

October 2019, NCJ 251922

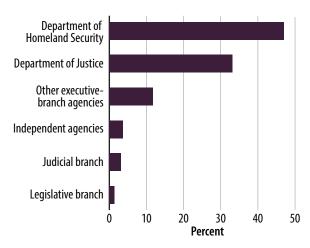
Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016 – Statistical Tables

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s of the end of fiscal-year 2016, federal agencies in the United States and U.S. territories employed about 132,000 full-time law enforcement officers. Federal law enforcement officers were defined as any federal officers who were authorized to make arrests and carry firearms. About three-quarters of federal law enforcement officers (about 100,000) provided police protection as their primary function. Four in five federal law enforcement officers, regardless of their primary function, worked for either the Department of Homeland Security (47% of all officers) or the Department of Justice (33%) (figure 1, table 1).

Findings in this report are from the 2016 Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers (CFLEO). The Bureau of Justice Statistics conducted the census, collecting data on 83 agencies. Of these agencies, 41 were Offices of Inspectors General, which provide oversight of federal agencies and activities. The tables in this report provide statistics on the number, functions, and demographics of federal law enforcement officers.

FIGURE 1 Distribution of full-time federal law enforcement officers, by department or branch, 2016



Note: See table 1 for counts and percentages. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016.

Highlights

- In 2016, there were about 100,000 full-time federal law enforcement officers in the United States and U.S. territories who primarily provided police protection, compared to 701,000 full-time sworn officers in general-purpose state and local law-enforcement agencies nationwide.
- About two-thirds of all full-time federal law enforcement officers worked for either Customs and Border Protection (33%), the Federal Bureau of Prisons (14%), the FBI (10%), or Immigration and Customs Enforcement (9%).
- Between 2008 and 2016, the Amtrak Police had the largest percentage increase in full-time federal law enforcement officers (40%), followed by the National Park Service Rangers (29%) and the Bureau of Indian Affairs (27%).
- The Bureau of Indian Affairs experienced the highest rate of assaults on officers in 2016 (143 assaults per 100 officers), which was more than triple the rate in 2008 (38 per 100) and more than 20 times the rate of any other agency.



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TABLE 1
Distribution of full-time federal law enforcement officers, by department or branch, 2016

| Department/branch | Number | Percent |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Total | 132,110 | 100% |
| Department of Homeland Security | 62,125 | 47.0 |
| Department of Justice | 43,666 | 33.1 |
| Other executive branch agencies | 15,414 | 11.7 |
| Independent agencies | 4,943 | 3.7 |
| Judicial branch | 4,141 | 3.1 |
| Legislative branch | 1,821 | 1.4 |

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016.

TABLE 2
Full-time federal law enforcement officers in federal agencies, 2008 and 2016

| Full-time federal law enforcement officers in federal agencies, 2008 and 2016 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Department/agency | Number of full-time officers, 2008 ^a | Number of full-time officers, 2016b | Percent change, 2008-2016 | Percent of all federal officers, 2016 | | | | | | |
| Total | 121,909 | 132,110 | 8.4% | 100% | | | | | | |
| Offices of Inspectors General | 3,514 | 3,869 | 10.1% | 2.9% | | | | | | |
| Total executive/judicial/legislative/independent federal law enforcement agencies, other than Offices of Inspectors General | 118,395 | 128,241 | 8.3% | 97.1% | | | | | | |
| Executive departments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Department of Agriculture | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forest Service | 648 | 514 | -20.7% | 0.4% | | | | | | |
| Department of Commerce | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bureau of Industry and Security | 103 | 108 | 4.9% | 0.1% | | | | | | |
| National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Office of Law Enforcement | 154 | 126 | -18.2 | 0.1 | | | | | | |
| Office of Security | ~ | 38 | ~ | <0.1 | | | | | | |
| Secretary's Protective Detail | ~ | 11 | ~ | <0.1 | | | | | | |
| Department of Defense | | 11 | | \0.1 | | | | | | |
| Pentagon Force Protection Agency | 725 | 777 | 7.2% | 0.6% | | | | | | |
| Department of Energy | | | | | | | | | | |
| National Nuclear Security Administration | 363 | 302 | -16.8% | 0.2% | | | | | | |
| Department of Health and Human Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Food and Drug Administration, Office of Criminal Investigation | 187 | 231 | 23.5% | 0.2% | | | | | | |
| National Institutes of Health, Division of Police | 94 | 77 | -18.1 | 0.1 | | | | | | |
| Department of Homeland Security | | | | | | | | | | |
| Customs and Border Protection | 37,482 | 43,724 | 16.7% | 33.1% | | | | | | |
| Immigration and Customs Enforcement ^c | 11,779 | 12,400 | 5.3 | 9.4 | | | | | | |
| Federal Emergency Management Agency, Mount Weather Police | 84 | 78 | -7.1 | 0.1 | | | | | | |
| Federal Protective Service ^c | 900 | 1,007 | 11.9 | 0.8 | | | | | | |
| Office of the Chief Security Officer | ~ | 26 | ~ | <0.1 | | | | | | |
| Secret Service | 5,226 | 4,697 | -10.1 | 3.6 | | | | | | |
| Department of the Interior | -,==- | ,, | | | | | | | | |
| Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Justice | | | | | | | | | | |
| Services | 277 | 352 | 27.1% | 0.3% | | | | | | |
| Bureau of Land Management | 255 | 253 | -0.8 | 0.2 | | | | | | |
| Bureau of Reclamation | 21 | 24 | 14.3 | <0.1 | | | | | | |
| Fish and Wildlife Service | 603 | 619 | 2.7 | 0.5 | | | | | | |
| National Park Service Rangers | 1,416 | 1,822 | 28.7 | 1.4 | | | | | | |
| Park Police | 547 | 560 | 2.4 | 0.4 | | | | | | |

Continued on next page

TABLE 2 (continued)Full-time federal law enforcement officers in federal agencies, 2008 and 2016

| 4.4% 2.0% 4.7 3.2 6.8 10.4 2.4 14.5 2.8 2.9 ~ <0.1% 5.8% 0.9% 2.1% 0.1% |
|---|
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| 2.2% 0.1% |
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| 3.4% <0.1% |
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| |
| 8.3% 1.3% |
| |

Note: Data for the Bureau of Industry and Security; the Environmental Protection Agency, Criminal Investigation Division; the Fish and Wildlife Service; and the Internal Revenue Service were obtained from fedscope.opm.gov. Data for the Federal Protective Service came from the Department of Homeland Security website.

^cThe Federal Protective Service was included in the officer count for Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) in the 2008 report. ICE reported having about 900 officers in the Federal Protective Service at that time, and they are listed separately in this report for both 2008 and 2016. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2008 and 2016.

[~]Not applicable. Agency was not in the 2008 Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers (CFLEO).

^aIn 2008, agencies reported 1,561 full-time federal law enforcement officers in U.S. Territories and Commonwealths. Those officers are included in these numbers. The total for 2008 includes 141 officers from agencies that did not respond to the 2016 CFLEO.

bln 2016, agencies reported 1,871 full-time federal law enforcement officers in U.S. Territories and Commonwealths. Those officers are included in these numbers.

TABLE 3Full-time federal law enforcement officers in Offices of Inspectors General, 2008 and 2016

| Offices of Inspectors General | 2008 | 2016 | Change, 2008-2016 |
|---|-------|-------|----------------------|
| Totala | 3,514 | 3,869 | 355 |
| Executive departments: | | | |
| Department of Agriculture | 166 | 149 | -17 |
| Department of Commerce | 16 | 12 | -4 |
| Department of Defense | 345 | 328 | -17 |
| Department of Education | 88 | 80 | -8 |
| Department of Energy | 48 | 64 | 16 |
| Department of Health and Human Services | 393 | 458 | 65 |
| Department of Homeland Security | 163 | 193 | 30 |
| Department of Housing and Urban Development | 229 | 202 | -27 |
| Department of the Interior | 66 | 70 | 4 |
| Department of Justice | 122 | 130 | 8 |
| Department of Labor | 164 | 146 | -18 |
| Department of State | 32 | 41 | 9 |
| Department of Transportation | 94 | 102 | 8 |
| Department of the Treasury | 21 | 36 | 15 |
| Department of Veterans Affairs | 132 | 171 | 39 |
| Other federal Offices of Inspectors General: | | | |
| Agency for International Development | 13 | 36 | 23 |
| Amtrak ^b | ~ | 31 | ~ |
| Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ^b | ~ | 25 | ~ |
| Corporation for National and Community Service | 9 | 6 | -3 |
| Environmental Protection Agency | 40 | 47 | 7 |
| Export-Import Bank of the United Statesb | ~ | 6 | ~ |
| Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation | 35 | 51 | 16 |
| Federal Housing Finance Agency ^b | ~ | 47 | ~ |
| General Services Administration | 67 | 74 | 7 |
| Library of Congress | 2 | 0 | -2 |
| National Aeronautics and Space Administration | 52 | 62 | 10 |
| National Archives and Records Administration | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| National Science Foundation | 6 | 7 | 1 |
| Office of Personnel Management | 28 | 34 | 6 |
| Peace Corps ^b | ~ | 5 | ~ |
| Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ^b | ~ | 5 | ~ |
| Railroad Retirement Board | 16 | 16 | 0 |
| Securities and Exchange Commission ^b | ~ | 13 | ~ |
| Small Business Administration | 34 | 38 | 4 |
| Smithsonian Institution ^b | ~ | 3 | ~ |
| Social Security Administration | 274 | 272 | -2 |
| Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction b | ~ | 22 | ~ |
| Special Inspector General for the Troubled Asset Relief Program ^b | ~ | 62 | ~ |
| Tennessee Valley Authority | 20 | 19 | -1 |
| Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration | 304 | 278 | -26 |
| U.S. Postal Service | 511 | 522 | 11 |
| ~Not applicable. Agency was not in the 2008 Census of Federa | | | |

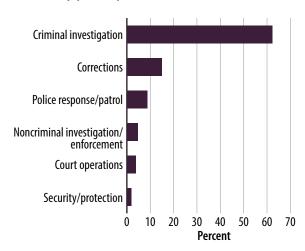
[~]Not applicable. Agency was not in the 2008 Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2008 and 2016.

^aThe 2008 total includes 18 officers from agencies that did not respond to the 2016 Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers (CFLEO).

^bAgency was not in the 2008 CFLEO.

FIGURE 2 Percent of full-time federal law enforcement officers, by primary function, 2016



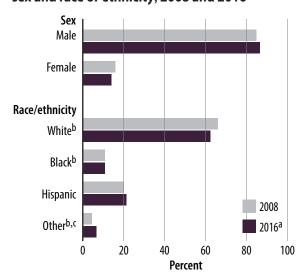
Note: See table 4 for counts and percentages. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016.

TABLE 4 Percent of full-time federal law enforcement officers, by primary function, 2016

| Primary function | Number of officers | Percent of total |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|
| Total | 132,110 | 100% |
| Police protection | 100,250 | 75.9% |
| Criminal investigation | 82,336 | 62.3 |
| Police response/patrol | 11,611 | 8.8 |
| Non-criminal investigation/enforcement | 6,303 | 4.8 |
| Corrections | 19,896 | 15.1% |
| Court operations | 5,173 | 3.9% |
| Security/protection | 2,645 | 2.0% |
| Function not reported | 4,146 | 3.1% |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016.

FIGURE 3 Percent of full-time federal law enforcement officers, by sex and race or ethnicity, 2008 and 2016



Note: See table 5 for estimates.

^aIn 2016, federal law enforcement agencies indicated that 257 (0.2%) officers were of unknown race.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic whites and "black" refers to non-Hispanic blacks). ^CIncludes Asians, Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, American Indians, Alaska Natives, and persons of two or more races.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2008 and 2016.

TABLE 5 Percent of full-time federal law enforcement officers, by sex and race or ethnicity, 2008 and 2016

| | 2008 | 2016 |
|--|------|------|
| Sex | 100% | 100% |
| Male | 84.5 | 86.3 |
| Female | 15.5 | 13.7 |
| Race/ethnicity | 100% | 100% |
| White ^a | 65.7 | 62.1 |
| Black ^a | 10.4 | 10.5 |
| Hispanic | 19.8 | 20.9 |
| Asian ^{a,b} | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islandera,b | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native ^{a,b} | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Two or more races ^b | 0.1 | 1.6 |
| Unknown race/ethnicity | 0.0 | 0.2 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Excludes persons of unknown race/ethnicity.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic whites and "black" refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

blncluded in "other" in figure 3.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2008 and 2016.

TABLE 6Sex and race or ethnicity of full-time federal law enforcement officers in agencies employing 50 or more officers, other than Offices of Inspectors General, 2016

Race/ethnicity

| | Race/etimerty | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Agency | Number | Total | Sex Male | Female | Total | White* | Black* | Hispanic | Asian* | Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander* | American Indian/Alaska Native* | Two or more races |
| Customs and Border Protection | 43,724 | 100% | 88.1% | 11.9% | 100% | 49.9% | 4.9% | 39.5% | 4.1% | 0.4% | 0.8% | 0.4% |
| Federal Bureau of Prisons | 19,093 | 100% | 86.2 | 13.8 | 100% | 60.5 | 22.0 | 8.6 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 6.3 |
| Federal Bureau of Investigation | 13,799 | 100% | 80.1 | 19.9 | 100% | 83.3 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 4.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| Immigration and Customs Enforcement | 12,400 | 100% | 87.1 | 12.9 | 100% | 61.4 | 7.4 | 25.5 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Secret Service | 4,729 | 100% | 89.2 | 10.8 | 100% | 76.2 | 13.1 | 6.8 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.0 |
| Drug Enforcement Administration | 4,181 | 100% | 89.8 | 10.2 | 100% | 79.1 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 2.8 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Department of Veterans Affairs Police Department | 3,839 | 100% | 92.3 | 7.7 | 100% | 62.4 | 22.9 | 10.3 | 2.2 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| U.S. Marshals Service | 3,788 | 100% | 90.2 | 9.8 | 100% | 77.1 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives | 2,675 | 100% | 86.4 | 13.6 | 100% | 80.0 | 8.0 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 5.0 |
| U.S. Postal Inspection Service | 1,891 | 100% | 77.3 | 22.7 | 100% | 56.6 | 21.5 | 14.2 | 6.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| U.S. Capitol Police | 1,773 | 100% | 81.4 | 18.6 | 100% | 59.9 | 30.3 | 6.4 | 2.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Bureau of Diplomatic Security | 1,215 | 100% | 88.0 | 12.0 | 100% | 78.9 | 5.3 | 8.1 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 3.7 |
| National Park Service Rangers | 1,119 | 100% | 83.1 | 16.9 | 100% | 88.2 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 0.2 |
| Pentagon Force Protection Agency | 777 | 100% | 89.7 | 10.3 | 100% | 51.9 | 36.8 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 6.4 |
| Smithsonian Institution Office of Protection Services | 620 | 100% | 70.5 | 29.7 | 100% | 9.2 | 80.0 | 8.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Forest Service | 592 | 100% | 78.7 | 21.3 | 100% | 77.0 | 6.6 | 8.4 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 4.2 | 2.2 |
| National Park Service, Park Police | 560 | 100% | 89.3 | 10.7 | 100% | 77.3 | 12.5 | 5.9 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| Amtrak Police Department | 427 | 100% | 89.7 | 10.3 | 100% | 69.6 | 18.3 | 9.6 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Bureau of Indian Affairs | 352 | 100% | 88.9 | 11.1 | 100% | 2.8 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 95.5 | 0.9 |
| National Nuclear Security Administration | 302 | 100% | 100.0 | 0.0 | 100% | 84.4 | 4.6 | 7.6 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.0 |
| U.S. Mint Police | 292 | 100% | 88.0 | 12.0 | 100% | 67.5 | 16.4 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.8 |
| Bureau of Land Management | 253 | 100% | 92.1 | 7.9 | 100% | 85.4 | 0.8 | 9.5 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 0.0 |
| Bureau of Engraving and Printing | 182 | 100% | 90.1 | 9.9 | 100% | 37.9 | 49.5 | 9.3 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 |
| Supreme Court of the United States Police | 156 | 100% | 76.3 | 23.7 | 100% | 73.7 | 19.9 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Office of Law Enforcement | 126 | 100% | 92.1 | 7.9 | 100% | 67.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Federal Emergency Management Administration, Mount Weather Police | 78 | 100% | 96.2 | 3.8 | 100% | 85.9 | 7.7 | 5.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| National Institutes of Health, Division of Police | 77 | 100% | 88.3 | 11.7 | 100% | 57.1 | 36.4 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee Valley Authority Police | 53 | 100% | 84.9 | 15.1 | 100% | 98.1 | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Office of Protective Services | 51 | 100% | 90.2 | 9.8 | 100% | 84.3 | 7.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Excludes persons of unknown race/ethnicity.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016.

^{*}Excludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic whites and "black" refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

TABLE 7Sex and race or ethnicity of full-time federal law enforcement officers in Offices of Inspectors General employing 50 or more officers, 2016

| | Race/ethnicity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|----------|--------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Agency | Number | Total | Sex Male | Female | Total | White* | Black* | Hispanic | Asian* | Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander* | American Indian/Alaska Native* | Two or more races |
| U.S. Postal Service | 525 | 100% | 74.1% | 25.9% | 100% | 70.5% | 11.2% | 12.2% | 5.9% | 0.2% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Department of Health and Human Services | 458 | 100% | 69.7 | 30.3 | 100% | 76.9 | 10.7 | 7.2 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Department of Defense | 328 | 100% | 78.0 | 22.0 | 100% | 72.6 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 2.1 |
| Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration | 278 | 100% | 80.9 | 19.1 | 100% | 74.8 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| Social Security Administration | 272 | 100% | 73.9 | 26.1 | 100% | 66.2 | 10.3 | 18.0 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 |
| Department of Housing and Urban Development | 202 | 100% | 76.2 | 23.8 | 100% | 70.3 | 10.9 | 12.4 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Department of Homeland Security | 193 | 100% | 86.5 | 13.5 | 100% | ••• | ••• | ••• | | | | ••• |
| Department of Veterans Affairs | 171 | 100% | 88.9 | 11.1 | 100% | 87.1 | 8.2 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Department of Agriculture | 149 | 100% | 70.5 | 29.5 | 100% | 73.2 | 12.8 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 |
| Department of Labor | 146 | 100% | 74.7 | 25.3 | 100% | 76.7 | 7.5 | 12.3 | 2.1 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| Department of Justice | 130 | 100% | 83.1 | 16.9 | 100% | 79.2 | 12.3 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| Department of Transportation | 102 | 100% | 76.5 | 23.5 | 100% | 69.6 | 14.7 | 4.9 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 5.9 |
| Department of Education | 80 | 100% | 75.0 | 25.0 | 100% | 71.3 | 13.8 | 7.5 | 2.5 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 3.8 |
| General Services Administration | 74 | 100% | 78.4 | 21.6 | 100% | 74.3 | 8.1 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 6.8 |
| Department of the Interior | 70 | 100% | 80.0 | 20.0 | 100% | 75.7 | 10.0 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 1.4 |
| Department of Energy | 64 | 100% | 75.0 | 25.0 | 100% | 81.3 | 7.8 | 10.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| National Aeronautics and Space Administration | 62 | 100% | 85.5 | 14.5 | 100% | 87.1 | 4.8 | 1.6 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Special Inspector General for the Troubled Asset Relief Program | 62 | 100% | 79.0 | 21.0 | 100% | 77.4 | 8.1 | 9.7 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation | 51 | 100% | 76.5 | 23.5 | 100% | 76.5 | 9.8 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.8 |

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Excludes persons of unknown race/ethnicity.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2016.

^{...}Not available.

^{*}Excludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic whites and "black" refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

Assaults against federal law enforcement officers in 2016

Operated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the Uniform Crime Reporting Program's Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted (LEOKA) Program publishes data annually on law enforcement officers assaulted or killed while on duty in the United States and in U.S. territories. In 2016, the participating agencies reported 1,447 total assaults, including 324 assaults resulting in injury (table 8). One officer in the U.S. Marshals Service was killed.

Of the agencies participating in LEOKA, the Bureau of Indian Affairs experienced the highest rate of assaults on its officers in 2016 (143 assaults per 100 officers), which was more than triple the rate in 2008 (38 per 100) and more than 20 times the rate of any other agency. For agencies that had at least one assault on an officer in 2016, the FBI and the Drug Enforcement Administration had the lowest rates, with less than one assault per 100 officers.

TABLE 8Assaults on federal law enforcement officers, 2008 and 2016

| | | To | otal assaults | * | | Assaults with injury | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | 2008 2016 | | | 2016 | | | 08 | 20 | | | |
| Agency | Number | Rate per 100 officers | Number | Rate per 100 officers | Change in rate per 100 officers | Number | Rate per 100 officers | Number | Rate per 100 officers | Change in rate per 100 officers | |
| Total | 1,347 | 1.5 | 1,447 | 1.5 | >-0.1 | 188 | 0.2 | 324 | 0.3 | 0.1 | |
| Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives | 11 | 0.4 | 11 | 0.4 | >-0.1 | 1 | <0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | >-0.1 | |
| Bureau of Indian Affairs | 105 | 37.9 | 504 | 143.2 | 105.3 | 78 | 28.2 | 86 | 24.4 | -3.7 | |
| Bureau of Land Management | 6 | 2.4 | 4 | 1.6 | -0.8 | 3 | 1.2 | 0 | 0.0 | -1.2 | |
| Customs and Border Protection | 1,003 | 2.7 | 484 | 1.1 | -1.6 | 53 | 0.1 | 139 | 0.3 | 0.2 | |
| Drug Enforcement Administration | 1 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | <0.1 | <0.1 | |
| Federal Bureau of Investigation | 17 | 0.1 | 16 | 0.1 | >-0.1 | 4 | < 0.1 | 5 | < 0.1 | <0.1 | |
| Fish and Wildlife Service | 5 | 0.8 | 6 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Immigration and Customs Enforcement | 75 | 0.6 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 18 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | |
| Internal Revenue Service | 1 | < 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | >-0.1 | 1 | < 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | >-0.1 | |
| National Park Service Rangers | 73 | 5.2 | 107 | 2.3 | -2.9 | 19 | 1.3 | 31 | 0.7 | -0.7 | |
| Secret Service | 20 | 0.4 | 19 | 0.4 | <0.1 | 3 | 0.1 | 7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| U.S. Capitol Police | 9 | 0.5 | 25 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 4 | 0.2 | 4 | 0.2 | >-0.1 | |
| U.S. Marshals Service | 21 | 0.6 | 266 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 4 | 0.1 | 50 | 1.3 | 1.2 | |

Note: The Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration and the U.S. Postal Inspection Service are also included in the Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted reports but reported no assaults for 2008 and 2016.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, data based on the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Uniform Crime Reporting Program, Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted, 2008 and 2016; and Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers, 2008 and 2016.

^{*}In 2008, one federal law enforcement officer in Customs and Border Protection was killed, and one federal law enforcement officer from the Federal Bureau of Investigation was killed. In 2016, one federal law enforcement officer in the U.S. Marshals Service was killed. The FBI's LEOKA program uses three categories in describing assaults: killed, injured, and not injured. Following the LEOKA program's classifications, this list includes deaths and injuries in the "total assaults" category but not in the "assaults with injury" category.

Methodology

The 2016 Census of Federal Law Enforcement Officers (CFLEO) includes agencies that employed full-time officers with federal arrest authority who were authorized to carry firearms while on duty. The CFLEO includes supervisory and non-supervisory personnel. It excludes officers in the U.S. Armed Forces, and it does not collect data on officers stationed in foreign countries. Due to restrictions on classified information, the CFLEO does not include the Central Intelligence Agency or the Transportation Security Administration's Federal Air Marshal Service.

The Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) determined eligibility for inclusion in the 2016 CFLEO using information from the 2008 CFLEO and responses to the 2016 Attorney General memo requesting information for the Federal Law Enforcement Deaths in Custody Reporting Program.² BJS contacted 86 agencies that were determined to be eligible. It did so by mail and email, asking respondents to provide the number of full-time officers with arrest and firearm authority who were employed as of September 30, 2016, by job function, sex, race, and ethnicity. Of the 86 agencies contacted, 78 responded, for a response rate of 91%. Data on sex, race, and ethnicity were not available for some agencies. These agencies were excluded in tables or totals that convey that information.

BJS identified personnel counts for five of the eight non-responding agencies from federal government data sources. BJS used data from the Office of Personnel Management's FedScope website to obtain the total number of officers employed for four non-responding agencies:³

- Bureau of Industry and Security
- Internal Revenue Service
- Fish and Wildlife Service
- Environmental Protection Agency, Criminal Investigation Division.

The totals included employees listed under occupational series "1811 Criminal Investigation." The Fish and Wildlife Service total also included the "1801 General Inspection" occupation series.

The total number of Federal Protective Service officers came from a report published on its website and refers to fiscal year 2015 rather than 2016.⁴

The number of officers in the five agencies (four from FedScope and one from the agency website) for which BJS used other resources to estimate the number of officers represented 3% of federal officers in this report. The remaining non-responding agencies were excluded from totals and percentages in this report. Based on results from the 2008 CFLEO, BJS estimated that these agencies accounted for 0.11% of federal officers.

For the 2008 CFLEO, BJS determined eligibility for inclusion using the 2004 CFLEO, agency contacts, a 2006 U.S. Government Accountability Office study of federal law enforcement agencies (study no. 07-121), and the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC). BJS contacted 73 federal agencies determined to be eligible for the census and asked them to provide information on the number, sex, race, ethnicity, and job function of officers they employed in 2008. Data on the total number of personnel with arrest and firearm authority were obtained for all but one agency. For further discussion of the methodology for the 2008 CFLEO, see *Federal Law Enforcement Officers*, 2008 (NCJ 238250, BJS, June 2012).

Data for comparisons to state, sheriff, and local law enforcement agencies came from the 2016 Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics (LEMAS) survey. Because the 2016 LEMAS data were collected from a sample, the results are subject to sampling error. Variance and standard error estimates for the 2016 LEMAS were generated using the IBM SPSS statistical software package. The Taylor linearization method for a "stratified without replacement" design was used for these calculations. Because the data from the CFLEO came from an enumeration, rather than a sample of agencies, they are not subject to sampling error and standard errors were not calculated.⁵

²Loretta Lynch, Memorandum to heads of executive departments and agencies (Washington, D.C., October 15, 2016).

³FedScope is a website maintained by the Office of Personnel Management that provides employment data on federal agencies by occupational series. See https://www.fedscope.opm.gov

⁴See U.S. Department of Homeland Security. (2016). *Federal Protective Service Annual Report Fiscal Year 2015*. Retrieved from https://www.dhs.gov/publication/federal-protective-service-annual-report-fy2015

⁵For more details about the methodology for the LEMAS survey, see https://www.bjs.gov/index.cfm?ty=dcdetail&iid=248.

In 2016, BJS asked agencies to provide the number of officers by job function using the following definitions of job functions:

Police response/patrol—Includes duties primarily related to preventive patrol, response to complaints and reports of illegal activities, arrest of law violators, traffic control, crowd control, handling of emergencies, or other traditional law enforcement responsibilities.

Criminal investigation/enforcement—Includes duties primarily related to collection of evidence, interdiction and seizure of contraband, surveillance, execution of search warrants, analysis of information, arrest of suspects, development of cases for prosecutions, or any other investigation and enforcement duties pertaining to federal laws and regulations.

Inspection/non-criminal investigation—Includes duties that primarily involve employment and personnel security investigation, civil investigation, inspection, or any other type of non-criminal investigation or enforcement.

Security/protection—Includes duties primarily related to providing security for federal buildings, courts, records, assets, or other property, or to providing personal protection for federal government officials, judges, prosecutors, jurors, foreign dignitaries, or any other designated persons.

Court operations—Includes duties primarily related to the supervision of federal offenders on probation, parole, or supervised release. Also includes serving civil or criminal process and providing witness protection, courtroom security, or other activities related to the federal court system.

Corrections/detention—Includes duties primarily related to the custody, control, supervision, or transportation of pre-trial detainees, prisoners, or detained illegal aliens.

Other functions—Includes duties primarily related to general support, administration, research and development, training, information systems, laboratory testing, domestic security intelligence, or any other function not included in the other job-function categories.



The Bureau of Justice Statistics of the U.S. Department of Justice is the principal federal agency responsible for measuring crime, criminal victimization, criminal offenders, victims of crime, correlates of crime, and the operation of criminal and civil justice systems at the federal, state, tribal, and local levels. BJS collects, analyzes, and disseminates reliable statistics on crime and justice systems in the United States, supports improvements to state and local criminal justice information systems, and participates with national and international organizations to develop and recommend national standards for justice statistics. Jeffrey H. Anderson is the director.

This report was written by Connor Brooks. Anthony Whyde and Stephanie Mueller verified the report.

Eric Hendrixson and Jill Thomas edited the report. Tina Dorsey, Morgan Young, and Carrie Epps produced the report.

October 2019, NCJ 251922



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