
Source Code 271
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(3) Wallet
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

| VAR 4203 | CAR TAKEN |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 285 | WID 1 | MD=9 | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |

```
REF 271 TYPE C
Source Code 271
-- If Q.13e is coded 1.-
Q.13e(4) Car
<See Q.13e for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```



VAR 4205 PART OF AUTO TAKEN
LOC 287 WID $1 \quad M D=9$ OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME OATA
REF 271 TYPE C
Source Code 271

```
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape
deck, attached C.B.radio, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4206 & SMALL APPL, TV, ETC & & \\
LOC 288 & WID 1 & \(M D=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 272 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
```

Source Code 272

```
-- If Q.l3e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver,
speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household
appliances, (blender, hair blower, toaster over, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
    O. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4207 & SILVER, CHINA, TAKEN & & \\
LOC 289 & WID 1 & \(M D=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 272 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
```

-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(8) Silver, china, jewelry, furs
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
```

VAR 4208 BICYCLE TAKEN

```
VAR 4208 BICYCLE TAKEN
LOC 290 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
LOC 290 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272 TYPE C
REF 272 TYPE C
Source Code 272
Source Code 272
-- If Q.13e is coded l --
-- If Q.13e is coded l --
Q.13e(9) Bicycle
Q.13e(9) Bicycle
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
    O. No
    O. No
    1. Yes
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

    9. Out of universe
    ```
VAR 4209 HAND GUN TAKEN
LOC \(291 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272 TYPE C
Source Code 273
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q. \(13 \mathrm{e}(10\) ) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, ete.)

\section*{<See Q.l3e for complete question text>}
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4210 OTHER GUN TAKEN
LOC 292 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272 TYPE C
Source Code 273
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.13e(11) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4211 OTHER TAKEN
LOC \(293 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 272 TYPE C

Source Code 273
-- If Q.13e is coded 1--
Q.13e(12) Other
<See Q.13e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4212 PROPERTY TAKEN-RESIDUE
LOC 294 WID 1, MD=9 OR GE 8
GRDUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }27
TYPE C
Source Code 273
Residue Code [for Q.13e]
<See Q.l3e for complete question text>
0. No out-of-:ange entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4213 OFFICE USE ONLY (COMP)
LOC 295 WID \(6 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8 -
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 274 TYPE C
Source Code 274
What did they take?
    1. Gasoline
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
VAR 4214 & OFF PERMISSION FOR CAR & \\
LOC 301 & WID 1 & \(M D=9\) & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA &
\end{tabular}

REF 275 TYPE C

Source Code 275
-- If Q.13e(4) or Q.13e(5) is coded 1 --
Q.14a Had permission to use the (car/motor vehicle) ever been given to the person who took it?
1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4215 & OFFENDER RETURN AUTO & \\
LOC 302 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 276 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 276
-- If Q.14a is coded 1 --
Q.14b Did the person return the (car/motorevehicle). -this time?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{llllll} 
VAR 4216 & MONEY ON PERSON & & \\
LOC 303 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 277 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 277
--If Q.13e(1), Q.13e(2), or Q.13e(3) is coded \(1--\)
Q. 14 c Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held by you when it was taken?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
VAR 4217 & MONEY ON PERSON (ALLOC) \\
LOC 304 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA \\
REF 277 & TYPE C &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 277 (A)
--If Q.13e(1), Q.13e(2), or Q.13e(3) is coded 1 --
Q.14e Was (cash/purse/wallet) on your person, for instance, in a pocket or being held by you when it was taken? (Allocated)
1. Yes
2. No
9. Dut of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4218 & VALUE OF PROPERTY TAKEN & & \\
LOC 305 & WID 5 & MD \(=99999\) & OR GE 99998 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 278 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 278
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q. 15 a What was the value of the PROPERTY that was taken? (Exclude any stolen cash/checks/credit cards)
00000.
-
-
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe


VAR 4220 ORIGINAL COST USED
\(\operatorname{LOC} 311 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 279 TYPE C

Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b(1) Original cost
```

<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```

VAR 4222 PERSONAL ESTIMATE/VALUE
LOC 313 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 279 TYPE C
Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b (3) Personal estimate of current value
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4224 & POLICE ESTIMATE & & \\
LOC 315 & WID 1 & MD=9 & \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 279 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 279
-- If \(Q .15 \mathrm{~b}\) is coded 1 --
Q.15b (5) Police estimate
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4225 HOW DECIDE-DON'T KNOW
LOC 316 WID 1 MO=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 279
TYPE C
Source Code 279
-- If Q.15b is coded 1 --
Q.15b(6) Don't know
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```

VAR 4226 HOW DECIDE-OTHER
LOC \(317 \quad\) WID \(17 \quad\) OR GE 8
\(\begin{array}{lll}\text { GROUP } 4 \\ \text { REF } 279 & \because \text { LEVEL } 4 & \text { CRIME DATA }\end{array}\)

Source Code 279
-- If Q. \(15 b\) is coded 1 --
Q.15b (7) Other
<See Q.15b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Dut of universe
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline VAR 4227 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{HOW decide-residue} \\
\hline LOC 318 & WID 1 & \(M D=9\) \\
\hline GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & crime data \\
\hline REF 279 & TYPE C & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Residue Code [for Q.15b]} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{SSee Q.15b for complete question text} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{0. No out-of-range entries keyed} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed \\
9. Out of universe
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4228 & ALL PROPERY RECOVERED? & & \\
LOC 319 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 280 & TYPE C & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Source Code 280
-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.16a Was all or part of the stolen (money/property/ money and property) recovered, not counting anything received from insurance?
1. All
2. Part
3. None
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 4229 RECOV PROP-NEED REPAIR
LOC \(320 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad\) MD=9 \(\quad\) OR GE 8

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 286
TYPE C

Source Code 286
```

-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.16c Was the recovered property damaged to the extent
that it had to be repaired or replaced? (Do not
include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards)
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 4230 REPORT THEFT TO INSURAN
LOC 321 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 290 TYPE C

```

\section*{Source Code 290}
```

-- If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.17a Was the theft reported to an insurance company?

1. Yes
2. No or don't have insurance
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
VAR 4231 AMT CASH RECOVERED
LOC $322 \quad$ WID $5 \quad M D=99999$ OR GE 99998
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 281 TYPE C
Source Code 281
-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or $2 \ldots$
Q. 16 b What was recovered? Anything else?
```
```

Yes - Cash

```
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
```

VAR 4232 LEAD IN CODE V4232
LOC 327 WID 1 MD= 9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 281 TYPE C
Source Code 281
-- If Q.16a is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.16b What was recovered? Anything else?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4233-4245).

```
0. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4233 ONLY CASH RECOVERED
LOC 328 WID I MD= 9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 282 TYPE C
Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --

```
```

Q.16b(1) Cash only recovered
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline VAR 4234 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{PURSE RECOVERED} & \\
\hline LOC 329 & WID 1 & \(M D=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
\hline GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
\hline REF 282 & TYPE C & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Source Code 282} & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{-- If Q.16b is coded 1--} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Q.16b (2) Purse} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{<See Q.16b for complete question text>} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{O. No} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{8. Not applicable} \\
\hline 9. 0 & f univer & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

VAR 4235 WALLET RECOVERED
LOC 330 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8 GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA REF 282 TYPE C

Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b (3) Wallet
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4236 OTHER CAR RECOVERED
LOC 331 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 282 TYPE C
Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b (4) Car
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4237 MOTOR VEHICLE RECOVERED
\(\begin{array}{lllll}\text { LOC } 332 & \text { WID } 1 & M D=9 & \text { OR GE } 8\end{array}\)
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 282 TYPE C

Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b (5) Other motor vehicle
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable

\section*{9. Out of universe}
```

VAR 4238 PART OF CAR RECOVERED
LOC 333 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }28
TYPE C
Source Code 282
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 -.
Q.16b (6) Part of motor vehicle (hubcap, attached tape
deck, attached C.B.radio, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```

VAR 4239 SML APPL, TV RECOVERED
LOC \(334 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 283
TYPE C

Source Code 283
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 -.
Q.16b (7) TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver, speaker, etc.), radios, cameras, small household appliances, (blender, hair blower, toaster over, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4240 FURS, SILVER RECOVERED
LOC 335 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 283 TYPE C
Source Code 283
-- If Q.16b is coded I --
Q.16b(8) Silver, china, jewelry, furs
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9: Out of universe
VAR 4241 BICYCLE RECOVERED
LOC 336 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP }
REF 283
LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
TYPE C
Source Code 283
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b (9) Bicycle
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
```

VAR 4242 HAND GUN RECOVERED
LOC 337 WID 1 MD= 9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 284 TYPE C
Source Code 284
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(10) Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```

VAR 4243 OTHER GUN RECOVERED
LOC 338 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 284 TYPE C

Source Code 284
-- If Q. 16 b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(ll) Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Ou* of universe

VAR 4244 OTHER RECOVERED
LOC 339 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
```

REF 284 TYPE C
Source Code 284
-- If Q.16b is coded 1 --
Q.16b(12) Other
<See Q.16b for complete question text>
O. No
l. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4245 | RECOVERED-RESIDUE |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 340 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE | 8 |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 284 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

    Source Code 284
    Residue Code [for Q.16b]
    <See Q.16b for complete question text>
        0. No out-of-range entries keyed
        8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
        9. Out of universe
    VAR 4246 OFFICE USE ONLY (REC)
    LOC 341 WID 6 MD=9 OR GE 8
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 285
    TYPE C
    Source Code 285
    What was recovered?
    ```
1. Gasoline
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4247 RECOVERED PROṔERTY VALUE
LOC 347 WID 5 OR GE 99999 99998
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 287 TYPE C
Source Code 287
-- If Q.16c is coded 1--
Q.16d Considering the damage, what was the value of the
property after it was recovered? (Do not include
recovered cash, checks, or credit cards)
00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4248 & VALUE OF RECOVERED PROP & & \\
LOC 352 & WID 5 & MD \(=99999\) & OR GE 99998 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 288 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
Source Code 288
-- If Q.16a or \(c\) is coded 2 .-
Q. IGe What was the value of the property after it was
recovered? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or
credit cards)
    00001.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe


VAR 4250 VICTIM RECOVERED GOODS
LOC \(358 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 289 TYPE C

Source Code 289
-- If Q.16f is coded 1 --
Q.16f(1) Victim or other household member
<See Q.16f for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4251 POLICE RECOVERED GOODS
LOC WID 1 MD =9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 289 TYPE C
Source Code 289
-- If Q.16f is coded 1 --
Q.16f(2) Police
<See Q.16f for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Dut of universe
```

VAR 4252 GOODS RETURNED BY OFFEN
LOC \(360 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8

GROUP 4
REF 289
Level
TYPE C

CRIME DATA

Source Code 289
-- If Q.16f is coded 1 --
Q.16f(3) Returned by offender
<See Q. 16 f for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

\section*{VAR 4253 OTHER RETURNED}
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
LOC 361 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 289 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 289
-- If Q.16f is coded 1--
Q. 16 f (4) Other
<See Q. 16 f for complete question text>
0 . No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4254 & WHO RECOVERED-RESIDUE & & \\
LOC 362 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GRDUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 289 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 289
Residue Code [for Q. 16f]
<See Q. 16 f for complete question text>
o. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Dut of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4255 & INSURANCE COVER THEFT & & \\
LOC 363 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 291 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 291
-. If Q.13e is coded 1 --
Q.17b Did insurance pay anything to cover the theft?
1. Yes
2. Not yet settled
3. No
4. Don't know
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4256 & HOW MUCH PAID & & \\
LOC 364 & WID 5 & MD \(=99999\) & OR GE 99998 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 292 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 292
-- If Q.17b is coded 1 --
Q.17c How much was paid (by insurance company)? If property replaced by insurance company instead of cash settlement, ask for an estimate of value of the property replaced.
00001.
-
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded 99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4257 & ANY OTHER ITEMS DAMAGED & & \\
LOC 369 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 293 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{Source Code 293}
Q. 18 a (Other than any stolen property) was anything that belonged to you or other members of the household damaged in this incident? For example, was (a lock or window broken, clothing damaged, damage done to a car, etc.)?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 4258 DAMAGES REPAIRED
LOC \(370 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 294 TYPE C

Source Code 294
-- If Q.18a is coded 1 --
Q.18b (Was/were) the damaged item(s) repaired or replaced?
1. Yes, all
2. Yes, part
3. No
4. Yes, not applicable whether all or part
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 4259 EST COST OF REPAIRS
LOC 371 WID \(5 \quad M D=99999\) OR GE 99998
```

GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 295 TYPE C
Source Code 295
-- If Q.18a is coded 1--
Q.18c How much would it cost to repair or replace the
damaged items?
00000.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
VAR 4260 ACTUAL COST OF REPAIRS
LOC 376 WID 5 MD=99999 OR GE 99998
GROUP }
LEVEL }4\mathrm{ CRIME DATA
REF }29
TYPE C
Source Code 296
-- If Q.18b is coded 1 or 2.-
Q.18d How much was the repair or replacement cost?
00000.
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
VAR 4261 & LEAD IN CODE V4261 \\
LOC 381 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA &
\end{tabular}
```

REF 297 TYPE C
Source Code 297
-- If Q.18b is coded 1 or 2 --
Q.l8e Who (paid/will pay) for the repairs or
replacement?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4262-4267).
O. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4262 | ITEM NOT REPAIRED |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 382 | WID 1 | MD=9 |  |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |  |
| REF 297 | TYPE C |  |  |  |  |

Source Code 297
-- If Q.l8e is coded 1 --
Q.18e(1) Items will not be repaired or replaced
<See Q.l8e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4263 HH MEM PAID FOR REPAIRS
LOC 383 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 297 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 297
-- If Q.18e is coded ..... --
Q.18e(2) Household member
<See Q.18e for complete question text>0. No1. Yes8. Not applicable9. Out of universe
VAR 4264 LANDLORD PAID FOR REPAIR ..... LOC 384 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 297 TYPE C
Source Code ..... 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1--
Q.18e(3) Landlord
<See Q.18e for complete question text>0. No1. Yes8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4265 INSURANCE PAY FOR REPAIR

LOC \(385 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8 GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA ..... REF 297

TYPE C

Source Code 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1 --
Q.18e (4) Insurance
<See Q.18e for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4266 OTHER PAID/WILL PAY
LOC 386 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF }29
TYPE C
Source Code 297
-- If Q.18e is coded 1 --
Q.18e(5) Other
<See Q.18e for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4267 & WHO PD REPAIRS & & \\
LOC 387 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 297 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
Residue Code [for Q. 18e]
<See Q.18e for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4268 INC OCCUR-COMMERCL PLACE
LOC 388 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 298 TYPE C
Source Code 298
Q.19 You said this incident happened in a commercial
place (boxes 7-11 in Item 5). Did the person(s) steal
or try to steal anything belonging to the (name place)?

1. Yes
2. No
3. Don't know
4. Residue
5. Out of universe
```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4269 & POLICE KNOW OF INCIDENT & & \\
LOC 389 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 299 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 299
Q.20a Were the police informed or did they find out about this incident in any way?
1. No
2. Don't know

Yes - Who told them?
3. Respondent
4. Other household member
5. Someone else
6. Police first to find out about it
7. Some other way
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4270 NOT REPT TO POLICE (STR)
LOC WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 300 TYPE C
Source Code 300
-- If Q.20a is coded I --
Q.20b What was the reason this incident was not
reported to the police? Any other reason?

1. Structured probe used
2. Residue
3. Out of universe
```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4271 & REASONS NOT REPORTED & & \\
LOC 391 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 300 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
Source Code 300
-- If Q.20a is coded 1 --
Q. 20b What was the reason this incident was not
reported to the police? Any other reason?
Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple
response question. Detailed responses are given in
VARS 4272-4285).
0. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

VAR 4273 R THOUGHT NOT IMP ENOUGH
LOC 393 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 301 TYPE C

Source Code 301
-- If Q.20b is coded 1--
No NEED to call
Q.20b(2) Respondent did not think it important enough

SSee Q. 20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4274 PRIVATE MATTER ONLY
LOC 394 WID 1, MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 301 TYPE C
Source Code 301
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
No NEED to call
Q.20b (3) Private or personal matter or took care of it
myself
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4275 REPORTED TO SOMEONE ELSE
LOC 395 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 301 TYPE C
Source Code 301
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
No NEED to call
Q.20b (4) Reported to someone else
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR }4276\mathrm{ NOT REALIZE CRIME OCCUR
LOC 396 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C
Source Code }30
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police COULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(5) Didn't realize crime happened until later
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Dut of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4277 & NOT RECOVERABLE & \\
LOC 397 & WID I & & \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 302 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}
Source Code ..... 302
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 .-
Police coULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(6) Property difficult to recover due to lack of
serial or 10 number
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
```

    0. No
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
    ```
```

VAR 4278 LACK OF PROOF/IDENTITY

```
VAR 4278 LACK OF PROOF/IDENTITY
LOC 398 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
LOC 398 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C
REF 302 TYPE C
Source Code 302
Source Code 302
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police COULDN'T do anything
Police COULDN'T do anything
Q.20b(7) Lack of proof, no way to find/identify
Q.20b(7) Lack of proof, no way to find/identify
offender
offender
<See Q.20b for complete questian text>
<See Q.20b for complete questian text>
    O. No
    O. No
    1. Yes
    1. Yes
    8. Not applicable
    8. Not applicable
    9. Out of universe
```

    9. Out of universe
    ```
VAR 4279 POL WOULD NOT THINK IMP
LOC 399 WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 302 TYPE C
Source Code 302
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Police WOULDN'T do anything
Q.20b (8) Police wouldn't think it was important enough,
they wouldn't want to be bothered

SSee \(Q, 20 b\) for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4280 & POLICE INEFFICIENT & \\
LOC 400 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME OATA & \\
REF 302 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{Source Code 302}
```

-- If Q.20b is coded 1 -.

```

Police WOULON'T do anything
Q.20b(9) Police would be inefficient, ineffective, insensitive, (they'd arrive late, wouldn't pursue case properly, would harass/insult respondent, etc.)

SSee Q. 20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4281 AFRAID OF REPRISAL
LOC, \(401 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GRCUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIAE DATA

Source Code 303
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Some other reason
```

Q.20b(10) Afraid of reprisal by offender or his
family/friends
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```

VAR 4283 NOT REPORTED-OTHER
LOC \(403 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Source Code 303
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
```

Some other reason
Q.20b(12) Other
<See Q.20b for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

| VAR 4284 | NOT KNOW WHY NOT REPORT |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 404 | WID 1 | MD $=9$ | OR GE 8 |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME DATA |  |  |
| REF 303 | TYPE C |  |  |  |

Source Code 303
-- If Q.20b is coded 1 --
Some other reason
Q.20b (13) Respondent doesn't know why it wasn't
reported
<See Q.2Ob for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Dut of universe
VAR 4285 NOT REPORTED-RESIDUE
LOC 405 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 303 TYPE C
Residue Code [for Q.20b]
<See Q.20b for complete question text>

```
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe

VAR 4287 LEAD IN CODE V4287
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
LOC 408 & WID \(1, ~ M D=9\) & OR GE 8
\end{tabular}
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4287 TYPE C

\section*{Source Code 305}
-- If Q.20a is coded 3--
Q.20d Please take a minute to think back to the time of the incident. Besides the fact that it was a crime, did YOU have any other reason for reporting this incident to the police? (Show card)

IF PHONE INTERVIEW: For example, did you report it because you wanted to prevent this or a future incident, to collect insurance or recover property, to get help, to punish the offender, or because you had evidence that would help catch the offender, thought it was your duty, or was there some other reason? Any other reason?

Lead in Code

Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4288-4298).
0. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

VAR 4288 TO STOP INCIDENT
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
LOC 409 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & \\
REF 305 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d (1) To stop or prevent this incident from happening

SSee Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

VAR 4289 KEEP FRM OCCURRING AGAIN
LOC \(410 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

REF 305 TYPE C

Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1--
Q.20d(2) To keep it from happening again or to others
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4290 TO COLLECT INSURANCE
LOC 411 W|D 1 OR=9 OE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL. 4 CRIME DATA
REF 305 TYPE C
Source Code }30
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(3) In order to collect insurance
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Mot applicable
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4291 DESIRE RECOVER PRPTY
LOC \(412 \quad\) WID 12 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 305 TYPE C
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d (4) Desire to recover property
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4292 NEED HELP/INJURY
LOC413 WIO 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
gROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRImE DATA
REF 305 TYPE C
Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(5) Need for help after the incident because of
injury, ete.
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{llllll} 
VAR 4293 & HAD EVIDENCE OR PROOF. & & \\
LOC 414 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 305 & TYPE C & & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 305
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
```

Q.20d(6) There was evidence or proof
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
VAR 4294 PUNISH OFFENOER
LOC 415 WID 1 MD= 9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C
Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded I --
Q.20d(7) To punish the offender
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
```

VAR 4295 FELT IT WAS DUTY
LOC 416 WID 1 ODD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C
Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(8) Because you felt it was your duty
<See Q.20d for complete question text>

```
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Dut of universe
```

VAR 4296 SOME OTHER REASON
LOC 417 WID 1 MD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C
Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20d(9) Some other reason
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
o. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```
VAR 4297 NO OTHER REASON
LOC \(418 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

Source Code 306
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 -..
Q.20d (10) No other reason
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4298 REASON REPTED-RESIDUE
LOC 419 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 306 TYPE C
Source Code 306
Residue Code [for Q.20d]
<See Q.20d for complete question text>
0. No out-of-range entries keyed
8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
9. Out of universe
VAR 4299 MOST IMP REASON TO REPRT
LOC 420 WID 2 OR=99 OR GE 98
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 307 TYPE C
Source Code 307
-- If Q.20d is coded 1 --
Q.20e which of these would you say was the most important: reason why the incident was reported to the police?
00. Because it was a crime was most important 01. .
-
Q9. Reason number listed in Q.20d
97. No one reason more important
98. Residue
99. Out of universe

```
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
VAR 4300 & EMPLGYED AT TIHE OF INC? \\
LOC 422 & WID 1 & MD=9 & \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & \\
REF 308 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{Source Code 308}
Q.2la Did you have a job at the time this incident happened?
1. Yes
2. No
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
VAR 4301 & SAME JOB AS EARLIER DESC \\
LOC 423 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA \\
REF 309 & TYPE C &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 309
-- If Q.2la is coded 1 --
Q.21b Was it the same job you described to me earlier as a (describe job listed in Q.36a on the NCS-1, source codes 113 and 114) or a different one?
1. Same as described on NCS-1 Q.36a-Q.36e
2. Different than described on NCSm-1 Q. 36a-Q. \(36 e\)
9. Out of universe

VAR 4302 KIND OF BUSINESS/INDUSTR
LOC 424 WID \(3 \quad M D=999 \quad\) OR GE 998
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 310 TYPE C
```

Source Code 310
-- If Q.2la is coded 1 --
Q.2ld What kind of business or industry is this?
017.
984. Industry codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
SEE NOTE(S) I for Industry Classification Codes.
Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer
appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

| VAR 4303 | KIND OF WORK DOING |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LOC 427 | WID 3 |  |  |
| GROUP 4 | LEVEL 4 | CRIME 999 OATA |  |
| REF 311 | TYPE C |  |  |

Source Code 311
-- If Q.2la is coded 1 --
Q.2le What kind of work were you doing?
001..
•
984. Occupation codes
992. Armed forces
998. Residue
999. Dut of universe
SEE NOTE(S) 2 for Occupational Classification Codes.
Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer

```
appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."


Note: Beginning in March 1986, these codes no longer appear, and this item is flagged as "out of universe."

VAR 4305 LOSE WORK/INJURIES
LOC \(431 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 313 TYPE C

Source Code 313
-- If Q.8a is coded 1 -.
Q.22a Did you lose time from work because of the injuries you suffered in this incident?
1. Yes
2. No

\section*{8. Residue}
9. Dut of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4306 & HOW MUCH TIME LOST/INJUR & & \\
LOC 432 & WID 3 & MD \(=999\) & OR GE & 998 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 314 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 314
-- If Q.22a is coded 1 --
Q.22b How much time did you lose because of injuries?
000.
200. Actual number of days is coded
997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4307 & LOSE ANY PAY DUR TIME & & \\
LOC 435 & WID 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 315 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 315
-- If Q.22a is coded 1 --
Q.22c During these days, did you lose any pay that was not covered by unemployment, insurance, sick leave, or some other source?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4308 HOW MUCH LOST PAY?
LOC 436 WID 5 MD=99999 OR GE }9999
GROUP }
REF 316
LEVEL 4
TYPE C
Source Code 316
-- If Q.22a is coded 1 --
Q.22d About how much pay did you lose?
00001. .
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe

```
VAR 4309 LEAD IN CODE V4309
LOC 441 WID \(\quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE C

\section*{Source Code 317}
Q. 23 D Did YOU lose time from work because of this incident for any of these (other) reasons?

Lead in Code
(Summary of single response entries for multiple response question. Detailed responses are given in VARS 4310-4315).
0. No entry
1. At least one entry
8. No good entries and at least one out of range entry in one of the following codes 1-5
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4310 REPAIRING DAMAGED PRPTY
LOC 442 WID 1 OD=9 OR GE 8
gROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE C
Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(1) Repairing damaged property
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
O. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe

```
VAR 4311 REPLACING STOLEN GOODS
\(\begin{array}{llllll}\text { LOC } 443 & W I D 1 & M D=9 & O R G E & 8\end{array}\)
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 317 TYPE C
Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(2) Replacing stolen items
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
```

VAR 4312 POLICE INVESTIGATION
LOC444 WID 1 MD=9 ORGE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME OATA
REF 317 TYPE 0
Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(3) Police related activities, such as cooperating
with an investigation
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
0. No

1. Yes
2. Not applicable
3. Out of universe
```

VAR 4313 COURT RELATED ACTIVITIES
LOC \(445 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9 \quad\) OR GE 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA

REF 317 TYPE C

Source Code 317
-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --
Q.23a(4) Court related activities, such as testifying in court
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
0. No
1. Yes
8. Not applicable
9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline VAR 4314 & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{ANY OTHER REASON} & \\
\hline LOC 446 & WID 1 & \(\mu \mathrm{N}=9\) & OR GE & 8 \\
\hline GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
\hline REF 317 & TYPE C & & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Source Code 317} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{-- If Q.23a is coded 1 --} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Q.23a (5) Any other reason?} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{<See Q.23a for complete question text>} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{O. No} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{8. Not applicable} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4315 & LOST TIME-RESIDUE & & \\
LOC 447 & WID 1 & MD=9 & OR GE & 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 317 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
Residue Code [for Q.23a]
<See Q.23a for complete question text>
    0. No out-of-range entries keyed
    8. At least one out-of-range entry keyed
    9. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4316 & TOTAL TIME LOST FROM WRK & & \\
LOC 448 & WID 3 & MD \(=999\) & OR GE & 998 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 318 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}
Source Code ..... 318
Q. 236 How much time did you lose because of (name ..... 211
reasons marked in 23a)?
000.
200. Actual number of days is coded
997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
VAR 4317 LOSE PAY-NOT COVERED?
LOC 451 WID 1 ..... \(M D=9\)
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 ..... CRIME DATA
REF 319 ..... TYPE C
Source Code ..... 319
Q.23c During these days, did you lose any pay that wasnot covered by unemployment, insurance, sick leave, orsome other source?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe
VAR 4318 TYPE OF CRIME
LOC 452 WID 2 ..... \(M D=99\)
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 ..... CRIME DATA
TYPE C
Type of Crime
01. Completed rape
02. Attempted rape
03. Completed robbery with injury from seriousassault
04. Completed robbery with injury from minorassault
```

5. Completed robbery without injury
6. Attempted robbery with injury from serious
assault
7. Attempted robbery with injury from minor
assault
8. Attempted robbery without injury
9. Aggravated assault completed with injury
10. Attempted assault with weapon
11. Simple assault
12. Attempted assault without weapon
13. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)
and attempted assault with weapon
14. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)
and attempted assault without a weapon
14. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)
with injury from serious assault
15. Commercial robbery (attempted or completed)
with injury from minor assault
16. Completed purse snatching
17. Attempted purse snatching
18. Pocket picking (completed only)
19. Completed larceny without contact
20. Attempted larceny without contact
21. Completed burglary forcible entry
22. Completed burglary unlawful entry without
force
23. Attempted forcible entry
24. Completed household larceny
25. Attempted household larceny
26. Completed vehicle theft
27. Attempted vehicle theft
28. Out of universe
```
VAR 4319 HOW MUCH PAY LOST?
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
LOC 454 & WID 5 & MD \(=09999\) & OR GE 99998 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & & \\
REF 320 & TYPE C & & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 320
Q.23d About how much pay did you lose?
00001. .
99996. Actual amount in whole dollars is coded
99997. Don't know
99998. Residue
99999. Out of universe
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
VAR 4320 & OTHER HH MMS LOST WORK & \\
LOC 459 & WIO 1 & MD \(=9\) & OR GE 8 \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA & \\
REF 321 & TYPE C & &
\end{tabular}

Source Code 321
Q.24a Were there any (other) household members 16 years or older who lost time from work because of this incident?
1. Yes
2. No
8. Residue
9. Out of universe

VAR 4321 HOW MUCH TOTAL TIME LOST
LOC \(460 \quad\) WID \(3 \quad M D=999 \quad\) OR GE 998 GROUP 4
REF 322
LEVEL 4
CRIME DATA
TYPE C

Source Cade 322
Q.24b How much time did they lose altogether?
000.
200. Actual number of days is coded
997. Don't know
998. Residue
999. Out of universe
```

    VAR 4322 SERIOUSNESS SCORE
    LOC 463 WID 4
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 4322 TYPE C 2 DEC PLACE (S)
    Seriousness scoring (new) 2 implied decimals
    0000.
        •
        •
    9999. Score obtained by adding elements
    ```
    See Appendix 3 for scoring information.
    VAR 4323 SERIOUSNESS OLD SCORE
    LOC 467 WID 2
    GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
    REF 4323 TYPE C
    Seriousness scoring (old)
        00.
        99. Score obtained by adding elements
See Appendix 3 for scoring information.
VAR 4324 INCIDENT WEIGHT
LOC 469 WID 8
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF 4324 TYPE \(C\) DEC PLACE (S)

Incident Weight
Weight Used to Tabulate Personal Incident Data
This weight is equal to the victim's person weight divided by the total number of victims in the incident.

This weight contains three implied decimals.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
VAR 4325 & CRIME SEQUENCE NUMBER \\
LOC 477 & WID 2 \\
GROUP 4 \\
REF 4325 & LEVEL 4 \\
TYPE CRIME DATA
\end{tabular}

Crime Sequence Number
This is a derived variable created by the ICPSR.
Each crime has teen given a unique number.
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
VAR 4326 & RECODED TYPE OF CRIME \\
LOC 479 & WID 2 & MD \(=99\) \\
GROUP 4 & LEVEL 4 & CRIME DATA \\
REF-4326 & TYPE C &
\end{tabular}

Recoded Type of Crime
New TOC Code
01. Complete rape
02. Attempted rape
03. Completed Robbery with Injury from Serious Assault
04. Completed Robbery with Injury from Minor Assault
05. Completed Robbery without Injury
06. Attempted Robbery with Injury from Serious Assault
07. Attempted Robbery with Injury from Minor Assault
08. Attempted robbery without Injury
09. Aggravated Assault completed with Injury
10. Attempted Assault with Weapon
11. Simple Assault
12. Attempted Assault without Weapon
13. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed) and Attempted Assault with Weapon
14. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed) and Attempted Assault without Weapon
15. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed) with Injury from Serious Assault
```

            16. Commercial Robbery (Attempted or Completed)
            with Injury from Minor Assault
    21. Completed Purse Snatching
    22. Attempted Purse Snatching
    23. Pocket Picking (Completed only)
    24. Completed Larceny without Contract - Less
        than $10
    25. Completed Larceny without Contract- $10-$49
    26. Completed Larceny without Contract - $50-$249
    27. Completed Larceny without Contract - $250 or
        more
    28. Completed Larceny without Contract - Amount
        not available
    29. Attempted Larceny without Contract
    31. Completed Burglary Forcible Entry
    32. Completed Burglary Unlawful Entry without force
    33. Attempted Forcible Entry
    36. Completed Vehicle Theft
    37. Attempted Vehicle Theft
    38. Completed Household Larceny - Less than $10
    39. Completed Household Larceny - $10-$49
    40. Completed Household Larceny - $50-$249
    41. Completed Household Larceny - $250 or more
    42. Completed Household Larceny - Amount not
        available
    43. Attempted Household Larceny
    99. Out of universe
    ```
VAR 4327 RELATION TO VICTIM
LOC \(481 \quad\) WID \(1 \quad M D=9\)
GROUP 4 LEVEL 4 CRIME DATA
REF-4327 TYPE C
Relation to Victim
1. Stranger
2. Non stranger
9. Out of universe

For Variable \(V 4326\) Codes 5 through 9 are as follows:
5. Completed robbery without injury
6. Attempted robbery with injury from serious assault
7. Attempted robbery with injury from minor assault
8. Attempted robbery without injury
9. Aggravated assault completed with injury
* \(\%\) \% \(\%\) NOTE 0001

1980 AND 1970 INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION CODES

1980 INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION CODES

NOTE: Numbers in parentheses are the SIC code equivalents; see Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION MANUAL, 1972 and 1977 Supplement. "Pt" means part; "n.e.c." means not elsewhere classified.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Code & Industry \\
\hline 0-9 & Not used \\
\hline 100-310 & AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES \\
\hline 10 & Agricultural production, crops (01) \\
\hline 11 & Agricultural production, livestock (02) \\
\hline 12-19 & Not used (02) \\
\hline 20 & Agricultural services, except horticultural (07, except 078) \\
\hline 21 & Horticultural services (078) \\
\hline 22-29 & Not used \\
\hline 30 & Forestry (08) \\
\hline 31 & Fishing, hunting and trapping (09) \\
\hline 32-39 & Not used \\
\hline 40-50 & MINING \\
\hline 40 & Metal mining (10) \\
\hline 41 & Coal mining (11,12) \\
\hline 42 & Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction (13) \\
\hline 43-49 & Not used \\
\hline 50 & Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel (14) \\
\hline 51-59 & Not used \\
\hline 60 & CONSTRUCTION (15, 16, 17) \\
\hline 61-99 & Not used \\
\hline 100-392 & MANUFACTURING \\
\hline 100-222 & Nondurable Goods \\
\hline 100-122 & Food and kindred products \\
\hline 100 & Meat products (201) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 101 & Dairy products (202) \\
\hline 102 & Canned and preserved fruits and vegetables (203) \\
\hline 103-109 & Not used \\
\hline 110 & Grain mill products (204) \\
\hline 111 & Bakery products (205) \\
\hline 112 & Sugar and confectionery products (206) \\
\hline 113-119 & Not used \\
\hline 120 & Beverage industries (208) \\
\hline 121 & Miscellaneous food preparations and kindred products (207, 209) \\
\hline 122 & Not specified food industries \\
\hline 123-129 & Not used \\
\hline 130 & Tobacco manufactures (21) \\
\hline 131 & Not used \\
\hline 132-150 & Textile mill products \\
\hline 132 & Knitting mills (225) \\
\hline 133-139 & Not used \\
\hline 140 & Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226) \\
\hline 141 & ```
Floor coverings, except hard surface
(227)
``` \\
\hline 142 & Yarn, thread and fabric mills (228, 221-224) \\
\hline 143-149 & Not used \\
\hline 150 & Miscelianeous textile mill products (229) \\
\hline 151-152 & Apparel and other finished textile products \\
\hline 151 & Apparel and accessories, except knit (231-238) \\
\hline 152 & Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239) \\
\hline 153-159 & Not used \\
\hline 160-162 & Paper and allied products \\
\hline 160 & Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263,266) \\
\hline 161 & Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264) \\
\hline 162 & Paperboard containers and boxes (265) \\
\hline 163-170 & Not used \\
\hline 171-172 & Printing, publishing and allied industries \\
\hline 171 & Newspaper publishing and printing (271) \\
\hline 172 & Printing, publishing and allied industries, except newspapers (272-279) \\
\hline 173-179 & Not used \\
\hline 180-192 & Chemicals and allied products \\
\hline 180 & Plastics, synthetics and resins (282) \\
\hline 181 & Drugs (283) \\
\hline 182 & Soaps and cosmetics (284) \\
\hline 183-189 & Not used \\
\hline 190 & Paints, varnishes and related products (285) \\
\hline 191 & Agricultural chemicals (287) \\
\hline 192 & Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals (281, 286, 289) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 193-199 & Not used \\
\hline 200-201 & Petroleum and coal products \\
\hline 200 & Petroleum refining (291) \\
\hline 201 & Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299) \\
\hline 202-209 & Not used \\
\hline 210-212 & Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products \\
\hline 210 & Tires and inner tubes (301) \\
\hline 211 & Other rubber products, and plastics footwear and belting (302-304, 306) \\
\hline 212 & Miscellaneous plastics products (307) \\
\hline 213-219 & Not used \\
\hline 220-222 & Leather and leather products \\
\hline 220 & Leather tanning and finishing (311) \\
\hline 221 & Footwear, except rubber and plastic \((313,314)\) \\
\hline 222 & Leather products, except footwear (315-317, 319) \\
\hline 223-229 & Not used \\
\hline 230-391 & Durable Goods \\
\hline 230-241 & Lumber and wood products, except furniture \\
\hline 230 & Logging (241) \\
\hline 231 & Sawmills, planning mill and millwork (242, 243) \\
\hline 232 & Wood buildings and mobile homes (245) \\
\hline 233-240 & Not used \\
\hline 241 & Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249) \\
\hline 242 & Furniture and Fixtures (25) \\
\hline 243-249 & Not used \\
\hline 250-262 & Stone, clay, glass and concrete products \\
\hline 250 & Glass and glass products (321-323) \\
\hline 251 & Cement, concrete, gypsum and plaster products \((234,237)\) \\
\hline 252 & Structural clay products (325) \\
\hline 253-260 & Not used \\
\hline 261 & Pottery and related products (326) \\
\hline 262 & Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products (328, 329) \\
\hline 263-269 & Not used \\
\hline 270-301 & Metal industries \\
\hline 270 & Blast furnaces, steelworks, rolling and finishing mills (331) \\
\hline 271 & Iron and steel foundries (332) \\
\hline 272 & Primary aluminum industries \\
\hline & (3334, pt. 334, 3353-3355, 3361) \\
\hline 273-279 & Not used \\
\hline 280 & Other primary metal industries
\[
\begin{aligned}
& (3331-3333,3339, \text { pt. } 334,3351,3356, \\
& 3357,3362,3369,339)
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 281 & Cutiery, handtools and other hardware (342) \\
\hline 282 & Fabricated structural metal products \\
\hline 283-289 & Not used \\
\hline 290 & Screw machine products (345) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 291 & Metai forgings and stampings (346) \\
\hline 292 & Ordnance (348) \\
\hline 293-299 & Not used \\
\hline 300 & Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 349) \\
\hline 301 & Not specified metal industries \\
\hline 302-309 & Not used \\
\hline 310-332 & Machinery, except electrical \\
\hline 310 & Engines and turbines (351) \\
\hline 311 & Farm machinery and equipment (352) \\
\hline 312 & Construction and material handling machines (353) \\
\hline 313-319 & Not used \\
\hline 320 & Metalworking machinery (354) \\
\hline 321 & Office and accounting machines (357, except 3573) \\
\hline 322 & Electronic computing equipment (3573) \\
\hline 323-330 & Not used \\
\hline 331 & Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c. (355, 356, 358, 359) \\
\hline 332 & Not specified machinery \\
\hline 333-339 & Not used \\
\hline 340-350 & Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies \\
\hline 340 & Household appliances (363) \\
\hline 341 & Radio, T.V. and communications equipment \((365,366)\) \\
\hline 342 & Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies, n.e.c. \((361-362,364,367,369)\) \\
\hline 343-349 & Not used \\
\hline 350 & Not specified electrical machinery, equipment and supplies \\
\hline 351-370 & Transportation equipment \\
\hline 351 & Hotor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371) \\
\hline 352 & Aircraft and parts (372) \\
\hline 353-359 & Not used \\
\hline 360 & Ship and boat building and repairing (373) \\
\hline 361 & Railroad locomotives and equipment (374) \\
\hline 362 & Guided missiles, space vehicles and parts (376) \\
\hline 363-369 & Not used \\
\hline 370 & Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment ( 375,379 ) \\
\hline 371-382 & Professional and photographic equipment and watches \\
\hline 371 & Scientific and controlling instruments (381, 382) \\
\hline 372 & Optical and health services supplies (383, 384, 385) \\
\hline 373-379 & Not used \\
\hline 380 & Photographic equipment and supplies (386) \\
\hline 381 & Watches, clocks and clockwork operated \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

        devices (387)
    382 Not specified professional equipment
    383-389 Not used
    390 Toys, amusement and sporting goods (394)
    391 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
        (39 except 394)
        Not specified manufacturing industries
    392rNor Not speci
    400-472 TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER
    public utilities
    400-432 Transportation
400 Railroads (40)
401 Bus service and urban transit
(41 except 412)
402 Taxicab service (412)
403-409 Not used
410 Trucking service (421, 423)
411 Warehousing and storage (422)
4 1 2 ~ U . S . ~ P o s t a l ~ S e r v i c e ~ ( 4 3 )
413-419 Not used
4 2 0 ~ W a t e r ~ t r a n s p o r t a t i o n ~ ( 4 4 )
421 Air transportation (45)
422 Pipe lines, except natural gas (46)
423-431 Not used
4 3 2 ~ S e r v i c e s ~ i n c i d e n t a l ~ t o ~ t r a n s p o r t a t i o n ~ ( 4 7 )
433-439 Not used
440-442 Communications
440 Radio and television broadcasting (483)
4 4 1 ~ T e l e p h o n e ~ ( w i r e ~ a n d ~ r a d i o ) ~ ( 4 8 1 )
442 Telegraph and miscellaneous communication
services (482, 489)
443-459 Not used
460-472 Utilities and sanitary services
460 Electric light and power (491)
461 Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
462 Electric and gas and other combinations
(493)
463-469 Not used
470 Water supply and irrigation (494, 497)
471 Sanitary services (495)
472 Not specified utilities
473-49 Not used
500-571 WHOLESALE TRADE
500-532 Durable Goods
500 Motor Vehicles and equipment (501)
501 Furniture and home furnishings (502)
5 0 2 ~ L u m b e r ~ a n d ~ c o n s t r u c t i o n ~ m a t e r i a l s ~ ( 5 0 3 )
503-509 Not used
5 1 0 ~ S p o r t i n g ~ g o o d s , ~ t o y s ~ a n d ~ h o b b y ~ g o o d s ~ ( 5 0 4 )
5 1 1 Metals and minerals, except petroleum

```
(505)

512 Electrical Goods (506)
513-520 Not used
521 Hardware, plumbing and heating supplies (508)

522 Not specified electrical and hardware products
523-529 Not used
530 Machinery, equipment and supplies (508)
531 Scrap and waste materials (509)
532 Miscellaneous wholesale, durable goods (5094, 5099)
533-539 Not used
540-571 Nondurable Goods
\(540 \quad\) Paper and paper products
541 Drugs, chemicals and allied products (512, 516)
542 Apparel, fabrics and notions (513)
543-549 Not used
550 Groceries and related products (514)
551 Farm products - raw materials (515)
552 Petroleum products (517)
553-559 Not used
560 Alcoholic beverages (518)
561 Farm supplies (5191)
562 Miscellaneous wholesale, nondurable goods (5194, 5198. 5199)
563-570. Not used
571 Not specified wholesale trade
572-579 Not used
580-691 RETAIL TRADE

580 Lumber and building material retailing (521, 523)
581 Hardware stores (525)
582 Retail nurseries and garden stores (526)
583-589 Not used
590 Mobile home dealers (527)
591 Department stores (531)
592 Variety stores (533)
593-599 Not used
600 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)

601 Grocery stores (541)
602 Dairy products stores
603-609 Not used
610 Retail bakeries (546)
611 Food stores, n.e.c. (542, \(543,544,549)\)
612 Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552)
613-619 Not used
620 Auto and home supply stores (553)
621 Gasoiine service stations (554)
622 Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (555, 556,
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & 557, 559) \\
\hline 623-629 & Not used \\
\hline 630 & Apparel and accessory stores, except shoe (56, except 566) \\
\hline 631 & Shoe stores (566) \\
\hline 632 & Furniture and home furnishings stores (571) \\
\hline 633-639 & Not used \\
\hline 640 & Household appliances, TV and radio stores (572, 573) \\
\hline 641 & Eating and drinking places (58) \\
\hline 642 & Drug stores (591) \\
\hline 643-649 & Not used \\
\hline 650 & Liquor stores (592) \\
\hline 651 & Spopting goods, bicycles and hobby stores (5941, 5945, 5946) \\
\hline 652 & Book and stationery stores \((5942,5943)\) \\
\hline 653-659 & Not used \\
\hline 660 & Jewelry stores (5944) \\
\hline 661 & Sewing, needlework and piece goods stores
(5949) \\
\hline 662 & Mail order stores (5961) \\
\hline 663-669 & Not used \\
\hline 670 & Vending machine operators (5962) \\
\hline 671 & Direct selling establishments (5963) \\
\hline 672 & Fuel and ice dealers (598) \\
\hline 673-680 & Not used \\
\hline 681 & Retail florists (5992) \\
\hline 682 & Miscellaneous retail stores (593, 5947, 5948, 5993, 5994, 5999) \\
\hline 683-590 & Not used \\
\hline 691 & Not specified retail trade \\
\hline 692-699 & Not used \\
\hline 700-712 & finance, insurance and real estate \\
\hline 700 & Banking (60) \\
\hline 701 & Savings and loan associations (612) \\
\hline 702 & Credit agencies, n.e.c. (61, except 612) \\
\hline 703-709 & Not used \\
\hline 710 & Security, commodity brokerage and investment companies \((62,67)\) \\
\hline 711 & Insurance (63, 64) \\
\hline 712 & Real estate, including real estate, insurance, law offices \((65,66)\) \\
\hline 713-720 & Not used \\
\hline 721-760 & buSiness and repalr services \\
\hline 721 & Advertisement (731) \\
\hline 722 & Services to dwellings and other buildings (734) \\
\hline 723-729 & Not used \\
\hline 730 & Commercial research, development and \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & testing labs (7391, 7397) \\
\hline 731 & Personal supply service (736) \\
\hline 732 & Business management and consulting services (7392) \\
\hline 733-739 & Not used \\
\hline 740 & Computer and data processing service (737) \\
\hline 741 & Detective and protective services (7393) \\
\hline 742 & ```
Business services, n.e.c. (732, 733, 735,
7394, 7395, 7399)
``` \\
\hline 743-749 & Not used \\
\hline 750 & Automotive services except repair
\[
(751,752,754)
\] \\
\hline 751 & Automotive repair shops (753) \\
\hline 751 & Electrical repair shops (762, 7694 ) \\
\hline 753-759 & Not used \\
\hline 760 & Miscellaneous repair services
\[
(763,764,7692,7699)
\] \\
\hline 761-791 & PERSONAL SERVICES \\
\hline 761 & Private households (88) \\
\hline 762 & Hotels and motels (701) \\
\hline 763-769 & Not used \\
\hline 770 & Lodging places except hotels and motels (702, 703, 704) \\
\hline 771 & Laundry, cleaning and garment shops (721) \\
\hline 772 & Beauty shops (723) \\
\hline 773-779 & Not used \\
\hline 780 & Barber shops (724) \\
\hline 781 & Funeral service and crematories (726) \\
\hline 782 & Shoe repair shops (725) \\
\hline 783-789 & Not used \\
\hline 790 & Dressmaking shops (pt. 729) \\
\hline 791 & Miscellaneous personal services (722, pt. 729) \\
\hline 792-799 & Not used \\
\hline 800-802 & entertainment and recreation services \\
\hline 800 & Theaters and motion pictures ( 78,792 ) \\
\hline 801 & Bowling alleys, billiard and pool parlors (793) \\
\hline 802 & Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794, 799) \\
\hline 803-811 & Not used \\
\hline 812-892 & Professional and related services \\
\hline 812 & Offices of physicians (801, 803) \\
\hline 813-819 & Not used \\
\hline 820 & Offices of dentists (802) \\
\hline 821 & Offices of chiropractors (8041) \\
\hline 822 & Offices of optometrists (8042) \\
\hline 823-829 & Not used \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 830 & Offices of health practitioners, n.e.c. (8049) \\
\hline 831 & Hospitals (806) \\
\hline 832 & Nursing and personal care facilities (805) \\
\hline 833-839 & Not used \\
\hline 840 & Health services, n.e.c. (807, 808, 809) \\
\hline 841 & Legal services (81) \\
\hline 842 & Elementary and secondary schools (821) \\
\hline 843-849 & Not used \\
\hline 850 & Colleges and universities (822) \\
\hline 851 & Business, trade and vocational schocls (824) \\
\hline 852 & Libraries (823) \\
\hline 853-859 & Not used \\
\hline 860 & Educational service, n.e.c. (829) \\
\hline 861 & Job training and vocational rehabilitation services (833) \\
\hline 862 & Child day care services (835) \\
\hline 863-869 & Not used \\
\hline 870 & Residential care facilities, without nursing (836) \\
\hline 871 & Social services, n.e.c. \((832,839)\) \\
\hline 872 & Museums, art galleries and zoos (84) \\
\hline 873-879 & Not used \\
\hline 880 & Religious organizations (886) \\
\hline 881 & Membership organizations (861-865, 869) \\
\hline 882 & Engineering, architectural and surveying services (891) \\
\hline 883-889 & Not used \\
\hline 890 & Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services (893) \\
\hline 891 & Noncommercial educational and scientific research (892) \\
\hline 892 & Miscellaneous professional and related services (899) \\
\hline 893-889 & Not used \\
\hline 900-932 & PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION \\
\hline 900 & Executive and legislative offices
\[
(911-913)
\] \\
\hline 901 & General government, n.e.c. (919) \\
\hline 902-909 & Not used \\
\hline 910 & Justice, public order and safety (92) \\
\hline 911-920 & Not used \\
\hline 921 & Public finance, taxation and monetary policy (93) \\
\hline 922 & Administration of human resources programs (94) \\
\hline 923-929 & Not used \\
\hline 930 & Administration of environmental quality and housing programs (95) \\
\hline 931 & Administration of economic programs (96) \\
\hline 932 & National security and international \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
affairs ..... (97)
933-939 Not used991 Assigned to persons whose labor force statusis unemployed and whose last job was ArmedForces since 1975.
992 Assigned to persons whose labor force status is unemployed and who last worked in 1974 or earlier.
993+ Not used

\section*{1970 INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATIONS CODES}

Numbers in parentheses are SIC code equivalents

AGRICULTURAL, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES
017. Agricultural production (01)
018. Agricultural services, except horticultural (07 except 0713 and 073)
019. Horticultural services (073)
027. Forestry (08)
028. Fisheries (09)
029. Agricultural, forestry, fisheries - allocated

MINING
047. Metal mining (10)
048. Coal mining (11, 12)
049. Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction (13)
057. Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, except fuel (14)
058. Mining - allocated

CONSTRUCTION
067. General building contractors (15)
068. General contractors, except building (16)
069. Special trade contractors (17)
077. Not specified construction
078. Construction - allocated

MANUFACTURING

OURABLE GOODS

Lumber and wood products, except furniture
107. Logging (241)
108. Sawmills, planing mills, and mill work (242, 243)
109. Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249)
118. Furniture and fixtures (25)

Stone, clay and glass products
119. Glass and glass products (321-323)
127. Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (324, 327)
128. Structural clay products (325)
137. Pottery and related products (326)
138. Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone products (328, 329)

\section*{Metal industries}
139. Blast furnaces, steel works, rolling and finishing mills (3312, 3313)
147. Other primary iron and steel industries (3315-3317, 332, 3391, part 3399)
148. Primary aluminum industries (3334, part 334,3352, 3361, part 3392, part 3399)
149. Other primary nonferrous industries(3331-3333, 3339, part 334, 3351, 3356, 3357,3362, 3369, part 3392, part 3399)
157. Cutlery, hand tools and other hardware (342)
158. Fabricated structural metal products (344)
159. Screw machine products (345)
167. Metal stamping (346)
168. Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 348, 349)
169. Not specified metal industries
Machinery, except electrical
177. Engines and turbines (351)
178. Farm machinery and equipment (352)
179. Construction and material handling machines (353)
187. Metalworking machinery ..... (354)
188. Office and accounsing machines (357 except 3573)
189. Electronic computing equipment ..... (3573)
197. Machinery, except electrical(355, 356, 358, 359)
198. Not specified machinery
Electrical machinery, equipment, supplies
199. Household appliances (363)
207. Radio, T.V. and communications equipment (365, 366)
208. Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies ( \(361,362,364,367,369\) )
209. Not specified electrical machinery, equipmentand supplies
Transportation equipment
219. Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371)
227. Aircraft and parts (372)
228. Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
229. Railroad locomotives and equipment ..... (374)
237. Mobile dwellings and campers (3791)
238. Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment (375, 3799)
Professional and photographic equipment and watches
239. Scientific and controlling instruments(381,382)
247. Optical and health service supplies\((383,384,385)\)
248. Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
249. Watches, clocks, and clockwork-operated devices (387)
257. Not specified professional equipment
258. Ordnance (19)
259. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries ..... (39)
267. Manufacturing, durable goods - allocated
NONDURABLE GOODS
Food and kindred products
268. Meat products ..... (201)
269. Dairy products ..... (202)
278. Canning and preserving fruits, vegetables andsea foods (203)
279. Grain mill products (204, 0713)
287. Bakery products (205)
288. Confectionery and related products ..... (207)
289. Beverage industries (208)
297. Miscellaneous food preparation and kindred products (20, 209)
298. Not specified food industries
299. Tobacco manufacturers (21)
Textile mill products
307. Knitting mills (225)
308. Dyeing and finishing textiles, except wool and knit goods (226)
309. Floor coverings, except hard surface (227)
317. Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221-224, 228
318. Miscellaneous textile mill products (229)
Apparel and other fabricated textile products
319. Apparel and accessories (231-238)
327. Miscellaneous fabricated textile products ..... (239)
Paper and allied products
328. Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills(261-263,266)
329. Miscellaneous paper and pulp products ..... (264)
337. Paperboard containers and boxes (265)

Printing, publishing and allied industries
338. Newspaper publishing and printing (271)
339. Printing, publishing and allied industries, except newspapers (272-279)

Chemicals and allied products
347. Industrial chemicals (281)
348. Plastics, synthetics and resins, except fibers (282 except 2823 and 2824)
349. Synthetic fibers \((2823,2824)\)
357. Drugs and medicine (283)
358. Soaps and cosmetics (284)
359. Paints, varnishes and related products (285)
367. Agricultural chemicals (287)
368. Miscellaneous chemicals \((286,289)\)
369. Not specified chemicals and allied products

Petroleum and coal products
377. Petroleum refining (291)
378. Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299)

Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products
379. Rubber products ( \(301-303,306\) )
387. Miscellaneous plastic products (307)

Leather and leather products
388. Tanned, curried and finished leather (311)
389. Footwear, except rubber \((313,314)\)
397. Leather products, except footwear (312, 315-317, 319)
399. Manufacturing, nondurable goods - allocated
398. Not specified manufacturing industries

\section*{TRANSPORTATION}
407. Railroads and railway express service (40)
408. Street railways and bus lines
(411, 413-415, 417)
409. Taxicab service (412)
417. Trucking service (421,423)
418. Warehousing and storage (422)
419. Water transportation (44)
427. Air transportation (45)
428. Petroleum and gasoline pipe lines (46)
429. Services identical to transportation (47)
447. Radio broadcasting and television ..... (483)
448. Telephone (wire and radio) (481)
449 Telegraph and misce
services (482, 489)
UTILITIES AND SANITARY SERVICES467. Electric light and power (491)
468. Electric-gas utilities (493)
469. Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
477. Water supply (494)
478. Sanitary services (495)
479. Other and not specified utilities (497)
499. Transportation, communication and otherpublic utilities - allocated
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE
Wholesale trade
507. Motor vehicles and equipment (501)
508. Drugs, chemicals and allied products ..... (502)
509. Dry goods and apparel (503)
527. Food and related products (504)
528. Farm products - raw materials ..... (505)
529. Electrical goods (506)
537. Hardware, plumbing and heating supplies ..... (507)
538. Not specified electrical and hardwareproducts
539. Machinery equipment and supplies ..... (508)
557. Metals and minerals (5091)
558. Petroleum products (5092)
559. Scrap and waste materials ..... (5093)
567. Alcoholic beverages ..... (5095)
568. Paper and its products ..... (5096)
569. Lumber and construction materials ..... (5098)
587. Wholesalers \((5094,5097,5099)\)
588. Not specified wholesale trad
599. Wholesale trade - allocated
RETAIL TRADE
607. Lumber and building material retailing (521-524)
608. Hardware and farm equipment stores ..... (525)
609. Department and mail order establishments (531, 532)
617. Limited price variety stores ..... (533)
618. Vending machine operators ..... (534)
619. Direct selling establishments (535)
627. Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)
628. Grocery stores (541)
629. Dairy products stores (545)
637. Retall bakeries (546)
638. Food stores (542-544, 549)
639. Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552)
647. Tire, battery and accessory dealers (553)
648. Gasoline service stations (554)
649. Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (559)
657. Apparel and accessories stores, except shoe stores (56 except 566)
658. Shoe stores (566)
667. Furniture and home furnishing stores (571)
668. Household appliances, T.V. and radio stores (572, 573)
669. Eating and drinking places (58)
677. Drug stores (591)
678. Liquor stores (592)
679. Farm and garden supply stores (596)
687. Jewelry stores (597)
688. Fuel and ice dealers (598)
689. Retail florists (5992)
697. Miscellaneous retail stores (593-595, 599 except 5992)
698. Not specified retall trade
699. Retail trade - allocated

FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
707. Banking (60)
708. Credit agencies (61)
709. Security, commodity brokerage and investment companies \((62,67)\)
717. Insurance (63, 64)
718. Real estate, including real estate-insurancelaw offices \((65,66)\)
719. Finance, insurance and real estate allocated
727. Advertising (731)
728. Services to dwellings and other buildings (734)
729. Commercial research, development and testing labs (7391, 7397)
737. Employment and temporary help agencies (736, 7398)
738. Business management and consulting services (part 7392)
739. Computer programing services (part 7392)
747. Detective and protective services (7393)
748. Business services (732, 733, 735, 7394, 7395, 7396, 7399)
749. Automobile services except repair (751, 752, 754)
757. Automobile repair and related services (753)
758. Electrical repair shops (762, 7694)
759. Miscellaneous repair services

\section*{(763, 764, 769, except 7694)}
767. Business and repair services

PERSONAL SERVICES
769. Private households (88)
777. Hotels and motels (701)
778. Lodging places, except hotels and motels (702, 703, 704)
779. Laundering, cleaning and other garment services (721, 727)
787. Beauty shops (723)
788. Barber shops (724)
789. Shoe repair shops (725)
797. Dressmaking shops (part 729)
798. Miscellaneous personal services (722, 726, part 729)
799. Personal services - allocated

\section*{ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES}
807. Theaters and motion pictures \((78,792)\)
808. Bowling alleys, billiard and pool parlors (793)
809. Miscellaneous entertainment and recreation services (791, 794)
817. Entertainment and recreation services allosated

PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES
828. Offices of physicians (801, 803)
829. Offices of dentists (802)
837. Offices of chiropractors (804)
838. Hospitals (806)
839. Convalescent institutions (8092)
847. Offices of health practitioners (part 8099)
848. Health services (807, part 8099)
849. Legal services (81)
857. Elementary and secondary schools (821)
858. Colleges and universities (822)
859. Libraries (823)
867. Educational services \((824,829)\)
868. Not specified educational services
869. Museums, art galleries and zoos (84)
877. Religious organizations (866)
878. Welfare services (part 867)
879. Residential welfare facilities (part 867)
887. Nonprofit membership organizations (861-865, 869)
888. Engineering and architectural services (891)
889. Accounting, auditing and boakkeeping services (893)
897. Miscellaneous professional and related
```

    services (892, 899)
    899. Professional and related services - allocated
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
900. Postal service (part 9190)
901. Federal public administration
(part 9190, 9490)
902. State public administration (9290)
903. Local public administration (9390)
904. Public administration - allocated
Workers not classified by industry
905. Unemployed persons, last worked 1959 or
earlier
906. Industry not reported
***:NOTE 0002
1980 AND 1970 OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION CODES
OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION COOES FOR DETAILED
OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORIES - }198
Numbers in parentheses are the 1980 SIC code
equivalent; see U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of
Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, STANDARD
OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION MANUAL, 1980. "Pt." means
part; "n.e.c." means not elsewhere classified).
Code Occupation
---------------
0-2 Not used
3-199 MANAGERIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SPECIALITY
OCCUPATIONS
3*37 Executive, Administrative and Managerial
Occupations
2 Legislators (111)
4 Chief executives and general administrators,
public administration (112)
5 Administrators and officials, public
administration (1132, 1139)
6 Administrators, protective services (1131)
7 Financial mamagers (122)
8 Personnel and labor relations managers (123)
9 Purchasing managers (124)
10-12 Not used
13 Managers, marketing advertising and public
relations (125)
```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 14 & Administrators, education and related fields \\
\hline 15 & Managers, medicine and health (131) \\
\hline 16 & Managers, properties and real estate (1353) \\
\hline 17 & Postmasters and mail superintendents (1344) \\
\hline 18 & Funeral directors (pt. 1359) \\
\hline 19 & Managers and administrators, n.e.c. (121, 126, 127, 132-139, except 1344,1353 , pt. 1359) \\
\hline 20-22 & Not used \\
\hline 23-37 & Management and related occupations \\
\hline 23 & Accountants and auditors (1412) \\
\hline 24 & Underwriters (1414) \\
\hline 25 & Other financial officers (1415, 1419) \\
\hline 26 & Management analysts (142) \\
\hline 27 & Personnel, training and labor relations specialists (143) \\
\hline 28 & Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products
\[
(1443)
\] \\
\hline 29 & Buyers, wholesale and retail trade except farm products (1442) \\
\hline 30-32 & Not used \\
\hline 33 & Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c. (1449) \\
\hline 34 & Business and promotion agents (145) \\
\hline 35 & Construction inspectors (1472) \\
\hline 36 & Inspectors and compliance officers, except construction (1473) \\
\hline 37 & Management related occupations, n.e.c. (149). \\
\hline 38-42 & Not used \\
\hline 43-199 & Professional Specialty Occupations \\
\hline 43-59 & Engineers, Architects and Surveyors \\
\hline 43 & Architects (161) \\
\hline 44-59 & Engineers \\
\hline 44 & Aerospace (1622) \\
\hline 45 & Metallurgical and materials (1623) \\
\hline 46 & Mining (1624) \\
\hline 47 & Petroleum (1625) \\
\hline 48 & Chemical (1626) \\
\hline 49 & Nuclear (1627) \\
\hline 50-52 & Not used \\
\hline 53 & Civil (1628) \\
\hline 54 & Agricultural (1632) \\
\hline 55 & Electrical and electronic (1633, 1636) \\
\hline 56 & Industrial (1634) \\
\hline 57 & Mechanical (1635) \\
\hline 58 & Marine and naval architects (1637) \\
\hline 59 & Engineers, n.e.c. (1639) \\
\hline 60-62 & Not used . \\
\hline 63 & Surveyors and mapping scientists (164) \\
\hline 64-68 & Mathematical and Computer Scientists \\
\hline 64 & Computer systems analysts and scientists (171) \\
\hline 65 & Operations and systems researchers and analysts (172) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
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66 Actuaries (1732)
67 Statisticians (1733)
68 Mathematical scientists, n.e.c. (1739)
69-83 Natural Scientists
6 9
70-72
73
74
75
76
7 7
78
79 Forestry and conservation scientists (1852)
80-89 Not used
83
84-89
84 Physicians (261)
85 Dentists (262)
86 Veterinarians (927)
87
8
89
Optometrists (281)
Podiatrists (283)
Health diagnosing practitioners, n.e.c.
(289)
90-94 Not used
95-106 Health Assessment and Treating Occupations
95 Registered nurses (29)
96 Pharmacists (301)
97 Dietitians (302)
98-105 Therapists
98 Inhalation therapists (3031)
99
100-102 Not used
103 Physical therapists (3033)
104 Speech therapists (3034)
105 Therapists, n.e.c. (3039)
106 Physicians assistants (304)
107-112 Not used
113-154 Teachers, Postsecondary
113
Earth, environmental and marine science
teachers (2212)
114 Biological science teachers (2213)
115 Chemistry teachers (2214)
116 Physics teachers (2215)
117 Natural science teachers n.e.c. (2216)
118 Psychology teachers (2217)
119 Economics teachers (2218)
120-122 Not used
123 History teachers (2222)
124 Political science teachers (2223)
125 Sociology teachers (2224)
126 Social science teachers, n.e.c. (2225)
127 Engineering teachers (2226)
128 Mathematical science teachers (22.27)
129 Computer science teachers (2228)

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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 130-132 & Not used \\
\hline 133 & Medical science teachers (2231) \\
\hline 134 & Health specialties teachers (2232) \\
\hline 135 & Business, commerce and marketing teachers (2233) \\
\hline 136 & Agriculture and forestry teachers (2234) \\
\hline 137 & Art, drama and music teachers (2235) \\
\hline 138 & Physical education teachers (2236) \\
\hline 139 & Education teachers (2237) \\
\hline 140-142 & Not used \\
\hline 143 & English teachers (2238) \\
\hline 144 & Foreign language teachers (2242) \\
\hline 145 & Law teachers (2243) \\
\hline 146 & Social work teachers (2244) \\
\hline 147 & Theology teachers (2245) \\
\hline 148 & Trade and industrial teachers (2246) \\
\hline 149 & Home economics teachers (2247) \\
\hline 150-152 & Not used \\
\hline 153 & Teachers, postsecondary, n.e.c. (2249) \\
\hline 154 & Postsecondary teachers, subject not specified \\
\hline 155-159 & Teachers, Except Postsecondary \\
\hline 155 & Teachers, prekindergarten and kindergarten
(231) \\
\hline 156 & Teachers, elementary school (232) \\
\hline 157 & Teachers, secondary school (233) \\
\hline 158 & Teachers, special education (235) \\
\hline 159 & Teachers, n.e.c. \((236,239)\) \\
\hline 160-162 & Not used \\
\hline 163 & Counselors, educational and vocational (24) \\
\hline 164-165 & Librarians, Archivists and Curators \\
\hline 164 & Librarians (251) \\
\hline 165 & Archivists and curators (252) \\
\hline 166-173 & Social Scientists and Urban Planners \\
\hline 166 & Economists (1912) \\
\hline 167 & Psychologists (1915) \\
\hline 168 & Sociologists (1916) \\
\hline 169 & Social scientists, n.e.c. (1913, 1914, 1919) \\
\hline 170-172 & Not used \\
\hline 173 & Urban planners (192) \\
\hline 174-177 & Social, Recreation and Religious Workers \\
\hline 174 & Social workers (2032) \\
\hline 175 & Recreation workers (2033) \\
\hline 176 & Clergy (2042) \\
\hline 177 & Religious workers (2033) \\
\hline 178-179 & Lawyers and Judges \\
\hline 178 & Lawyers (211) \\
\hline 179 & Judges (212) \\
\hline 180-182 & Not used \\
\hline 183-199 & Writers, Artists, Entertainers and Athletes \\
\hline 183 & Authors (321) \\
\hline 184 & Technical writers (398) \\
\hline 185 & Designers (322) \\
\hline 186 & Musicians and composers (323) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 187 & Actors and directors (324) \\
\hline 188 & Painters, sculptors, craft-artists and artist print-makers (325) \\
\hline 189 & Photographers (326) \\
\hline 190-192 & Not used \\
\hline 193 & Dancers (327) \\
\hline 194 & Artists, performers and related workers, n.e.c. \((328,329)\) \\
\hline 195 & Editors and reporters (331) \\
\hline 196 & Not used \\
\hline 197 & Public relations specialist (332) \\
\hline 198 & Announcers (333) \\
\hline 199 & Athletes (34) \\
\hline 200-202 & Not used \\
\hline 203-389 & TECHNICAL, SALES AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS \\
\hline 203-289 & Technicians and Related Support Occupations \\
\hline 203-208 & Health Technologists and Technicians \\
\hline 203 & Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians (362) \\
\hline 204 & Dental hygienists (363) \\
\hline 205 & Health record technologists and technicians
(364) \\
\hline 206 & Radiologic technicians (365) \\
\hline 207 & Licensed practical nurses (366) \\
\hline 208 & Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c. (369) \\
\hline 209-212 & Not used \\
\hline 213-235 & Technologists and Technicians, except Health \\
\hline 213-218 & Engineering and Related Technologists and Technicians \\
\hline 213 & Electrical and electronic technicians (3711) \\
\hline 214 & Industrial engineering technicians
(3712) \\
\hline 215 & Mechanical engineering technicians
(3713) \\
\hline 216 & Engineering technicians, n.e.c. (3719) \\
\hline 217 & Drafting occupations (372) \\
\hline 218 & Surveying and mapping technicians (373) \\
\hline 219-222 & Not used \\
\hline 223-225 & Science Technicians \\
\hline 223 & Biological technicians (382) \\
\hline 224 & Chemical technicians (3831) \\
\hline 225 & Science technicians, n.e.c. (3719) \\
\hline 226-235 & Technicians; except Health, Engineering, and Science \\
\hline 226 & Airplane pilots and navigators (825) \\
\hline 227 & Air traffic controllers (392) \\
\hline 228 & Broadcast equipment operators (393) \\
\hline 229 & Computer programmers (3971, 3972) \\
\hline 230-232 & Not used \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 233 & Tool programmers, numerical control (3974) \\
\hline 234 & Legal assistants (396) \\
\hline 235 & Technicians, n.e.c. (399) \\
\hline 236-242 & Not used \\
\hline 243-285 & Sales Occupations \\
\hline 243 & Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations (40) \\
\hline 244-252 & Not used \\
\hline 253-257 & Sales Representatives, Finance and Business Services \\
\hline 253 & Insurance sales occupations (4122) \\
\hline 254 & Real estate sales occupations (4123) \\
\hline 255 & Securities and financial services sales occupations (4124) \\
\hline 256 & Advertising and related sales occupations
\[
(4153)
\] \\
\hline 257 & Sales occupations, other business services
\[
(4152)
\] \\
\hline 258-259 & Sales Representatives, Commodities except Retail \\
\hline 258 & Sales engineers (421) \\
\hline 259 & Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing and wholesale \((423,424)\) \\
\hline 260-262 & Not used \\
\hline 263-278 & Sales Workers, Retail and Personal Services \\
\hline 263 & Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats
\[
(4342,4344)
\] \\
\hline 264 & Sales workers, apparel (4246) \\
\hline 265 & Sales workers, shoes (4351) \\
\hline 266 & Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings (4248) \\
\hline 267
268 & Sales workers, radio, TV, hi-fi and appliances \((4443,4352)\) \\
\hline 268 & Sales workers, hardware and building supplies (4353) \\
\hline 269 & Sales workers, parts (4367) \\
\hline 270-272 & Not used \\
\hline 274 & Sales workers, other commodities (4345, 4347, 4354, 4356, 4359, 4362, 4369) \\
\hline 275 & Sales counter clerks (4363) \\
\hline 276 & Cashiers (4364) \\
\hline 277 & Street and door-to-door sales workers (4366) \\
\hline 278 & News vendors (4365) \\
\hline 279-282 & Not used \\
\hline 283-285 & Sales Related Occupations \\
\hline 283 & Demonstrators, promoters and models, sales
\[
(445)
\] \\
\hline 282 & Auctioneers (447) \\
\hline 285 & Sales support occupations, n.e.c. (444, 446, 449) \\
\hline 286-302 & Not used \\
\hline 303-389 & Administrative Support Occupations, including Clerical \\
\hline 303-307 & Supervisors, Administrative Support \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
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    Occupations
    303 Supervisors, general office (4511, 4513,
4514, 4516, 4519, 4529)
304 Supervisors, computer equipment operators
(4512)
Supervisors, financial records processing
(4521)
Chief communications operators (4523)
Supervisors; distribution, scheduling and
adjusting clerks (4522, 4524-4528)
Computer Equipment Operators
Computer operators (4612)
Peripheral equipment operators (4613)
310-312 Not used
313-315 Secretaries, Stenographers and Typists
313 Secretaries (4622)
314 Stenographers (4623)
315 Typists (4624)
316-323 Information clerks
316 Interviewers (4641)
317 Hotel clerks (4643)
318 Transportation ticket and reservation agents
(4644)
319 Receptionists (4645)
320-322
323
324
325-336
325
326
327
328
329
330-334
335 File clerks
336 Records clerks
337-344 Financial Records Processing Occupations
337 Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks
(4712)
338 Payroll and timekeeping clerks (4713)
339 Billing clerks (4715)
340-342 Not used
343 Cost and rate clerks (4716)
344 Billing, posting and calculating machine
operators (4718)
345-347 Duplicating, Mail and other Office Machine
Operators
Duplicating machine operators (4722)
Mail pre\hat{päring and paper handling machine}
operators (4723)
Office machine operators, n.e.c. (4729)
Communication Equipment Operators
348-353

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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 348 & Telephone operators (4732) \\
\hline 349 & Telegraphers (4733) \\
\hline 350-352 & Not used \\
\hline 353 & Communications equipment operators, n.e.c.
(4739) \\
\hline 354-357 & Mail and Message Distributing Occupations \\
\hline 354 & Postal clerks, exc. mail carriers (4742) \\
\hline 355 & Mail carriers, postal service (4743) \\
\hline 356 & Mail clerks, exc. postal service (4744) \\
\hline 357 & Messengers (4745) \\
\hline 358 & Not used \\
\hline 359-374 & Material Recording, Scheduling and Distributing Clerks, n.e.c. \\
\hline 359 & Dispatchers (4751) \\
\hline 360-362 & Not used \\
\hline 363 & Production coordinators (4752) \\
\hline 364 & Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks (4753) \\
\hline 365 & Stock and inventory clerks (4754) \\
\hline 366 & Meter readers (4755) \\
\hline 367 & Not used \\
\hline 368 & Weighers, measurers and checkers (4756) \\
\hline 369 & Samplers (4757) \\
\hline 370-372 & Not used \\
\hline 373 & Expediters (4758) \\
\hline 374 & Material recording, scheduling and distributing clerks, n.e.c. (4759) \\
\hline 375-378 & Adjusters and Investigators \\
\hline 375 & Insurance adjusters, examiners and investigators (4782) \\
\hline 376 & Investigators and adjusters, except insurance (4783) \\
\hline 377 & Eligibility clerks, social welfare (4784) \\
\hline 378 & Bill and account collectors (4786) \\
\hline 379-389 & Miscellaneous Administrative Support Occupations \\
\hline 379 & General office clerks (463) \\
\hline 380-382 & Not used \\
\hline 383 & Bank tellers (4791) \\
\hline 384 & Proofreaders (4792) \\
\hline 385 & Data-entry keyers (4793) \\
\hline 386 & Statistical clerks (4794) \\
\hline 387 & Teachers aides (4795) \\
\hline 388 & Not used \\
\hline 389 & Administrative support occupations, n.e.c.
\[
(4787,4799)
\] \\
\hline 390-402 & Not used \\
\hline 403-469 & SERVICE OCCUPATIONS \\
\hline 403-407 & Private Household Occupations \\
\hline 403 & Launderers and ironers (503) \\
\hline 404 & Cooks, private household (504) \\
\hline 405 & Housekeepers and butlers (505) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 406 & Id care workers, private household (506) \\
\hline 407 & Private household cleaners and servants (502, 507, 509) \\
\hline 408-412 & Not used \\
\hline 413-427 & Protective Service Occupations \\
\hline 413-415 & Supervisors, Protective Service Occupations \\
\hline 413 & Supervisors, firefighting and fire prevention occupations (5111) \\
\hline 414 & Supervisors, police and detectives (5112) \\
\hline 415 & Supervisors, guards (5113) \\
\hline 416-417 & Firefighting and Fire Prevention Occupations \\
\hline 416 & Fire inspection and fire prevention occupations (5122) \\
\hline 417 & Firefighting occupations (5123) \\
\hline 418-424 & Police and Detectives \\
\hline 418 & Police and detectives, public service (5132) \\
\hline 419-422 & Not used \\
\hline 423 & Sheriffs, bailiffs and other law enforcement officers (5134) \\
\hline 424 & Correctional institution officers (5133) \\
\hline 425-427 & Guards \\
\hline 425 & Crossing guards (5142) \\
\hline 426 & Guards and police, exc. public service (5132) \\
\hline 427 & Protective service occupations, n.e.c.
(5149) \\
\hline 428-432 & Not used \\
\hline -433-469 & Service Occupations, except Protective and Household \\
\hline 433-444 & Food Preparation and Service Occupations \\
\hline 433 & Supervisors, food preparation and service occupations (5211) \\
\hline 434 & Bartenders (5212) \\
\hline 435 & Waiters and waitresses (5213) \\
\hline 436 & Cooks, except short order (5214) \\
\hline 437 & Short-order cooks (5215) \\
\hline 438 & Food counter, fountain and related occupations (5216) \\
\hline 439 & Kitchen workers, food preparations (5217) \\
\hline 440-442 & Not used \\
\hline 443 & Waiters'/waitresses' assistants (5218) \\
\hline 444 & Miscellaneous food preparation occupations (5236) \\
\hline 445-447 & Health Service Occupations \\
\hline 445 & Dental assistants (5232) \\
\hline 446 & Heal th aides, except nursing (5233) \\
\hline 447 & Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants
\[
(5236)
\] \\
\hline 448-455 & Cleaning and Building Service Occupations, except Household \\
\hline 448 & Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers (5241) \\
\hline 449 & Maids and housemen (5242, 5249) \\
\hline 450-452 & Not used \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 453 & Janitors and cleaners (5244) \\
\hline 454 & Elevator operators (5245) \\
\hline 455 & Pest control occupations (5246) \\
\hline 456-469 & Personal Service Occupations \\
\hline 456 & Supervisors, personal service occupations (5251) \\
\hline 457 & Barbers (5252) \\
\hline 458 & Hairdressers and cosmetologists (5253) \\
\hline 459 & Attendants, amusement and recreation facilities (5254) \\
\hline 460-462 & Not used \\
\hline 463 & Guides (5255) \\
\hline 464 & Ushers (5256) \\
\hline 465 & Public transportation attendants (5257) \\
\hline 466 & Baggage porters and bellhops (5262) \\
\hline 467 & Welfare service aides (5263) \\
\hline 468 & Child care workers, except private household (5264) \\
\hline 469 & Personal service occupations, n.e.c. (5258, 5269) \\
\hline 470-472 & Not used \\
\hline 473-499 & FARMING, FORESTRY AND FISHING OCCUPATIONS \\
\hline 473-476 & Farm Operators and Managers \\
\hline 473 & Farmers, except horticulture (5512-5514) \\
\hline 474 & Horticultural specialty farmers (5515) \\
\hline 475 & Managers, farms, except horticultural
\[
(5222-5524)
\] \\
\hline 476 & Managers, horticultural specialty farms
(5525) \\
\hline 477-489 & Other Agricultural and Related Occupations \\
\hline 477-484 & Farm Occupations, Except Managerial \\
\hline 477 & Supervisors, farm workers (5611) \\
\hline 478 & Not used \\
\hline 479 & Farm workers (5612-5617) \\
\hline 480-482 & Not used (5612-5617) \\
\hline 483 & Marine life cultivation workers (5618) \\
\hline 484 & Nursery workers (5619) \\
\hline 485-489 & Related Agricultural Occupations \\
\hline 485 & Supervisors, related agricultural occupations (5621) \\
\hline 486 & Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm (5624) \\
\hline 487 & Animal caretakers, except farm (5625) \\
\hline 488 & Graders and sorters, agricultural products (5625) \\
\hline 489 & Inspectors, agricultural products (5627) \\
\hline 490-493 & Not used \\
\hline 494-496 & Forestry and Logging Occupations \\
\hline 494 & Supervisors, forestry and logging workers (571) \\
\hline 495 & Forestry workers, except logging (572) \\
\hline 496 & Timber cutting and logging occupations \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(573, 579)
497-499 Fishers, Hunters and Trappers
497 Captains and other officers, fishing vessels (Pt. 8241)
498 Fishers (583)
499 Hunters and trappers (584)
500-50 Not used
503-699 PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAAT AND REPAIR OCCUPATIONS

503-549 Mechanics and Repairers
503 Supervisors, mechanics and repairers (60)
504 Not used
505-549 Mechanics and Repairers, except Supervisors
505-517 Vehicles and Mobile Equipment Mechanics and Repairers
505 Automobile mechanics (Pt. 6111)
506 Automobile mechanic apprentices (pt. 6111)
507 Bus, truck and stationary engine mechanics (6112)

508 Aircraft engine mechanics (6113)
509 Small engine repairers (6114)
510-513 Not used
514 Automobile body and related repairers (6115)
515 Aircraft mechanics, exc. engine (6116)
516 Heavy equipment mechanics (6117)
517 Farm equipment mechanics (6118)
518 Industrial machinery repairers (613)
519 Machinery maintenance occupations (614)
520-522 Not used
523-533 Electrical and Electronic Equipment Repairers
523 Electronic repairers, communication and industrial equipment \((6151,6153,6155)\)
524 Not used
525 Data processing equipment repairers (6154)
526 Household appliance and power tool repairers (6156)

527 Telephone line installers and repairers (6157)

Not used
Telephone installers and repairers (6158)
Not used
Miscellaneous electrical and electronic equipment repairers (6152, 6159)
534 Heating, air conditioning and refrigeration mechanics (616)
535-549 Miscellaneous Mechanics and Repairers
535 Camera, watch and musical instrument repairers (6137)
536 Locksmiths and safe repairers (6173)
537 Not used
538 Office machine repairers (6174)
539 Mechanical controls and valve repairers
(6175)

540-542
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545-546 547

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Not used
Elevator installers and repairers (6176)
Millwrights (6178)
Not used
Specified mechanics and repairers, n.e.c (6:77, 6179)
Not. used
Not specified mechanics and repairers
Not used
Construction Trades
Supervisors, Construction Occupations
Supervisors; brickmasons, stonemasons and tile setters (6312)
Supervisors, carpenters and related workers (6313)

Supervisors, electricians and power transmission installers (6134)
Supervisors; painters, paperhangers and plasterers (6315)
Supervisors; plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters (6316)
Supervisors, n.e.c. (6311, 6318)
Not used
Construction Trades, except Supervisors
Brickmasons and stonemasons (Pt. 6412, Pt. 6413)

Brickmason and stonemason apprentices (Pt. 6412, Pt. 6413)
Tile setters, hard and soft (6414, Pt. 6462)
Carpet installers (Pt. 6462)
Carpenters (Pt. 6422)
Not used
Carpenter apprentices (Pt. 6422)
Not used
Drywall installers (6424)
Not used
Electricians (Pt. 6432)
Electrician apprentices (Pt. 6432)
Electrical power installers and repairers
(6433)

Not used
Painters, construction and maintenance (6442)

Not used
Paperhangers (6443)
Plasters (6444)
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters (Pt. 645)
Not used
Plumber, pipefitters and steamfitter apprentices (Pt. 645)
Concrete and terrazzo finishers (6463)
Glaziers (6464)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 590-592
593 & Not used Insulation workers (6465) \\
\hline 594 & Paving, surfacing and tamping equipment operators (6466) \\
\hline 595 & Roofers (6468) \\
\hline 595 & Sheetmetal duct installers (6472) \\
\hline 596 & Structural metal workers (6473) \\
\hline 598 & Drillers, earth (6474) \\
\hline 599 & Construction trades, n.e.c. (6467, 6475, 6476, 6379) \\
\hline 600-612 & Not used \\
\hline 613-617 & Extractive Occupations \\
\hline 613 & Supervisors, extractive occupations (632) \\
\hline 614 & Drillers, oil well (652) \\
\hline 615 & Explosives workers (653) \\
\hline 616 & Mining machine operators (654) \\
\hline 617 & Mining occupations, n.e.c. (656) \\
\hline 618-632 & Not used \\
\hline 633-699 & Precision Production Occupations \\
\hline 633 & Supervisors, production occupations (67, 71) \\
\hline 634-655 & Precision Metal Working Occupations \\
\hline 634 & Tool and die makers (Pt. 6811) \\
\hline 635 & Tool and die maker apprentices (Pt. 6811) \\
\hline 636 & Precision assemblers, metal (6812) \\
\hline 637 & Machinists (Pt. 6813) \\
\hline 638 & Not used \\
\hline 639 & Machinist apprentices (Pt. 6813) \\
\hline 640-642 & Not used \\
\hline 643 & Boilermakers (6814) \\
\hline 644 & Precision grinders, filers and tool sharpeners (6816) \\
\hline 645 & Patternmakers and model makers, metal (6817) \\
\hline 646 & Lay-out workers (6821) \\
\hline 647 & Precious stones and metals workers (jewelers) \((6822,6886)\) \\
\hline 648 & Not used \\
\hline 649 & Engravers, metal (6823) \\
\hline 650-652 & Not used \\
\hline 653 & Sheet metal workers (Pt. 6824) \\
\hline 654 & Sheet metal worker apprentices (Pt. 6824) \\
\hline 655 & Miscellaneous precision metal workers (6829) \\
\hline 656-659 & Precision Woodworking Occupations \\
\hline 656 & Patternmakers and model makers, wood (6831) \\
\hline 657 & Cabinet makers and bench carpenters (6832) \\
\hline 658 & Furniture and wood finishers (6835) \\
\hline 659 & Miscellaneous precision woodworkers (6839) \\
\hline 660-66 & Not used \\
\hline 666-674 & Precision Textile, Apparel and Furnishings Machine Workers \\
\hline 666 & Dressmakers (Pt. 6852, Pt 7752) \\
\hline 667 & Tailors (Pt. 6852) \\
\hline 668 & Upholsterers (6853) \\
\hline 669 & Shoe repairers (6854) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 670-672 & Not used \\
\hline 673 & Apparel and fabric patternmakers (6856) \\
\hline 674 & Miscellaneous precision apparel and fabric workers (6859, Pt. 7752) \\
\hline 675-684 & Precision Workers, Assorted Materials \\
\hline 675 & Hand molders and shapers, Exc. Jewelers (6861) \\
\hline 676 & Patternmakers, lay-out workers and cutters
(6862) \\
\hline 677 & Optical goods workers (6864, Pt. 7477, Pt. 7677) \\
\hline 678 & Dental laboratory and medical appliance technicians (6865) \\
\hline 679 & Bookbinders (6844) \\
\hline 680-682 & Not used \\
\hline 683 & Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers (6867) \\
\hline 684 & Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. (6869) \\
\hline 685 & Not used \\
\hline 686-688 & Precision Food Production Occupations \\
\hline 686 & Butchers and meat cutters (6871) \\
\hline 687 & Bakers (6872) \\
\hline 688 & Food batchmakers (6873, 6879) \\
\hline 689-692 & Precision Inspectors, Testers and Related Workers \\
\hline 689 & Inspectors, testers and graders (6881, 828) \\
\hline 690-692 & Not used \\
\hline 693 & Adjusters and calibrators (6882) \\
\hline 694-699 & Plant and System Operators \\
\hline 694 & Water and sewage treatment plant operators (691) \\
\hline 695 & Power plant operators (Pt. 693) \\
\hline 696 & Stationary engineers (Pt. 693, 7668) \\
\hline 697-698 & Not used \\
\hline 699 & Miscellaneous plant and system operators
\[
(692,694,695,696)
\] \\
\hline 700-70 & Not used \\
\hline 703-889 & OPERATORS, FABRICATORS AND LABORERS \\
\hline 703-799 & Machine Operators, Assemblers and Inspectors \\
\hline 703-779 & Machine Operators and Tenders except Precision \\
\hline 703-715 & Metalworking and Plastic Working Machine Operators \\
\hline 703 & Lathe and turning machine set-up operators (7312) \\
\hline 704 & Lathe and turning machine operators (7512) (7512) \\
\hline 705 & Milling and planing machine operators (7313, 7513) \\
\hline 706 & Punching and stamping press machine operators ( \(7314,7342,7515,7542\) ) \\
\hline 707 & Rolling machine operators (7316, 7516) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 708 & Drilling and boring machine operators
\[
(7318,7518)
\] \\
\hline 709 & Grinding, abrading, buffing and polishing machine operators (7322, 7324, 7522) \\
\hline 710-712 & Not used \\
\hline 713 & Forying machine operators (7319. 7519) \\
\hline 714 & Numerical control machine operators (7326) \\
\hline 715 & Miscellaneous metal, plastic, stone and glass working machine operators
\[
(7329,7529)
\] \\
\hline 716 & Not used \\
\hline 717 & Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. (7339, 7539) \\
\hline 718 & Not used \\
\hline 719-725 & Metal and Plastic Processing Machine Operators \\
\hline 719 & Molding and casting machine operators
\[
(7315,7342,7515,7542)
\] \\
\hline 720-722 & Not used \\
\hline 723 & Metal plating machine operators
\[
(7343,7543)
\] \\
\hline 724 & Heat treating equipment operators
\[
(7344,7544)
\] \\
\hline 725 & Miscellaneous metal and plastic processing machine operators (7349, 7549) \\
\hline 726-733 & Woodworking Machine Operators \\
\hline 726 & Wood lathe, routing and planing machine operators (7431, 7432, 7631, 7632) \\
\hline 727 & Sawing machine operators (7433, 7633) \\
\hline 728 & Shaping and joining machine operators
\[
(7435,7635)
\] \\
\hline 729 & Nail and tacking machine operators (7636) \\
\hline 730-732 & Not used \\
\hline 733 & Miscellaneous woodworking machine operators (7434, 7439, 7634, 7639) \\
\hline 734-737 & Printing Machine Operators \\
\hline 734 & Printing machine operators (7443, 7643) \\
\hline 735 & Photoengravers and lithographers (6842, 7444, 7644) \\
\hline 736 & Typesetters and compositors (684), 7642) \\
\hline 737 & Miscellaneous printing machine operators
\[
(6849,7449,7649)
\] \\
\hline 738-749 & Textile, Apparel and Furnishings Machine Operators \\
\hline 738 & Winding and twisting machine operators
\[
(7451,7651)
\] \\
\hline 739 & Knitting, looping, taping and weaving machine operators (7452, 7652) \\
\hline 740-742 & Not used \\
\hline 743 & Textile cutting machine operators (7654) \\
\hline 744 & Textile sewing machine operators (7655) \\
\hline 745 & Shoe machine operators (7656) \\
\hline 746 & Not used \\
\hline 747 & Pressing machine operators (7657) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 748 & Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators \((6855,7658)\) \\
\hline 749 & Miscellaneous textile machine operators (7459, 7659) \\
\hline 750-752 & Not used \\
\hline 753-779 & Machine Operators, Assorted Materials \\
\hline 753 & Cementing and gluing machine operators
(7661) \\
\hline 754 & Packaging and filling machine operators (7462, 7662) \\
\hline 755 & Extruding and forming machine operators (7463, 7663) \\
\hline 756 & Mixing and blending machine operators (7664) \\
\hline 757 & Separating, filtering and clarifying machine operators ( \(7476,7666,7676\) ) \\
\hline 758 & Compressing and compacting machine operators (7467, 7667) \\
\hline 759 & Painting and paint spraying machine operators (7669) \\
\hline 760-762 & Not used \\
\hline 763 & Roasting and baking machine operators, food (7472, 7672) \\
\hline 764 & Washing, cleaning and pickling machine operators (7673) \\
\hline 765 & Folding machine operators (7474, 7674) \\
\hline 766 & Furnace, kiln and oven operators, exc. food (7675) \\
\hline 767 & Not used \\
\hline 768 & Crushing and grinding machine operators (Pt. 7477, Pt. 7677) \\
\hline 769 & slicing and cutting machine operators
\[
(7478,7678)
\] \\
\hline 770-772 & Not used \\
\hline 773 & Motion picture projectionists (Pt. 7479) \\
\hline 774 & Photographic process machine operators ( \(6863,6868,7671\) ) \\
\hline 775-776 & Not used \\
\hline 777 & Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. (Pt. 7479, 766, 7679) \\
\hline 778 & Not used \\
\hline 779 & Machine operators, not specified \\
\hline 780-782 & Not used \\
\hline 783-795 & Fabricators, Assemblers and Hand Working Occupations \\
\hline 783 & Welders and cutters ( \(7332,7532,7714\) ) \\
\hline 784 & Solderers and brazers ( \(7333,7533,7717\) ) \\
\hline 785 & Assemblers (772, 774) \\
\hline 786 & Hand cutting and trimming occupations (7753) \\
\hline 787 & Hand molding, casting and forming occupations (7754, 7755) \\
\hline 788 & Not used \\
\hline 789 & Hand painting, coating and decorating \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
occupations (7756)

790-792 793

794
795
796-799
796
797
798
799
800-802
803-859
803-814
803
804
805
806
807
808
809
810-812
813
814
815-822
823-834
823-826
823
824
825
826
827
828-834
828
829
830-832
833
834
835-842
843-859
843
844
operating enginers (8312)
845 Longshore equipment operators (8313)
846-847 Not used
```

    848 Hoist and winch operators (8314)
    849
    850-852
    853
    854
    855
    856
    857-858
    859
860-862
863-889
863
864
865-867
865
866
867
868
869
870.872
Not used
Production helpers (861, 862)
Not used
Freight, Stock and Material Handlers
Garbage collectors (8722)
Stevedores (8723)
Stock handlers and baggers (8724)
878 Machine feeders and offbearers (8725)
879-882
83 Freight, stock and material handlers, n.e.c.
(8726)
884
885
886
87
888
889
890-904
905 Assigned to persons whose labor force status
is unemployed and whose last job was Armed
Forces since 1975
906-908 Not used
909 Assigned to persons whose labor force status
is unemployed and who last worked in 1974 or

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\section*{earlisr}
\(910+\) Not used
1970 CENSUS OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS
001 Accountants
002 Architects
Computer specialists
003 Computer programmers
004 Computer systems analysts
005 Computer specialists, n.e.c.
Engineers
006 Aeronautical and astronautical engineers
010 Chemical engineers
011 Civil engineers
012 Electrical and electronic engineers
013 Industrial engineers
014 Mechanical engineers
015 Metallurgical and materials engineers
020 Mining engineers
021 Petroleum engineers
022 Sales engineers
023 Engineers, n.e.c.
024 Farm management advisors
025 Foresters and conservationists
026 Home management advisors
Lawyers and judges*
030 Judges
031 Lawyers
Librarians, archivists, and curators
032 Librarians
033 Archivists and curators
Mathematical specialists
034 Actuaries
035 Mathematicians
036 Statisticians
Life and physical scientists
042 Agricultural scientists
043 Atmospheric and space scientists
044 Biological scientists
045 Chemists
051 Geologists
052 Marine scientists
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053 Physicists and astronomers
054 Life and physical scientists, n.e.c.
055 Operations and systems researchers and analysts
056 Personnel and labor relations workers
Physicians, dentists, and related
Practitioners
06) Chiropractors
0 6 2 Dentists
0 6 3 Optometrists
064 Pharmacists
065 Physicians, medical and osteopathic
0 7 1 Podiatrists
0 7 2 Veterinarians
073 Health practitioners, n.e.c.
Nurses, dietitians, and therapists
074 Dietitians
0 7 5 Registered nurses
0 7 6 Therapists
Health technologists and technicians
080 Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians
0 8 1 Dental hygienists
0 8 2 Health record technologists and technicians
083 Radiologic technologists and technicians
084 Therapy assistants
085 Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.
Religious workers
0 8 6 Clergymen
0 9 0 ~ R e l i g i o u s ~ w o r k e r s , ~ n . e . c .
Social scientists
0 9 1 Economists
092 Political scientists
0 9 3 Psychologists
094 Sociologists
0 9 5 Urban and regional planners
0 9 6 ~ S o c i a l ~ s c i e n t i s t s , ~ n . e . c .
Social and recreation workers
100 Social workers
101 Recreation workers
Teachers, college and university
102 Agriculture teachers

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103 Atmospheric, earth, marine, and space teachers
104 Biology teachers
105 Chemistry teachers
110 Physics teachers
111 Engineering teachers
112 Mathematics teachers
113 Health specialties teachers
114 Psychology teachers
115 Business and commerce teachers
116 Economics teachers
120 History teachers
121 Sociology teachers
122 Social science teachers, n.e.c.
123 Art, drama, and music teachers
124 Coaches and physical education teachers
125 Education teachers
126 English teachers
130 Foreign language teachers
131 Home economics teachers
132 Law teachers
133 Theology teachers
134 Trade, industrial, and technical teachers
135 Miscellaneous teachers, college and university
140 Teachers, college and university, subject not specified

Teachers, except college and university
141 Adult education teachers
142 Elementary school teachers
143 Prekindergarien and kindergarten teachers
144 Secondary school teachers
145 Teachers, except college and university, n.e.c.

Engineering and science technicians
150 Agriculture and biological technicians, except health
151 Chemical technicians
152 Draftsmen
153 Electrical and electronic engineering technicians
154 Industrial engineering technicians
155 Mechanical engineering technicians
156 Mathematical technicians
161 Surveyors
162 Engineering and science technicians, n.e.c.
Technicians, except health and engineering and science
163 Airplane pilots
164 Air traffic controllers
165 Embalmers
170 Flight engineers
171 Radio operators
172 Tool programmers, numerical control
173 Technicians, n.e.c.
174 Vocational and educational counselors
Writers, artists, and entertainers
175 Actors
180 Athletes and kindred workers
181 Authors
182 Dancers
183 Designers
184 Editors and reporters
185 Musicians and composers
190 Painters and sculptors
191 Photographers
192 Public relations men and publicity writers
193 Radio and television announcers
194 Writers, artists, and entertainers, n.e.c.
195 Research workers, not specified
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM
201 Assessors, controllers, and treasurers; local public administration
202 Bank officers and financial managers
203 Buyers and shippers, farm products
205 Buyers, wholesale and retail traxe
210 Credit men
211 Funeral directors
212 Health administrators
213 Construction inspectors, public administration
215 Inspectors, except construction, public administration
216 Managers and superintendents, building
220 Office managers, n.e.c.
221 Officers, pilots, and pursers; ship
222 Officials and administrators; public administration, n.e.c.
223 Officials of lodges, societies, and unions
224 Postmasters and mail superintendents
225 Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.
226 Railroad conductors
230 Restaurant, cafeteria, and bar managers
231 Sales managers and department heads, retail trade
233 Sales managers, except retail trade
235 School administrators, college
240 School administrators, elementary and
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        secondary
    245 Managers and administrators, n.e.c.
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\section*{SALES WORKERS}

260 Advertising agents and salesmen
261 Auctioneers
262 Demonstrators
264 Hucksters and peddlers
265 Insurance agents, brokers, and underwriters
266 Newsboys
270 Real estates agents and brokers
271 Stock and bond salesmen
280 Salesmen and sales clerks, n.e.c.
281 Sales Representative, manufacturing industries
282 Sales Representative, wholesale trade
283 Sales clerk, retail trade
284 Salesmen, retail trade
285 Salesmen of services and construction

CLERICAL AND KINDRED WORKERS
301 Bank tellers
303 Billing clerks
305 Bookkeepers
310 Cashiers
311 Clerical assistants, social welfare
312 Clerical supervisors, n.e.c.
313 Collectors, bill and account
311. Counter clerks, except food

315 Dispatchers and starters, vehicle
320 Enumerators and interviewers
321 Estimators and investigators, n.e.c.
323 Expediters and production controllers
325 File clerks
326 Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators
330 Library attendants and assistants
331 Mail carriers, post office
332 Mailhandlers, except post offlce
333 Messengers and office boys
334 Meter readers, utilities
Office machine operators
341 Bookkeeping and billing machine operators
342 Calculating machine operators
343 Computer and peripheral equipment operators
344 Duplicating machine operators
345 Key punch operators
350 Tabulating machine operators
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355 Office machine operators, n.e.c.
360 Payroll and timekeeping clerks
361 Postal clerks
362 Proofreaders
363 Real estate appraisers
364 Receptionists
Secretaries
370 Secretaries, legal
371 Secretaries, medical
372 Secretaries, n.e.E.
374 Shipping and receiving clerks
375 Statistical clerks
376 Stenographers
381 Stock clerks and storekeepers
382 Teacher aides, except school monitors
383 Telegraph messengers
384 Telegraph operators
385 Telephone operators
390 Ticket, station, and express agents
3 9 1 ~ T y p i s t s
392 Weighers
394 Miscellaneous clerical workers
395 Not specified clerical workers
CRAFTSMEN AND KINDRED WORKERS

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4 0 1 ~ A u t o m o b i l e ~ a c c e s s o r i e s ~ i n s t a l l e r s

```
4 0 1 ~ A u t o m o b i l e ~ a c c e s s o r i e s ~ i n s t a l l e r s
4 0 2 ~ B a k e r s
4 0 2 ~ B a k e r s
4 0 3 ~ B l a c k s m i t h s
4 0 3 ~ B l a c k s m i t h s
4 0 4 ~ B o i l e r m a k e r s ~
4 0 4 ~ B o i l e r m a k e r s ~
4 0 5 \text { Bookbinders}
4 0 5 \text { Bookbinders}
410 Brickmasons and stonemasons
410 Brickmasons and stonemasons
411 Brickmasons and stonemasons, apprentices
411 Brickmasons and stonemasons, apprentices
412 Bulldozer operators
412 Bulldozer operators
413 Cabinetmakers
413 Cabinetmakers
415 Carpenters
415 Carpenters
416 Carpenter apprentices
416 Carpenter apprentices
420 Carpet installers
420 Carpet installers
4 2 1 ~ C e m e n t ~ a n d ~ c o n c r e t e ~ f i n i s h e r s
4 2 1 ~ C e m e n t ~ a n d ~ c o n c r e t e ~ f i n i s h e r s
422 Compositors and typesetters
422 Compositors and typesetters
423 Printing trades apprentices, except pressmen
423 Printing trades apprentices, except pressmen
424 Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen
424 Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen
4 2 5 \text { Decorators and window dressers}
4 2 5 \text { Decorators and window dressers}
426 Dental laboratory technicians
426 Dental laboratory technicians
430 Electricians
430 Electricians
4 3 1 ~ E l e c t r i c i a n ~ a p p r e n t i c e s ~
4 3 1 ~ E l e c t r i c i a n ~ a p p r e n t i c e s ~
4 3 3 \text { Electric power linemen and cablemen}
4 3 3 \text { Electric power linemen and cablemen}
434 Electrotypers and stereotypers
434 Electrotypers and stereotypers
435 Engravers, except photoengravers
435 Engravers, except photoengravers
4 3 6 \text { Excavating, grading, and road machine}
4 3 6 \text { Excavating, grading, and road machine}
        operators; except bulldozer
        operators; except bulldozer
440 Floor layers, except tile setters
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440 Floor layers, except tile setters

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    441 Foremen, n.e.c.
    442 Forgemen and hammermen
    43 Furniture and wood finishers
    4 4 4 \text { Furriers}
    445 Glaziers
    4 4 6 \text { Heat treaters, annealers, and temperers}
    450 Inspectors, scalers, and graders; log and
        lumber
    452 Inspectors, n.e.c.
    4 5 3 \text { Jewelers and watchmakers}
    4 5 4 ~ J o b ~ a n d ~ d i e ~ s e t t e r s , ~ m e t a l ~
    455 Locomotive engineers
    456 Locomotive firemen
    4 6 1 ~ M a c h i n i s t s
    462 Machinist apprentices
    Mechanics and repairmen
    470 Airconditioning, heating, refrigeration
    47 Aircraft
    472 Automobile body repairmen
    473 Automobile mechanics
    474 Automobile mechanic apprentices
    4 7 5 \text { Data processing machine repairmen}
    480 Farm implement
    4 8 1 \text { Heavy equipment mechanics, including diesel}
    482 Household appliance and accessory
        installers and mechanics
    483 Loom fixers
4 8 4 Office machine
485 Radio and television
4 8 6 ~ R a i l r o a d ~ a n d ~ c a r ~ s h o p
4 9 1 ~ M e c h a n i c ~ a p p r e n t i c e s , ~ e x c e p t ~ a u t o ~
4 9 2 Miscellaneous mechanics and repairmen
4 9 5 Not specified mechanics and repairmen
5 0 1 ~ M i l l e r s ; ~ g r a i n , ~ f l o u r , ~ a n d ~ f e e d ~
502 Millwrights
5 0 3 Molders, metal
504 Molder apprentices
5 0 5 Motion picture projectionists
506 Opticians, and lens grinders and polishers
510 Painters, construction and maintenance
511 Painter apprentices
512 Paperhangers
514 Pattern and model makers, except paper
515 Photoengravers and lithographers
516 Piano and organ tuners and repairmen
520 Plasterers
521 Plasterer apprentices
522 Plumbers and pipe fitters
523 Plumber and pipe fitter apprentices
525 Power station operators
530 Pressmen and plate printers, printing
531 Pressman apprentices

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    533 Rollers and finishers, metal
    534 Roofers and slaters
    535 Sheetmetal workers and tinsmiths
    536 Sheetmetal apprentices
    540 Shipfitters
    542 Shoe repairmen
    543 Sign painters and letterers
    545 Stationary engineers
    546 Stone cutters and stone carvers
    550 Structural metal craftsmen
    551 Tailors
    552 Telephone installers and repairmen
    554 Telephone linemen and splicers
    560 Tile setters
    561 Tool and die makers
    562 Tool and die maker apprentices
    563 Upholsterers
    57) Specified craft apprentices, n.e.c.
    572 Not specified apprentices
    575 Craftsmen and kindred workers, n.e.c.
    50 Former members of the Armed Forces
    6 0 0 \text { Present member of the Armed Forces}
    OPERATIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT
601 Asbestos and insulation workers
6 0 2 ~ A s s e m b l e r s
6 0 3 ~ B l a s t e r s ~ a n d ~ p o w d e r m e n ~
6 0 4 ~ B o t t 1 i n g ~ a n d ~ c a n n i n g ~ o p e r a t i v e s
605 Chainmen, rodmen, and axmen; surveying
610 Checkers, examiners, and inspectors;
manufacturing
6 1 1 ~ C l o t h i n g ~ i r o n e r s ~ a n d ~ p r e s s e r s
6 1 2 ~ C u t t i n g ~ o p e r a t i v e s , ~ n . e . c .
613 Dressmakers and seamstresses, except factory
614 Drillers, earth
6 1 5 Dry wall installers and lathers
6 2 0 Dyers
6 2 1 ~ F i l e r s , ~ p o l i s h e r s , ~ s a n d e r s , ~ a n d ~ b u f f e r s
6 2 2 Furnacemen. smeltermen, and pourers
623 Garage workers and gas station attendants
624 Graders and sorters, manufacturing
6 2 5 Produce graders and packers, except factory
and farm
6 2 6 ~ H e a t e r s , ~ m e t a l ~
630 Laundry and dry cleaning operative, n.e.c.
6 3 1 Meat cutters and butchers, except
manufacturing
6 3 3 Meat cutters and butchers, manufacturing
6 3 4 Meat wrappers, retail trade
635 Metal platers
636 Milliners
640 Mine operatives, n.e.c.

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641 Mixing operatives
642 Oilers and greasers, except auto
643 Packers and wrappers, except meat and produce
644 Painters, manufactured articles
645 Photographic process workers
Precision machine operatives
650 Drill press operatives
651 Grinding machine operatives
652 Lathe and milling machine operatives
653 Precision machine operatives, n.e.c.
656 Punch and stamping press operatives
660 Riveters and fasteriers
661 Sailors and deckhands
662 Sawyers
663 Sewers and stitchers
664 Shoemaking machine operatives
665 Solderers
666 Stationary firemen
Textile operatives
670 Carding, lapping, and combing operatives
671 Knitters, loopers, and toppers
672 Spinners, twisters, and winders
673 Weavers
674 Textile operatives, n.e.c.
680 Welders and flame-cutters
681 Winding operatives, n.e.c.
690 Machine operatives, miscellaneous specified
692 Machine operatives, not specified
694 Miscellaneous operatives
695 Not specified operatives
TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES
701 Boatmen and canalmen
703 Bus drivers
704 Conductors and motormen, urban rail transit
705 Deliverymen and routemen
706 Fork lift and tow motor operatives
710 Motormen; mine, factory, logging camp, etc.
711 Parking attendants
712 Railroad brakemen
713 Railroad switchmen
714 Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs
715 Truck drivers
LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM
740 Animal caretakers, except farm
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    750 Carpenters' helpers
    751 Construction laborers, except carpenters'
    helpers
    752 Fishermen and oystermen
753 Freight and material handlers
754 Garbage collectors
755 Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm
760 Longshoremen and stevedores
761 Lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers
762 Stockhandlers
7 6 3 Teamsters
764 Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners
7 7 0 Warehousemen, n.e.c.
780 Miscellaneous laborers
7 8 5 Not specified laborers
FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS
801 Farmers (owners and tenants)
802 Farm managers
FARM LABORERS AND FARM FOREMEN
821 Farm foremen
822 Farm laborers, wage workers
823 Farm laborers, unpaid family workers
824 Farm service laborers, self-employed
SERVICE WORKERS, EXCLUDING PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD
Cleaning Service Workers
g01 Chambermaids and maids, except private
household
902 Cleaners and charwomen
g03 Janitors and sextons
Food Service Workers
910 Bartenders
9 1 1 ~ B u s b o y s
912 Cooks, except private household
9 1 3 Dishwashers
914 Food counter and foumtain workers
9 1 5 Waiters
916 Food service workers, n.e.c., except
private household
Health Service Workers
9 2 1 ~ D e n t a l ~ a s s i s t a n t s
922 Health aides, except nursing

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923 Health trainees
924 Lay midwives
925 Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants
926 Practical nurses
Personal Service Workers
931 Airline stewardesses
932 Attendants, recreation and amusement
933 Attendants, personal service, n.e.c
934 Baggage porters and bellhops
935 Barbers
940 Boarding and lodging house keepers
941 Bootblacks
942 Child care workers, except privatehousehold
943 Elevator operators
944 Hairdressers and cosmetologists
945 Personal service apprentices
950 Housekeepers, except private household
952 School monitors
953 Ushers, recreation and amusement
954 Welfare service aides
Protective Service Workers
960 Crossing guards and bridge tenders
961 firemen, fire protection
962 Guards and watchmen
963 Marshals and constables
964 Policemen and detectives
965 Sheriffs and bailiffs
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS
980 Child care workers, private household
981 Cooks, private household
982 Housekeepers, private household
983 Laundresses, private household
984 Maids and servants, private household
999 Occupation not reported

APPEND!X 2

GLOSSARY

In this documentation, revisions of the NCS Crime Incident Report are referenced by the date which they were implemented in the field.
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Address Segment
See: Segment
AGE
Age is determined by asking respondent for month,
day, and year of birth. From this birthdate, the
interviewer determines the respondent's age as of the
last day of the month previous to the interview
month. The respondent is asked to verify the
calculated age. Age is important to determine
interview eligibility and type of interview to be
conducted: 1) under 12 - not interviewed; number of
such children is determined from household respondent,
2) }12\mathrm{ and older - universe for interviews, 3) 12 and
13 - proxy interview conducted, 4) 14 and older -
interviewed individually, unless ill or otherwise
unavailable, 5) }16\mathrm{ and older - interview includes
empioyment status question.

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ASSAULT
This category is defined in BJS publications to be an unlawful physical attack, whether aggravated or simple, upon a person. It includes attempted assaults with or without a weapon, but excludes rape or attempted rape, as well as attacks involving theft or attempted theft, which are classified as robbery. Severity of these attacks are classified into two major sub-categories, simple and aggravated assault. Simple assault is defined as an attack without a weapon resulting either in minor injury (e.g., bruises, black eyes, cuts, scratches, swelling) or in undetermined injury requiring less than two days of hospitalization. It also includes attempted assault without a weapon. Aggravated assault is defined as an attack with a weapon, irrespective of whether or not there was injury, or an attack without a weapon that resulted in serious injury (e.g., broken bones, loss of teeth, internal injuries, loss of consciousness) or in undetermined injury requiring two or more days of hospitalization. It also includes attempted assault with a weapon.

ARHED FORCES
See: Military Status
ATTACKED
For a victim to have been attacked, there must have been some form of actual physical contact between the victim and the offender. If something was thrown at the victim but did not hit him/her or if \(s / h e\) was shot at but not struck by the bullet, s/he is not considered to have been attacked, but threatened. See also: Threatened

ATTEMPTED FORCIBLE ENTRY
A form of burglary in which force is used in an attempt to gain entrance, e.g., by breaking a window or slashing a screen. The same definition is used in the BJS published reports and the NCS Classification Scheme.

See also: Burglary, Forcible Entry, Unlawful Entry Without Force

AUTO THEFT
See: Hotor Vehicle Theft
BASIC SCREEN QUESTIONNAIRE
Used to obtain characteristics of the household and individual household members 12 years of age and older, as well as to screen for incidents of crime against the household and/or household members. It has four sections: 1) ecver page for identification items and general information, 2) personal characteristics items for obtaining general information on persons, 3) household screen questions, asked only of the household respondent, to elicit information on whether any household crimes were committed during the reference period, and 4) individual screen questions, asked of all household members twelve and over including the household respondent, to elicit information on whether any crimes against individual household members were committed during the reference period.
See also: Household Screen Questions, Questionnaire Forms, Interviewing Sequence

BOUNDING PROCEDURE
A technique used in the National Sample to estabiish a time of reference during the first interview to avoid recording duplicate reports of incidents in subsequent interviews. A bounding interview is conducted at the first visit to the household. Data collected from this interview are not tabulated. In subsequent interviews, newly reported incidents are
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compared with descriptions of incidents reported in the
previous interview. The incident is eliminated if the
interviewer determines that the same incident has been
reported in the previous interview period. In the 1972
and the first half of }1973\mathrm{ NCS National Sample
interviews, the first-time interviews were unbounded.
Bounded interviews started in January 1973 and July
1973 for the first rotation groups; thus, by July 1973,
bounded interviews were being conducted in all
returning rotation groups. Because of the large number
of unbounded interviews, the 1972 National Sample files
are not being released.
See also: Sample Rotation, Reference Period
BURGLARY
One of the six major types of crimes covered by the
National Crime Survey. Burglary refers to the
following crimes against households: forcible entry
and unlawful entry without force, usually but not
necessarily attended by theft, and attempted forcible
entry. The same definition is used in the BJS
published reports and the NCS Classification Scheme.
See also: Crimes, Forcible Entry, Unlawful Entry
Without Force, Attempted Forcible Entry
CENTRAL CITY
The incorporated city (or cities) which is central
to an urbanized area and/or a Standard Metropolitan
Statistical Area. It is bounded by city limits. A
central city or the combined central cities must have
a population of 50,000 or more.
See also: Urbanized Area, Standard Metropolitan
Statistical Area, Place Description Code

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CHECK DIGIT
In the National Sample, the control digit is
computed on the nine digits of the PSU, segment number
and sample number. The check digit is part of the
control number which uniquely identifies a sample
unit.
See also: Control Number
CHILDREN UNDER 12, CRIMES AGAINST
Crimes against children under 12 are not included in
the NCS. If items belonging to a child were stolen
from inside the home or from the immediate vicinity and
the child was not attacked or threatened, the incident
is treated as a household crime.

CLASS OF WORKER
Categories include:
Private Employee - person who work for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, piece-rates, or pay in kind; this applies regardless
of the occupation at which the employee worked, whether general manager, file clerk, or porter. Also includes persons working for pay for settlement houses, churches, unions, and other pilvate non-profit organizations.
Government Employee - persons who work for any branch of federal, state or local governments. It includes persons who were elected to paid federal offices and members of the Armed Forces. Also includes employees of international organizations and employees of foreign governments. Self-Employed persons who work for profit or fees in own business, farm, shop, office, etc. Does not apply to managers, superintendents, or other executives hired to manage a business.
Working Without Pay - persons working without pay on a farm or business operated by a related member of the household. Room and board and a cash allowance are not counted as pay for these family workers; however, if the worker receives money which is definitely considered to be wages for work performed, they should be considered a private employee. The listing of industry and occupation codes follows the glossary. See also: Industry Code, Occupation Code

CLOSEOUT
This refers to the time period in which either interviewers or the regional offices try to obtain interviews from noninterviewed persons prior to transmitting the questionnaire data for keying.

\section*{CLUSTER}

See: Segment
COLLECTION QUARTER
A calendar quarter of the year during which interviews are conducted in the National Sample. The differing Six-month reference period for each month's interviews results in data on crimes that occurred during an 8 -month period. For example, interviews conducted during the first collection quarter of 1973 reflect crimes occurring between July 1,1972 and February 28, 1973. This concept is used for processing purposes only, not for data tabulations. See also: Reference Period

COMPLETE SAMPLE FILES
NCS tape files containing data for both interviewed and noninterviewed households, victims and non-victims. The files are hierarchical in structure, consisting of three record types: household records, person records and incident records (including series incidents). The National Complete Sample files are arranged by the quarter in which the interviews were
conducted (collection quarters).
CONFIDENTIALITY
The law (U.S. Code 42, Section 3771, 3789g, and 3735) provides that all information given to the U.S. Bureau of the Census for this survey must be held in confidence and may be used only for statistical purposes. The Bureau may not release any statistics which might disclose the identity of any individual or household. This protection explains why public data of ten do not provide the level of detail many researchers might wish. Current restrictions prohibit identification of areas containing fewer than 100,000 persons, when releasing individual or microdata.

\section*{CONTROL CARD}

The control card (or cover sheet) is one of four basic forms used to collect the NCS data. It is the first form the interviewer completes during the initial interview and is updated on each subsequent interview as long as the household is in the sample. It contains the address of each sample unit and the basic household data, such as the names of all persons living there and their age, race, sex, marital status, education, etc. In addition, such items as family income, tenure of the unit, and pertinent information about non-interviewed units are also included on the Control Card. The Control Card also serves as a record of visits, telephone calls, interviews non-interview reasons, etc. See also: Interviewing Sequence, Questionnaire Forms

CONTROL NUMBER
A control number is assigned to each sample
unit. In the National Sample, the control number is composed of five elements: the sample, PSU, Segment number, Check Digit, and Serial Number.
See also: PSU, Segment Number, Check Digit, Serial Number, Identification Code, Sample Designation

CRIME CLASSIFICATION
Because the Crime Incident Report completed for each victimization includes information on the presence or absence of specific elements in the incident, it is possible to construct several different types of classification schemes. The National Crime Survey (NCS) Classification Scheme consists of 36 detailed crime types. See the separate note on NCS Crime Classification.

CRIME INCIDENT REPORT
Used to gather the detailed information about crimes reported in either the Household or Individual Screen

Question section of the Basic Screen Questionnaire. One Crime Incident Report is completed for each incident of crime reported in answer to the screen questions. Under certain circumstances, interviewers are allowed to report several incidents on one form -- so-called "series" incident reports are made in these cases. See also: Questionnaire Forms. Series Incident Report, Interviewing Sequence

CRIMES
The National Crime Surveys focus on measuring the extent of victimization ascribable to the major crimes commonly referred to as assault, rape, robbery, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft. The surveys do not provide measures for other offenses such as murder, kidnapping, shoplifting, intoxication, gambling, etc. See the separate note on NCS Crime Classification.
See also: Crime Classification, NCS Classification Scheme

ED
See: Enumeration District (ED)
EDUCATION
Current education level of household members listed on the control card. Respondents are asked the highest grade or year of regular school attended, and whether that year was completed. Regular schools include all graded public: private, parochial schools, colleges, universities, and professional schools which advance a person toward an elementary or high school diploma, or a college degree. Regular schools do not include vocational, trade, business, correspondence, or other specialized schools, unless credits obtained are accepted in the regular school system. For persons still attending regular school, highest grade attended is the one in which they are currently enrolled. Education questions, which are on the controi card, are asked routinely at the \(1 \mathrm{st}, 3 \mathrm{rd}\), 5 th, and 7 th visits only.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT
The highest grade attended and whether or not that year was completed. This is a recoded variable for use in BJS published reports. It is classified as follows: Never attended or kindergarten, Elementary, High School, College, and N.A. Post-graduate work is coded as "College."

EMPLOYMENT STATUS
Recoded variable for use in BJS published reports. Categories are: Age under 16, in Armed Forces, employed, unemployed, keeping house, in
school, retired, other.
See also: Major Activity
ENUMERATION
The process of obtaining information about selected units of study in a survey or census.

ENUMERATION DISTRICT (ED)
A small geographic area with well-defined boundaries set up for the 1970 or 1980 census and containing about 250 households. Numerous EDs are spread over an entire PSU. In the NCS National Sample, each selected EDs is subdivided into segments of four households. Then a sample of these segments is selected. See also: Primary Sampling Unit (PSU), Segment

ENUMERATION PERIOD
The length of time allotted to interviewers for completing their assigned workload for a survey or census; commonly referred to as the interview period. In the National Sample, households are enumerated during the first two weeks of every month.
See also: Household Status, Enumeration

\section*{ESTIMATE}

A numeric value obtained from a sample used to describe the measurement which would be obtained if a complete census were carried out. An estimate of a total for a population is obtained by multiplying a sample count by a systematically designed weight which has the effect of inflating the sample count to represent the total population. Basically, the sample count is inflated by the reciprocal of the probability of selection. Each survey estimate has its own variance and standard error.

\section*{ETHNICITY}

A Household respondent's statement of his or her family's national or major multi-national area of derivation; e.g., Spanish, Irish, Chinese, German, etc. Adopted, foster step-children, and children with one parent not a member of the household are asked this question separately. When both parents are household members. the child's origin may be marked without asking. Multiple origins with one part Spanish are classified under the appropriate Spanish category. Respondents stating only "Negro", "Black", "Afro-American", or "Colored" are listed as Negro. Beginning in July 1986, this question is asked only to determine if a person is of Hispanic or non-Hispanic descent.

EXTRA UNITS
Household units or OTHER units which are discovered at time of interview or during updating and are not already entered on the listing sheet for the segment. 1) a. in Area segments, EXTRA units must be in the same structure or on the same property as the sample unit being interviewed. b. In Special Places within Area segments, an EXTRA unit must be within the specific address of the original unit. 2) In Address (or Unit), Cen-Sup, and Special Place segments, EXTRA units must be within the specific address of the sample unit being interviewed, but need not be within the same structure or on the same property. 3) In Permit segments, EXTRA units must be within the specific address of the sample unit being interviewed and must be within the same structure. When housing units or OTHER units which qualify as EXTRA units are discovered, they are interviewed and allocated to the sample without bias. See also: Segment, Housing Unit, Other Unit, Special Places, Listing, Household Status, Updating

FAMILY INCOME
The sum of income received by each member 14 years of age or older, of a family living in a sample housing unit. The income may include wages, salaries, net income from business or farm, pension, dividends, rent or any other money income (not identified as income are such things as room and board, insurance payments, lump sum inheritances, occasional gifts, money from selling property, withdrawals from savings accounts, or tax refunds) for the \(12-\) month period immediately preceding the month of interview. it is not the calendar year unless the month of the interview was January. For housing units in the National Sample which are interviewed more than once, this question is asked only during the first, third, fifth, and seventh interviews.

\section*{FORCIBLE ENTRY}

A forin of burglary in which force is used to gain entrance; e.g., by breaking a window or slashing a screen. Forcible entry may or may not be accompanied by theft or property damage. Evidence of force must be physical and visible, i.e., able to be seen after the occurrence of the incident. An open or unlocked door is not physical, visible evidence. See also: Burglary, Unlawful Entry Without Force, Attempted Forcible Entry

GROUP QUARTERS
Censtrs term used to describe quarters occupied by 5 or more persons unrelated to the head of

\section*{household. Quarters with no designated head but with 6 or more unrelated persons are also group quarters. Some quarters occupied by fewer than six persons may also be group quarters by definition; e.g., living quarters in dormitories occupied by students. Group quarters were selected from Census listings. See also: Housing Unit, Other Unit, Special Place}

HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD
Prior to 1979, one person in each household was designated as "head," usually the person reported by the members of the household to be the head.
Beginning in 1979 a non-head of household approach was instituted and interviewers were instead instructed to designate a "reference person," that being one household member who owns, is buying, or is renting the housing unit. The reference person may be any one household member 18 years of age or older-usually the first person listed in the household membership. If all household members are under 18, the interviewer will choose the person identified as owning or renting the living quarters.
See also: Reference Person, Relationship to Reference Person

\section*{HOUSEHOLD}

A group of occupants of a sample unit who meet the criteria for household membership.
See also: Sample Unit, Household Member
HOUSEHOLD CRIME
See: Household Victimization
HOUSEHOLD INCIDENT
See: Household Victimization
HOUSEHOLD LARCENY
See: Larceny
HOUSEHOLD MEMBER
Persons in an sample unit are members of the
household if: 1) their usual place of residence at the time of the interview is the sample unit, and 2) they have no usual place of residence
elsewhere. Usual place of residence must be specific living quarters held by the person, to which s/he is free to return at any time, and at which s/he usually lives and sleeps. Household members not only include members of the family, but may also include: lodgers, servants, other employees who live in the unit and consider it their usual place of residence. Usual residents also include persons who live in the sample unit but are temporarily absent. Armed Forces members
are considered household members if they are stationed near-by and usually sleep in the sample
unit. Students attending school away from home are not considered household members at their parents' home.
See also: Household, Sample Unit

\section*{HOUSEHOLD NUMBER}

Identifies the sequence of households that occupy a particular address. For example, if a new family moves into a sample unit being interviewed for a second time, the household number will be "2" indicating that this is a different household from that previously interviewed.
See also: Household Status
HOUSEHOLD RESPONDENT
A person chosen by the interviewer who appears to be knowledgeable about the household composition and is able to answer the household screen questions dealing with crimes against the household. This person is generally 18 years of age or older; however, if no one in the household is at least 18 years of age, the interviewer will choose someone who appears to be knowledgeable about the entire household.
household screen questions
These questions ask about any crimes against the household, such as actual or attempted break-ins, theft of household goods, and motor vehicle thefts. These screen questions are asked only once of the household respondent and are used to determine whether a Crime Incident Report should be completed.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire, Individual Screen Questions, Crime Incident Report
hOUSEHOLD STATUS
Consists of the following categories: 1) Same household as last enumeration, if the same household was interviewed during the previous interview period. 2) Replacement household since last enumeration if the former occupants have moved and the unit is now occupied by a new household. 3) Previous non-interview or not in sample before -- for an interviewed unit that was previously non-interviewed for any reason, for a unit in its first period of enumeration, or for an EXTRA unit being interviewed for the first time.
See also: Extra Units, Enumeration
household victimization
A specific criminal act as it affects the household. Each criminal act against a household is assumed to involve a single victim: the affected
household. Therefore, the terms household
victimization and household incident are
synonymous. As used in BJS published reports, crimes
against households include burglary, household
larceny, and motor vehicle theft. If any household
member is attacked or threatened during the crime, it
is considered a personal crime and reports are taken
from each person who was personally victimized.
Typically, household victimizations are reported by
the household respondent. However, any interviewed
member may report household crimes in response to
individual screen questions.
See also: Personal Victimization, Household Screen
Questions
HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT
In the National Sample, the household weight is based on the "principal persons weight." The weight for the principal person in husband-wife households equals the weight for the wife, excluding the within-household non-interview anjustment. For non-husband-wife households, the principal person weight equals the weight for the reference person, excluding the within-household non-interview adjustment. See also: Weight, Person Weight, Incident Weight, Non-interview Adjustment
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HOUSING UNIT
A group of rooms or a single room, occupied as
separate living quarters. Separate living quarters
exist when the occupants do not live and eat with any
other persons in the structure. AND when there is
either direct access from the outside or through a
common hall, OR complete kitchen facilities for this
unit only. Vacant rooms or groups of rooms, which are
intended for occupancy as separate living quarters are
also considered housing units. A unit has complete
kitchen facilities when it has an installed sink with
piped water AND a range or cooking stove AND a
mechanical refrigerator. All units in the National
Sample are defined as either being a housing unit or
an OTHER unit.
See also: Group Quarters, Living Quarters, Extra
Unit, Household, Occupied Housing Unit, Vacant Housing
Unit, Other Unit
IDENTIFICATION CODE
A sample designation and control number assigned to
each sample unit.
See also: Sample Designation, Control Number
INCIDENT
A specific criminal act involving one or more victims and offenders. In the NCS, victims may be

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persons 12 or older or households.
See also: Crimes, Victimization
INCIDENT REPORT
See also: Crime Incident Report

INCIDENT WEIGHT
For the National Sample, regardless of the personal crime type, the incident weight is computed by dividing the person's weight by the total number of persons victimized during an incident. For household crimes, the incident weight and the household weight are the same, since there can be only one household that sustains a erime incident.
See also: Weight, Household Weight, Person Weight
INCOME
See: Family Income
INDIVIDUAL SCREEN QUESTIONS
Questions asked for each household member 12 years of age and older designed to elicit information on both personal and property crimes committed against these persons. A Crime Incident Report is completed for each crime recorded in the Individual Screen Questions.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire, Household Screen Questions, Crime Incident Report

I NDUSTRY CODE
A three-digit numeric code assigned to persons using the 1970 or 1980 Alphabetic Index of Industries and Occupations, based on the kind of business or industry at the location where the person works. For unemployed persons, the industry code is assigned on the basis of the last job held within 5 years. The listing of industry codes follows the glossary. See also: Occupation Code, Class or Worker, Major Activity

\section*{INJURY}

Bodily hurt or damage sustained by a victim as a result of criminal assault. The types of injuries suffered are used to distinguish between serious and minor assaults. Serious injuries include knife or gunshot wounds, broken bones, loss of teeth, and loss of consciousness. Minor injuries include bruises, black eyes, cuts, scratches, swelling. Other injuries that can't be identified as serious or minor are distinguished by the amount of hospitalization required. Injuries suffered from an attack during a - crime incident include any and all PHYSICAL (bodily) damage experienced by the victim such as broken bones, bruises, cuts, internal injuries, and so
on. Emotional upset is not included.
See also: Assaultive violence

INTERVIEW PERIOD
See: Enumeration Period

INTERVIEW PROCEDURES
Before the scheduled field interview, a letter informing each household about the NCS and the interviewer's impending visit is sent to each sample unit. The initial contact with the household is a personal visit, at which time interviews are obtained for as many household members 12 years or older as possible. Subsequent to the initial personal interviews, interviewers are allowed to make telephone callbacks to obtain interviews with the remaining eligible household members.
See also: Interviewing Sequence, Noninterview Procedures

INTERVIEW, TYPE OF
1) Personal interviews: Each enumeration period, initial interviews in a household are conducted in person. Follow-up interviews to reach persons not available at the time of the initial visit may be made by telephone. 2) Self Respondent: A self-respondent is a person who answers questions for
him/herself. Information about each household member 14 years and over is obtained by self-response; that is, each of these persons is by self-response; that is, each of these persons is interviewed for him/herself. 3) Proxy Respondent: A proxy respondent is a respondent who answers questions for another person. Information about each household member aged 12 and 13 is obtained by asking the. , questions for these persons of the household respondent or some other knowledgeable household member. If a particular household member 14 or older is physically or mentally unable to answer the individual questions, or is temporarily absent and is not expected to return before the enumeration closeout date, the interviewer is instructed to accept information from another knowledgeable household member. 4) Telephone Interviews: The telephone may be used to conduct interviews with household members not available for interview at the time of the initial personal interview at the household. Beginning in March 1986, all interviews except the first and fifth are conducted by telephone.

INTERVIEWING SEQUENCE
The general interview sequence for the NCS National Sample is to (l) fill a Control Card for the Unit, ask all appropriate personal characteristics and
screen questions (including Household Screen
Questions) on the Basic Screen Questionnaire of the household respondent, (3) get detalled reports on the Incident Report of any incidents of crime mentioned by the household respondent in the Basic Screen Questionnaire, and (4) ask all appropriate personal characteristics and screen questions and fill in incident reports, if any, for each subsequent eligible household member. An entire interview is completed for a household member before proceeding with the next person.
See also:: Interview Procedures, Control Card, Basic Screen Questionnaire, Crime Incident Report

LAND USE
For rural areas, land use may be either "farm" or "non-farm" as defined in the 1970 or 1980 Census. 1) Farm use--either of two sets of conditions must be met: a) Property of 10 acres or more AND \(\$ 50\) or more i.ncome from sales of farm products \(O R\) b) Property of less than 10 acres AND \(\$ 250\) or more income from sales of farm products. 2) Non-farm use--either of two sets of conditions must be met: a) Property of 10 acres or more AND less than \(\$ 50\) income from sales of farm products OR b) less than 10 acres property AND less than \(\$ 250\) income from sales of farm products. In determining size of property, all tracts of land which the respondent considers to be on the same praperty, farm, ranch, estate, etc., are included. If the respondent is renting the property for cash, only the acreage specifically paid for is included. Income from sales of farm products refers to the GROSS amount received from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock, milk, wool, poultry, eggs, nursery and forest products, etc., produced on the land in question during the 12 months prior to the interview. Value of products consumed on the property is not included. Efforts are made to obtain this information for Type \(A\) and Type \(B\) non-interviews as well. Beginning in July 1986, this definition was modified. To determine if the land is for farm use, a question is asked if farm sales were \(\$ 1,000\) or under \(\$ 1,000\).
See also: Rural, Urban

\section*{LARCENY}

One of the six major types of crime covered by the National Crime Survey. As used in BJS publications, larceny is defined as theft or attempted theft of property or cash without force. A basic distinction is made between personal and household larceny. Subcategories of larceny are based on the amount of cash and/or property taken. Household larceny is defined as theft or attempted theft of property or cash from a
residence or its immediate vicinity. For a household larceny to occur within the home itself, the thief must be someone with a right to be there, such as a maid, a delivery person, or a guest. Forcible entry, attempted forcible entry, or unlawful entry are not involved. Personal larceny (identified as Personal Crimes of Theft in BJS publications) is composed of two subcategories: personal larceny with contast and personal larceny without contact. Personal larceny with contact is defined as the theft of a purse, wallet, or cash by stealth directly from the person of the victim, but without force or threat of force. It also includes attempted purse snatching. Personal larceny without contact is defined as theft or attempted theft, without direct contact between the victim and the offender, of property or cash from any place other than the victim's home or its immediate vicinity. The property need not be strictly personal in nature; the act is distinguished from household larceny solely by place of occurrence. Examples of personal larceny without contact include the theft of a briefcase or umbrella from a restaurant, a portable radio from the beach, a bicycle from a school yard, etc. In rare cases, the victim sees the offender during the commission of the act.

See also: Crimes, robbery, forcible entry, unlawful, entry, attempted forcible entry

LINE NUMBER
A two-digit number assigned during the interview to identify each individual in a household. Line numbers serve to link Control Card data to the Personal Characteristics data, and both of these to the Incident Reports data.

LISTING
Major procedure preparatory to interviewing units. All listing is done by the interviewer before contacting any sample units. In general, listing is done by observation and consists of noting the location of every place where people live or might live within a given address or segment, using street names, house numbers, apartment numbers, and unit locations. Listing procedures are detailed and extensiva, and vary somewhat depending on the type of segment.
See also: Updating, Segment, Extra Units
LIVING QUARTERS
This is a general term for structures occupied or intended for human occupancy. Living quarters are classified as either housing units or OTHER units. Six types of housing units are distinguished for NCS: 1)

House, apartment, flat: includes such housing units as an apartment over a garage or behind a store, jamitor's quarters in an office building, and housing units in converted barns or sheds, as well as ordinary houses and apartments. 2) Housing unit in a non-transient hotel, motel, etc: all separate living quarters in non-transient hotels, motels, etc. are housing units by definition. 3) Housing unit permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.: occupied or intended for occupancy by permanent guests or resident employees. 4) Housing units in rooming house. 5) Mobile home or trailer: includes those with permanent foundations. 6) Housing unit not specified above. Four types of OTHER units are distinguished for NCS: 1) Quarters, not housing unit, in rooming or boarding house. 2) Unit not permanent in transient hotel, motel, etc.: quarters not occupied or intended for occupancy by permanent guests or resident employees. 3) Vacant tent site or trailer site. 4) Not specified above: for example, beds in flophouses, units for students in dormitories, and units in communes.
See also: Housing Unit, Other Units, Special Places, Transient/Nontransient, Place of Residence, Tenure

MAJOR ACTIVITY LAST WEEK
Used in determining whether household members are employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. For the BJS published reports, the major activity categories are used in a recode to obtain an employment status variable consisting of: Age under 16, in Armed Forces, employed, unemployed, keeping house, in school, retired, and other.
A. Working: person working for pay or profit, working without pay on family farm or business, or on jury duty if being paid. Persons doing the following types of unpaid work are not considered "working": 1) unpaid work which does not contribute to the operation of a family farm or business, 2) unpaid work for a related member of the household who does not operate a farm or business, but is him/herself a salaried employee, 3) unpaid work for an unrelated member of the household, 4) unpaid work for a relative not in household, 5) volunteer work without pay for an organization, 6) time for which person is paid while on temporary duty in the Armed forces reserve or National Guard, 7) persons with investments only, B) work relief programs. B. With Job But Not At Work: temporarily absent from a job or business for such reasons as illness, vacation, bad weather, labor dispute, temporary layoff, etc. C. Looking for Work: in the market for a job or trying to start a business or profession. D. Keeping House: persons
primarily occupied with their own housework including those that indicate that keeping house would have been their chief activity except for their own temporary illness or absence from home. This category applies to any person who says they spend most of their time managing or being responsible for the care of the home and/or the children. More than one person in a household may be marked as "keeping house." E. Going To School: persons attending any kind of public or private school, including trade or vocational schools in which students receive no compensation in money or kind. F. Unable to Work: because of long-term physical or mental illness or disability, the person is unable to do any kind of work. G. Retired: any person who says s/he is retired. If the person is simply working shorter hours because of retirement, they are marked as "working." He Other: persons whose activity or status cannot be described by codes defined above. This includes persons in the Armed Forces. The listing of industry and occupation codes follows the glossary.
See also: Industry Code, Occupation Code, Unemployed, Recode

MARITAL STATUS
Marital status may be: 1) Married: includes common-law marriage 2) Widowed 3) Divorced 4) Separated: those married persons who have a legal separation or who have parted because of marital discord, but have not yet obtained a divorce. Those who have parted temporarily for reasons other than marital discord (such as employment, Armed Forces, etc.) are recorded as married. 5) Never Married: includes all children under 14 , and person who have never been married or whose only marriages have been annulled.

MEDICAL CARE
Victims who were injured during an incident are asked whether they received any medical care for their injuries. Prior to 1979, medical care included only treatment rendered by trained prôessionals. In 1979 this was changed to include paraprofessionals, non-professionals and self-treatment.

MEDICAL EXPENSES, TOTAL AMOUNT OF
This is the total amount of medical expenses which results directly from the victim's injuries in the incident. Included are such items as doctor and hospital bills, ambulance services, and any special devices or aids the victim was forced to obtain as a result of the injury. If the victim is still undergoing treatment for injuries related to the incident, the total amount of medical expenses is an
estimate of the total projected medical expense.
military status
Determined for males and females \(18-65\) years of age. "In Armed Forces" includes those serving on active duty at the time of the interview in U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, or the reserve branch of any of the above only if currently on active duty status for several months. Also includes commissioned officers of the U.S. Public Heal th Service who are attached to any branch of the Armed Forces, and National Guardsmen on active duty. Cadets in U.S. Military academies also are considered to be with the Armed Forces.

MINOR ASSAULT
See: Assault
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT
Stealing or unauthorized taking of a motor vehicle, including attempts at such acts. Motor vehicles include automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, and any other motorized vehicle legally allowed on most roads and highways. A motor vehicle is usually a car, truck, motorcycle, or other vehicle which may be legally driven on public roads. Not included are boats, airplanes, mini-bikes, or snowmobiles.

MOTOR VEHICLES, TOTAL NUMBER OF
All motor vehicles owned during the reference period are counted, including those sold, given away, junked, stolen, or abandoned. Motor vehicles used SOLELY by a recognizable business are not included, nor are vehicles loaned to the respondent for private use by a business, unless the respondent owns the business. Motor vehicles used by a student, owned by his/her parents, and kept away from home are not included.

NCS CLASSIFICATION SCHEME
The NCS classification is 1) personal crimes of violence (rape, robbery, and assault), 2) personal crimes of theft (personal larceny with or without contact), 3) household crimes (burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft). Each type comprises several subcategories. Incidents in the NCS tape files have been coded according to the NCS Classification Scheme. This refers to how type of crime codes are formed from answers victims of crime give to certain questions found on the incident report form. These questions are used to form the NCS hierarchy of crimes, with rape being the most serious and personal larceny without contact being the least serious of the personal crimes. For the household crimes, burglary is the most serious crime in the hierarchy, and household larceny
the least.
See also: Crime Classification
NON-INTERVIEW
For various reasons, interviewers are unable to obtain interviews for all sample units. Such units are classified as non-interviews and are handled as follows: A) when an interview for an eligible household is not obtained for some reason such as refusal; B) when an interview is not obtained because the unit is ineligible for interview at the present time, such as a vacant but could become eligible in the future; \(c\) ) when the unit is physically ineligible, e.g., demolished; and \(Z\) ) when a particular member is not interviewed in an otherwise interviewed household.

NON-INTERVIEW TYPE A
Consists of households occupied by persons eligible for interview but from whom no interviews are obtained, because: 1) no one is at home in spite of repeated visits, 2) the entire household is temporarily away during all of the interview period, 3) the household refuses to give any information, 4) the unit cannot be reached due to impassable roads, 5) interview is not conducted due to a serious illness or death in the family, 6) the interviewer is unable to locate the sample unit. Every effort is made to avoid this type of non-interview in order to keep the unit and maintain a representative sample. A Non-Interview adjustment is applied to interviewed household and person weights so that Type \(A\) units are represented in the sample.

NON-INTERVIEW TYPE B
Consists of units which are not eligible for interview because: 1) unit is a vacant regular housing unit, 2) unit is vacant and used for storage of household furniture, 3) unit is occupied by persons usually residing elsewhere, 4) unit unfit for habitation or to be demolished, 5) unit under construction and not ready for occupancy, 6) unit temporarily converted to business or storage, 7) address identifies an unoccupied tent or trailer site, 8) permit granted, but construction not started, 9) household consists entirely of persons who are ineligible for the survey. Since these units might become eligible in the future, they are revisited in subsequent periods that the unit is in the sample. If they become eligible, the household is interviewed. The sample size is sufficiently large to allow for Type B NonInterviews.

Consists of units not eligible for sample because: 1) no address was listed on the sample line of the listing sheet, 2) unit demolished by time of enumeration, 3) house or trailer has been moved, 4) unit converted to permanent business or storage, 5) unit has been merged with another unit, 6) unit condemned and unoccupied, 7) outside the segment boundary, 8) built after April 1. 1980, 9) permit was abandoned. The sample size is sufficiently large to to allow for Type \(C\) Non-Interviews.

NON-INTERVIEW TYPE \(Z\)
A within-household non-interview. It occurs when the interviewer is unable to obtain an interview for a particular household member in an otherwise interviewed household, e.g., the person is never available, refused, or is physically or mentally unable to answer and no proxy is available. For this type of non-interview person, only a few personal characteristic items are filled in on the Basic Screen Questionnaire. A Non-Interview adjustment is applied to interviewed person weights to account for within-household non-interviews.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire
NON-INTERVIEW ADJUSTMENTS
Adjustments made to interviewed household and person weights. A household non-interview adjustment accounts for occupied units qualified to participate in the survey, but from which an interview was not obtained (Non-Interview Type A). A within-household non-interview adjustment accounts for situations in which at least one, but not all, eligible persons in a household were interviewed (Non-Interviewed, Type Z). See also: Household Weight, Person Weight

OCCUPATION CODE
A three-digit numeric code assigned using the 1970 or 1980. Alphabetic Index of Industries and Occupations and based on the type of job held by the person. For unemployed persons, the occupation code is based on the last job held within the last five years. The listing of occupation codes follows the glossary.

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT
A housing unit is considered occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or persons living in it at the time of the interview.
See also: Place of Residence, Housing Unit

OFFENDER
The person who committed the crime or was believed to be the person who committed the crime.

OPERATION OF BUSINESS
For the purposes of the National Crime Survey, a distinction is made between two types of businesses. These are categorized as recognizable businesses and unrecognizable businesses. A recognizable business is one that is observable and identifiable from the outside by a sign or some other indication. Crimes involving any recognizable business, such as property stolen from the business, are not included in the NCS. Only the loss of personal property of the respondent or of another household member, or personal threat or injury to the respondent or other household member (s) is included if a crime involves a recognizable business. An unrecognizable business has no outside indication, such as a sign in the yard or window, which indicates that it is a business. An example of an unrecognizable business is a mail order business run from the home, if there is no sign outside the house advertising the business. Crimes involving unrecognizable businesses, including property stolen from the business, are included in the NCS estimates.

OTHER UNITS
Refers to living quarters which do not qualify as housing units. OTHER units are located in special places such as institutions, dormitories, and boarding houses where the residents have their own rooms, groups of rooms, or beds, and also have some common facilities such as a dining room, lobby, or living room or recreational areas. Some of the rooms, groups of rooms, etc., in these places are always classified as OTHER units, even though they have direct access or complete kitchen facilities. Other rooms or groups of rooms are classified as OTHER units if they do NOT meet the housing unit definition. All units in the National Samples are defined as either being a housing unit or an OTHER unit.
See also: Housing Unit, Living Quarters, Special Places, Group Quarters, Extra Units

OUT OF UNIVERSE
Out of Universe (or INAP) is used in the codebook documentation to designate those areas for which the particular question was not appropriate and therefore not asked. For example, employment-related questions were not asked of persons under the age of 16 .
See also: Residue
PANEL
Used in the National Sample rotation scheme. Each panel is a systematic one-sixth sample of the sample units, which is interviewed semi-annually during two
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designated months, e.g., January and July, or February
and August.
See also: Sample Rotation
PANEL NUMBER
In the National Sample, an identification number
(1-6) assigned to each cose in the sample which
identifies the months in which the unit is to be
interviewed (e.g., Panel 1 housing units are
interviewed in January and July). The panel number
is the first digit of the segment number
See also: Segment Number
PERSON WEIGHT
The person weight is based on the basic weight of
the person in the sample plus adjustments for
within-household non-interviews, sub-samplings,
non-interviewed households, and various ratio
estimates.
See also: Weight, Household Weight, Incident
Weight, Non-interview Adjustments
PERSONAL CRIMES
See: Personal Incident, Personal Victimization,
Larceny
PERSONAL CRIMES OF THEFT
See: Larceny, Robbery
PERSONAL INCIDENT
A specific criminal act involving one or more
persons as victims of one or more offenders. In BJS
published reports, crimes against persons include
rape, robbery, assault, and personal larceny.
Estimates of the number of personal incidents are
usually lower than estimates of personal victimizations
because the number of persons victimized during an
incident are not accounted for separately. Also, in
situations where a personal crime occurred during the
course of a commercial crime, it was assumed that the
incident was represented in the old Commercial
Victimization Survey and, therefore, it was not counted
as an incident of personal crime. However, beginning
with the NEW }1979\mathrm{ NCS questionnaire, exclusion of
crimes occurring in a commercial establishment is no
longer done when using the incident weight. Bureau of
Justice Statistics publications reflect this change
beginning with the 1983 CRIMINAL VICTIMIZATION IN THE
UNITED STATES report.
See also: Personal Victimization, Victimization,
Incident Weight
PERSONAL INTERVIEWS
See: Interview, Type of

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PERSONAL LARCENY
See: Larceny
PERSONAL THEFT WITHOUT ASSAULT
See: Larceny
PERSONAL VICTIMIZATION
A specific criminal act as it affects one victimized person. In BJS published reports, crimes against person include rape, robbery, assault, and personal larceny. Estimates of the number of personal victimizations are determined by the number of victims of such acts; ordinarily, the number of victimizations is somewhat higher than the number of incidents because more than one person is victimized during certain incidents, and because details of personal crimes occurring during the course of a commercial crime, as related to the victimized person, are reflected in these estimates.
See also: Personal Incident, Victimization, Incident

PLACE
The term place refers to a concentration of population, regardless of the existence of legally prescribed units, powers, or functions. However, most of the places identified in the census are incorporated as cities, towns, villages, or boroughs. In addition, the larger unincorporated places are identified. Places are identified in the National Sample files by a two-digit place size code and a one-digit place description code. See also: Place Size Code, Rural, Urban

PLACE DESCRIPTION CODE
A one-digit code used in the National Sample files to identify the type of place in which a sample unit is located. The following categories are given: 1) Central city of an SMSA only, 2) Central city of an urbanized area only, 3) Central city of both an SMSA and an urbanized area, 4) Other incorporated place, 5) Unincorporated place, 7) Not a place. Code 6 is not used.
See also: Central City, Urbanized Area, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

PLACE OF OCCURRENCE
The following detailed place of occurrence categories are used to describe more specifically where the incident occurred:
1) At or in own dwelling, or in own attached garage: always marked for attempted or completed break in.
2) At or in detached buildings on own property, such
as a detached garage, storage shed, etc.: always marked for attempted or completed break in of these structures.
3) At or in a vacation home, home/motel
4) Near own home; yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to own home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room. This does Not include apartment parking lots.
5) At, in, or near a friend/relative/neighbor's home, other buildings on their property, yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, apartment hall/storage area/ laundry room.
6) On the street (other than immediately adjacent to own home).
7) Inside a bar, restaurant, nightclub
8) Inside other commercial building such as a store, bank, or gas station.
9) On public transportation or in a station; bus, train, plane, airport, depot, etc.
10) Inside an office, factory, warehouse
11) At a commercial parking lot
12) At a noncommercial parking lot
14) Inside a school building
15) On school property: school parking area, play area, school bus, etc.
16) In a park, field, playground other than at a school
17) Some other place

Crimes that occur outside the United States are identified on question 4 a of the incident report form: however, BJS does not tally these crimes in its annual report.

PLACE OF RESIDENCE
Specific living quarters held by respondent, to which s/he is free to return at any time, AND at which s/he usually lives and sleeps. Not necessarily the same as legal residence or voting residence. Also described as "Usual Place of Residence."
See also: Living Quarters, Occupied Housing Unit, Vacant Housing Unit

PLACE SIZE CODE
A two-digit code used in the National Sample files to identify the population size range for the place in which the sample unit is located, as determined by the 1970 or 1980 Census. Place sizes are classified in the following categories:
Under 200
200 to 499
500 to 999
1,000 to 1,499
1,500 to 1,999
2,000 to 2,499
2,500 to 4,999
5,000 to 9,999
10,000 to 19,999
20,000 to 24,999
25,000 to 49,999
50,000 to 99,999
100,000 to 249,999
250,000 to 499,999
500,000 to 999,999
\(1,000,000\) or more
See also: Place

POCKETPICKING
See: Larceny
POLICE INFORMED
A question on the Crime Incident Report asks: "Were the police informed of this incident in any way?" The "police" include all regular police and sheriff's departments at the city, county, state, or federal level of government. Also included are specialized police forces authorized to make arrests in a special area or jurisdiction, e.g., campus police, park police, transit police, harbor police, and airport police. Excluded are security guards, fish and game wardens, and such officers without authority to make police arrests.

PRESENCE OF WEAPON
See: Weapon
PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL
Reference Person living alone or with non-relatives only.

PRIMARY SAMPLING UNIT (PSU)
Consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In combining counties to form PSU's, each PSU is defined so as to be as heterogeneous as possible. PSU's were formed using every county in the U.S. In the old National Sample design, based on the 1970 Census, 376 PSU's were selected to form the first stage of sampling. In the 1980 design, there are now 237 PSU's.
See also: Control Number, Enumeration District, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

PRINCIPAL PERSON
This person's demographic characteristics are used
in forming the household weight. In husband/wife
living arrangements, this person will be the wife. In other living arrangements, this person is the reference person.
See also: Head of Household, Household Respondent

PSU NUMBERS
"PSU numbers" are three-digit codes which identify each PSU, and are part of the Control Number which uniquely identifies each sample unit. For purposes of confidentiality, these numbers have been scrambled on the public use tapes.

\section*{PROXY RESPONDENT}

See: Interview, Type of.
PURSE SNATCH
See: Larceny
QUESTIONNAIRE FORMS
There are three basic forms used to collect the data required for the National Crime Survey: 1) Control Card, 2) Basic Screen Questionnaire, and 3) Crime Incident Report.
See also: Basic Screen Questionnaire, Control Card, Crime Incident Report, Interview Procedures

\section*{race}

Until 1979, respondents to the NCS were classified by observation as either White, Negro or Other. Other was used for persons of races other than White or Negro, such as Japanese, Chinese, etc. Beginning in 1979, race was determined by specifically asking rather than by observation and the racial designations were expanded to include American Indian, Aleut and Eskimo, and Asian or Pacific Islander, in addition to Black, White and Other. Persons of Latin American descent are recorded as White unless they specify themselves as Negro or Other. For Persons of racially mixed parentage, race recorded is that of the person's mother.

RACE OF OFFENDER
Race of offender designations are White, Black and Other. Persons of Latin American descent are coded as White unless the respondent considers them to be black or of another nonwhite race. When recording the racial designation(s) of multiple offenders, all categories that apply are coded. For instance, if two of the offenders were white and one Black, the appropriate boxes would be marked in Q.llo. In 1979, a questionnaire item, Q.11p, was included to determine the race of most of the offenders. In the above example, "mostly white" would be marked in this question.
See also: Ethnicity
RAPE
One of the six major types of crime covered by the

National Crime Survey. In the NCS Basic Screen Questionnaire rapes may be reported in response to questions 50 to 51, which ask about threats and attempted attacks. These questions do not ask specifically about rape; it is up to the respondent to acknowledge any such incidents as warranting "yes" responses to items 50 and 51. The following rape sub-categories are also in the NCS Classification Scheme: Completed rape and attempted rape.
See also: Crimes, Assault
RECODE
A single code, mechanically derived by combining codes for several related items, used for convenience and efficiency in tabulating data.

RECOGNIZABLE BUSINESS
See: Operation of Business
REFERENCE PERIOD
This is the length of time for which respondents are asked to report on victimizations experienced. A reference period of 6 months is used in the National Sample. A particular reference period always ends on the last day of the month preceding the interview month. Significant holidays and calendar flashcards may be used by the interviewer to aid the respondent in "anchoring" the reference period.
See also: Collection Quarter, Bounding Procedure
REFERENCE PERSON
This person is usually the first person listed under the househald roster (control card item 13a) who is identified by the household respondent as owning or renting the living quarters. This replaces the former concept of "head of household". This person will generally be at least eighteen years of age or older; however, if no one in the household is 18 years of age, the interviewer will choose the person who is identified as owning or renting the living quarters.
See also: Head of Household, Relationship to Reference Person

\section*{REINTERVIEW}

One of several methods used to evaluate and improve the quality of interviewing. Reinterviews evaluate the impact of errors of variations in response, measure how well individual interviewers follow procedures, and measure errors in coverage arising from incorrect listing, failure to conduct interviews at the correct address, non-interview misclassifications, missed units, or incorrect applications of definitions of housing unit and household members. Reinterviews are conducted
regularly in a small proportion of the National Sample Households.

RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON
Interviewers determine the precise relationship to the reference person of each person living in the household, e.g., wife, husband, son, daughter, step-son, step-daughter, father, mother, grandson, daughter-in-law, aunt, nephew, lodger, servant, hired hand, visitor, and so on. In classifying these entries for the tape files, only five categories are used: Head, Wife of Head, Own Child, Other relative, Non-relative.
See also: Head of Household, Reference Person
RESIDENCE
See: Place of Residence

RESIDUE
Used in the codebook documentation to designate those cases where the respondent could not or did not provide an answer, or for some reason the response given did not fall into the predetermined categories. Attempts were made during the edits to convert such cases into valid codes based on the presence or absence of certain key elements. See also: Out of Universe

RESPONDENT
See: Interview, Type of.
ROBBERY
As used in the BJS published reports, robbery is defined as theft or attempted theft, directly from a person, of property or cash by force or threat of force, with or without a weapon.

There are two main subcategories of robbery, viz., robbery with injury and robbery without injury. Robbery with injury is theft or attempted theft from a person, accompanied by an attack, either with or without a weapon, resulting in injury. An injury is classified as resulting from a serious assault if a weapon was used in the commission of the crime or, if not, when the extent of the injury was either serious (e.g., broken bones, internal injuries, etc.) or undetermined but required 2 or more days of hospitalization. An injury is classified as resulting from a minor assault when the extent of the injury was minor (e.g., bruises, black eyes, etc.) or undetermined but required less than 2 days of hospitalization. Robbery without injury is theft or attempted theft from a person, accompanied by force or threat or force, either with or without a weapon, but

\section*{not resulting in injury.}

See also: Larceny
ROTATION
See: Sample Rotation, Rotation Group Number
ROTATION DESIGN
See: Sample Rotation, Rotation Group Number
ROTATION GROUP NUMBER
Used in the National Sample rotation scheme. Each rotation group should be a systematic one-sixth sample of the 72,000 (now 59,000) housing units as well as a one-sixth sample of the sample interviewed each month. The rotation group number is denoted by the hundreds digit of the four-digit segment number assigned to each sample unit.
See also: Segment Number, Sample Rotation
RURAL
All remaining areas not falling into one of the following categories: 1) Places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated into cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York, Wisconsin), 2) The densely settled urban areas, 3) Unincorporated places of 2,500 or more inhabitants.
See also: Urban, Place, Land Use
SMSA
See: Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area
SAMPLE
A selection of part of the units of a population according to specific and detailed procedures. The properties of a sample population are studied to gain information about the whole population. For the NCS surveys, a probability sample was used whereby each element of the population has a known, but not necessarily equal, chance of being included in the sample.
See also: Estimate
SAMPLE DESIGNATION
A portion of the identification codes assigned to each sample unit in the National Sample, consisting of the letter " \(J\) " and two digits. The letter distinguishes NCS surveys from other Census surveys, and the digits identify the sequence and source of selection of sample addresses. For example, the first sample selected was designated as J01.
See also: Identification Code, Control Number

The following rotation scheme is used for the National Sample: each sample of approximately 72,000 households (now 59,000 households) is divided into six rotation groups. When the rotation plan became fully operative in January, 1977, household in a particular rotation group and sample were interviewed once every six months for 3 years, the first interview being only for the purpose of bounding. Each rotation group is further divided into six panels or months. Thus \(1 / 6\) th of each rotation group is interviewed each month during a six-month period.
One rotation group enters the sample every six months, while the corresponding rotation group from a previous sample is phased out. This enables preservation of the overall sample size and survey procedures while averting undue imposition to, and biases in, reporting by respondents through repeated interviews.
See also: Bounding Schedule, Panel, Rotation Group Number

SAMPLE UNIT
A unit selected for inclusion in a sample or a census.
See also: Sample, Housing Unit, Other Units, Special Places

SCREEN QUESTION NUMBER
On each Crime Incident Report, the number of the screen question that elicited the report of the incident is recorded.
See also: Individual Screen Question, Household Screen Questions

SCREEN QUESTIONNAIRE
See: Basic Screen Questionnaire

\section*{SEGMENT}

A cluster of sample units in the same PSU selected for household interview. In the National Sample, sample units are located in one of five types of segments, depending on the type of Enumeration District in which the segment is located;
1) Address Segments - consist of specific addresses selected from the 1970 (or 1980) Decennial Census lists, in address type Enumeration districts. 2) Area Segments - consist of relatively small designated areas of land with well-defined boundaries, such as streets, roads, rivers, or railroad tracks in area type Enumeration Districts. The interviewer lists all of the living quarters in a designated segment, and a sample of these is selected for interview. 3) Permit Segments - consist of special places in address type e Enumeration districts which can be identified from
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Census listings. 4) Cen-Sup Segments - consist of
addresses which were inadequately identified or unre-
ported in the Census. 5) Woodall, and, 6) Windshield -
these are special types of coverage improvement
segments used in the }1970\mathrm{ based sample design.
See also: Enumeration District, Extra Units,
Listing, Segment Number, Serial Number, Updating

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SEGMENT NUMBER
Part of the Control Number assigned to each sample unit. In the National Sample, it consists of four digits: the thousands digit identifies the panel; the hundreds digit identifies the rotation group; tens and units digits together (the serial number) identify clusters which are numbered sequentially starting with "Ol" in each panel and rotation combination. See also: Segment, Control Number, Panel Number, Rotation Group Number, Enumeration District, Serial Number

SELF-EMPLOYED
See: Class of Worker
SELF-RESPONDENT
See: Interview, Type of.
SELF-WEIGHTING
Indication that all sample units have the same initial probability of selection for the sample. See also: Weight, Sample

SERIAL NUMBER
A unique two-digit numper assigned in sequence within each segment to each sample household in the National Sample. It is used for administrative control, and is part of the Control Number. See also: Segment, Control Number

SERIES INCIDENT REPORT
Under certain circumstances, the interviewer is allowed to report several incidents as a "series" incident on one Incident Report form. All of the following conditions must exist:
1) The incidents must be very similar in detail. 2) There must have been at least three incidents in the "series." 3) The respondent must not have been able to recall dates and other details of the individual incidents well enough to report them separately.
In completing the Crime Incident Report for a series incident, details of the most recent incident are used. For BJS publications, series incidents are tabulated separately and are not included with single incidents when estimating the amount of crime.

SERIOUS ASSAULT
See: Assault

SIMPLE ASSAULT
See: Assault
SPECIAL PLACE SEGMENT
See: Segment
SPECIAL PLACE
Places in which the occupants have special living arrangements. Special places include: correctional institutions; homes for the aged, infirm, or needy; mental institutions; nursing, convalescent, or rest homes; specialized hospitals; Armed Forces installations; boarding and rooming houses; communes; convents and monasteries; dormitories and other residences at schools; flophouses and missions; helfway houses; hotels and motels; nurse's homes; private residential clubs and tourist camps; recreational, educational, religious camps; tent and trailer camps; vacation cabins; YMCA'S, YWCA'S; and so on. Special places may include housing units and OTHER units. For example, a dormitory consisting of rooms for students and an apartment for a resident manager would include both OTHER units and a housing unit. Living quarters within special places are designated as either Staff Units, Non-staff Units, or Unclassified Units, as determined by occupancy or intended occupancy. Non-staff Units are located in certain special places and are defined as (1) the persons for whom the special place is being operated, or (2) the units in which these persons live, such as rooms or suites or rooms. Non-staff units are never interviewed for the NCS. Staff Units are located in the same types of places which contain Non-staff Units and are defined as the houses, apartments, roons, or suites of rooms occupied or intended for occupancy by resident employees and their families, if
any. Unclassified Units are located in certain special places and are the houses, apartments, rooms, etc. occupied or intended to be occupied by all persons. Staff Units and Unclassified Units are interviewed.
See also: Living Quarters, Group Quarters, Other Units, Extrz Units

STANDARD ERROR
A statistician's measure of sampling variation taken generally to state the amount of deviation of an estimate because a sample was drawn instead of a census taken. The particular sample used in a survey
is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other. The difference between a sample estimate and the average of all possible samples is called the sampling deviation. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples, and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. An estimate of the standard error of a sample estimate can be computed from the data obtained in the sample.
See also: Variance, Estimate
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (SMSA)
A County or group of counties containing at least one city or combined cities, of 50,000 or more inhabitants and adjacent counties which are metropolitan in character, and economically and socially integrated with the central city. The SMSA is named after the cential city (or cities) contained in it. Boundaries are drawn by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Since 1980, these areas are now called Metropolitan Statistical Areas. See also: Central City, Primary Sampling Unit, Urbanized Area, Place Description Code

\section*{STRATA}
Sub-groups of households within a sample which have specified characteristics in common, such as education, income, or race. The process of making these groupings -- called stratification -- was the second stage of the sampling process in the National Sample. Stratification consisted of combining PSU's with similar population densities, growth rates, proportion non-white, etc.
TELEPHONE INTERVIEWS se: Interviews, Type of.
TEMPORARILY ABSENT OR ON LAYOFF FROM JOB
See: Major Activity

\section*{TENURE}
Manner in which living quarters are held.
1) Owned or being bought: if owner or co-owner is a household member of the unit, even if the unit is mortgaged or not fully paid for. Owner need not be head of household. A cooperative apartment or condominium unit is owned or being bought only if the owner lives in it. 2) Rented for cash: if any money rent is paid or contracted for by any persons. 3)

Without cash ient: Includes units not owned, being bought, or rented for cash; usually provided in exchange for services or as a gift. See also: Living Quarters

THEFT
See: Burglary, Larceny, Motor Vehicle Theft, Robbery

THREATENED
A threatening situation is one in which there was no physical contact between the offender and victim but the victim felt that physical harm could have occurred. This includes nonverbal threats, e.g., brandishing a weapon, and verbal threats of physical harm which are made in person. Threats made over the telephone or threatening letters are not included. See also: Attacked

TIME LOST FROM WORK
Number of cumulative days all affected household members were absent from work due to a crime. It can be time lost because injuries sustained in the incident kept the victim from returning to work immediately, or time taken off work by a household member to do things related to the incident such as visiting a doctor, reporting the incident to the police, seeing a insurance agent, or testifying in court. Since 1979, victims are asked in more detail about their work time losses.

TRANSIENT/NONTRANSIENT
A transient place is a special place in which more than 25 percent of the rooms, suites, or cabins are occupied or intended for occupancy by transient guests. Transient guests usually stay less than a month and pay at daily rates.
A nontransient place is one in which 75 percent or more of the rooms, suites, or cabins are occupied or intended for occupancy by nontransient (permanent) guest or resident employees. Permanent guests usually stay a month or more at reduced monthly or weekly rates.
See also: Living Quarters
UA
See: Urbanized Area (UA)
UNCLASSIFIED UNITS
See: Special Places

\section*{UNEMPLOYED}

In the NCS, civilians age 16 and older who were not "at work" during the reference week, were available
for work, and 1) had been "looking for work" within the past four weeks, 2) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid-off, or 3) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.
See also: Major Activity
UNIT SEGMENT
See: Segment
UNLAWFUL ENTRY (WITHOUT FORCE)
A form of burglary in which the offender has no legal right to be on the premises, even though no force was used to gain entrance. The same definitions is used in the BJS published reports and the NCS Classification Scheme.
See also: Burglary, Forcible Entry, Attempted Forcible Entry
UNRECOGNIZABLE BUSINESS
See: Operation of Business
UPDATING
Addition to, and correction of, original listing sheets which insures that every unit in the segment has a chance to be selected for interview. Remodeled, no longer existing, replacement, demolished, converted-to-commercial, merged, newly-constructed, and converted-to-residential structures or units moved into are accounter for in updating procedures. Permit segments are not updated.
See also: Listing, Segment
URBAN
1970 or 1980 Census designation for persons living in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York and Wisconsin) ; the densely settled urban fringe, whether incorporated or unincorporated, or urbanized areas; and unicorporated places of 2,500 or more inhabitants,
See also: Rural, Place, Land Use
URBANIZED AREA (UA)
A broad geographical location containing a central city (or twin cities) of 50,000 or more inhabitants and the surrounding closely settled incorporated and unincorporated areas. It differs from an SMSA chiefly in excluding the rural portions of counties in an SMSA and those places separated from the densely populated fringe by rural territory. The boundaries are not considered permanent.
See also: Central City, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Place Description Code

VACANT HOUSING UNIT
A housing unit where no persons are residing during the interview period, or any persons found living there usually reside elsewhere.
See also: Housing Unit, Place of Residence

VALUE OF PROPERTY TAKEN
Excludes stolen cash and does not include property stolen from non-household members or recognizable businesses, nor does it include stolen checks, credit cards, travelers checks, cashier's checks, etc.

VARIANCE
A major statistic equal to the standard error squared.
See also: Standard Error, Estimate
VICTIM
In the NCS, the person or household involved in a criminal act during the specified reference period, for whom an Incident Report was completed. See also: Victimization

VICTIM-OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP
The respondent is asked to specify one of six broad categories indicating how well the victim knew the offender in a crime incident in which the victim was present:
1) Stranger: someone the victim had never seen before 2) By sight only: someone the victim had seen before, but had not said more than "hello" to 3) Casual acquaintance - someone the victim knew well enough to say more than "hello" to 4) Well-known: someone the victim had considered as such. The victim's judgment alone distinguishes between "casual acquaintances" and "well known." 5) Relative: by type of relationship, e.g., spouse, sister. Note that the category "ex-spouse" was added as a separate category in 1979. Prior to that, interviewers were instructed to code "ex-spouse" as "other relative." 6) Friends or close acquaintances. In crime incidents involving multiple offenders, the respondent may specify whether the offenders were: 1) All strangers to the victim, 2) All relatives - by type of relationship, 3) Some relative - by type of relationship,
4) All known, 5) Some known. In further questioning, the respondent may specify the extent to which the victim knew most of the offenders - by sight only, casually, or well.

VICTIMIZATION
A specific criminal act as it affects a single victim. In criminal acts against persons, the number of victimizations is determined by the number of
victims of such acts. Each criminal act against a household is assumed to involve a single victim, the affected household.
See also: Crimes, Incident, Victim, Victimization Rate, Household Victimization, Personal Victimization

VICTIMIZATION RATE
A measure of occurrence among population groups at risk, e.g., the number of criminal victimizations during the reference period per 100,000 (or other number) persons or households. As used in BJS publications:
1) For crimes against persons, the victimization rate is computed on the basis of the number of victimizations per 1,000 resident population age 12 and over. 2) For crimes against households, victimization rates are calculated on the basis of the number of incidents per i,000 households. See the separate note on computation of rates.
See also: Weight, Victimization

\section*{WEAPON}

Guns (pistols, revolvers, rifles, shotguns, etc.) and knives are always weapons. Other objects are not weapons unless they are used as weapons; if the respondent feit threatened by the object then it is considered a weapon. Not considered as weapons for the purposes of the NCS are: mace, tear gas, items of food, small empty cans, animals, parts of the body, BB and tear gas guns--except when used as clubs. Weapons other than guns or knives, e.g., rocks, clubs, etc. are not individually identifiable in the data files.

WEIGHT
A designation of the proportion of a sample to its whole population. When a sample is surveyed, each incident or victimization represents a probable percentage of all cases if the total population were to be surveyed. Accordingly, each cases is assigned a numerical coefficient, or weight, expressing its relative importance in a frequency distribution equaling that of the sample to the whole. Thus, multiplying each case by its assigned weight provides an estimate of the entire population. Because there are different proportions in the samples of households, persons and incidents with respect to all possible households, persons and incidents in the surveys, there are different weights for each. See also: Household Weight, Incident Weight, Person Weight, Estimate, Self-Weighting

WORKING
Working for pay or profit; working without pay on family farm or business; or working on jury duty, if
paid for it.
See also: Major Activity

\section*{APPENDIX 3}

SCORING INFORMATION

For V4322, the "new" seriousness score is called the "Wolfgang-Figlio seriousness score." For V4323 the "old" seriousness score is called the "Wolfgang-Sellin seriousness score." For additional information, please refer to the following publication:

Wolfgang, Marvin E., Robert M. Figlio, Paul E. Tracy, and Simon l. Singer, THE NATIONAL SURVEY OF CRIME SEVERITY. Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1985, Chapter 9, pages 129-136.

APPENDIX 4
Questionnaire and
Control Card





INTERVIEWER: if respondent 12- 1590 to Cheok Item \(A\).
if \(16+\) reed, then go to Check Item \(A\).
Before we get to the crime question, I have a few (additional) itams that are userul in studying why peoplo may or may not become victims of crime.


34a. If 'looking for work' in 32a, SKIP to 34b
Have you been looking for work during the past 4 weeks?

b. What have you been doing in the last 4 weeks to find work? Anything else?
Mark all methods used. Do not read list. Checked with -
- 110 Public employment agency
* \(\quad 2 \square\) Private employment agency
\(3 \square\) Employer directly
\(4 \square\) Friends or relatives
\(5 \square\) Placed or answered ads\(\square\) Other - Specify (e.g., CETA, union or professional register, etc. \(/_{7}\)
101
Months lif more than 11 months, leave
blank and enter 1 year below.)
102 Years (Round to nearest whole year)

Is entry in 30 -
\(\square 5\) years or more? - SKIP to Check Item C \(\square\) Less than 5 years? - Ask 31
31. Altogether, how many times have you moved in the last 5 yars, that is, since. \(\qquad\) \(.197 ـ \quad ?\) (Mo. of int.) 15 yrs. agol
103
Number of times
Is this person 16 years old or older?
CHECK
\(\square\) Yes - Ask 32a No - SKIP to 45

32a. What wers you doing most of LAST WEER - (working, keaping house, going to school) or something oles?
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 104 & 1-Working - so 32 c & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\square \text { Unable to work }-\$ K I P \\
\text { to } 35
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline & \(2 \square\) With a job but not & 7 []Retired \\
\hline & at work & - \(\square\) Armed Forces - SKIP \\
\hline & \(3 \square\) Looking for work & to 36a \\
\hline & \(4 \square\) Keeping house & \(\square\) Other - Specity \({ }^{\text {z }}\) \\
\hline & \({ }_{5} \square\) Going to school & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b. Did you do any work at all LAST WEEK, thot counting work around the house? (Note: If farm or business operator in HHLD ask about unpaid work.)
106 \(1 \square\) Yes
\(2 \square\) No - SKIP to 33a
c. How many hours did you work LAST WEEK at ell jobs?

35. If "layoff" in 336, SKIF to 36a

When did you last work at a full-time job or business lasting 2 consecutive weoks or mara?
\(112, \square 6\) months ago or less
\(2 \square\) More than 6 months but less than 5 years
\(\left.\begin{array}{l}3 \square 5 \text { or more years ago } \\
4 \square \text { Never worked fuil time } 2 \text { weeks or more } \\
5 \square \text { Never worked at all }\end{array}\right\}\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
SKYP \\
to 45
\end{tabular}

36a. For whom did you (iask) work? (Name of company, business, organization or other employer)
b. What hind of business or industry is this? le.g., TV and radio mfg., retail shoe store, State Labor Department, farm)

\section*{113}
c. What hinci of work were you doing? (e.g., electrical engineer, stock clerk, typist, farmer, Armed forces)

\section*{114}
d. What were your most important activities or duties? (e.g., typing, keeping account books, selling cars, finishing concrete, Armed Forces)
5. Whers you -
[75 \(\square\) An empioyee of a PRIVATE company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commissions?
\(2 \square\) a government employeo (Federal, Stato ty, or local)?
SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, profess: practica, or farm? If yes;

Is the business incorporated?
\(3 \square\) Yes
\({ }_{4} \square\) No (or farm)
5 Whorking WITHOUT PAY in tamily business or farm?



\section*{INDIVIDUAL SCREEN QUESTIONS}






Notes

Notes
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Line number & Notes \\
\hline 201 \\
\hline Screen question number \\
\hline 202 \\
\hline Incident number & \\
\hline 203 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


CHECK months? (If not sure, refer to Item 30, NCS-1.)

GTEnA
\(\square\) Yes (Item 30 blank or more than
6 months) - Read (A), SKIP to \(2 a\)No Iltem 30-6 months or
lessl - Read (A). Ask 1
You said that during the last. 6 months - (Refer to appropriate screen question for description of crime.)
1. Did (this/the first) incident happen while you were living here or before you moved to this address?
204 \(1 \square\) While living at this adciress \(2 \square\) Before moving to this address
2a. In what month did (this/the first) incident happen? (Show calendar if necessary. Encourage respondent to give exact month.)


2b. Altogether, how many times did this happen during the last six months?

207 \(\qquad\) Number of incidents
c. In what month or months did these incidents take place? If more than one quarter involved, ask \(z_{z}\)
How many in iname months)?
- INTERVIEWER: Enter number for each quarter as appropriate. If number falls below 3 or respondent can now recall incidents separately, still fill as a series. If all are out of scope, end incident report.


INTERVIEWER: If this report is for a series, read:
The following questions refer only to the most recent incident.
3a. Was it dayilght or dark outside when (this/the most recent) incident heppened?
212
\(\square\) Ligh
\(2 \square\) DarkDawn, almost light, dusk, twilight
\(4 \square\) Don't know - SKIP to 4 a
b. About what time did (this/the most recant) incident happen? During day
\(2131 \square\) After 6 a.m. -12 noon \(2 \square\) After 12 noon-6 p.m. \(3 \square\) Don't know what time of day

At night
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \square \text { After } 6 \text { p.m. }-12 \text { midnight } \\
& 5 \square \text { After } 12 \text { midnight }-6 \text { a.m. } \\
& 6 \square \text { Don't know what time of night } \\
& \text { OR Don't know whether day or night }
\end{aligned}
\]

NOTICE - Your report to the Census Bureau is contidential by law \(\mathbb{N} . S\). Code 42. Sections \(3789 g\) and 37351 . All identifiable informatien friii be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and may not be disclosed or released to others for any purpose.
FORM NCS-2
\(110-30-841\)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUAEAUOF THE CENSUS
ACTING AS COLLETING AGENTFOR THE
GUREAU OF JUSTCE STATSTICS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CRIME INCIDENT REPORT national crime survey

4 a. Did this incident happer ingide the limits of a city, town. village, sic.?
5. Where did this incident take place?

217At or in own dwelling, or own attached garage (Always mark for break-in or attempted break-in of samel
At or in detached buildings on own property, such as detached garage, storage shed, etc. (Always mark for break-in or attempted break-in of samelAt or in vacation home/second home/hotel/motel\(\square\) Near own home; yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to own home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room (does not include apartment parking lots/garages)


At, in, or near a friend/relative/ neighbor's home, other building on their property, yard, sidewalk, driveway, carport, on street immediately adjacent to their home, apartment hall/storage area/laundry room
On the strest lother than immediately adjacent to own/friend/relative/ neighbor's home)Inside restaurant, bar, nightclubInside other cornmercial building such as store, bank, gas stationOn public transportation or in station (bus, train, plane, airport, depot, etc.)Inside office, factory, or warehouse
11Commercial parking lot/garage

12 Noncommercial parking lot/garageApartment parking lot/garage
\(14 \square\) Inside school building
15
On school property (school parking area, play area, school bus, etc.)
16
In a park, field, playground other than school
\({ }^{17} \square\) Other - Specify 7

Notes

SKIP to Check Item C, page 14

\section*{CRIME IMCIDENT REPORT - Continued}

Ga. Did the offender(s) five there/therel or have a right to be (hare/there), such as a guest or a repairperson?
278
 \(2 \square\) No 3 DDon't know
b. Did the ofiender(s) actually get in or jagt TRY ia gat In the (housalapt./building)?

\section*{219}
 Actually got in Just tried to get in 3 DDon't know
c. Was there any evidence, such as a broken lock of broken window, that the offender(s) (forced his way in/TRIED to force his way in) the building?

\(0 \square\) No Yes - What was the evidence? Anything else? Mark all that apply

Window\(\square\) Damage to window linclude frame, glass broken/removed/cracked)
\(2 \square\) Screen damaged/removed
3 Lock on window damaged/tampered with in some way
\(4 \square\) Other - Specify \(z\)

\(\qquad\)

7d. How were you threatened? Any other way?
Mark all that apply
\(\frac{227}{*}\)
 Verbal threat of rape
 Verbal threat of attack other than rape
Weapon present or threatened with weaponAttempted attack with weapon
for example, shot at
 Object thrown at person
 Followed, surrounded Other - Specify 7
e. What actually happoned? Anything elsa?

Mark all that apply


ething taken without permission
Attempted or threatened to take something
Forcible entry or attempted forcible entry
SKIP to of house/apt.

10a,
page 15
arcible entry or attempted entry of carDamaged or destroyed property destroy propertyOther - Specify 7
f. How did the person(s) attack you? Any other way? Mark all that apply

\section*{229}
\(\square\) Raped \(2 \square\) Tr ShotKnifedHit with object held in hand
 Hit by thrown objectHit, slapped, knocked downGrabbed, held, tripped, jumped, pushed,Other - Specify 7

8a. What were the injuries you suffered, if any? Anything else? Mark all that apply
230 O None - SKIP to 10a, page 15
\(\square\) Raped
\(2 \square\) Attempted rape
\(3 \square\) Knite wounds
\(4 \square\) Gun shot, bullet wounds
\(5 \square\) Broken bones or teeth knocked out
\({ }_{6} \square\) Internal injuries
\(7 \square\) Knocked unconscious
\(8 \square\) Bruises, black eye, cuts, scratches, swelling.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \[
\mathrm{CH}
\] & Was respondent or any other mamber of this hougehoid prosent when this incident occlerred? If not sure, ASK \\
\hline 23 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{7a. Did the person(s) have a wazpon such es a gum or knife, or something he wes using as a weapon, such as a bottle or wrench?} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b. Did the personf(a) hit you, knock you down, or datwally attack you in any way?

c. Did the person(s) thresten you yyth harm in any way? 226 1 \(2 \square\) No - SKIP \(107 e\)
chipped teeth
chipped teethOther - Specify \({ }_{z}\)
b. Ware you injured to the extent that you received any modical care after the attack, Including self treatment?
231 i \(\square\) Yes
\(2 \square\) No - SKIP to 10a, page 15
c. Where did you recolve this care? Anywhere else?

Mark all that apply At the sceneAt home/neighbor's/friend's
ealth unit at work, school, first aid station, at a stadium, park, etc.Doctor's office/health clinicEmergency room at hospital/emergency clinicdoes not include
hospital) - SpecifyHospital
Did you stay overnight in the hospital? \(1 \square\) No \(2 \square\) Yes - How many days did you stay? 7
234



\section*{CRIMEINCIDENT REPORT - Continued}

1 6a, Was all or part of the stolan (money/property/money and property) recovered, not counting anything received from insurance?
\(1 \square A l\)
\(2 \square\) Part - SKIP to \(16 b\)
\({ }_{3} \square\) None - SKIP to \(17 a\)
Was anything other than cash/checks/credit cards taken? ("Yes" marked in Check Item J, page"
CHECK

\(\square\) Yes - SKIP to \(16 c\)
\(\square\) No - SKIP to \(16 f\)
16b. What was racovered? Anything else?
Cash:
281
\(\$\) \(\qquad\) 00
and/or
Property - Mark all that apply
\(1 \square\) Cash only recovered- Enter amount above and EKIP to \(16 f\)


Did it contain any money?Yes - Enter amount above No
\(4 \square \mathrm{Ca}\)
\(5 \square\) Other motor vehicle
\(6 \square\) Part of motor vehicle thubcap, attached tape deck, attached C.B. radio, etc.)
283 *. TV, stereo equipment (tape deck, receiver speaker, etc. /, radios, cameras, small housei:old appliances (blender, hair blower, toaster oven, etc.)
\(\qquad\) silver, china, jewelry, furs
\(9 \square\) Bicycle
284
Hand gun (pistol, revolver, etc.Other gun (rifle, shotgun, etc.)
- Other - Specify

285
Refer to 16 b . Was anything other than cash/checks/credit cards recovered?

\section*{CHEC}
                            \(\square\) No - SKIP to \(16 f\)

16c. Was the recovered property damaged to the extent that it had to be repaired or replaced? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards.)


Yes
No - SKIP to Check Item M
d. Considering the damage, what was the value of the property aftar it was racovered? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards.)

-SKIP to \(16 f\)

\section*{CTECK \\ TrEaM}

Look at 16a
\(\square\) All recovered in 16a - SKIP to 16 f \(\square\) Part recovered in 16a - Ask \(16 e\)

16e. What was the value of the property recovered? (Do not include recovered cash, checks, or credit cards.)
\(\qquad\)

f. Who pecovered the (money/property/money and propertyl? Anyone else?
Mark all that apply
\(2891 \square\) Victim or other household member
* \(2 \square\) Police
\(3 \square\) Returned by offender
\(4 \square\) Other - Specify \({ }_{7}\)

7a. Was the theft reported to an insurance company?
 Yes


SKIP to 18a
b. Did the insurance pay anything to cover the theft?


SKIP to 18a
c. How much was paid?
- INTERVIEWER: If property replaced by insurance company instead of cash settlement, ask for estimate -f value of the property replaced.

292 \(\qquad\) 00

\section*{\(\times \square\) Don't know}

18a. (Other than any stolen property) was anything that belonged to you or other members of the household damaged in this incident? For example, was ia lock or window broken/clothing damased/damage done to a car/etc.l?
 Yes No-SKIP to Check ltem N
b. (Was/Were) the damaged item(s) repaired or replaced?
294

Yes, All \(\square\) Yes, Part
SKIP to 180
c. How much would it cost to repair or replace the damaged item(s)?

d. How much was the repeir or replacement cost?

296 O No cost - SKIP to Check Item N
\(\$\)

e. Who (paid/will pay) for the repairs or replacement?

Anyone else?
Mark all that apply
Items will not be repaired or replaced
 Landlord
. \(\square\) insurance
\(5 \square\) Other - Specify \(\bar{F}\)

Look at Item 5, page 13, Did the incident happen in any of the commercial places described in boxes 7-11?
GHEGS
LTEM
\(\square\) Yes - Ask 19
No - SKIP to 20a, page 18
19. You said this incident happened in a (describe place). Did the person(s) steal or TRY to steal anything belonging to the (name place/?
\(1 \square\) Yes
\(2 \square\) No
\(3 \square\) Don't know

\section*{CRIME INCIDENT REPORT - Continued}

20a. Were the police informed or did they find out about this incident in any way?
299] \(\square\) No
\(2 \square\) Don't know - SKiP to Check Item Q
Yes - Who told them?
\(3 \square\) Respondent - SKIP to 20d
\(4 \square\) Other household mernber
\(5 \square\) Someone else
\(5 \square\) Police first to find out about it
\(7 \square\) Some other way - Specify \(y\)
SKIP to
Check hem \(Q\)
6. What was the reason this incident was not reported to the police? Any othar roason? Mark all that apply
- INTERVIEWER: Verify all answers with respondent. Mark bax below if structured probe used.
300,
STRUCTURED PROBE: Was the reason because you felt there was no NEED to cyll, didn' shink police COULD do anything. didn't think police WOULD do anything, or was there some other reason?

\section*{No NEED to call}Object recovered or offender unsuccessful
\(2 \square\) Respondent did not think it important enough
\(\qquad\) \(\square\) Private or personal matter or took care of it myself
\(4 \square\) Reported to someone else
Police COULDN'T do anything
\(5 \square\) Didn't realize crime happened until later
 Property difficult to recover due to lack of serial or I.D. numberLack of proof, no way to find/identify offender

\section*{Police WOULDN'T do anything}
\(8 \square\) Police wouldn't think it was important enough, they wouldn't want to be bothered
\(9 \square\) Police would be inefficient, ineffective, insensitive (they'd arrive late, wouldn't pursue case properly, would harass/insult respondent, etc.)
Some other reason
\(303 \quad 10 \square\) Afraid of reprisal by offender or his family/friendsDid not want to take time - too inconvenientOther - Specify \(;\)
\(13 \square\) Respondent doesn't know why it wasn't reported
Is more than one reason marked in 200?
CHECK
ITEMO
\(\square\) Yes-Ask 20c
\(\square\) No - SKIP to Check ltern \(Q\)
20c. Which of these would you say was the most important reason why the incldant was not reportad to the policu? 304 \(\qquad\) Reason number

SKIP to \(\times \square\) No one reason most important \(\}\) Check Item \(Q\)
d. Please take a minute to think back to the time of the Incldent (PAUSEI. Benifige the fact that it was a crimo, did YOU have any other reason for reporting thia incl. dent to the police? (Show card)

IF PHONE INTERVIEW: For oxample, did you roport it bocause you wanted to provent this or a future incidant, to collact Insurance or recover proparty, to get heip, to punish the offender, or because you had evidence thet
would help catch the offender, thought it was your dury,
or was there some other reason?
Any other reason? Mark all that apply. Verify, if necessary. 305, \(\square\) To stop or prevent this incident from happening
* \(2 \square\) To keep it from happening again or to others
\(3 \square\) in order to collect insurance
\(4 \square\) Desire to recover property
\(5 \square\) Need for help after incident because of injury, etc.
© There was evidence or proof
3067 To punish the offender
* \(\quad \square\) Because you felt it was your duty
\(9 \square\) Some other reason - Specify 7
- \(\square\) No other reason

\footnotetext{
Nounce in No other reaso
}

Is more than one reason marked in 20d?

\section*{CHECK \\ ITEMP}
\(\square\) Yes - Ask 20e
\(\square\) No - SKIP to Check Item \(Q\)
20e. Which of these would you say was the most important reas on why the incident was reported to the police? 307 \(\qquad\) Reason number
\(\times \square\) No one reason more important Because it was a crime was most important
\begin{tabular}{l} 
ChECK \\
ITEMa \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Is this person 16 years or older?
itema
\(\square\) Yes - Ask 21a
[] No - SKIP to 24a, page 19
21a. Did you have a job at the time this Incident happened? 308, \(\square \mathrm{Yes}\)
\[
\text { No - SKIP to 24a, page } 19
\]
b. Was it the same job you described to me earlier as a (describe job on NCS-7), or a different one?
\[
\begin{array}{r}
309 \text { Same as described on NCS-1 items 36a-e -SKIP } \\
\text { to } C k . \\
\text { Item } \text {. }
\end{array}
\]

2 Different than described on NCS-1 items 36a-e
c. For whom did you work? (Name of company, business, oraanization or other employer)
d. What kind of businese or industry is this? (e.g., TV and radio Ifg., retail shoe store, State Labor Department, farm)

a. What kind of work were you doing? (e.g., electrical anaineer, stock clerk, typist, farmer, Armed Farces)
[4i]
f. What ware your most important activities or duties? (e.g., typing, keeping account books, selling cars, finishing roncrete, Armed Forces)
g. Were you -

312 : Anemployed of a PRIVATE company, business or individual for wages, salary or commissions?
2 A GOVERNMENT employee iFaderal, State, county or locall?
SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professional practice or farm? If yes \(F\)

Was the business incorporated?
\({ }^{4} \square \mathrm{Yes}\)
\(4 \square\) No (or farm)Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm?

CHECK Was this person injured in this incident?

ITEM
\(\square\) Yes (injury marked in 8a page 14) - Ask 222
\(\square\) No (blank or none marked in 8al -SKIP to 23 page 19

22a. DId YOU loas ime from work because of the injuries you suffered in this incident?
313 : \(\square\) Yes
\(2 \square\) No - SKIP to 23a, page 19
b. How much time did you lose because of injuries?

314 o Less than one day - SKIP to 23a, page 19 Number of days
\begin{tabular}{l}
\(x \square\) Don't know \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
c. During these days, did you lose any pay that was not covered by unemployment insurance, sick leave, some other source?
315 , \(\square\) Yes
\(2 \square\) No - SKIP ta 23a, page \(1=\)
d. About how much pay did you lose?

316 \$ \(\qquad\) 00
\(\times\) Don't know
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CRIME INCIDENT REPORT - Continued} \\
\hline 23a. Did YOU lose time from work because of this incident for any of these (other) reasons? Read list. & Summarize this incident or series of incidents. Sincude whet was taken how or was gat \\
\hline Mark all that apply. & CPECT Victim was threatened/attacked, what weapons \\
\hline * \(2 \square\) Replacing stolen items? & What victim was doing at time of attack/threat, etc. \\
\hline \({ }^{3} \square\) Police related activities, such as cooperating
with an investigation? & \\
\hline \({ }^{4} \square \begin{aligned} & \text { Court related activities, such as testifying in } \\ & \text { court? }\end{aligned}\) & \\
\hline \({ }_{5 \square} \square\) Any other reason? - Specify \({ }_{\text {\% }}\) & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\therefore \square \text { None - SKIP to 24a }
\]}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{b. How much time did you lose because of (name all reasons marked in 23al?} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{[318] - Less than one day - SKIP to 24a} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\(\qquad\) Number of days \\
\(\times \square\) Don't know
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{c. During these days, did you lose any pay that was not covered by unemployment insurance, sick leave, or some othar source?} \\
\hline \[
\text { [319] } \begin{aligned}
& 1 \square Y_{\text {es }} \\
& 2 \square \mathrm{No}-\text { SKIP to } 2 .
\end{aligned}
\] & Check BOUNDING INFORMATION (cc. 32 ) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
d. About how much pay did you lose? \\
320 ; \(\qquad\) 00
\end{tabular}} & ook at 12c, page 16. Is there an entry for ' \\
\hline & ho \\
\hline \(\times \square\) Don't know & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\square\) Yes - Be sure you fill or have filled an incident
Reeort for each intriveed HLD member 12
Years of age or over who was harmed} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
24a. Were there any (other) household membars 16 years or older who lost time from work because of this incident? \\
32 \\
321 \(\square\) Yes
No - SKIP to Check Item S
\end{tabular}} & \\
\hline & threatened with harm, or had something taken from him/her by force or threat in this incident.
No \\
\hline b. How much time did they lose altogether? & Is this the last Incident Report to be filled for \\
\hline & \\
\hline 322) \({ }^{\text {a }}\) Less than one day & Grewu Yes - is this the last HH \\
\hline \(\overline{\times \square \text { Don't know }}\) Number of days & - Yes - End interview \\
\hline \(\times\) Dont know & \(\square\) No - Interview next HHLD member \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Notes
}



APPENDIX 5
Census Sample
Information and
NCS Rotation Chart

CENSUS SAMPLE INFORMATION AND NCS ROTATION CHART
Census Sample Information
In the National Crime Survey, the samples are identified by the letter "J" and a two-digit number. The letter distinguishes NCS surveys from other Census surveys and the digits identify the sequence and source of selsction of sample addresses. The body of the ucu-ion chart below contains a series of two-digit 1 womers. The tens digits is the panel number and the units digit is the rotation number. Therefore, you should read across the rows for a change in rotation, and down the columns for a change in panel number.

As an example, refer to the attached rotation charts. Sample numbers \(107 / J 08\) are shown entering the sample in January of 1980. Six months earlier, in July 1979, samples J03/J04 are shown leaving. Samples J05/J06 are halfway through their time in sample. A full sample (currently 59,000 households) would be the section of the chart that shows samples J03/J04 and J05/J06 for the time period July 1979 through December 1979. By December 1985, all the rotation groups have left the sample, anc samples \(107 / J 08\) are halfway through their time in sample.

NCS Sample Rotation Information and Rotation Chart
The NCS sample is rotated to guard against respondent fatigue. The total sample of 59,000 households is divided into 6 sub-groups. The households will be interviewed 7 times over the course of a \(31 / 2\) years. After the seventh interview, the rotation group leaves the sample and is replaced by a new group of respondent households. Thus, every 6 months, a rotation group is dropped from the sample, and a rotation group is added to the sample. Also, and extra rotational group is given the bounding interview, in preparation for entrance into the sample. During any given 6 month period, 7 rotational groups are interviewed, 6 in the sample (continuous), and 1 not in the sample (bounding).

Each of the rotation groups are divided into 6 panels. Each panel is interviewed in a different month during the 6 month period. Spreading the interviewing across the 6 month period significantly reduces the survey costs by reducing the number of interviews that must be collected at the same time.

The assignments of rotation and panel groups are made to segments of housing units. Each rotation and panel group is a systematic subsample of the total sample. Rotation groups are also systematic subsamples of the sample interviewed each month.

\begin{tabular}{l|llllll} 
& \multicolumn{6}{|c}{ J05/06 } \\
& & & \\
\hline 1979 July & 11 & 32 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \\
August & 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 \\
September & 31 & 32 & 33 & 34 & 35 & 36 \\
October & 41 & 42 & 43 & 44 & 45 & 46 \\
November & 51 & 52 & 53 & 54 & 55 & 56 \\
December & 61 & 62 & 63 & 64 & 65 & 66
\end{tabular}

The number 34 is part of sample number 05/06, panel 3, rotation group 4 of the NCS.




NCS ROTATION CHART
JANUARY 1985 - DECEMBER 1997
```


[^0]:    * Numbers in parenthesis indicate panels which are

[^1]:    Source Code
    232

