

July 2025, NCJ 310118

Probation and Parole in the United States, 2023

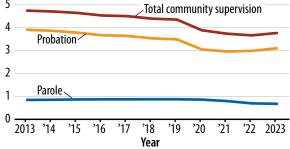
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n estimated 3,772,000 adults were under community supervision at yearend 2023, a 0.7% increase from 3,744,100 on January 1, 2023 (figure 1, table 1). This change was due to an increase in the number of adults on probation, who made up 82% of the community supervision population at yearend. The probation population rose 1.3% during 2023, from 3,064,200 to 3,103,400. The number of adults on parole fell from 700,800 to 680,400 (down 2.9%) during 2023.

Findings in this report are from the Bureau of Justice Statistics' (BJS) Annual Probation Survey, Annual Parole Survey, and Federal Justice Statistics Program, which collect data on adults placed on correctional supervision (entries) or removed from supervision (exits) during the reporting year and on characteristics of the population at yearend. These are the only national data collections that cover community corrections in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system. Findings focus largely on changes in the community supervision population within a given year to minimize the effect of factors such as administrative changes or agency reporting differences.

FIGURE 1 Adults on probation or parole on December 31, 2013-2023





Note: Probation counts for 2023 are not comparable to previous years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023. See Methodology. Details may not sum to totals because the community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude the yearend number of adults on parole who were also on probation. See table 1 for estimates. See table 8 for counts of adults on parole who were also on probation.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2013-2023.

HIGHLIGHTS

- At yearend 2023, an estimated 3,772,000 adults were under community supervision (probation or parole), up 27,900 (0.7%) from January 1, 2023.
- From yearend 2013 to yearend 2023, among comparable agencies, the total adult community supervision population declined 23%.
- During 2023, the number of adults on parole declined from 700,800 to 680,400 (down 2.9%).
- The probation population increased for a second consecutive year in 2023, from 3,064,200 on January 1 to 3,103,400 on December 31 (up 1.3%).
- One in 70 adult U.S. residents was under community supervision during 2023.



¹The community supervision population includes adults on probation or parole but excludes those adults on both probation and parole to avoid double counting. See Methodology.

Starting with the 2023 data collection, the Annual Probation Survey added 285 agencies supervising misdemeanor probation. (See *Methodology*.) This resulted in an increase to the population of about 120,000 or 4% of the total 2023 probation population. Additionally, the Annual Probation Survey collected characteristics data only from agencies that supervised felony probation. Misdemeanor-only supervision agencies provided only population totals and received a shorter survey form. This total population should not be directly compared to those for previous years due to the change in frame. See *Methodology*.

For this report, an adult is defined as any person subject to the jurisdiction of an adult court or correctional agency. Reporting methods for some probation and parole agencies have changed over time, resulting in changes to previously reported statistics. (See *Methodology*.) Appendix tables 5 through 13 present additional 2023 data on probation and parole.

Population of adults on parole continued a decline that started in 2020

The total adult community supervision population increased by 0.7% during 2023, but it has decreased 23% since 2013, when analyzing comparable probation agencies (table 1). From 2013 to 2023, the parole population in the United States dropped 20%. When analyzing comparable agency populations, the probation population dropped 24% between 2013 and 2023.

The probation population rose by an estimated 1% during 2023 (figure 2). This was the second consecutive annual increase in the probation population.

TABLE 1Adults under community supervision, 2013–2023

		-	
Year	Total	Probation ^a	Parole ^b
2013	4,749,800	3,912,900	849,500
2014	4,713,200	3,868,400	857,700
2015	4,650,900	3,789,800	870,500
2016	4,537,100	3,673,100	874,800
2017	4,508,900	3,647,200	875,000
2018	4,399,000	3,540,000	878,000
2019	4,357,700	3,492,900	878,700
2020	3,890,800	3,053,700	862,500
2021	3,741,600	2,963,000	799,900
2022	3,668,800	2,990,900	698,800
2023	3,772,000	3,103,400	680,400
January 1	3,744,100	3,064,200	700,800
December 31	3,772,000	3,103,400	680,400
Percent change ^c			
2013-2023	-23.1%	-23.8%	-19.9%
January 1, 2023– December 31, 2023	0.7	1.3	-2.9

Note: Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts reflect yearend populations except where otherwise indicated. Counts for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding and because the community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude the yearend number of adults on parole who were also on probation. See table 8 for counts of adults on parole who were also on probation. Estimates are based on the most recent data and may differ from previously published statistics.

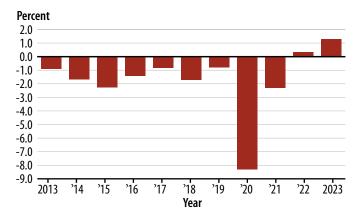
^aCounts for 2023 are not comparable to previous years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023. See *Methodology*.

^bCalifornia parole data for 2019 to 2021 have been revised, and data for 2022 to 2023 are not comparable to prior years. See *Methodology*.

^cPercent change based on comparable reporting agencies. For counts based on the same reporting agencies: for community supervision use 3,628,400 for January 1, 2023, and 3,651,700 for December 31, 2023; for probation use 2,948,500 for January 1, 2023, and 2,983,100 for December 31, 2023. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

FIGURE 2 Annual percent change in number of adults on probation, 2013–2023



Note: Annual percent change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year. See *Methodology*. Percent change for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023. See appendix table 1 for estimates.

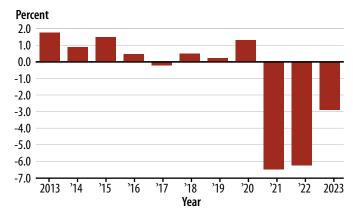
Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2013–2023.

In 2023, the parole population decreased for the third consecutive year (down 2.9%) (figure 3). At yearend 2023, the parole population was almost 23% lower than at yearend 2019.

Rate of adults under parole supervision continued to drop in 2023

During 2023, 1 in 70 adult U.S. residents or 1,433 per 100,000 were under community supervision (table 2). The parole rate continued to decline, from 268 per 100,000 adult U.S. residents in 2022 to 258 per 100,000 in 2023. At the end of 2023, 1 in 387 adults in the United States was supervised on parole.

FIGURE 3 Annual percent change in number of adults on parole, 2013–2023



Note: Annual percent change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year. Percent change for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. California parole data for 2019 to 2021 have been revised, and data for 2022 to 2023 are not comparable to prior years. See *Methodology*. See appendix table 2 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

 TABLE 2

 Rates of adult U.S. residents on community supervision, probation, and parole, 2013–2023

	Number per 10	0,000 adult U.S. resi	dents	Adult U	J.S. residents on—	
Year	Community supervision	Probation	Parole	Community supervision	Probation	Parole
2013	1,949	1,606	349	1 in 51	1 in 62	1 in 287
2014	1,916	1,572	349	1 in 52	1 in 64	1 in 287
2015	1,873	1,527	351	1 in 53	1 in 66	1 in 285
2016	1,811	1,466	349	1 in 55	1 in 68	1 in 287
2017	1,786	1,444	347	1 in 56	1 in 69	1 in 289
2018	1,729	1,391	345	1 in 58	1 in 72	1 in 290
2019	1,701	1,363	343	1 in 59	1 in 73	1 in 292
2020	1,509	1,184	334	1 in 66	1 in 84	1 in 299
2021	1,443	1,143	309	1 in 69	1 in 87	1 in 324
2022	1,405	1,146	268	1 in 71	1 in 87	1 in 374
2023*	1,433	1,179	258	1 in 70	1 in 85	1 in 387

Note: Rates are based on total community supervision, probation, and parole counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year. Details may not sum to totals because the community supervision counts were adjusted to exclude the yearend number of adults on parole who were also on probation. See table 8 for counts of adults on parole who were also on probation. Estimates are based on the most recent data available and may differ from previously published statistics. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023. See *Methodology*.

*Community supervision and probation rates are not comparable to previous years due to the addition of probation agencies in 2023. For comparable rates, use 1,387 per 100,000 U.S. adult residents for community supervision, and 1,133 for probation.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2014–2024.

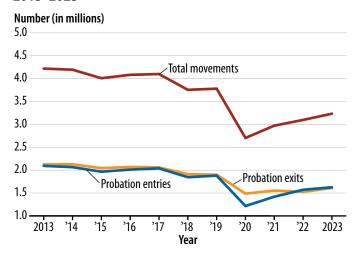
Entries to probation exceed exits for second consecutive year

There were 3,233,800 total movements (entries onto and exits off of probation) from January 1 to December 31, 2023 (figure 4). Entries to probation (1,626,300) were slightly higher than exits from probation supervision (1,607,500) during 2023. Entries and exits reflect the administrative caseloads of probation agencies. A person can enter or exit the probation system more than once during a year or concurrently serve multiple probation sentences for separate crimes.

Probation exits include successful completions of supervision; exits to serve a period of incarceration, including to receive treatment; exits due to absconding, detainment, or other unsatisfactory reasons besides incarceration; and exits due to death or other reasons.

During 2023, successful completions of probation accounted for 59% of exits among adults whose type of exit was known (table 3). The successful completion rate was higher among adults previously under misdemeanor probation (70%) than felony probation (50%). Incarceration accounted for 16% of exits from probation when the type of exit was known. Exits due to incarceration of adults previously under felony probation supervision (21%) during 2023 were more than double that of those under misdemeanor probation (9%) when type of exit was known. The type of exit was unknown for 19% of felony probation exits. Agencies that supervised only misdemeanor probation were not asked about the type of exit.

FIGURE 4Estimated total probation movements, entries, and exits, 2013–2023



Note: Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Data from 2023 are not comparable to prior years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023. See *Methodology*. See appendix table 3 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2013–2023.

TABLE 3
Exits from probation, by type of exit and type of probation, 2023

Percent of total exits							Percent of k	nown type of exit	ts ^a		
Type of probation supervision	Completion	Incarcerated	Unsatisfactory exit other than incarceration	Death	Other	Unknown/ not reported ^b	Completion	Incarcerated	Unsatisfactory exit other than incarceration	Death	Other
Total	42.6%	11.6%	5.4%	1.0%	12.1%	27.2%	58.5%	15.9%	7.4%	1.4%	16.7%
Felony	40.3	17.4	6.1	1.6	16.0	18.6	49.5	21.4	7.5	1.9	19.7
Misdemeanor	44.9	5.9	4.7	0.5	8.3	35.6	69.7	9.2	7.3	0.8	12.9

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Data from 2023 are not comparable to previous years due to changes in reporting. See appendix table 9 for detailed type of exits.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023.

^aExcludes unknown and unreported type of exits.

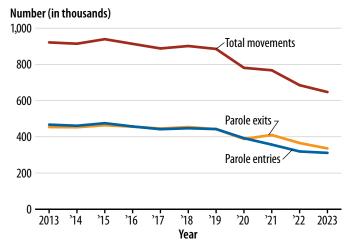
^bIncludes population from misdemeanor-only agencies that were not asked about type of exit.

Exits from parole exceed entries for third consecutive year

Total movements onto and off of parole supervision decreased for the fifth consecutive year in 2023, from 684,900 in 2022 to 647,200 in 2023 (figure 5). Entries to parole dropped from 319,200 in 2022 to 311,400 in 2023. There were an estimated 335,800 exits from parole in 2023.

Sixty-four percent of adults who exited parole during 2023 with a known exit type successfully completed their term of parole (table 4). About 29% of known parole exits were due to incarceration in 2023, up slightly from 2022 (27%).

FIGURE 5Estimated total parole movements, entries, and exits, 2013–2023



Note: Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. See appendix table 4 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

TABLE 4Exits from parole, by type of exit, 2013–2023

	Percent of total exits						Percent of kno	own type of exits*	
Year	Completion	Returned to incarceration	Unsatisfactory exit other than returned to incarceration	Death/other	Unknown/ not reported	Completion	Returned to incarceration	Unsatisfactory exit other than returned to incarceration	Death/other
2013	50.2%	25.2%	2.7%	4.1%	17.7%	61.0%	30.7%	3.3%	5.0%
2014	53.4	24.2	3.3	3.3	15.9	63.5	28.8	3.9	3.9
2015	51.6	23.3	3.2	4.3	17.6	62.6	28.3	3.9	5.2
2016	53.1	25.5	2.9	5.3	13.2	61.2	29.4	3.4	6.1
2017	56.2	27.0	2.6	4.6	9.5	62.1	29.9	2.9	5.1
2018	53.0	24.6	3.1	4.5	14.8	62.2	28.9	3.6	5.3
2019	53.1	24.7	2.0	4.3	15.9	63.1	29.4	2.4	5.1
2020	54.4	18.4	2.4	3.8	21.1	68.9	23.3	3.0	4.8
2021	50.2	20.3	2.2	3.9	23.3	65.4	26.5	2.9	5.1
2022	59.5	24.4	2.3	5.2	8.6	65.1	26.7	2.6	5.6
2023	55.6	24.9	2.1	4.5	12.7	63.9	28.6	2.4	5.1

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 12 for detailed type of exits.

*Excludes unknown and unreported type of exits. See *Probation and Parole in the United States*, 2012 (NCJ 243826, BJS, December 2013) for information on the California public safety realignment. Percentages for 2013 through 2023 exclude exit data from California due to reporting issues. See *Methodology*. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

Females made up a similar percentage of the felony and misdemeanor probation populations

Females made up 23% of adults on felony probation and 25% of adults on misdemeanor probation for whom sex was a known characteristic (table 5). Among adults on probation for whom the most serious offense was known, 29% of those on felony probation and 26% of those on misdemeanor probation had been incarcerated for a violent offense. The percentage of adults on probation who had been incarcerated for a drug offense was 30% for those under felony supervision and 10% for those on misdemeanor probation. This was the second largest difference between felony and misdemeanor probation for a known offense type. The largest difference was observed for DWI or DUI offenses. Among adults on probation for a known offense, DWI or DUI offenses accounted for 32% of those on misdemeanor probation and 4% of those on felony probation.

Among adults on probation for whom race or Hispanic origin was known, about half of those on felony (51%) or misdemeanor (52%) probation were white. Thirty-two percent of those on felony probation and 26% of those on misdemeanor probation were black. Hispanics made up 14% of adults on felony probation and 19% of those on misdemeanor probation.

Agencies only supervising misdemeanor probation were not asked about characteristics and made up 35% of the total misdemeanor population and 15% of the total probation population. Characteristics were unknown or unreported for 27% to 34% of adults on misdemeanor probation and 22% to 26% of adults on felony probation, varying by characteristic.

TABLE 5Characteristics of adults on probation, by probation type, 2023

	Percei	nt of total adults o	n probation	Percent with known characteristics ^a			
Characteristic	Total	Felony	Misdemeanor	Total	Felony	Misdemeanor	
Sex	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Male	47	60	28	76	77	75	
Female	15	18	10	24	23	25	
Unknown/not reported	24	22	27	~	~	~	
Not asked ^b	15	~	35	~	~	~	
Race/Hispanic origin	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
White ^c	31	40	19	51	51	52	
Black ^c	18	25	9	31	32	26	
Hispanic	9	11	7	16	14	19	
Other ^{c,d}	2	2	1	2	2	2	
Unknown/not reported	25	22	29	~	~	~	
Not asked ^b	15	~	35	~	~	~	
Status of supervision	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Active	69	79	56	81	79	86	
Inactive	16	21	9	19	21	14	
Not asked ^b	15	~	35	~	~	~	
Most serious offense	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Violent	16	21	9	28	29	26	
Domestic violence	3	3	3	5	4	10	
Sex offense	3	4	1	4	5	2	
Other violent offense	10	15	5	18	19	14	
Property	13	18	5	22	25	15	
Drug	14	22	3	25	30	10	
Public order	7	4	11	13	5	37	
DWI/DUI	6	3	10	11	4	32	
Other traffic offense	1	1	1	2	1	5	
Other ^e	7	9	4	12	12	13	
Unknown/not reported	29	26	34	~	~	~	
Not asked ^b	15	~	35	~	~	~	

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

[~]Not applicable.

^aExcludes unknown and unreported characteristics.

^bAgencies supervising only misdemeanor probation were not asked about detailed characteristics due to the unavailability of data and to reduce burden on these agencies.

^cExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white persons and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

dIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives; Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders; and persons of two or more races.

^eIncludes other offenses, such as public intoxication, disorderly conduct, false statement, insufficient funds, and other miscellaneous charges. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023.

Maximum sentence to incarceration was more than 1 year for most adults on parole supervision

For adults on parole supervision in 2023 with a known maximum sentence, 90% were sentenced to more than 1 year of incarceration (table 6). Among adults on parole for whom supervision status was known, more than 9 in 10 (92%) were under active supervision during the year.

Among adults on parole for whom most serious offense was known, a greater percentage were under supervision for a violent offense (38%) than for any other offense

type, followed by a drug offense (28%). Seven percent were on parole supervision for a weapons offense. Offense data was unknown for 15% of adults on parole.

Males accounted for 9 in 10 adults on parole supervision in the United States in 2023. Sex was reported for 96% of the total parole population.

The adult parole population was 45% white, 32% black, and 18% Hispanic among those of a known race or Hispanic origin. Race or Hispanic origin were reported for 95% of adults under parole supervision.

TABLE 6Characteristics of adults on parole, 2023

Characteristic	Percent of total adults on parole	Percent with known characteristics ^a
Sex	100%	100%
Male	85	88
Female	11	12
Unknown	4	~
Race/Hispanic origin	100%	100%
White ^b	42	45
Black ^b	30	32
Hispanic	17	18
Other ^{b,c}	5	5
Unknown	4.8	~
Status of supervision	100%	100%
Active	89	92
Inactive	8	8
Unknown	3	~
Maximum sentence to incarceration	100%	100%
1 year or less	8	10
More than 1 year	75	90
Unknown	17	~
Most serious offense	100%	100%
Violent	33	38
Sex offense	11	13
Other violent	22	25
Property	13	16
Drug	24	28
Weapon	6	7
Other ^d	9	10
Unknown	15	~

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2023.

[~]Not applicable.

^aExcludes unknown and unreported characteristics.

bExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white persons and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

^CIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives; Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders; and persons of two or more races.

^dIncludes public-order offenses.

Methodology

The Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) began the Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey in 1980. The surveys collect data from U.S. probation and parole agencies that supervise adults. These data collections define adults as persons subject to the jurisdiction of an adult court or correctional agency. Juveniles sentenced as adults in a criminal court are considered adults. Juveniles under the jurisdiction of a juvenile court or correctional agency are excluded from these data. This report defines community supervision as adults under supervision of state or federal probation and parole authorities. For more information about the following data collections, see the Search Data Collections page on the BJS website at https://bjs.ojp.gov/data/data-collections/search.

Data collections

Starting in January of each calendar year, the probation and parole surveys collect data on the number of adults supervised in the community on both January 1 and December 31 of the previous calendar year, the number of entries to and exits from supervision during the reporting year, and the characteristics of the probation and parole populations at yearend. Both surveys cover the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system. BJS depends on the voluntary participation of state central reporters and separate state, county, and court agencies for these data. Data for the U.S. federal system are provided through BJS's Federal Justice Statistics Program, which obtains community supervision data from the Office of Probation and Pretrial Services, Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts.

2023 Annual Probation Survey

The 2023 Annual Probation Survey had a universe of 892 probation agencies. The 631 respondents included 42 central state agencies and the District of Columbia; 589 separate state, county, or court agencies; and the federal system. States with multiple state agencies included Alabama (18), Arkansas (23), Colorado (7), Florida (35), Georgia (2), Idaho (35), Kentucky (3), Michigan (13), Mississippi (9), Montana (6), Nevada (3), New Mexico (5), Ohio (200), Oklahoma (11), Pennsylvania (2), Tennessee (20), Texas (5), Utah (3), Virginia (19), Washington (55), and Wyoming (4). Pennsylvania and Georgia are both included as central state agencies, but each provides data from two departments within the state government.

Of the 892 probation agencies in the population frame, 110 were determined to be ineligible through the initial designation form. Of the remaining 782, a total of 584 received the shorter form detailing misdemeanor probation counts only (285 additional agencies and 299 misdemeanor-only agencies previously included) and 198 received the longer form for detailed counts of felony and misdemeanor probation populations.

The additional 285 agencies added to the survey in 2023 increased the total probation population by an estimated 4% (table 7). Because population change in this report was calculated using the change from January 1 to December 31 of the report year, the increased population was included in both beginning and end of year. This total population should not be directly compared to previous years.

TABLE 7Breakout number of agencies by 2022 and additions in 2023

	Number of agencies	Ending year population (2022) - imputed	Ending year population (2023) - imputed
2022 agencies	497	2,990,900	2,983,130
2023 additional agencies	285	~	120,220

Note: Additional agencies supervise only misdemeanor probation and were given a short form asking for high-level population data only. The additional agency population accounts for 4% of the total population.

~Not applicable

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2022–2023.

2023 Annual Parole Survey

The 2023 Annual Parole Survey was sent to 52 agencies: 50 central state reporters, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. federal system. In this report, federal parole includes a term of supervised release from prison, mandatory release, parole, military parole, or special parole. A federal judge orders a term of supervised release at the time of sentencing, which is served after release from a federal prison sentence. In the case of Alaska, persons on probation or parole are supervised under a common program, and the data provider is unable to report probation and parole counts separately. Combined counts of persons on probation or parole were reported to BJS through the probation questionnaire. January 1 and December 31 counts were imputed for Alaska, and these figures were deducted from the combined reported totals for the calculation of the state's January 1 and December 31 counts of persons on probation.

Of the 52 eligible agencies surveyed for 2023, 94% of agencies provided the population count for at least one key item: January 1 population, entries during the calendar year, exits during the calendar year, or December 31 population; 90% responded to all key items. Michigan, New Mexico, and Washington provided no data for all key items, while Pennsylvania and Vermont provided partial data for one of the four key survey items. (See *Parole imputation*.)

Population estimates in California for 2022 and 2023 exclude the previously reported mandatory supervision and post-release community supervision populations. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023* for details on changes to California parole estimates. Additionally, see appendix tables 14, 15, and 16 for revised parole estimates for California.

Annual U.S. resident population

BJS receives advanced yearend estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau of national resident populations by age, sex, and race or Hispanic origin. These estimates are based on proprietary calculations using the most recent decennial survey and the American Community Survey results. BJS uses these estimates to calculate rates of correctional supervision.

Persons under community supervision in the federal system

Since the enactment of the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 on November 1, 1987, persons sentenced to federal prison are no longer eligible for parole but are required to serve a term of supervised release following release from prison. Those sentenced to prison prior to November 1, 1987, continue to be eligible for parole, as do persons violating laws of the District of Columbia, persons serving in the military, and persons transferred under foreign treaties. (See https://www.uscourts.gov/services-forms/overview-probation-supervised-release-conditions.)

In 2008, the Annual Parole Survey added a new type of entry-to-parole category (term of supervised release) to better classify most entries to parole reported by the federal system. This entry is a period of release to the community that follows a period of incarceration based on a determinate sentencing statute. Both periods are determined by a judge at the time of sentencing. For details about estimation methods used to analyze national trends for all types of entry to parole, see *Probation and Parole in the United States*, 2010 (NCJ 236019, BJS, November 2011).

The Sentencing Reform Act also required the adoption and use of sentencing guidelines, which took effect on the same day as enactment. Many offenses for which probation had been the typical sentence prior to this date, particularly property and regulatory offenses, subsequently resulted in sentences to prison. Changes in how persons released from federal prisons are supervised in the community were first described in the BJS report *Federal Offenders under Community Supervision*, 1987–96 (NCJ 168636, BJS, August 1998) and were updated in *Federal Criminal Case Processing*, 2002: With Trends 1982–2002, Reconciled Data (NCJ 207447, BJS, January 2005).

Adjustment and changes in probation and parole counts

Dual community supervision status

Some persons on probation or parole may have dual community supervision statuses because they were serving separate probation and parole sentences at the same time. Beginning with 2007 data, BJS began collecting information on the number of persons on parole who were also on probation at yearend. To avoid double counting, the total community supervision population reported in figure 1, table 1, and appendix table 5, and rates reported in table 2 were adjusted based on available information by excluding the total number of persons on parole who were also on probation. As a result, the probation and parole counts do not sum to the community supervision population.

All counts for persons on parole with dual community supervision statuses reflect data reported by parole agencies that could provide the information for the reporting year (table 8). In 2023, agencies in 28 jurisdictions provided such data. The total number of persons on parole who were also on probation may be underestimated due to missing data from nonresponding agencies.

TABLE 8
Adults supervised on both parole and probation adjusted in the January 1 and December 31 community supervision population, 2013–2023

Year	January 1*	December 31
2013	12,670	12,510
2014	12,510	12,920
2015	12,920	9,380
2016	9,380	10,820
2017	10,820	13,300
2018	13,300	18,880
2019	18,880	14,060
2020	14,060	25,400
2021	25,400	21,280
2022	21,280	20,880
2023	20,880	11,790

Note: Counts are rounded to the nearest 10. Totals for 2021 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Community supervision counts in this report were adjusted, using counts in this table, to exclude adults on parole who were also on probation.

*Data are based on the December 31 count of the prior reporting year. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

Changes in reported probation and parole populations

In each collection year, respondents are asked to provide both January 1 and December 31 population counts for the previous year. Therefore, while the December 31, 2022, count was collected in 2023, the January 1, 2023, count was not collected until 2024. At times, the January 1 count from a given year may differ from the December 31 count of the prior year, given the normal daily flow of entries and exits. Additionally, the difference reported may have resulted from administrative changes, such as:

- implementing new information systems, leading to data review and cleanup
- reconciling records of persons on probation
- reclassifying the status of adults on probation or parole, including those shifting correctional authorities and those with dual community supervision statuses
- including certain probation populations not previously reported (e.g., persons supervised for DUI or DWI, some persons on probation who had absconded, and some on an inactive status).

The difference between the probation counts for December 31, 2022, and January 1, 2023, resulted in an increase of 73,350 persons on probation (table 9). The difference between the parole population counts for December 31, 2022, and January 1, 2023, resulted in an increase of 1,930 persons on parole. See *Probation: Explanatory notes for 2023* and *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023* for states contributing to the largest differences.

TABLE 9One-day difference based on reporting changes for probation and parole, 2013–2023

Year	Probation population difference from December 31 to January 1 of the following year	Parole population difference from December 31 to January 1 of the following year
2013	20,980	540
2014	9,750	170
2015	-64,150	130
2016	5,030	2,200
2017	-45,010	-1,240
2018	-18,950	-1,040
2019	-162,650	-27,890
2020	-21,390	-7,130
2021	18,440	-54,580
2022	73,350	1,930

Note: Counts are calculated as the difference between December 31 of the year displayed and January 1 of the following year. Counts are rounded to the nearest 10.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

Estimating change in population counts

In theory, the change in probation and parole populations from the beginning to the end of the year should equal the difference between entries and exits during the year. In practice, those numbers may not be equal. Some probation and parole information systems track the number of cases that enter and exit community supervision, not the number of persons, while the January 1 and yearend populations represent persons. Some persons are being supervised for more than one charge or case simultaneously. Additionally, all data on entries and exits may not have been logged into the respondents' information systems, or the information systems may not have fully processed all data before submission to BJS.

As a result, the January 1, 2023, probation population plus entries, minus exits, was 20,330 fewer persons than the published December 31, 2023, population at the national level. For persons on parole, the January 1, 2023, parole population plus entries, minus exits, was about 50 persons greater than the published December 31, 2023, population at the national level. Respondents report all entries and exits from January 1 to December 31 each year.

In all figures and tables in this report, change was calculated as the difference from January 1 to December 31 within the reporting year. Previous reports calculated change as the difference from December 31 of the prior year to December 31 of the reporting year. This calculation was implemented due to the large discrepancy from December 31, 2019 to January 1, 2020, as well as an additional discrepancy from December 31, 2015 to January 1, 2016. In both years, the discrepancies were caused by reporting changes in multiple states. Annual change in reports prior to 2013 was also calculated as the difference between the January 1 and December 31 populations within the reporting year. See Probation: Explanatory notes for 2023 and Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023 for states with changes to reporting during 2023.

Imputing for nonreporting agencies during 2023

BJS used the following methods to impute missing probation and parole data for four key items: the January 1 population, entries, exits, and the December 31 population. The variation in the number and size of reporting agencies per state requires different imputation methods. Depending on the availability of reported data and the number of reporting agencies in each state, one of the following methods was applied.

Probation imputation

Missing data for the four key items were imputed using a random forest algorithm. This machine learning approach works by generating multiple decision trees using a random selection of data points. Using the predictions from each tree, the algorithm bases the final output of the missing data field on the majority of the individual predictions.² Reporter type (i.e., statewide or local reporting only), state, key items reported in the previous 5 years, and felony and misdemeanor totals reported in the previous 5 years were used as predictors. Once three of the four key items were imputed, the remaining key item was derived from the three components using the assumption that December 31 population equals January 1 population plus entries during the year minus exits. Agencies indicating that they did not supervise a particular type of population (i.e., felony or misdemeanor) were excluded from the observed set used to make predictions. All imputations were done using the *missForest* package for R (v4.3.3). The following sections detail the missingness for each of the key items by form received and population.

For agencies receiving misdemeanor-only form

Of the 584 agencies receiving misdemeanor-only forms, 223 (38.2%) agencies did not provide a response to all key items. These agencies were in the following states: Alabama (11), Arkansas (10), Colorado (6), Florida (15), Idaho (14), Kansas (1), Louisiana (11), Michigan (34), Mississippi (7), Missouri (1), Nevada (2), New Mexico (8), Ohio (34), Oklahoma (14), Pennsylvania (1), Tennessee (10), Texas (1), Utah (8), Virginia (11), Washington (23), and Wyoming (1). Of these nonresponding agencies, 169 (28.9%) provided no response to any key item, 36 (6.2%) provided a response to only one of the four key items, and 18 (3.0%) provided a response to two of the key items. The percentage of the January 1 population attributable to agencies with imputed January 1 population totals is 18.3%. The percentage of the entry population attributable to agencies with imputed entry population totals is 30.3%. The percentage of the exit population attributable to agencies with imputed exit population totals is 32.2%. The percentage of the December 31 population attributable to agencies with imputed December 31 population totals is 20.6%.

²Stekhoven, D. J., & Buehlmann, P. (2012). MissForest—non-parametric missing value imputation for mixed-type data. *Bioinformatics*, 28(1), 112–118. https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btr597.

For agencies receiving felony and misdemeanor form: Imputation for felony population counts

Of the 198 agencies receiving the felony and misdemeanor form, 39 (19.7%) indicated they did not serve or supervise any felony probationers in 2023, leaving 159 agencies that did. Of these, 37 did not provide a response to all key items. These agencies were in the following states: Delaware (1), Florida (3), Idaho (5), Maine (3), Massachusetts (1), Michigan (4), Montana (1), New Mexico (1), Ohio (13), Oklahoma (1), Vermont (1), Virginia (2), and Washington (1). Of these nonresponding agencies, 25 (15.7%) provided no response to any key item, 3 (2.0%) provided a response to only one of the four key items, and 9 (6.0%) provided a response to two of the key items. The percentage of the January 1 population attributable to agencies with imputed January 1 population totals is 7.9%. The percentage of the entry population attributable to agencies with imputed entry population totals is 6.7%. The percentage of the exit population attributable to agencies with imputed exit population totals is 7.1%. The percentage of the December 31 population attributable to agencies with imputed December 31 population totals is 7.8%.

For agencies receiving felony and misdemeanor form: Imputation for misdemeanor population counts

Of the 198 agencies receiving the felony and misdemeanor form, 17 (8.5%) indicated they did not serve or supervise any misdemeanor probationers this year, leaving the remaining 181 indicating they did. Of these, 46 did not provide a response to all key items. These agencies were in the following states: Delaware (1), Florida (3), Idaho (4), Maine (3), Massachusetts (1), Michigan (4), Montana (4), New Mexico (1), Ohio (17), Oklahoma (2), South Carolina (1), Vermont (1), Virginia (3), and Washington (1). Of these nonresponding agencies, 26 (14.4%) provided no response to any key item, 4 (2.2%) provided a response to only one of the four key items, and 13 (7.2%) provided a response to two of the key items. The percentage of the January 1 population attributable to agencies with imputed January 1 population totals is 4.3%. The percentage of the entry population attributable to agencies with imputed

entry population totals is 5.7%. The percentage of the exit population attributable to agencies with imputed exit population totals is 5.1%. The percentage of the December 31 population attributable to agencies with imputed December 31 population totals is 4.7%.

Parole Imputation

Imputing the January 1, 2022, parole population

When the January 1, 2023, parole population was missing, the December 31 parole population from the prior year was carried forward. This method was used to estimate the January 1, 2023, parole population for Michigan, New Mexico, and Washington. This represented 3.3% of the total parole population.

Imputing the December 31, 2022, parole population

When counts were missing for the December 31, 2023, parole population, total entries, or exits, the missing values were imputed by adding to (or subtracting from) the January 1, 2023, parole population to estimate population change based on what was observed in 2022. The intra-year change in population from January 1 to December 31, 2022—expressed as a proportion of the January 1, 2022, total—was multiplied by the January 1, 2023, total to estimate the 2023 population change. This method was used to estimate the December 31, 2023, parole population for Michigan, New Mexico, and Washington. This represented 3.0% of the total parole population.

Imputing parole entries

To estimate parole entries for agencies that were unable to report these data in 2023 but were able to report in 2022, BJS calculated the ratio of entries in 2022 to the agency's parole population on January 1, 2022, and applied that ratio to the agency's January 1, 2023, population. This method was used to estimate parole entries in Michigan, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and Washington. Total entries in 2023 were imputed for 9.4% of the entering parole population.

Imputing probation and parole exits

A single method was used to estimate exits from probation that were not imputed with the first method noted above and for all parole agencies. For both probation and parole, BJS added each agency's estimated entries in 2022 to that agency's population on January 1, 2022, and subtracted that estimate from the population on December 31, 2022. For probation, this method was used for 115 nonreporting agencies in Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont, and Washington. For parole, this method was used in Michigan, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and Washington. Total exits in 2022 were imputed this way for 7.1% of the exiting probation population and 9.2% of the exiting nonfederal parole population.

Imputation variables and formulas

2023 Reference Year (RY) Key Variables

Variable Label	Probation Variable	Parole Variable
January 1, 2023, population	Q1b	Q1b
Total entries	Q2/Q2e	Q2g
Total exits	Q3/Q3i	Q3h
December 31, 2023, population	Q4	Q4

Imputation Formulas

Note: RY = Reference year; PY = Previous year

	Parole				
Variable	Variable Label	Imputation Method	Formula		
Q1b	Jan 1, RY Population	Carry forward end-year population of previous year going back max 5 years AND current end-year population imputed as carry forward value	$Q1b_{RY} = Q4_{RY} = Q4_{PY}$		
Q2g	Total Entries	Ratio previous year entries/beginning-year population applied to beginning-year population; entries and exits missing	$Q2g_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{Q2g_{PY}}{Q1b_{PY}} \right)$		
Q3h	Total Exits	Entries imputed; balancing relationship applied to get exits	$Q3h_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} + Q2g_{PY} - Q4_{PY}$		
Q4	Dec 31, RY Population	Net difference ratio estimate based on previous year applied to beginning- year population	$Q4_{RY} = Q1b_{RY} + Q1b_{RY} \left(\frac{Q4_{PY} - Q1b_{PY}}{Q1b_{PY}} \right)$		

Probation: Explanatory Notes for 2023

Probation agencies vary in their ability to provide counts each year consistent with BJS definitions. Some agencies report the number of cases, while others report the number of persons they supervise. Because a person can have multiple probation sentences, counting cases can artificially inflate probation totals. BJS requests that agencies report the number of persons under supervision, and each year some agencies make the conversion, resulting in what appears to be a large decrease from previous years' data. BJS documents these and other reporting anomalies below.

Alabama—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Alabama has 24 agencies—1 state agency, representing 74% of the state's total probation population; 16 reporting local agencies; and 7 nonreporting local agencies. For the seven nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Alaska—Alaska supervises probation and parole in a combined program. The state agency was unable to report probation and parole data separately, so both populations were reported in the probation survey.*

Arkansas—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Arkansas has 29 agencies—1 state agency, representing 90% of the state's total probation population; 22 reporting local agencies; and 6 nonreporting local agencies. For the six nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Colorado—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Colorado has 13 agencies—1 state agency, representing 93% of the state's total probation population; 6 reporting local agencies; and 6 nonreporting local agencies. For the six nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Delaware—Reporting changes in 2023—Detailed data are not available by felony and misdemeanor probation. Delaware reported probation totals for 2023.

Florida—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Florida has 45 agencies—1 state agency, representing 70% of the state's total probation population; 31 reporting local agencies; and 13 nonreporting local agencies. For the 13 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Idaho—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Idaho has 42 agencies—25 reporting local agencies and 17 nonreporting local agencies. For the 17 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Kansas—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Kansas has four agencies—one state agency, representing 88% of the state's total probation population; two reporting local agencies; and one nonreporting local agency. For the state agency, all data reported for 2023 are estimates. For the nonreporting agency, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Kentucky—During 2023, Kentucky had an increase in probation offers by prosecutors after the pandemic, and these have added to the reported 2023 population.

Louisiana—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Louisiana has 28 agencies—1 state agency, representing 82% of the state's total probation population; 18 reporting local agencies; and 9 nonreporting local agencies. For the 9 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Michigan—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Michigan has 131 agencies—1 nonresponding state agency, representing 46% of the state's total probation population; 100 reporting local agencies; and 30 nonreporting local agencies. For the 32 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Mississippi—Nonreporting agencies in 2023— Mississippi has 16 agencies—1 state agency, representing almost 100% of the state's total probation population; 8 reporting local agencies; and 7 nonreporting local agencies. For the seven nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Montana—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Montana has five agencies—one state agency, representing 59% of the state's total probation population; three reporting local agencies; and one nonreporting local agency. For the nonreporting agency, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Nevada—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Nevada has five agencies—one state agency, representing 91% of the state's total probation population; two reporting local agencies; and two nonreporting local agencies. For the two nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

New Jersey—Reporting changes 2023—In 2023, New Jersey changed their reporting to include only the number of clients who are actively supervised. Previous responses to the annual survey had included persons who were not actively supervised by probation at the time being reviewed but had open cases in the database due to being in collection status. These cases still had outstanding fines, fees, or community service hours to fulfil and are now excluded.

New Mexico—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—New Mexico has 12 agencies—1 nonresponding state agency, representing 70% of the state's total probation population; 3 reporting local agencies; and 8 nonreporting local agencies. For the nine nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Ohio—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Ohio has 223 agencies—1 state agency, representing 2% of the state's total probation population; 181 reporting local agencies; and 41 nonreporting local agencies. For the 41 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Oklahoma—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Oklahoma has 22 agencies—1 nonresponding state agency, representing 70% of the state's total probation population; 7 reporting local agencies; and 15 nonreporting local agencies. For the 16 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Oregon—Reporting changes in 2023—Oregon manages all community supervision cases together. Processes for reporting data to the Annual Surveys of Probation and Parole were revised. Data may not be comparable to prior years.

Tennessee—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Tennessee has 26 agencies—1 state agency, representing 78% of the state's total probation population; 15 reporting local agencies; and 10 nonreporting local agencies. For the 10 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Utah—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Utah has 10 agencies—1 state agency, representing 86% of the state's total probation population; 2 reporting local agencies; and 7 nonreporting local agencies. For the seven nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Virginia—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Virginia has 31 agencies—1 state agency, representing 89% of the state's total probation population; 17 reporting local agencies; and 13 nonreporting local agencies. For the 13 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Washington—Nonreporting agencies in 2023— Washington has 66 agencies—1 state agency, representing 17% of the state's total probation population; 51 reporting local agencies; and 14 nonreporting local agencies. For the 14 nonreporting agencies, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

Wyoming—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—Wyoming has four agencies—one state agency, representing 97% of the state's total probation population; two reporting local agencies; and one nonreporting local agency. For the nonreporting agency, December 31, 2022, population counts were used to estimate January 1, 2023, populations, where available.*

^{*}See Imputing for nonreporting agencies, 2023.

Parole: Explanatory Notes for 2023

Each year, changes in legislation or offender management systems require states to alter previously submitted data or the data they can currently submit. BJS documents these changes as reported by the respondents.

Alaska—Alaska supervises probation and parole in a combined program. The state agency was unable to report probation and parole data separately, so both populations were reported in the probation survey.*

California—Updated population counts for post-release community supervision (PRCS) and mandatory supervision (MS) have not been available since 2018. Totals for 2022 and 2023 do not include any imputation for PRCS or MS. Therefore, data are not comparable to prior years. Previously published reports included totals for PRCS and MS populations that were included in parole totals. Estimates for California parole were updated for 2019 through 2021. See appendix tables 15, 16, and 17.

Maine—All community supervision in Maine is accounted for in the probation population.

Maryland—Reporting changes in 2023—In 2023, Maryland redefined how to categorize and report data. Data reported in 2023 may differ from previously reported data. Entries, exits, and offense categories are reported as cases and not individuals.

Michigan—Nonreporting agency in 2023—Michigan was unable to respond to the Annual Parole Survey in 2023. All key items were imputed for Michigan for 2023.*

New Hampshire—Nonreporting agencies in 2023—New Hampshire was unable to report entries during 2022.*

New Mexico—Nonreporting agency in 2023—New Mexico was unable to respond to the Annual Parole Survey for 2023. All key items were imputed for New Mexico in 2023.*

New York— Due to new legislation enacted on March 1, 2022, which allowed for retroactive good time earned off of an individual's maximum expiration date, a larger-than-usual number of discharges occurred during 2022. Therefore, discharges during 2023 are not comparable to discharges in 2022.

Oregon—Reporting changes in 2023—Oregon manages all community supervision cases together. Processes for reporting data to the Annual Surveys of Probation and Parole were revised. Data may not be comparable to prior year.

Pennsylvania—Nonreporting agency in 2023—Pennsylvania was unable to report entries or exits in 2023.*

Vermont—Nonreporting agency in 2023—Vermont was unable to report entries or exits for 2023.*

Washington—Nonreporting agency in 2023— Washington was unable to respond to the Annual Parole Survey for 2023. All key items were imputed for Washington for 2023.

^{*}See Imputing for nonreporting agencies, 2023.

APPENDIX TABLE 1

Estimates for figure 2: Annual percent change in number of adults on probation, 2013–2023

Year	Annual percent change
2013	-0.9%
2014	-1.7
2015	-2.3
2016	-1.4
2017	-0.8
2018	-1.7
2019	-0.8
2020	-8.3
2021	-2.3
2022	0.3
2023	1.3

Note: Annual percent change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year. See *Methodology*. Percent change for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2013–2023.

APPENDIX TABLE 2

Estimates for figure 3: Annual percent change in number of adults on parole, 2013–2023

Year	Annual percent change
2013	1.8%
2014	0.9
2015	1.5
2016	0.5
2017	-0.2
2018	0.5
2019	0.2
2020	1.3
2021	-6.5
2022	-6.2
2023	-2.9

Note: Annual percent change is based on the difference in population from January 1 to December 31 for each year. Percent change for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. California parole data for 2019 to 2021 have been revised, and data for 2022 to 2023 are not comparable to prior years. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

APPENDIX TABLE 3

Estimates for figure 4: Estimated total probation movements, entries, and exits, 2013–2023

Year	Total movements	Probation entries	Probation exits
2013	4,220,200	2,093,600	2,126,600
2014	4,194,900	2,065,800	2,129,100
2015	4,009,300	1,966,100	2,043,200
2016	4,083,600	2,012,200	2,071,400
2017	4,100,300	2,039,500	2,060,800
2018	3,755,700	1,845,200	1,910,500
2019	3,780,800	1,880,300	1,900,500
2020	2,703,400	1,216,100	1,487,300
2021	2,972,500	1,419,300	1,553,200
2022	3,097,800	1,571,500	1,526,300
2023	3,233,800	1,626,300	1,607,500

Note: Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics. Data from 2023 are not comparable to prior years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2013–2023.

APPENDIX TABLE 4

Estimates for figure 5: Estimated total parole movements, entries, and exits, 2013–2023

Year	Total movements	Parole entries	Parole exits
2013	921,100	467,200	453,900
2014	913,900	461,100	452,800
2015	938,900	475,200	463,700
2016	913,100	457,100	456,000
2017	887,700	442,000	445,700
2018	901,100	447,200	453,900
2019	885,000	442,800	442,200
2020	780,800	392,400	388,400
2021	767,200	357,000	410,200
2022	684,900	319,200	365,700
2023	647,200	311,400	335,800

Note: Counts are based on movements from January 1 to December 31 for each year. Counts are rounded to the nearest 100. Counts for 2022 and earlier may differ from previously published statistics.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2013–2023.

APPENDIX TABLE 5Adults under community supervision, 2023

	Community supervision	Ent	ries	Ex	rits	Community supervision	Chang	je, 2023	Number under community supervision per 100,000 adult	
Jurisdiction	population, January 1, 2023a	Reported	Imputed ^b	Reported	Imputed ^b	population, December 31, 2023a	Number	Percent	residents, December 31, 2023 ^c	
U.S. total	3,744,100	1,742,200	1,937,700	1,748,800	1,943,300	3,772,000	27,900	0.7%	1,433	
Federal	118,000	52,500	52,500	53,400	53,400	117,600	-400	-0.3%	45	
State	3,626,100	1,689,700	1,885,200	1,695,400	1,889,900	3,654,400	28,300	0.8%	1,388	
Alabama	54,600	12,700	14,900	14,900	18,400	51,900	-2,700	-5.2	1,299	
Alaska	3,600	3,500	4,700	3,700	4,600	3,800	200	5.3	680	
Arizona	79,700	29,200	29,200	26,500	26,500	84,200	4,500	5.3	1,429	
Arkansas	71,300	25,000	26,600	23,300	24,800	72,900	1,600	2.2	3,070	
California	195,500	120,300	120,300	124,100	124,100	191,600	-3,900	-2	627	
Colorado	82,700	48,300	49,900	45,300	46,900	85,200	2,500	2.9	1,817	
Connecticut	32,700	17,600	17,600	16,900	16,900	33,200	500	1.5	1,144	
Delaware	19,900	100	7,500	100	7,200	20,300	400	2	2,456	
District of Columbi	a 6,600	9,300	9,300	10,500	10,500	6,100	-500	-8.2	1,097	
Florida	191,300	113,000	128,200	113,900	129,000	191,200	-100	-0.1	1,038	
Georgia	374,800	203,000	203,000	196,300	196,300	381,700	6,900	1.8	4,462	
Hawaii	16,300	4,800	4,800	5,600	5,600	15,500	-800	-5.2	1,358	
Idaho	38,400	16,200	26,500	11,700	21,100	40,400	2,000	5	2,673	
Illinois	85,000	49,800	49,800	57,500	57,500	77,700	-7,300	-9.4	788	
Indiana	99,100	80,600	80,600	83,800	83,800	94,900	-4,200	-4.4	1,792	
lowa	33,100	15,700	15,700	15,200	15,200	33,500	400	1.2	1,348	
Kansas	23,300	16,100	16,500	19,400	19,800	19,700	-3,600	-18.3	875	
Kentucky	66,500	25,100	25,100	25,600	25,600	66,200	-300	-0.5	1,881	
Louisiana	51,400	27,400	29,700	25,600	28,000	52,600	1,200	2.3	1,500	
Maine	5,200	5,200	5,200	3,200	3,200	5,600	400	8.0	488	
Maryland	67,500	32,700	32,700	35,500	35,500	92,800	25,300	27.3	1,921	
Massachusetts	65,700	43,600	43,600	42,200	42,200	68,600	2,900	4.2	1,209	
Michigan	114,400	34,700	66,700	33,900	69,600	110,900	-3,500	-3.2	1,397	
Minnesota	93,000	50,100	50,100	51,900	51,900	91,200	-1,800	-2	2,049	
Mississippi	49,900	12,300	14,200	9,600	11,200	45,400	-4,500	-9.9	2,004	
Missouri	54,700	30,600	30,800	30,300	30,500	55,000	300	0.5	1,137	
Montana	12,000	5,300	6,600	5,300	7,000	11,900	-100	-0.8	1,317	
Nebraska	12,400	10,100	10,100	9,900	9,900	12,400	0		825	
Nevada	21,800	8,000	9,900	9,900	11,800	21,800	0		864	
New Hampshire	4,200	4,200	4,200	4,400	4,400	4,300	100	2.3	373	
New Jersey	43,800	20,900	20,900	20,900	20,900	43,500	-300	-0.7	596	
New Mexico	13,200	4,500	15,400	400	10,300	19,100	5,900	30.9	1,144	

APPENDIX TABLE 5 (continued)

Adults under community supervision, 2023

	Community supervision	vision Entries		Ex	Exits Community supervision			je, 2023	Number under community supervision per 100,000 adult
Jurisdiction	population, January 1, 2023 ^a	Reported	Imputed ^b	Reported	Imputed ^b	population, December 31, 2023a	Number	Percent	residents, December 31, 2023 ^c
New York	95,600	22,900	22,900	28,500	28,500	89,400 -6,200 -6.9		573	
North Carolina	70,300	44,900	44,900	52,600	52,600	69,700	-600	-0.9	813
North Dakota	6,400	6,100	6,100	5,800	5,800	6,700	300	4.5	1,113
Ohio	209,600	101,300	121,000	102,900	121,200	207,400	-2,200	-1.1	2,247
Oklahoma	35,100	13,300	21,400	12,200	20,100	36,500	1,400	3.8	1,175
Oregon	39,700	13,400	13,400	15,700	15,700	37,300	-2,400	-6.4	1,095
Pennsylvania	168,300	10,500	33,900	13,800	37,500	164,700	-3,600	-2.2	1,592
Rhode Island	17,700	3,200	3,200	4,600	4,600	17,100	-600	-3.5	1,911
South Carolina	38,800	15,100	20,400	14,300	19,700	39,600	800	2	926
South Dakota	9,000	5,200	5,200	5,300	5,300	9,000	0		1,281
Tennessee	93,900	24,200	27,800	24,800	28,400	93,200	-700	-0.8	1,666
Texas	463,100	245,100	245,400	236,700	237,000	471,400	8,300	1.8	2,034
Utah	17,700	9,200	11,500	8,700	10,200	18,900	1,200	6.3	754
Vermont	3,700		3,800		3,300	4,100	400	9.8	768
Virginia	75,800	31,700	38,700	33,900	39,700	74,400	-1,400	-1.9	1,085
Washington	70,000	32,000	42,100	24,600	35,600	84,300	14,300	17	1,362
West Virginia	9,700	4,700	4,700	6,200	6,200	7,500	-2,200	-29.3	529
Wisconsin	62,300	23,500	23,500	23,900	23,900	61,600	-700	-1.1	1,316
Wyoming	6,200	2,800	3,300	3,000	3,400	6,100	-100	-1.6	1,335

Note: Counts were rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the community supervision population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2023, does not equal the population on January 1, 2023, plus entries, minus exits. Data from 2023 are not comparable to prior years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey, 2023.

^{..}Not known.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

^aThe January 1 population excludes 20,881 offenders and the December 31 population excludes 11,785 offenders under community supervision who were on both probation and parole. See *Methodology* for more detail on dual status.

bReflects reported data except for jurisdictions in which data were not available.

^cRates were computed using the estimated U.S. adult resident population in each jurisdiction on January 1, 2023.

APPENDIX TABLE 6Adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Probation population,	Ent	ries	Ex	its	Probation population,	Change, Ja December	anuary 1, 2023– · 31, 2023	Number on probation per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,	
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent	December 31, 2023 ^a	
U.S. total	3,064,230	1,461,270	1,626,330	1,444,600	1,607,540	3,103,350	39,120	1.3%	1,179	
Federal	11,810	4,710	4,710	4,790	4,790	11,680	-130	-1.1%	4	
State	3,052,230	1,456,440	1,621,500	1,439,750	1,602,690	3,091,440	39,220	1.3%	1,174	
Alabama	48,130	9,890	12,130	11,530	15,020	45,270	-2,860	-6.3	1,133	
Alaska ^b	2,880	3,480	3,480	3,720	3,720	2,630	-240	-9.2	471	
Arizona	73,100	20,220	20,220	17,690	17,690	77,390	4,290	5.5	1,314	
Arkansas	49,770	16,840	18,430	14,810	16,310	51,800	2,030	3.9	2,181	
California	150,470	100,940	100,940	99,850	99,850	151,560	1,090	0.7	496	
Colorado ^c	73,610	42,690	44,310	39,860	41,460	75,970	2,360	3.1	1,620	
Connecticut	30,500	15,730	15,730	15,520	15,520	30,540	40	0.1	1,052	
Delaware	19,610		7,360		7,090	20,040	430	2.1	2,424	
District of Columbia	4,720	8,070	8,070	8,500	8,500	4,480	-230	-5.2	806	
Florida ^c	187,430	107,570	122,750	108,390	123,450	187,410	-10		1,018	
Georgia ^c	361,710	197,650	197,650	189,720	189,720	369,640	7,930	2.1	4,321	
Hawaii	15,080	4,410	4,410	5,120	5,120	14,370	-710	-4.9	1,258	
Idaho	31,780	13,660	23,990	9,360	18,820	33,670	1,890	5.6	2,227	
Illinois ^{b,c}	64,790	35,090	35,090	39,160	39,160	60,720	-4,070	-6.7	616	
Indiana	92,760	75,500	75,500	79,620	79,620	88,650	-4,120	-4.6	1,674	
lowa	26,690	12,450	12,450	12,050	12,050	27,090	400	1.5	1,090	
Kansas	17,730	11,830	12,210	15,150	15,550	14,150	-3,580	-25.3	628	
Kentucky	53,810	16,710	16,710	17,220	17,220	53,450	-350	-0.7	1,519	
Louisiana	34,480	14,900	17,210	13,310	15,640	35,480	1,000	2.8	1,012	
Maine	5,200	5,200	5,200	3,170	3,170	5,640	440	8.0	488	
Maryland	59,320	30,170	30,170	31,900	31,900	83,120	23,800	28.6	1,720	
Massachusetts	64,490	41,760	41,760	40,360	40,360	67,280	2,790	4.1	1,186	
Michigan ^c	104,730	34,700	61,790	33,850	63,260	102,580	-2,150	-2.1	1,292	
Minnesota	86,280	45,860	45,860	47,580	47,580	84,550	-1,720	-2.0	1,899	
Mississippi	40,620	8,110	10,050	6,000	7,560	35,510	-5,110	-14.4	1,568	
Missouri ^c	37,540	20,630	20,880	19,790	19,970	38,450	910	2.4	795	
Montana	10,810	4,840	6,110	4,750	6,420	10,730	-80	-0.7	1,188	
Nebraska	11,510	9,270	9,270	9,000	9,000	11,510	0		765	
Nevada	16,420	5,080	7,000	7,050	8,950	16,350	-70	-0.4	648	
New Hampshire	2,630	3,550	3,550	3,740	3,740	2,850	210	7.5	247	
New Jersey ^b	28,170	17,040	17,040	16,950	16,950	27,960	-200	-0.7	383	
New Mexico	11,910	4,520	13,830	420	8,710	16,920	5,010	29.6	1,014	

APPENDIX TABLE 6 (continued)

Adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Probation population,	Enti	ries	Exits		Probation population,	Change, January 1, 2023– December 31, 2023		Number on probation per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,	
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent	December 31, 2023 ^a	
New York	69,960	14,040	14,040	18,090	18,090	65,310	-4,660	-7.1	419	
North Carolina	60,570	34,960	34,960	41,970	41,970	59,590	-980	-1.6	695	
North Dakota	5,690	5,120	5,120	4,880	4,880	5,920	230	3.9	983	
Ohio	190,490	90,590	110,300	89,440	107,770	190,940	450	0.2	2,069	
Oklahoma	33,130	12,680	20,740	11,330	19,310	34,720	1,590	4.6	1,118	
Oregon	18,710	7,910	7,910	8,930	8,930	18,300	-410	-2.3	537	
Pennsylvania ^c	92,660	2,370	6,390	2,890	8,160	90,890	-1,770	-1.9	879	
Rhode Island	17,280	3,050	3,050	4,380	4,380	16,680	-600	-3.6	1,864	
South Carolina	35,530	13,220	18,480	12,270	17,680	36,330	800	2.2	850	
South Dakota	5,690	2,850	2,850	2,930	2,930	5,610	-80	-1.4	799	
Tennessee	81,360	21,050	24,670	21,390	24,950	80,910	-450	-0.6	1,446	
Texas	365,290	218,790	219,120	208,030	208,390	376,030	10,730	2.9	1,623	
Utah	13,870	6,330	8,620	5,660	7,190	15,280	1,410	9.2	609	
Vermont ^c	2,960		3,370		2,870	3,410	450	13.3	639	
Virginia	74,050	31,610	38,590	33,580	39,390	72,820	-1,240	-1.7	1,062	
Washington ^c	68,770	32,000	39,030	24,580	31,670	74,410	5,640	7.6	1,202	
West Virginia	5,710	2,100	2,100	3,610	3,610	4,200	-1,510	-35.9	296	
Wisconsin	39,750	17,080	17,080	18,160	18,160	39,590	-160	-0.4	846	
Wyoming	5,360	2,330	2,770	2,490	2,900	5,240	-130	-2.4	1,146	

Note: Counts are rounded to the nearest 10. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. January 1 and December 31 populations include reported and imputed data from all probation agencies. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the community supervision population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2023, does not equal the population on January 1, 2023, plus entries, minus exits. Data from 2023 are not comparable to prior years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2024.

^{..}Not known.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

^aRates were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1, 2024, in each jurisdiction.

^bJanuary 1 and December 31 probation counts are estimates of individuals.

clmputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. The Bureau of Justice Statistics imputed where data were not available. See Methodology.

APPENDIX TABLE 7Adults on felony probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Probation population,	Enti	ies	Ex	its	Probation population,	Change, January 1, 2	023-December 31, 2023
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent
U.S. total	1,713,040	712,800	764,010	712,760	767,490	1,719,080	6,040	0.4%
Federal	9,700	3,690	3,690	3,920	3,920	9,460	-240	-2.5%
State	1,703,160	709,000	760,210	708,780	763,500	1,709,390	6,230	0.4%
Alabama	3,590	750	750	920	920	3,420	-160	-4.8
Alaska ^a	2,450	2,830	2,830	2,970	2,970	2,310	-140	-6.1
Arizona	57,910	16,110	16,110	13,670	13,670	60,350	2,440	4.0
Arkansas	43,060	14,090	14,090	12,530	12,530	44,540	1,480	3.3
California	124,620	85,790	85,790	84,480	84,480	125,940	1,320	1.0
Colorado ^b	19,860	11,990	11,990	11,280	11,280	20,550	690	3.3
Connecticut	16,930	6,900	6,900	6,820	6,820	17,000	80	0.4
Delaware	3,370		2,820		2,950	3,250	-130	-3.9
District of Columbia	1,750	2,550	2,550	2,790	2,790	1,620	-120	-7.5
Florida ^b	131,850	58,560	58,810	59,580	60,240	130,420	-1,430	-1.1
Georgia ^b	176,270	33,140	33,140	34,780	34,780	174,620	-1,640	-0.9
Hawaii	4,720	4,410	4,410	5,110	5,110	4,020	-700	-17.4
Idaho	21,440	4,890	9,860	4,790	9,890	21,410	-30	-0.1
Illinois ^{a,b}	29,210	23,220	23,220	21,230	21,230	31,200	1,990	6.4
Indiana	53,020	39,790	39,790	40,630	40,630	52,190	-840	-1.6
lowa	12,530	3,610	3,610	3,490	3,490	12,650	130	1.0
Kansas	2,790	2,030	2,030	2,640	2,640	2,170	-610	-28.1
Kentucky	48,820	13,890	13,890	14,650	14,650	48,070	-760	-1.6
Louisiana	26,790	12,920	12,920	11,950	11,950	27,760	970	3.5
Maine	3,510	3,510	3,510	2,480	2,480	3,770	260	6.9
Maryland	20,190	5,420	5,420	6,290	6,290	25,960	5,780	22.2
Massachusetts	22,560	41,760	41,760	40,360	40,360	23,950	1,400	5.8
Michigan ^b	43,720	240	16,100	250	18,690	40,920	-2,810	-6.9
Minnesota	40,720	16,120	16,120	18,850	18,850	37,990	-2,740	-7.2
Mississippi	30,380	7,990	7,990	5,860	5,860	32,520	2,130	6.6
Missouri ^b	37,340	20,630	20,630	19,790	19,790	38,180	840	2.2
Montana	10,120	2,870	3,600	2,820	4,070	9,670	-450	-4.6
Nebraska	5,420	2,840	2,840	2,640	2,640	5,420	0	
Nevada	10,110	3,700	3,700	5,410	5,410	10,030	-80	-0.8
New Hampshire	1,690	2,600	2,600	2,330	2,330	1,960	270	13.9
New Jersey ^a	23,160	12,050	12,050	11,920	11,920	23,280	130	0.5
New Mexico	7,190		4,040		4,170	7,050	-140	-2.0
New York	34,930	5,590	5,590	7,480	7,480	33,040	-1,890	-5.7

APPENDIX TABLE 7 (continued)

Adults on felony probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Probation population,	Entries		Ex	its	Probation population,	Change, January 1, 2023–December 31, 2023		
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent	
North Carolina	29,720	15,150	15,150	19,100	19,100	29,610	-110	-0.4	
North Dakota	5,050	4,160	4,160	4,000	4,000	5,210	160	3.0	
Ohio	65,050	30,410	36,310	31,120	37,730	63,270	-1,780	-2.8	
Oklahoma	20,490	9,740	10,610	9,040	10,220	21,050	550	2.6	
Oregon	10,800	4,070	4,070	4,910	4,910	10,480	-320	-3.0	
Pennsylvania ^b	2,560	910	910	1,130	1,130	2,340	-230	-9.6	
Rhode Island	13,920	1,310	1,310	1,640	1,640	10,950	-2,970	-27.1	
South Carolina	26,000	13,220	13,220	12,270	12,270	26,950	940	3.5	
South Dakota	5,410	2,670	2,670	2,740	2,740	5,350	-70	-1.3	
Tennessee	61,500	12,860	12,860	14,980	14,980	59,200	-2,300	-3.9	
Texas	239,970	107,510	107,510	98,650	98,650	248,830	8,860	3.6	
Utah	8,040	3,710	3,710	3,640	3,640	8,120	70	0.9	
Vermont ^b	1,110		1,100		910	1,310	190	14.6	
Virginia	62,360	25,230	25,980	27,290	27,880	60,380	-1,980	-3.3	
Washington ^b	11,170	4,550	4,980	4,380	4,810	11,340	170	1.5	
West Virginia	5,170	1,970	1,970	3,330	3,330	3,810	-1,350	-35.5	
Wisconsin	23,040	7,820	7,820	8,570	8,570	23,440	400	1.7	
Wyoming	3,310	930	930	1,210	1,210	3,030	-280	-9.1	

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding; counts are rounded to the nearest 10. Population includes data from all agencies reporting felony probation supervision. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the community supervision population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2023, does not equal the population on January 1, 2023, plus entries, minus exits. Data from 2023 are not comparable to prior years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023.

"Not known.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2024.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

^aJanuary 1 and December 31 probation counts are estimates of individuals.

b|Imputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. The Bureau of Justice Statistics imputed where data were not available. See Methodology.

APPENDIX TABLE 8Adults on misdemeanor probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Probation population,	Enti	ries	Ex	its	Probation population,	Change, January 1, 2	023-December 31, 2023
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent
U.S. total	1,246,450	748,460	862,320	731,840	840,050	1,292,100	45,650	3.5%
Federal	1,130	1,020	1,020	860	860	1,250	120	9.6%
State	1,245,310	747,440	861,290	730,980	839,180	1,290,840	45,530	3.5%
Alabama	44,540	9,140	11,380	10,610	14,110	41,850	-2,690	-6.4
Alaska ^a	430	650	650	760	760	330	-100	-31.2
Arizona	2,820	4,110	4,110	4,020	4,020	2,910	90	3.2
Arkansas	6,720	2,740	4,330	2,290	3,780	7,260	550	7.5
California	25,850	15,150	15,150	15,370	15,370	25,620	-220	-0.9
Colorado ^b	51,290	30,700	32,320	28,580	30,180	52,870	1,590	3.0
Connecticut	13,570	8,840	8,840	8,700	8,700	13,540	-40	-0.3
Delaware	5,420		4,540		4,140	5,820	400	6.9
District of Columbia	2,970	5,520	5,520	5,710	5,710	2,860	-110	-4.0
Florida ^b	55,040	49,010	63,940	48,810	63,210	56,520	1,490	2.6
Georgia ^b	185,440	164,520	164,520	154,940	154,940	195,020	9,580	4.9
Hawaii	4,260	0	0	10	10	4,250	-10	-0.2
Idaho	10,280	8,770	14,130	4,570	8,930	12,200	1,920	15.7
Illinois ^{a,b}	35,580	11,870	11,870	17,930	17,930	29,520	-6,060	-20.5
Indiana	39,740	35,710	35,710	38,990	38,990	36,460	-3,280	-9.0
lowa	14,160	8,840	8,840	8,560	8,560	14,430	280	1.9
Kansas	10,330	9,800	10,180	12,500	12,900	7,300	-3,030	-41.5
Kentucky	4,980	2,820	2,820	2,580	2,580	5,380	400	7.5
Louisiana	7,700	1,980	4,290	1,360	3,690	7,720	20	0.3
Maine	1,690	1,690	1,690	700	700	1,870	180	9.3
Maryland	32,820	24,750	24,750	25,610	25,610	57,160	24,340	42.6
Massachusetts	380	0	0	0	0	380	0	0.0
Michigan ^b	60,790	34,460	45,690	33,600	44,570	61,490	700	1.1
Minnesota	45,550	29,750	29,750	28,730	28,730	46,570	1,020	2.2
Mississippi	2,630	120	2,060	140	1,700	3,000	360	12.1
Missouri ^b	190	0	240	0	170	270	70	27.3
Montana	690	1,970	2,510	1,930	2,360	1,000	320	31.5
Nebraska	6,090	6,430	6,430	6,360	6,360	6,090	0	
Nevada	6,310	1,380	3,300	1,640	3,550	6,320	10	0.2
New Hampshire	950	950	950	1,410	1,410	890	-60	-6.6
New Jersey ^a	4,120	4,990	4,990	5,030	5,030	4,090	-40	-0.9
New Mexico	4,720	4,520	9,800	420	4,540	9,860	5,140	52.1
New York	30,610	8,450	8,450	10,610	10,610	28,450	-2,160	-7.6

APPENDIX TABLE 8 (continued)

Adults on misdemeanor probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Probation population,	Entries		Ex	its	Probation population,	Change, January 1, 2023–December 31, 2023	
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported Imputed		Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent
North Carolina	30,850	19,810	19,810	22,870 22,870 2		29,980	-870	-2.9
North Dakota	630	960	960	880	880	710	80	11.0
Ohio	122,540	60,180	73,990	58,310	70,040	123,780	1,240	1.0
Oklahoma	12,640	2,940	10,130	2,290	9,090	13,680	1,040	7.6
Oregon	7,920	3,840	3,840	4,020	4,020	7,820	-100	-1.3
Pennsylvania ^b	89,960	1,460	5,490	1,760	7,030	88,410	-1,550	-1.7
Rhode Island	940	1,740	1,740	2,730	2,730	5,340	4,400	82.5
South Carolina	9,530		5,270		5,410	9,390	-140	-1.5
South Dakota	270	180	180	190	190	260	-10	-3.8
Tennessee	19,820	8,190	11,810	6,420	9,970	21,710	1,890	8.7
Texas	125,320	111,290	111,610	109,380	109,740	127,190	1,870	1.5
Utah	5,830	2,620	4,910	2,020	3,550	7,170	1,340	18.7
Vermont ^b	1,540		2,280		1,960	1,850	310	17.0
Virginia	11,690	6,380	12,610	6,290	11,510	12,430	740	6.0
Washington ^b	57,600	27,450	34,050	20,210	26,870	63,070	5,470	8.7
West Virginia	550	130	130	280	280	390	-160	-39.8
Wisconsin	16,710	9,260	9,260	9,590	9,590	16,150	-560	-3.5
Wyoming	2,060	1,410	1,840	1,280	1,690	2,210	150	6.8

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding; counts are rounded to the nearest 10. Population totals include data from agencies reporting misdemeanor probation supervision. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the community supervision population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2022, does not equal the population on January 1, 2022, plus entries, minus exits. Data from 2023 are not comparable to prior years. Reporting methods for some probation agencies changed over time and probation coverage was expanded in 2023.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2024.

^{..}Not known.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

^aJanuary 1 and December 31 probation counts are estimates of individuals.

b|Imputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. The Bureau of Justice Statistics imputed where data were not available. See Methodology.

APPENDIX TABLE 9Adults exiting probation, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2023

3.	,	, ,,	Incorporated						_				
					rcerated		Unsatisfact	ory other than i	ncarceration				
	Total		With new	Under current	To receive	Other/		Discharged to warrant or	Other				Not
Jurisdiction	reported	Completion	sentence	sentence	treatment	unknown	Absconder	retainer	unsatisfactory ^a	Death	Other ^b	Unknown	asked ^c
U.S. total	1,444,600	615,680	54,880	77,560	2,710	32,360	35,380	6,170	28,080	15,070	183,840	230,370	163,190
Federal	4,790	2,960	0	390	0	0	0	0	20	60	1,040	310	••
State	1,439,750	612,670	54,880	77,180	2,710	32,360	35,380	6,170	28,060	15,000	182,790	230,050	163,190
Alabama	11,530	4,990	1,270	780	0	970	0	40	0	830	1,560	0	1,100
Alaska ^d	3,720	640	2,200	990		0		520		60	0		
Arizona	17,690	12,270	0	3,930	0	860	0	0	0	480	150	0	
Arkansas	14,810	7,900	1,030	2,690	420	0	0	10	0	420	70	0	2,290
California	99,850					0					0	99,850	
Colorado ^d	39,860	21,590				6,340	5,190			500	2,210	420	3,630
Connecticut	15,520	10,920	440	1,080	0	0	190	2,220	0	0	670	0	
Delaware						0					0		
District of Columbia	8,500	4,810	900	960	0	70	20	0	1,290	190	240	30	
Florida ^d	108,390	43,570	12,190	12,810	0	50	0	900	220	1,310	80	0	37,270
Georgia ^d	189,720	149,320	2,770	1,250	0	0	1,700	0	0	920	0	33,750	
Hawaii	5,120	2,400	260	570	0	490	0	0	0	70	610	730	
Idaho	9,360	2,920	1,020	910	260	150	0	30	10	120	50	0	3,900
Illinois ^d	39,160	17,290				310	2,720		3,610		8,570	6,660	••
Indiana	79,620	46,070	9,780	8,750	0	0	8,080	0	0	0	6,930	0	
Iowa	12,050	8,310	1,210	250	0	0	0	0	2,070	150	60	0	••
Kansas	15,150	10,980	0	0	0	0	1,810	0	0	0	0	0	2,360
Kentucky	17,220	10,110	730	2,610	0	0	1,620	0	0	600	0	0	1,550
Louisiana	13,310	6,700	1,230	2,220	0	0	0	0	1,250	270	280	0	1,360
Maine	3,170	2,500	0	0	0	610	0	0	0	70	0	0	••
Maryland	31,900	15,040	2,550	1,420		0			4,490	760	3,370	4,280	••
Massachusetts	40,360	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,360	0	••
Michigan ^d	33,850	4,370	140	120	50	10	60	10	90	30	90	250	28,640
Minnesota	47,580	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47,580	••
Mississippi	6,000	2,640	690	1,510		350				60	590	30	140
Missouri ^d	19,790	8,810	690	1,940	210	10	6,050			390	0	1,700	••
Montana	4,750	1,880	300	510	0	0	0	90	0	120	30	30	1,790
Nebraska	9,000	6,270	0	1,560	0	0	0	0	970	70	130	0	••
Nevada	7,050	4,370	0	0	0	1,370	0	0	0	160	330	0	810
New Hampshire	3,740	950	950	650	600	430	0	130	0	40	0	0	
New Jersey ^d	16,950				••	0	10			300	0	16,640	

APPENDIX TABLE 9 (continued)

Adults exiting probation, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2023

				Inca	rcerated		Unsatisfact	ory other than i	ncarceration				
Jurisdiction	Total reported	Completion	With new sentence	Under current sentence	To receive treatment	Other/ unknown	Absconder	Discharged to warrant or retainer	Other unsatisfactory ^a	Death	Other ^b	Unknown	Not asked ^c
New Mexico	420					0					0		420
New York	18,090	9,410				0				360	0	8,320	
North Carolina	41,970	14,930	2,970	3,580	0	650	5,380	0	8,450	1,050	4,980	0	
North Dakota	4,880	2,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	60	2,470	0	
Ohio	89,440	23,600	1,490	3,750	1,170	880	1,940	1,820	2,810	720	2,560	770	47,920
Oklahoma	11,330	260	10	40	0	40	0	20	0	0	8,880	0	2,080
Oregon	8,930	4,850	510	1,600	0	0	150	0	740	230	850	0	
Pennsylvania ^d	2,890	1,530	190	210	0	0	0	20	460	80	390	0	
Rhode Island	4,380	3,500	10	0		10			10	150	560	140	
South Carolina	12,270	9,850	270	1,750	0	0	0	0	0	360	40	0	
South Dakota	2,930	2,000				0					0	930	
Tennessee	21,390	12,070	1,820	2,310	0	10	0	300	0	830	50	0	3,990
Texas	208,030	76,100		15,050		14,050			0	2,270	92,880	7,660	10
Utah	5,660	2,380	390	290	0	0	60	40	1,300	110	1,090	0	
Vermont ^d						0			•		0		
Virginia	33,580	22,140	6,290	50	0	0	300	0	10	130	730	10	3,920
Washington ^d	24,580	4,150	260	110	0	30	10	20	20	220	0	0	19,770
West Virginia	3,610	1,700	240	530	0	0	20	0	50	140	940	0	
Wisconsin	18,160	12,870			••	4,660				350	0	280	
Wyoming	2,490	1,590	100	390	0	0	80	0	30	50	0	0	250

Note: Based on reported data only. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data. See appendix table 6 for imputed exits from probation.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023.

^{..}Not known.

^aIncludes probationers discharged from supervision when they did not complete the conditions of probation or fulfill obligations.

blncludes 8,480 probationers who transferred to another jurisdiction and 175,360 probationers who exited supervision for other reasons.

^CPopulation from misdemeanor-only agencies that were not asked about type of exit.

dSome or all data are estimates.

APPENDIX TABLE 10Selected characteristics of adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

				Sex				Rac	e/ethnicity		
	Probation population,			Unknown/					•	Unknown/	
Jurisdiction	December 31, 2023	Male	Female	not reported	Not asked ^c	Whitea	Blacka	Hispanic	Other ^{a,b}	not reported	Not asked ^c
U.S. total	3,103,350	1,401,580	439,180	814,670	447,930	922,990	550,930	280,800	50,100	850,600	447,930
Federal	11,680	6,690	3,830	1,170		4,230	2,930	2,430	650	1,450	
State	3,091,440	1,394,740	435,270	813,490	447,930	918,760	548,000	278,180	49,440	849,140	447,930
Alabama ^d	45,270	25,300	7,880	20	12,070	19,010	13,250	730	130	90	12,070
Alaska ^d	2,630	2,170	460			1,270	190	60	1,050	60	
Arizona	77,390	46,080	10,200	21,110		27,590	8,090	19,270	5,270	17,170	
Arkansas ^d	51,800	31,070	13,470		7,260	29,900	12,040	1,980	630		7,260
California	151,560			151,560						151,560	
Colorado ^d	75,970	48,920	17,110	2,550	7,400	49,640	6,040	7,490	1,600	3,810	7,400
Connecticut	30,540	24,280	6,260			18,640	9,230	1,380	400	890	
Delaware	20,040			20,040						20,040	
District of Columbia	4,480	3,830	650			270	3,780	340	20	80	
Florida ^d	187,410	109,020	33,130	1,630	43,630	65,000	43,400	25,840	1,300	8,240	43,630
Georgia ^d	369,640	138,530	36,100	195,020		82,920	86,250	4,000	1,310	195,150	
Hawaii ^d	14,370	3,170	820	10,380		1,130	210	100	2,590	10,350	
Idaho ^d	33,670	12,480	5,310	7,530	8,350	11,420	440	1,850	620	10,990	8,350
Illinois ^d	60,720	•		60,720		•				60,720	
Indiana ^d	88,650			88,650						88,650	
lowa	27,090	20,040	7,050	10		17,720	5,750	2,640	860	120	
Kansas	14,150	•		11,970	2,180	•				11,970	2,180
Kentucky ^d	53,450	34,150	16,120		3,180	39,800	8,840	740	700	190	3,180
Louisiana ^d	35,480	20,900	6,860		7,720	13,440	13,970	220	120	••	7,720
Maine ^d	5,640	4,630	1,000		•	4,880	390		210		
Maryland	83,120	68,190	14,790	140		34,930	43,800		1,150	3,250	
Massachusetts ^d	67,280			67,280			.,			67,280	
Michigan ^d	102,580	3,160	1,700	46,450	51,270	2,300	870	100	120	47,930	51,270
Minnesota	84,550	63,680	20,880			47,680	15,830	5,830	6,980	8,220	
Mississippi	35,510	25,280	7,230	10	3,000	14,980	16,790	410	160	180	3,000
Missouri ^d	38,450	26,980	11,190	10	270	29,930	6,900	870	290	200	270
Montana ^d	10,730	6,540	2,330	1,230	640	6,620	230	290	1,560	1,390	640
Nebraska ^d	11,510	8,460	3,050	.,		7,140	1,520	2,110	730	.,525	
Nevada	16,350	0,100	3,030	 11,580	 4,770	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,320	2,110	, 50	 11,580	4,770
New Hampshire	2,850	2,000	 840	"	.,,,,,	 1,570	 780	 460	 50		.,,,,,
New Jersey	27,960	21,420	5,910	 620		10,640	10,510	4,460	600	 1,750	
New Mexico ^d	16,920		3,710	8,170	 8,750	10,040	•			8,170	8,750
New York	65,310	49,320	 11,850	4,140	0,750	 25,330	 18,160	 14,350	 2,280	5,200	0,750

APPENDIX TABLE 10 (continued)

Selected characteristics of adults on probation, by jurisdiction, 2023

		Sex						Race/ethnicity					
Jurisdiction	Probation population, December 31, 2023	Male	Female	Unknown/ not reported	Not asked ^c	Whitea	Black ^a	Hispanic	Other ^{a,b}	Unknown/ not reported	Not asked ^c		
North Carolina ^d	59,590	43,930	15,670			29,310	24,500	4,000	1,120	660			
North Dakota	5,920	4,370	1,540			3,570	640	270	1,430	10			
Ohio ^d	190,940	48,940	18,360	23,490	100,150	37,970	22,190	1,790	1,240	27,610	100,150		
Oklahoma ^d	34,720	14,720	3,970	4,930	11,100	10,370	4,120	1,840	1,880	5,410	11,100		
Oregon ^d	18,300	14,400	3,900			14,540	1,360	1,540	710	150			
Pennsylvania	90,890	4,320	840	140	85,590	2,670	2,080	360	30	160	85,590		
Rhode Island	16,680	14,020	2,260	400		7,620	3,680	3,970	610	790			
South Carolina	36,330	20,760	6,180	9,380		14,340	11,910	540	150	9,380			
South Dakota ^d	5,610		••	5,610						5,610			
Tennessee ^d	80,910	45,620	15,310	3,040	16,950	39,230	19,180	2,100	380	3,080	16,950		
Texas	376,030	282,400	93,190	50	400	126,130	85,220	157,670	6,560	50	400		
Utah ^d	15,280	8,820	2,540		3,930	6,680	660	1,540	750	1,730	3,930		
Vermont	3,410	2,450	690	270		2,750	140	140	40	340			
Virginia	72,820	46,300	14,350	4,800	7,380	24,180	34,490	1,420	320	5,030	7,380		
Washington ^d	74,410	9,710	2,240	1,190	61,270	7,730	1,480	1,230	940	1,770	61,270		
West Virginia ^d	4,200	1,730	670	1,800						4,200			
Wisconsin	39,590	29,540	10,040	10		24,460	8,930	3,830	2,210	150			
Wyoming	5,240	3,120	1,350	60	700	3,450	170	440	350	120	700		

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Probation Survey, 2023.

^{..}Not known.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white persons and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black persons).

blncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives; Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders; and persons of two or more races.

^cAgencies supervising only misdemeanor probation were not asked about detailed characteristics due to the unavailability of data and to reduce burden on these agencies.

dSome or all data are estimates.

APPENDIX TABLE 11Adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Parole population,	Enti	ries	Exi	ts	Parole population,	Change, Ja December	nuary 1, 2023– 31, 2023	Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent	December 31, 2023 ^a
U.S. total	700,750	280,910	311,400	304,220	335,790	680,390	-20,370	-3.0%	258
Federal	106,180	47,810	47,810	48,640	48,640	105,890	-300	-0.3%	40
State	594,570	233,100	263,590	255,580	287,150	574,500	-20,070	-3.5%	218
Alabama	7,400	2,800	2,800	3,330	3,330	6,870	-530	-7.8	172
Alaska ^b	750		1,270		850	1,170	420	36.2	209
Arizona	6,640	8,940	8,940	8,790	8,790	6,790	150	2.2	115
Arkansas	22,780	8,130	8,130	8,470	8,470	22,580	-200	-0.9	951
California ^{c,d}	45,000	19,340	19,340	24,290	24,290	40,090	-4,910	-12.3	131
Colorado	9,050	5,610	5,610	5,470	5,470	9,180	140	1.5	196
Connecticut	2,170	1,870	1,870	1,390	1,390	2,660	490	18.3	92
Delaware	340	100	100	130	130	310	-30	-8.0	38
District of Columbia	2,010	1,200	1,200	1,950	1,950	1,690	-330	-19.4	303
Florida	3,890	5,450	5,450	5,530	5,530	3,810	-80	-2.2	21
Georgia	15,550	5,350	5,350	6,560	6,560	14,340	-1,210	-8.4	168
Hawaii	1,220	410	410	490	490	1,150	-70	-6.3	100
Idaho	6,580	2,520	2,520	2,330	2,330	6,770	190	2.8	448
Illinois	20,240	14,670	14,670	18,370	18,370	16,970	-3,260	-19.2	172
Indiana	6,340	5,060	5,060	4,140	4,140	6,260	-80	-1.3	118
lowa	6,820	3,220	3,220	3,170	3,170	6,860	40	0.6	276
Kansas	5,550	4,260	4,260	4,260	4,260	5,550	0		246
Kentucky	12,700	8,380	8,380	8,340	8,340	12,730	40	0.3	362
Louisiana	18,230	12,490	12,490	12,320	12,320	18,400	170	0.9	525
Maine	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Maryland	8,170	2,490	2,490	3,620	3,620	9,710	1,550	15.9	201
Massachusetts	1,670	1,880	1,880	1,860	1,860	1,690	20	1.4	30
Michigan ^b	9,700		4,890	·	6,290	8,290	-1,410	-17.0	104
Minnesota	6,770	4,190	4,190	4,280	4,280	6,680	-90	-1.4	150
Mississippi	9,270	4,190	4,190	3,610	3,610	9,850	580	5.9	435
Missouri	17,160	9,970	9,970	10,540	10,540	16,590	-570	-3.4	343
Montana	1,210	490	490	530	530	1,170	-40	-3.5	129
Nebraska	890	830	830	870	870	860	-40	-4.1	57
Nevada	5,370	2,920	2,920	2,850	2,850	5,460	90	1.7	216
New Hampshire ^b	1,600	600	600	690	690	1,510	-90	-6.0	131
New Jersey	15,640	3,850	3,850	3,950	3,950	15,550	-100	-0.6	213
New Mexicob	2,270	-,-50	1,550	"	1,600	2,230	-40	-2.0	133
New York	25,630	8,870	8,870	10,410	10,410	24,090	-1,540	-6.4	154

APPENDIX TABLE 11 (continued)

Adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2023

	Parole population,	Entr	ies	Exi	ts	Parole population,	December	31, 2023 –	Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2023	Reported	Imputed	Reported	Imputed	December 31, 2023	Number	Percent	December 31, 2023 ^a
North Carolina	9,690	9,910	9,910	10,610	10,610	10,140	450	4.4	118
North Dakota	720	970	970	920	920	760	40	5.5	127
Ohio	19,150	10,750	10,750	13,420	13,420	16,480	-2,680	-16.2	179
Oklahoma	2,490	670	670	830	830	2,330	-160	-6.9	75
Oregon	20,970	5,510	5,510	6,750	6,750	20,450	-520	-2.6	600
Pennsylvania	75,630	8,170	27,530	10,870	29,330	73,830	-1,800	-2.4	714
Rhode Island	370	200	200	190	190	380	10	2.1	42
South Carolina	3,460	1,870	1,870	2,050	2,050	3,280	-180	-5.5	77
South Dakota	3,340	2,370	2,370	2,320	2,320	3,390	50	1.6	483
Tennessee	12,560	3,120	3,120	3,410	3,410	12,260	-300	-2.4	219
Texas	100,600	26,260	26,260	28,620	28,620	98,230	-2,370	-2.4	424
Utah	3,820	2,830	2,830	3,050	3,050	3,600	-220	-6.0	144
Vermont ^b	750		380		410	730	-30	-3.7	136
Virginia	1,770	130	130	330	330	1,580	-200	-12.4	23
Washington ^b	10,780		3,050		3,970	9,870	-920	-9.3	159
West Virginia	3,990	2,570	2,570	2,540	2,540	4,020	20	0.6	283
Wisconsin ^c	22,510	6,390	6,390	5,780	5,780	22,010	-500	-2.3	470
Wyoming	820	500	500	490	490	830	10	1.4	182

Change January 1 2023_ v. i

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the parole population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2023, does not equal the population on January 1, 2023, plus entries, minus exits. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2023; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2024.

^{..}Not known.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

[~]Not applicable. Maine no longer has a parole program and was removed from the Annual Parole Survey for 2023.

^aRates were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1, 2024, in each jurisdiction.

bImputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. BJS imputed where data were not available. See *Methodology*.

^cData for parole entries and exits are subject to fluctuation. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023* for details.

dCalifornia parole data are not comparable prior to 2022. See *Methodology*.

APPENDIX TABLE 12Adults exiting parole, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2023

	,	-		Returned to i	ncarceration		Unsatisfacto returned to i	ry exit other than ncarceration			
Jurisdiction	Total reported	Completion	With new sentence	With revocation	To receive treatment	Other/ unknown	Absconder	Other unsatisfactory ^a	Death	Other ^b	Unknown/ not reported
U.S. total	304,220	186,850	26,020	47,660	500	9,370	4,820	2,310	8,510	6,530	11,200
Federal	48,640	27,370	0	10,680	0	0	0	240	1,070	0	9,280
State	255,580	159,480	26,020	36,980	500	9,370	4,820	2,070	7,440	6,530	1,920
Alabama	3,330	2,470	400	140		50			270	0	
Alaska ^c											
Arizona	8,790	7,190	50	590	0	470	70	0	110	0	310
Arkansas	8,470	1,940	830	3,690	0	1,720	0	0	280	10	0
California ^c	24,290	19,970	3,300	100	0	0	40	0	780	90	0
Colorado	5,470	3,510	810	980	0	0	0	0	150	30	0
Connecticut	1,390	630	160	50	70	490	0				
Delaware	130	20	0	0				0	0	100	0
District of Columbia	1,950	750	420	230	0	20	0	100	250	180	10
Florida	5,530	3,370	320	640	0	0	0	0	0	1,020	180
Georgia	6,560	4,850	110	20	0	1,440	0	0	140		0
Hawaii	490	260		210			0		20		
Idaho	2,330	750	700	280	0	200	90	0	70	240	0
Illinois	18,370	12,280	360	4,540			20		300	870	
Indiana	4,140	2,070	370	1,140	0	0	310	0	60	180	0
lowa	3,170	1,510	760	580	0	0	0	260	60		0
Kansas	4,260	3,080	140	430	0	0	330	0	100	170	0
Kentucky	8,340	5,290	260	1,060	0	0	1,510	0	220		0
Louisiana	12,320	6,380	1,360	780		990		630	300	1,870	
Maine	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Maryland	3,620	2,120	300	100				540	170	140	260
Massachusetts	1,860	1,310	70	300	0	0	0	130	30	10	0
Michigan ^c											
Minnesota	4,280	2,700	310	1,190	0	0	0	0	80		0
Mississippi	3,610	1,640	280	1,100	0	30	0	0	70	500	0
Missouri	10,540	4,310	810	1,890	400	1,000	1,090		320		720
Montana	530	300	60	150	0	10	0	0	10		0
Nebraska	870	520	0	330	0	10	0	0	10		0
Nevada	2,850	2,210		140					60		
New Hampshire ^c	690	200	300	150	30				20		
New Jersey	3,950	2,410	110	1,080	0	0	0	0	140	200	0
New Mexico ^c											

APPENDIX TABLE 12 (continued)

Adults exiting parole, by type of exit and jurisdiction, 2023

			Returned to i	ncarceration		returned to incarceration		_			
Jurisdiction	Total reported	Completion	With new sentence	With revocation	To receive treatment	Other/ unknown	Absconder	Other unsatisfactory ^a	Death	Other ^b	Unknown/ not reported
New York	10,410	8,230	770	1,120	0				300		0
North Carolina	10,610	7,160	700	900			1,230	110	200	320	
North Dakota	920	760		140			10		10		
Ohio	13,420	7,570	2,040	3,460		0			360		0
Oklahoma	830	530	80	0		70	50		30	80	0
Oregon	6,750	3,940	1,870	690	0	0	0	0	260	0	0
Pennsylvania	10,870	4,810	2,180	2,880	0	0	0	190	430	370	0
Rhode Island	190	140		30				10	10		
South Carolina	2,050	1,880	10	90	0	30	0		50		
South Dakota	2,320	850	260	1,160			0		40	10	0
Tennessee	3,410	1,860	700	600	0	0	0	0	260	0	0
Texas	28,620	21,530	4,450	1,190		140			1,050	10	270
Utah	3,050	730	330	1,870	0	0	0	80	40	10	0
Vermont ^c											
Virginia	330	260	20	30	0	10	0	0			
Washington ^c											
West Virginia	2,540	1,530	10	730	0	0	60	0	60	140	
Wisconsin ^c	5,780	2,790				2,700			280		10
Wyoming	490	370	30	80	0	0	10	0	0	0	0

Uncatisfactory exit other than

Note: Based on reported data only. See appendix table 11 for imputed exits from parole. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data. ..Not known.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2023.

[~]Not applicable. Maine no longer has a parole program and was removed from the Annual Parole Survey for 2023.

^aIncludes persons discharged because they were released to special sentence. Also includes closure due to deportation, pending parole institutional hearing, other revocations, other unsuccessful discharges, and early terminations.

blncludes 2,310 adults on parole who were transferred to another state and 4,220 who exited for other reasons.

^cSome or all data are estimates.

APPENDIX TABLE 13Selected characteristics of adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2023

			Sex				Race/ethnicity		
Jurisdiction	Parole population, December 31, 2023	Male	Female	Unknown/ not reported	Whitea	Black ^a	Hispanic	Other ^{a,b}	Unknown/ not reported
U.S. total	680,390	575,980	77,150	27,250	288,820	206,060	116,540	36,120	32,850
Federal	105,890	91,170	14,710	0	34,790	36,640	27,770	4,820	1,880
State	574,500	484,810	62,440	27,250	254,030	169,420	88,770	31,310	30,970
Alabama ^c	6,870	6,090	770	10	3,040	3,740	50	20	20
Alaska ^c	1,170			1,170					1,170
Arizona ^c	6,790	5,770	1,010	0	2,870	860	2,450	600	10
Arkansas ^c	22,580	18,490	4,090	0	14,500	7,080	800	200	0
California	40,090	37,740	2,350	0	8,730	9,540	19,260	2,550	0
Colorado	9,180	7,990	1,200	0	4,540	1,400	2,760	480	0
Connecticut ^c	2,660	2,500	160		770	1,090	780	20	
Delaware	310	300	20	0	110	190	10	<10	<10
District of Columbia ^c	1,690	1,640	50	0	20	1,630	30	<10	<10
Florida ^c	3,810	3,580	230	0	1,450	1,930	420	10	0
Georgia ^c	14,340	12,580	1,760	0	5,870	7,550	850	80	0
Hawaii ^c	1,150	990	160	0		, 			1,150
Idaho	6,770	5,710	1,070	0	5,080	210	1,070	250	170
Illinois ^c	16,970	15,930	1,050		5,720	8,890	2,180	110	70
Indiana	6,260	5,670	580	10	4,370	1,450	370	70	0
lowa	6,860	6,030	830	0	4,720	1,330	630	190	0
Kansas	5,550	4,790	760	••	3,060	1,250	910	330	0
Kentucky	12,730	10,480	2,250	0	9,990	2,360	200	170	10
Louisiana ^c	18,400	16,710	1,690	0	7,100	11,210	50	40	0
Maine	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Maryland ^c	9,710	9,110	570	40	2,670	6,870		60	120
Massachusetts	1,690	1,580	110	0	680	480	480	40	10
Michigan ^c	8,290	•		8,290					8,290
Minnesota	6,680	6,140	540	0	3,760	1,730	440	740	10
Mississippi	9,850	8,480	1,370	0	4,280	5,390	120	50	10
Missouri ^c	16,590	13,620	2,970	••	12,410	3,650	400	110	30
Montana	1,170	1,030	130	0	900	40	30	200	0
Nebraska	860	780	80	0	500	200	120	40	10
Nevada ^c	5,460			5,460					5,460
New Hampshire ^c	1,510	1,200	310	0	920	440	100	50	.,
New Jersey	15,550	15,040	510	0	4,930	6,010	4,220	270	110
New Mexico ^c	2,230			2,230					2,230
New York	24,090	22,860	1,230	0	5,090	9,410	8,780	810	0

APPENDIX TABLE 13 (continued)

Selected characteristics of adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2023

			Sex				Race/ethnicity		
Jurisdiction	Parole population, December 31, 2023	Male	Female	Unknown/ not reported	Whitea	Black ^a	Hispanic	Other ^{a,b}	Unknown/ not reported
North Carolina	10,140	9,040	1,090		4,560	4,540	700	250	90
North Dakota ^c	760	580	180	0	460	80	40	180	0
Ohio	16,480	15,240	1,240	0	8,470	6,640	260	160	940
Oklahoma	2,330	1,850	480	0	1,120	660	330	210	10
Oregon ^c	20,450	17,810	2,640	0	15,750	1,810	1,990	870	40
Pennsylvania	73,830	63,080	10,760	0	39,730	11,900	2,870	18,530	800
Rhode Island	380	350	20	0	150	100	100	20	<10
South Carolina	3,280	3,020	260		1,250	1,970	30	20	0
South Dakota	3,390	2,540	860	0	1,780	280	120	1,230	0
Tennessee	12,260	10,760	1,500	0	7,330	4,520	340	70	0
Texas	98,230	86,470	11,650	110	37,000	31,590	29,030	490	130
Utah	3,600	3,150	450	0	2,190	260	750	300	100
Vermont ^c	730	580	80	70	540	30	70	10	70
Virginia	1,580	1,540	40	0	420	1,130	10	10	0
Washington ^c	9,870			9,870					9,870
West Virginia	4,020	3,270	750	0	3,580	390	20	30	0
Wisconsin ^c	22,010	19,700	2,310	0	11,040	7,490	2,130	1,330	20
Wyoming	830	670	150	10	620	20	100	70	20

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2023.

[~]Not applicable. Maine no longer has a parole program and was removed from the Annual Parole Survey for 2023.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white persons and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black persons). ^bIncludes American Indians or Alaska Natives; Asians, Native Hawaiians or Other Pacific Islanders; and persons of two or more races.

^CSome or all data are estimates.

APPENDIX TABLE 14Adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2021

	Parole population,	Ent	ries	Ex	rits	Parole population,	Change, Ja December	nuary 1, 2021– 31, 2021	Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. resident
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2021	Reported	Imputed ^a	Reported	Imputed ^a	December 31, 2021	Number	Percent	December 31, 2021 ^b
U.S. total	855,386	330,074	357,000	372,569	410,200	799,853	-61,007	-6.5%	309
ederal	108,039	43,819	43,819	49,185	49,185	104,462	-3,577	-3.3%	40
State	747,347	286,255	313,200	323,384	361,100	695,391	-57,430	-7%	268
Alabama	8,159	4,762	4,762	5,106	5,106	7,815	-344	-4.2	199
Alaska	1,003		300	••	500	865	-138	-13.8	156
Arizona	6,873	9,864	9,864	9,715	9,715	7,022	149	2.2	123
Arkansas	25,852	8,056	8,056	9,907	9,907	23,829	-2,023	-7.8	1,021
California ^c	110,752	23,959	50,100	23,959	60,600	105,713	-10,513	-4.5	347
Colorado	12,284	5,373	5,373	7,117	7,117	10,540	-1,744	-14.2	229
Connecticut	3,336	2,528	2,528	3,046	3,046	2,818	-518	-15.5	98
Delaware	373	126	126	155	155	344	-29	-7.8	43
District of Columbia	2,608	682	682	950	950	2,340	-268	-10.3	437
Florida	4,280	5,129	5,129	5,439	5,439	3,970	-310	-7.2	23
Georgia	19,509	6,811	6,811	9,258	9,258	17,062	-2,447	-12.5	205
Hawaii	1,440	1,153	1,153	680	680	1,396	-44	-3.1	123
Idaho	6,900	2,450	2,450	2,428	2,428	6,922	22	0.3	475
Illinois	25,103	14,357	14,357	17,460	17,460	22,000	-3,103	-12.4	223
Indiana	6,143	3,750	3,750	4,156	4,156	5,737	-406	-6.6	109
lowa	7,213	2,700	2,700	3,502	3,502	6,411	-802	-11.1	260
Kansas	5,428	3,301	3,301	3,671	3,671	5,058	-370	-6.8	226
Kentucky	14,430	7,600	7,600	8,759	8,759	13,271	-1,159	-8	379
Louisiana	21,100	11,300	11,300	13,313	13,313	19,087	-2,013	-9.5	539
Maine	18		0	·	0	17	-1	-5.6	2
Maryland	9,490	2,719	2,719	3,408	3,408	8,801	-689	-7.3	183
Massachusetts	1,470	1,556	1,556	1,583	1,583	1,443	-27	-1.8	26
Michigan	13,461	6,198	6,198	8,308	8,308	11,351	-2,110	-15.7	143
Minnesota	7,359	3,910	3,910	4,290	4,290	6,979	-380	-5.2	159
Mississippi	10,510	5,579	5,579	5,116	5,116	10,973	463	4.4	485
Missouri	20,721	11,702	11,702	14,185	14,185	18,238	-2,483	-12	380
Montana	1,640	552	552	755	755	1,437	-203	-12.4	163
Nebraska	1,156	873	873	1,097	1,097	935	-221	-19.1	63
Nevada	4,990	3,421	3,421	3,545	3,545	4,866	-124	-2.5	197
New Hampshire	1,882	1,092	1,092	741	741	2,130	248	13.2	187
New Jersey	15,474	2,813	2,813	2,890	2,890	15,397	-77	-0.5	212
New Mexico	2,658	1,701	1,701	1,597	1,597	2,496	-162	-6.1	151
New York	43,979	12,006	12,006	16,183	16,183	39,802	-4,177	-9.5	255

APPENDIX TABLE 14 (continued)

Adults on parole, by jurisdiction, 2021

	Parole population,	Ent	ries	Ex	its	Parole population,	December	nuary 1, 2021– 31, 2021	Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2021	Reported	Imputed ^a	Reported	Imputed ^a	December 31, 2021	Number	Percent	December 31, 2021 ^b
North Carolina	10,958	9,180	9,180	11,717	11,717	9,361	-1,597	-14.6	113
North Dakota	724	791	791	868	868	647	-77	-10.6	110
Ohio	22,769	10,772	10,772	10,857	10,857	22,684	-85	-0.4	247
Oklahoma	2,237	265	265	684	684	1,818	-419	-18.7	60
Oregon	23,585	5,874	5,874	6,931	6,931	22,528	-1,057	-4.5	663
Pennsylvania	88,263	27,413	27,413	35,034	35,034	80,642	-7,621	-8.6	783
Rhode Island	348	182	182	72	72	458	110	31.6	52
South Carolina	4,608	2,072	2,072	2,661	2,661	4,019	-589	-12.8	98
South Dakota	3,668	2,121	2,121	2,178	2,178	3,611	-57	-1.6	531
Tennessee	12,601	3,776	3,776	3,561	3,561	12,816	215	1.7	234
Texas	110,437	28,734	28,734	34,894	34,894	104,277	-6,160	-5.6	469
Utah	4,429	2,780	2,780	3,351	3,351	3,858	-571	-12.9	159
Vermont	907		500		500	829	-78	-8.6	156
Virginia	2,017	440	440	540	540	1,917	-100	-5	28
Washington	14,432	4,199	4,199	6,810	6,810	11,821	-2,611	-18.1	194
West Virginia	3,682	2,654	2,654	3,129	3,129	3,207	-475	-12.9	225
Wisconsin ^d	23,174	16,446	16,446	7,199	7,199	22,965	-209	-0.9	495
Wyoming	914	533	533	579	579	868	-46	-5	194

Change January 1 2021_ v. i

Note: This table updates data published in *Probation and Parole in the United States*, 2021. California data were updated, affecting state and U.S. totals. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023*. Due to nonresponse or incomplete data, the parole population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2021, does not equal the population on January 1, 2021, plus entries, minus exits. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data.

^{..}Not known.

almputed counts differ from reported counts in jurisdictions where data were not available. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

^bRates are based on parole counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of U.S. residents age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year in each jurisdiction. ^cIncludes estimates of adults on post-release community supervision and mandatory supervision: 55,220 on January 1, 2021, and 55,220 on December 31, 2021.

^dData for parole entries and exits are subject to fluctuation. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2021* in *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2021* (NCJ 305589, BJS, February 2023) for details. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2021; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2022.

APPENDIX TABLE 15

Adults on parole, 2020

	Parole population,	Ent	tries	E	xits	Parole population,	Change, Ja December	nuary 1, 2020– 31, 2020 ^b	Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,
Jurisdiction	January 1, 2020	Reported	Estimated ^a	Reported	Estimated ^a	December 31, 2020	Number	Percent	December 31, 2020 ^b
U.S. total	850,776	370,501	392,400	369,528	388,400	862,516	11,739	1.4%	334
Federal	108,343	45,105	45,105	46,820	46,820	107,922	-421	-0.4%	42
State	742,433	325,396	347,300	322,708	341,600	754,594	12,160	1.6%	293
Alabama	9,223	3,149	3,149	4,127	4,127	8,245	-978	-10.6	214
Alaska ^c	1,163		400		600	1,003	-160	-13.8	182
Arizona	7,043	9,081	9,081	9,237	9,237	6,887	-156	-2.2	118
Arkansas	24,976	10,761	10,761	10,147	10,147	25,852	876	3.5	1,106
California ^d	106,951	23,959	45,000	23,959	41,800	110,752	3,800	3.6	363
Colorado	11,155	8,465	8,465	7,336	7,336	12,284	1,129	10.1	268
Connecticut ^c	3,601	2,636	2,636	2,157	2,157	4,080	479	13.3	144
Delaware	362	132	132	121	121	373	11	3	47
District of Columbia	2,595	920	920	968	968	2,547	-48	-1.8	436
Florida	4,349	5,845	5,845	5,914	5,914	4,280	-69	-1.6	24
Georgia	19,241	9,705	9,705	9,583	9,583	19,447	206	1.1	236
Hawaii	1,513	1,088	1,088	578	578	1,544	31	2	139
Idaho	5,121	2,963	2,963	2,117	2,117	5,967	846	16.5	428
Illinois	26,251	17,713	17,713	19,220	19,220	24,744	-1,507	-5.7	253
Indiana	6,050	4,362	4,362	4,276	4,276	6,136	86	1.4	118
lowa	6,999	3,959	3,959	3,697	3,697	7,261	262	3.7	297
Kansas	5,530	3,954	3,954	4,056	4,056	5,428	-102	-1.8	244
Kentucky	14,977	9,097	9,097	9,645	9,645	14,429	-548	-3.7	414
Louisiana	23,582	12,920	12,920	14,936	14,936	21,566	-2,016	-8.5	605
Maine	19	0	0	1	1	18	-1	-5.3	2
Maryland	9,669	3,664	3,664	3,843	3,843	9,490	-179	-1.9	201
, Massachusetts ^c	1,382	2,099	2,099	2,165	2,165	1,316	-66	-4.8	24
Michigan	13,488	8,630	8,630	8,657	8,657	13,461	-27	-0.2	172
Minnesota	7,243	5,085	5,085	4,969	4,969	7,359	116	1.6	169
Mississippi	10,432	5,408	5,408	5,330	5,330	10,510	78	0.7	462
Missouri	21,507	13,688	13,688	14,466	14,466	20,729	-778	-3.6	433
Montana	1,512	855	855	684	684	1,683	171	11.3	197
Nebraska	956	1,221	1,221	1,023	1,023	1,156	200	20.9	79
Nevada	7,086	,		4,329	4,329	9,222	2,136	30.1	374
New Hampshire	2,250	625	625	795	795	1,882	-368	-16.4	168
New Jersey	15,194	5,488	5,488	5,166	5,166	15,516	322	2.1	223
New Mexico	2,608	2,075	2,075	1,588	1,588	2,725	117	4.5	166
New York	44,917	15,157	15,157	16,095	16,095	43,979	-938	-2.1	287

APPENDIX TABLE 15 (continued)

Adults on parole, 2020

	Parole population, January 1, 2020	Entries		Exits		Parole population,	Change, January 1, 2020– December 31, 2020 ^b		Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,
Jurisdiction		Reported	Estimated ^a	Reported	Estimated ^a	December 31, 2020	Number	Percent	December 31, 2020 ^b
North Carolina	13,820	13,216	13,216	13,617	13,617	13,419	-401	-2.9	161
North Dakota	767	960	960	1,003	1,003	724	-43	-5.6	124
Ohio	21,832	11,877	11,877	10,940	10,940	22,769	937	4.3	249
Oklahoma	1,959	761	761	483	483	2,237	278	14.2	74
Oregon	24,183	8,723	8,723	9,074	9,074	23,832	-351	-1.5	702
Pennsylvania ^c	84,592	28,372	28,372	24,701	24,701	88,263	3,671	4.3	868
Rhode Island	557	250	250	188	188	619	62	11.1	72
South Carolina	4,638	2,619	2,619	2,651	2,651	4,638	0	0	112
South Dakota	3,452	2,516	2,516	2,295	2,295	3,673	221	6.4	543
Tennessee	10,993	4,562	4,562	3,148	3,148	12,407	1,414	12.9	230
Texas	109,159	35,197	35,197	33,919	33,919	110,437	1,278	1.2	500
Utah	4,061	3,507	3,507	3,135	3,135	4,433	372	9.2	189
Vermont	875		400		400	909	34	3.9	178
Virginia	1,860	660	660	503	503	2,017	157	8.4	30
Washington	13,427	5,742	5,742	4,633	4,633	14,536	1,109	8.3	240
West Virginia	4,090	3,001	3,001	3,409	3,409	3,682	-408	-10	258
Wisconsin	22,292	7,988	7,988	7,106	7,106	23,174	882	4	505
Wyoming	931	741	741	718	718	954	23	2.5	212

Note: This table updates data published in *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2020.* California data were updated, affecting state and U.S. totals. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023.* Data quality may vary across jurisdictions for counts of entries and exits. Therefore, the population on December 31, 2020, does not equal the population on January 1, 2020, plus entries, minus exits. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data. Rates are based on the parole population counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of the U.S. resident population of persons age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year.

^{..}Not known.

^aReported data will equal estimated data in cases where no imputation was required.

^bRates were calculated using the estimated adult U.S. resident population in each jurisdiction on January 1, 2021.

^cSee Parole: Explanatory notes for 2020 in Probation and Parole in the United States, 2020 (NCJ 303102, BJS, December 2021) for more details.

d_{Includes} adults on post-release community supervision and mandatory supervision: 45,899 on January 1, 2020, and 55,216 on December 31, 2020, with 28,324 entries and 31,699 exits.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2020; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2021.

APPENDIX TABLE 16 Adults on parole, 2019

Jurisdiction	Parole population, January 1, 2019	Entries		Exits		Parole population,	Change, January 1, 2019– December 31, 2019		Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,
		Reported	Estimated ^a	Reported	Estimated ^a	December 31, 2019	Number	Percent	December 31, 2019 ^b
U.S. total	876,912	413,985	442,800	410,006	442,200	878,670	1,758	0.2%	343
Federal	107,853	47,896	47,896	49,445	49,445	108,361	508	0.5%	42
State	769,059	366,089	394,900	360,561	392,800	770,309	1,250	0.2%	301
Alabama	10,266	3,430	3,430	4,400	4,400	9,296	-970	-9.4	243
Alaska ^c	1,348		500		600	1,163	-185	-13.7	211
Arizona	7,536	10,144	10,144	10,566	10,566	7,114	-422	-5.6	125
Arkansas	24,668	10,708	10,708	10,122	10,122	25,034	366	1.5	1,078
California ^c	102,586	26,554	45,800	26,554	41,200	106,951	4,365	4.3	350
Colorado	10,759	8,639	8,639	8,243	8,243	11,155	396	3.7	246
Connecticut ^c	3,504	2,409	2,409	2,262	2,262	3,651	147	4.2	129
Delaware	350	172	172	160	160	362	12	3.4	47
District of Columbia	3,062	1,101	1,101	1,432	1,432	2,731	-331	-10.8	472
Florida	4,345	6,458	6,458	6,454	6,454	4,349	4	0.1	25
Georgia	20,448	9,064	9,064	10,256	10,256	19,256	-1,192	-5.8	236
Hawaii	1,666	1,048	1,048	806	806	1,666	0	<0.5	149
Idaho	5,263	2,860	2,860	3,001	3,001	5,122	-141	-2.7	378
Illinois	27,185	20,056	20,056	21,166	21,166	26,237	-948	-3.5	266
Indiana	6,399	5,217	5,217	5,576	5,576	6,040	-359	-5.6	117
lowa	6,477	4,578	4,578	4,020	4,020	7,035	558	8.6	289
Kansas	5,438	4,487	4,487	4,395	4,395	5,530	92	1.7	249
Kentucky	16,211	11,645	11,645	12,806	12,806	15,050	-1,161	-7.2	434
Louisiana	29,321	16,169	16,169	17,207	17,207	28,283	-1,038	-3.5	794
Maine	20	1	1	2	2	19	-1	-5	2
Maryland	9,878	3,750	3,750	3,959	3,959	9,669	-209	-2.1	205
Massachusetts ^c	1,447	2,153	2,153	2,252	2,252	1,348	-99	-6.8	24
Michigan	14,479	8,654	8,654	9,645	9,645	13,488	-991	-6.8	172
Minnesota	7,383	6,143	6,143	6,283	6,283	7,243	-140	-1.9	166
Mississippi	9,866	6,641	6,641	6,075	6,075	10,432	566	5.7	458
Missouri	19,350	16,879	16,879	14,709	14,709	21,520	2,170	11.2	450
Montana	1,419	801	801	687	687	1,533	114	8	182
Nebraska	958	1,024	1,024	1,023	1,023	959	1	0.1	66
Nevada	6,492	6,384	6,384	5,229	5,229	7,647	1,155	17.8	317
New Hampshire	2,367	1,201	1,201	1,302	1,302	2,251	-116	-4.9	203
New Jersey	14,967	4,813	4,813	4,586	4,586	15,194	227	1.5	219
New Mexico	2,766	2,070	2,070	1,761	1,761	2,679	-87	-3.1	165
New York	45,192	19,244	19,244	19,519	19,519	44,917	-275	-0.6	291

APPENDIX TABLE 16 (continued)

Adults on parole, 2019

Jurisdiction	Parole population, January 1, 2019	Entries		Exits		Parole population,	December 31, 2019		Number on parole per 100,000 adult U.S. residents,
		Reported	Estimated ^a	Reported	Estimated ^a	December 31, 2019	Number	Percent	December 31, 2019 ^b
North Carolina	14,215	14,222	14,222	14,225	14,225	14,212	-3	0	172
North Dakota	906	1,017	1,017	1,156	1,156	767	-139	-15.3	131
Ohio	21,113	12,182	12,182	11,463	11,463	21,832	719	3.4	239
Oklahoma	1,780	616	616	437	437	1,959	179	10.1	65
Oregon	24,183		8,700		9,100	23,832	-351	-1.5	707
Pennsylvania ^c	109,247	47,367	47,367	50,676	50,676	105,938	-3,309	-3	1,041
Rhode Island	463	267	267	173	173	557	94	20.3	65
South Carolina	4,837	2,574	2,574	2,679	2,679	4,732	-105	-2.2	116
South Dakota	3,214	2,520	2,520	2,294	2,294	3,440	226	7	513
Tennessee	10,863	3,486	3,486	3,291	3,291	11,058	195	1.8	207
Texas	109,213	35,999	35,999	36,053	36,053	109,159	-54	0	501
Utah	3,885	3,388	3,388	3,200	3,200	4,073	188	4.8	177
Vermont	856		400		400	871	15	1.8	171
Virginia	1,860	622	622	561	561	1,921	61	3.3	29
Washington	12,163	6,077	6,077	5,184	5,184	13,056	893	7.3	218
West Virginia	4,287	2,499	2,499	2,068	2,068	4,718	431	10.1	330
Wisconsin	21,627	8,076	8,076		7,400	22,292	665	3.1	488
Wyoming	931	680	680	643	643	968	37	4	217

Change January 1 2019_ v. .

Note: This table updates data published in *Probation and Parole in the United States*, 2019. California data were updated, affecting state and U.S. totals. See *Parole: Explanatory notes for 2023*. Data quality may vary across jurisdictions for counts of entries and exits. Therefore, the population on December 31, 2019, does not equal the population on January 1, 2019, plus entries, minus exits. Counts may not be actual as reporting agencies may provide estimates on some or all detailed data. Rates are based on the parole population counts as of December 31 of the reporting year and were calculated using U.S. Census Bureau estimates of the U.S. resident population of persons age 18 or older for January 1 of the following year.

^{..}Not known.

^aReported data will equal estimated data in cases where no imputation was required.

^bRates were calculated using the estimated U.S. adult resident population in each jurisdiction on January 1, 2020.

^CSee Parole: Explanatory notes for 2019 in Probation and Parole in the United States, 2019 (NCJ 256092, BJS, July 2021) for more details.

dIncludes post-release community supervision and mandatory supervision parolees: 55,216 on January 1, 2019, and 55,216 on December 31, 2019, with 26,554 entries and 26,554 exits.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Parole Survey, 2019; and U.S. Census Bureau, National Intercensal Estimates, 2020.



The Bureau of Justice Statistics of the U.S. Department of Justice is the principal federal agency responsible for measuring crime, criminal victimization, criminal offenders, victims of crime, correlates of crime, and the operation of criminal and civil justice systems at the federal, state, tribal, and local levels. BJS collects, analyzes, and disseminates reliable statistics on crime and justice systems in the United States, supports improvements to state and local criminal justice information systems, and participates with national and international organizations to develop and recommend national standards for justice statistics. Kevin M. Scott, PhD, is the acting director.

This report was written by Danielle Kaeble. Shaun M. Gann, PhD, and Stephanie Mueller verified the report.

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